Memory-Centric Computing

Onur Mutlu
omutlu@gmail.com
https://people.inf.ethz.ch/omutlu

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Huawei Global Software Technology Summit Keynote

SAFARI ETH zürich Carnegie Mellon

The Problem

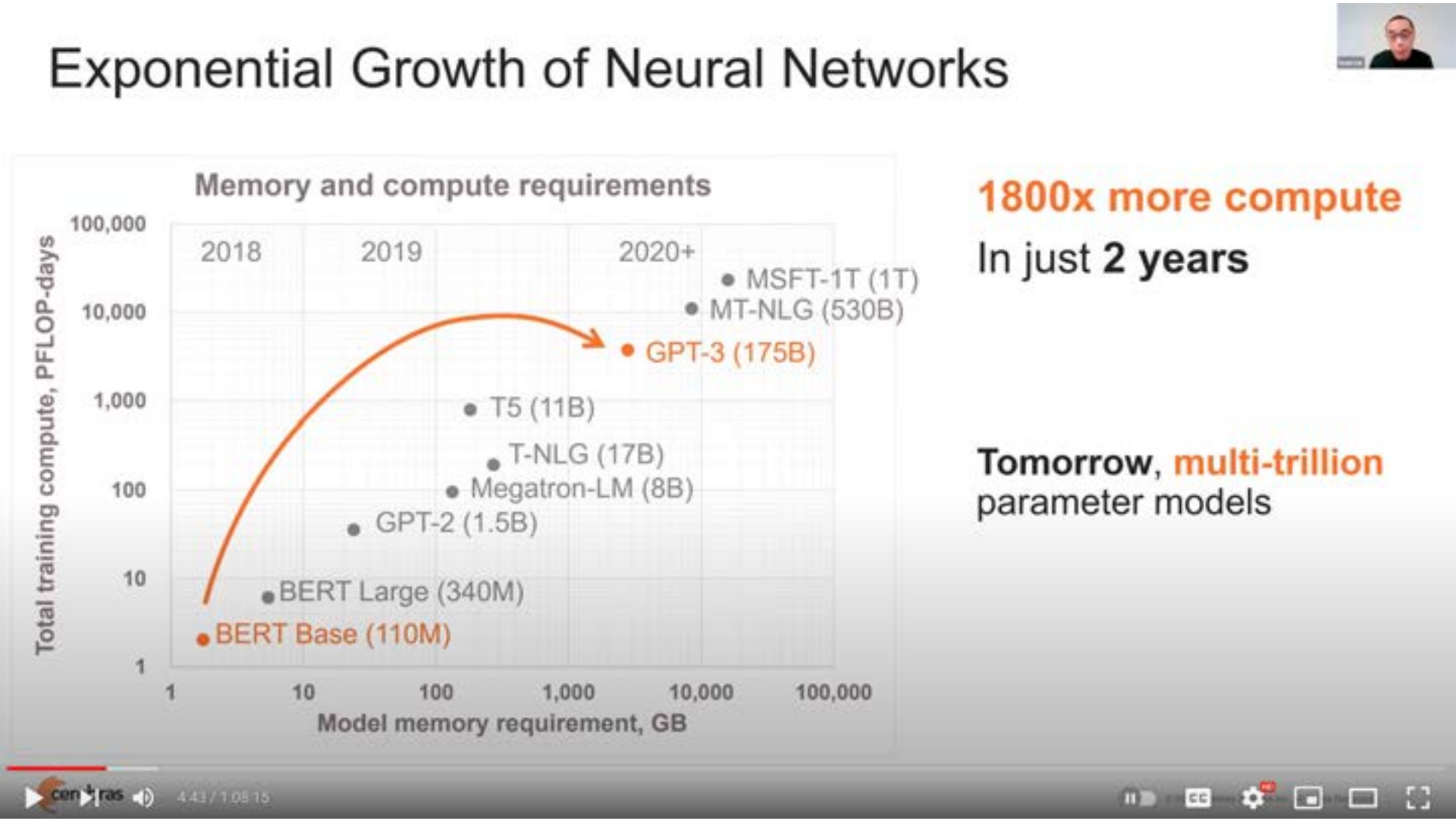
Computing

is Bottlenecked by Data

Data is Key for AI, ML, Genomics, …

- Important workloads are all data intensive
- They require rapid and efficient processing of large amounts of data
- Data is increasing
  - We can generate more than we can process
  - We need to perform more sophisticated analyses on more data

Huge Demand for Performance & Efficiency



Source: https://youtu.be/Bh13Idwcb0Q?t=283

Data is Key for Future Workloads

In-memory Databases

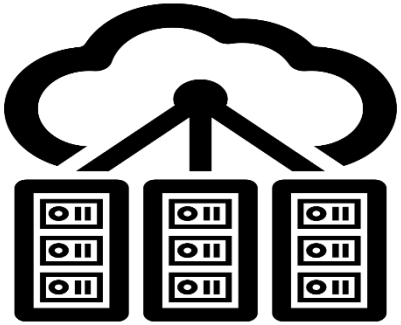
[Mao+, EuroSys'12;
Clapp+ (**Intel**), IISWC'15]

Graph/Tree Processing

[Xu+, IISWC'12; Umuroglu+, FPL'15]

In-Memory Data Analytics

[Clapp+ (**Intel**), IISWC'15;
Awan+, BDCloud'15]



Datacenter Workloads

[Kanev+ (**Google**), ISCA'15]

Data Overwhelms Modern Machines

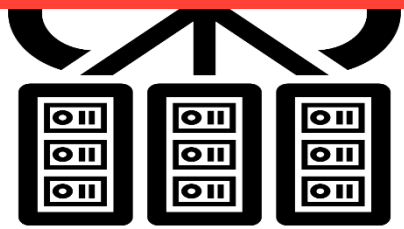
In-memory Databases

Graph/Tree Processing

Data → performance & energy bottleneck

In-Memory Data Analytics

[Clapp+ (**Intel**), IISWC'15; Awan+, BDCloud'15]



Datacenter Workloads

[Kanev+ (**Google**), ISCA'15]

Data is Key for Future Workloads

Chrome

Google's web browser

TensorFlow Mobile

Google's machine learning framework

VP9

YouTube

Video Playback

Google's **video codec**

VP9

YouTube

Video Capture

Google's **video codec**

Data Overwhelms Modern Machines

Chrome

TensorFlow Mobile

Data → performance & energy bottleneck

VP9 YouTube

Video Playback

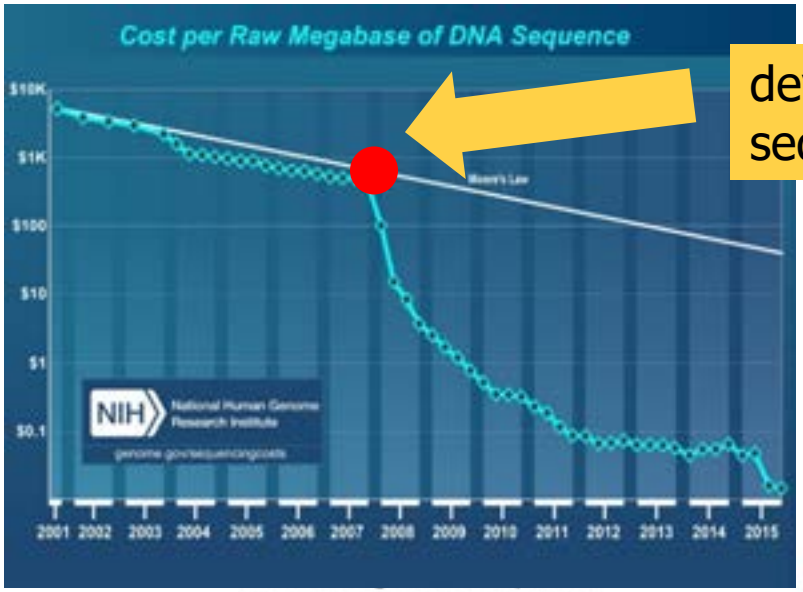
Google's **video codec**

VP9 YouTube

Video Capture

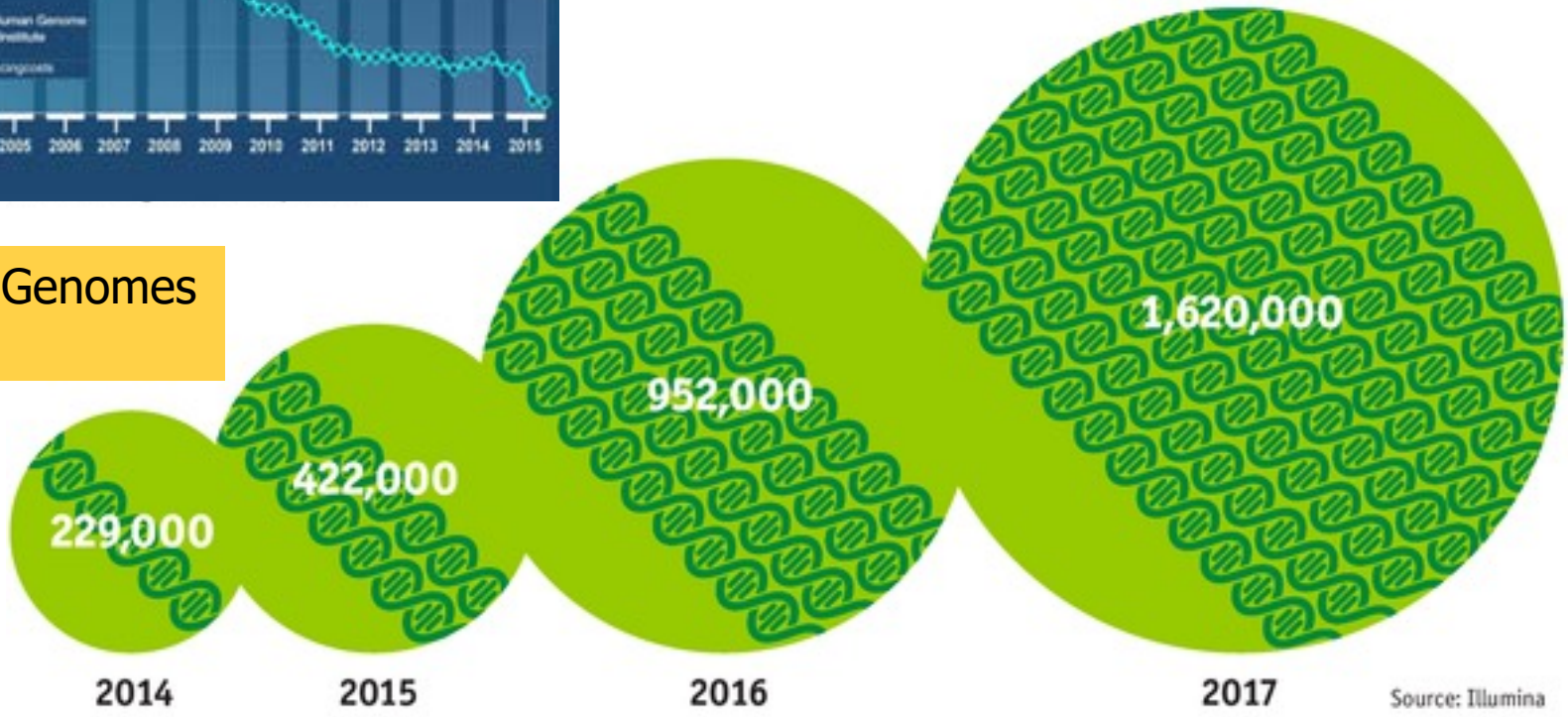
Google's **video codec**

Data is Key for Future Workloads



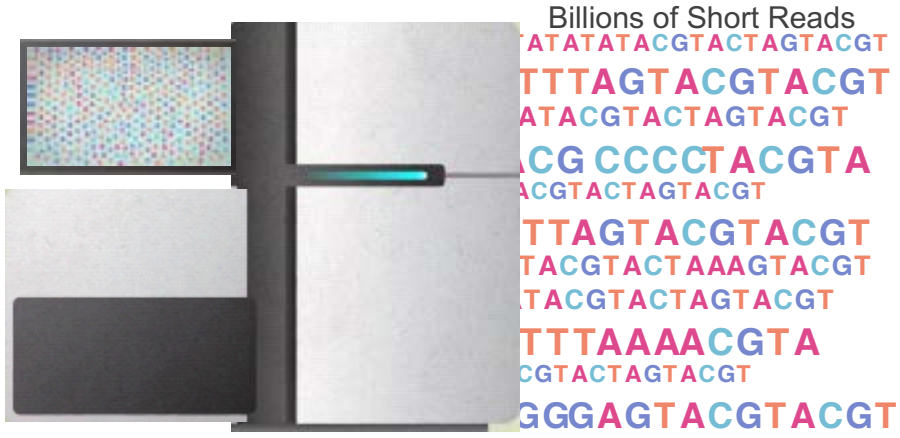
development of high-throughput sequencing (HTS) technologies

Number of Genomes Sequenced

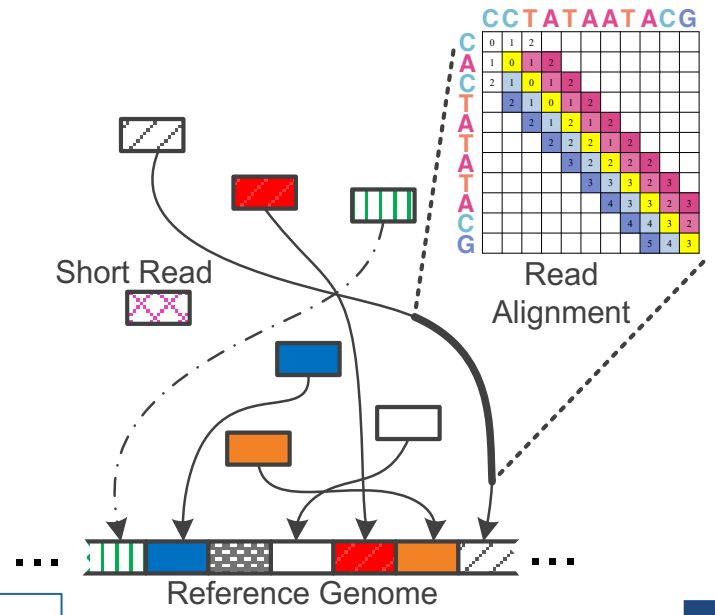


The Economist

http://www.economist.com/news/21631808-so-much-genetic-data-so-many-uses-genes-unzipped



1 Sequencing



Read Mapping 2

Genome Analysis

Data → performance & energy bottleneck

```
read4:          CGCTTCCAT
read5:            CCATGACGC
read6:          TTCCATGAC
```

3 Variant Calling

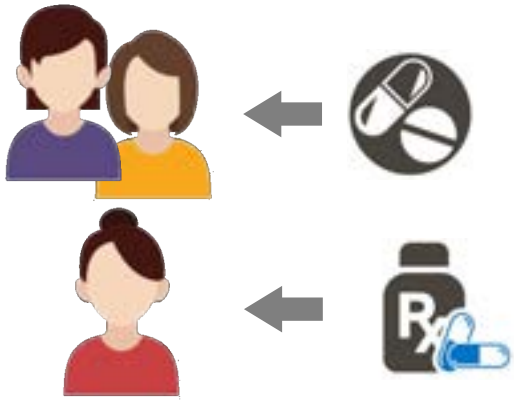
Scientific Discovery 4

We Need Faster & Scalable Genome Analysis

Understanding **genetic variations, species, evolution, …**

Predicting the presence and relative abundance of **microbes** in a sample

Rapid surveillance of **disease outbreaks**



Developing **personalized medicine**

And, many, many other applications …

New Genome Sequencing Technologies

Nanopore sequencing technology and tools for genome assembly: computational analysis of the current state, bottlenecks and future directions

Damla Senol Cali ✉, Jeremie S Kim, Saugata Ghose, Can Alkan, Onur Mutlu

Briefings in Bioinformatics, bby017, https://doi.org/10.1093/bib/bby017
Published: 02 April 2018 **Article history** ▾

Oxford Nanopore MinION

Senol Cali+, "**Nanopore Sequencing Technology and Tools for Genome Assembly: Computational Analysis of the Current State, Bottlenecks and Future Directions**," Briefings in Bioinformatics, 2018.
[Open arxiv.org version]

New Genome Sequencing Technologies

Nanopore sequencing technology and tools for genome assembly: computational analysis of the current state, bottlenecks and future directions

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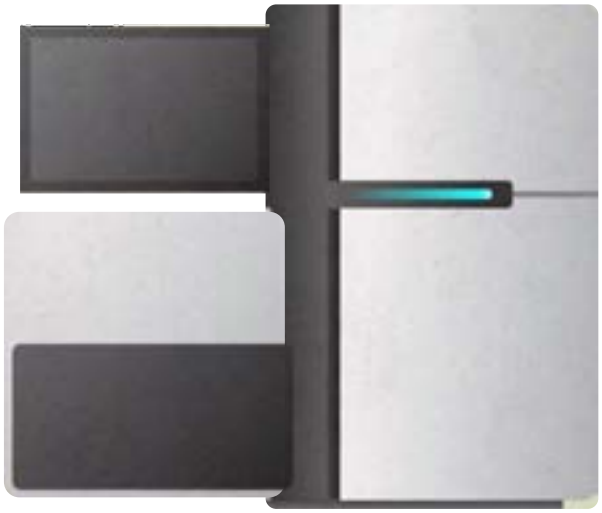
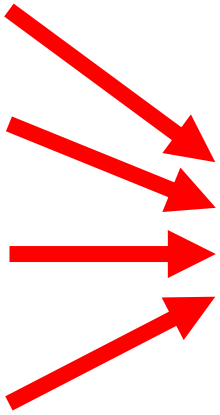
Briefings in Bioinformatics, bby017, https://doi.org/10.1093/bib/bby017
Published: 02 April 2018 **Article history** ▾

Oxford Nanopore MinION

Data → performance & energy bottleneck

Problems with (Genome) Analysis Today





Special-Purpose Machine
for **Data Generation**

General-Purpose Machine
for **Data Analysis**

FAST

SLOW

Slow and inefficient processing capability
Large amounts of data movement

This picture is similar for many "data generators & analyzers" today

Accelerating Genome Analysis [DAC 2023]

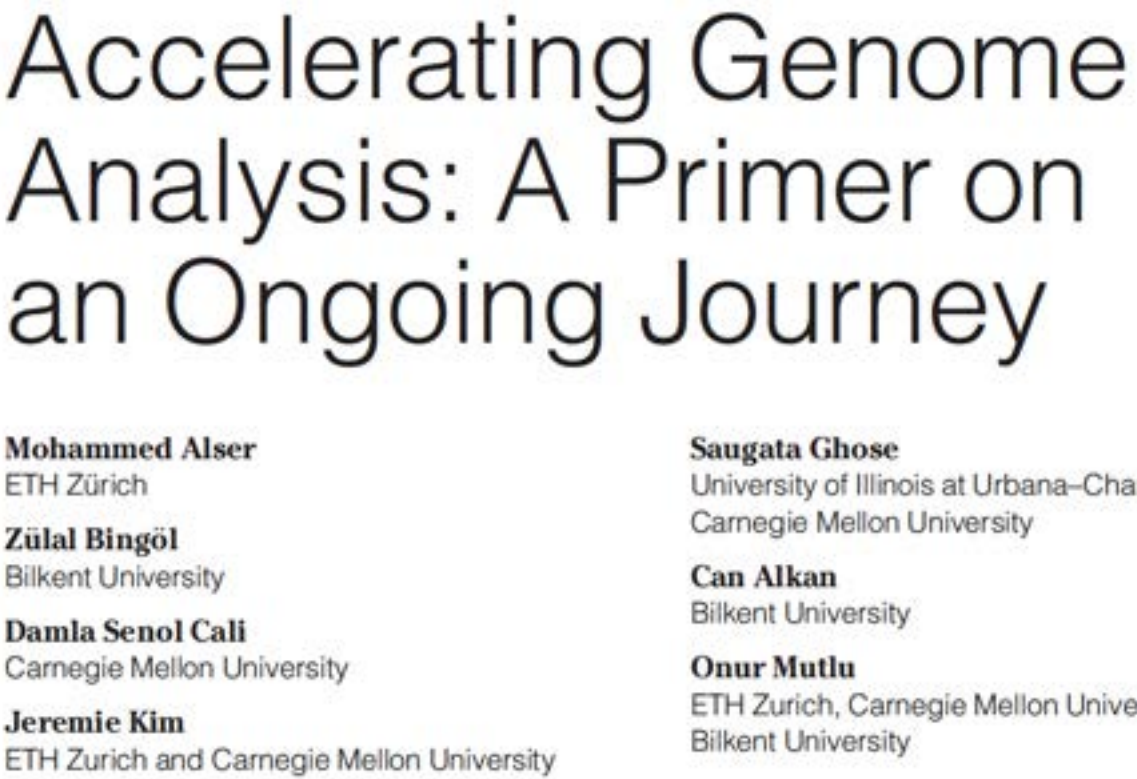
- **To appear at DAC 2023**

Accelerating Genome Analysis via Algorithm-Architecture Co-Design

Onur Mutlu Can Firtina
ETH Zürich

Accelerating Genome Analysis [IEEE MICRO 2020]

- Mohammed Alser, Zulal Bingol, Damla Senol Cali, Jeremie Kim, Saugata Ghose, Can Alkan, and Onur Mutlu,
  "Accelerating Genome Analysis: A Primer on an Ongoing Journey"
  IEEE Micro (***IEEE MICRO***), Vol. 40, No. 5, pages 65-75, September/October 2020.
  [Slides (pptx)(pdf)]
  [Talk Video (1 hour 2 minutes)]



Beginner Reading on Genome Analysis

Mohammed Alser, Joel Lindegger, Can Firtina, Nour Almadhoun, Haiyu Mao, Gagandeep Singh, Juan Gomez-Luna, Onur Mutlu
"**From Molecules to Genomic Variations to Scientific Discovery: Intelligent Algorithms and Architectures for Intelligent Genome Analysis**"
Computational and Structural Biotechnology Journal, 2022
[Source code]

Review

From molecules to genomic variations: Accelerating genome analysis via intelligent algorithms and architectures

Mohammed Alser *, Joel Lindegger, Can Firtina, Nour Almadhoun, Haiyu Mao, Gagandeep Singh, Juan Gomez-Luna, Onur Mutlu *

ETH Zurich, Gloriastrasse 35, 8092 Zürich, Switzerland

FPGA-based Near-Memory Analytics

- Gagandeep Singh, Mohammed Alser, Damla Senol Cali, Dionysios Diamantopoulos, Juan Gómez-Luna, Henk Corporaal, and Onur Mutlu, **"FPGA-based Near-Memory Acceleration of Modern Data-Intensive Applications"**
  IEEE Micro (***IEEE MICRO***), 2021.

FPGA-based Near-Memory Acceleration of Modern Data-Intensive Applications

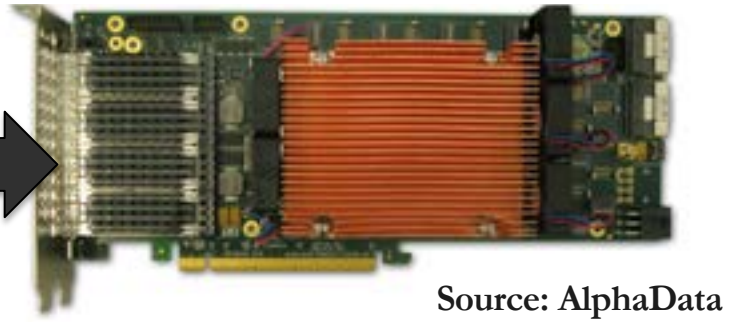
Gagandeep Singh[◇] Mohammed Alser[◇] Damla Senol Cali[⋈]
Dionysios Diamantopoulos[▽] Juan Gómez-Luna[◇]
Henk Corporaal[⋆] Onur Mutlu[◇⋈]

[◇]ETH Zürich [⋈]Carnegie Mellon University
[⋆]Eindhoven University of Technology [▽]IBM Research Europe

Near-Memory Acceleration using FPGAs

IBM POWER9 CPU

OCAPI

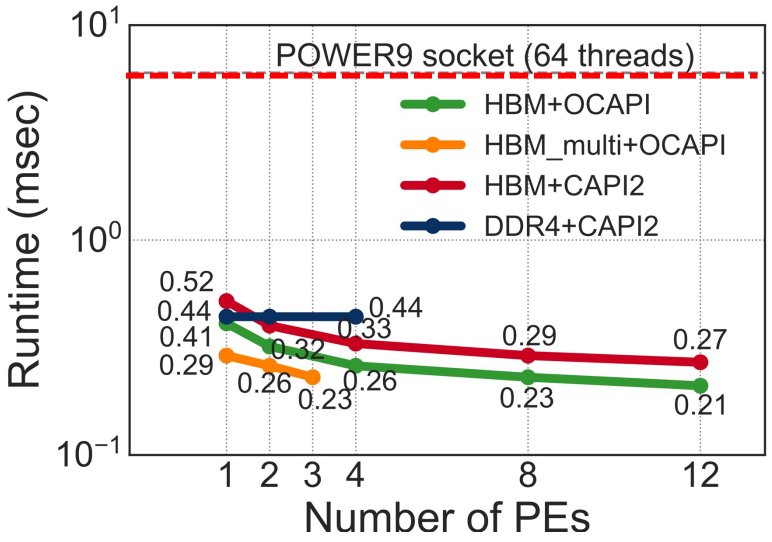


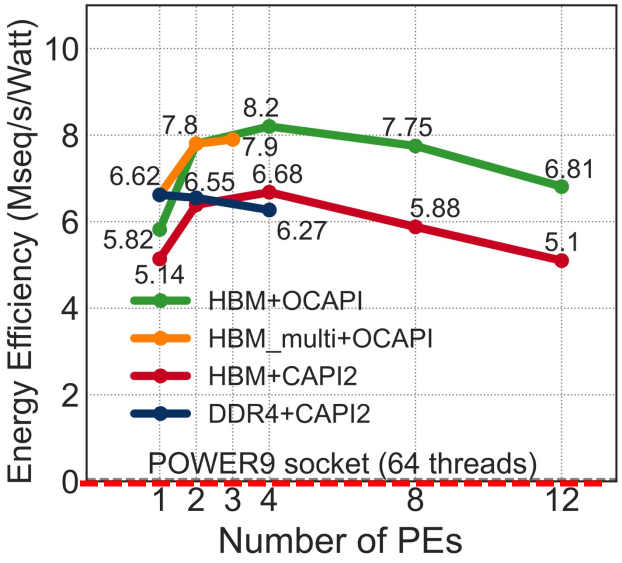
HBM-based FPGA board

Near-HBM FPGA-based accelerator

Two communication technologies: **CAPI2** and **OCAPI**
Two memory technologies: **DDR4** and **HBM**
Two workloads: **Weather Modeling** and **Genome Analysis**

Performance & Energy Greatly Improve





5-27× performance vs. a 16-core (64-thread) IBM POWER9 CPU

12-133× energy efficiency vs. a 16-core (64-thread) IBM POWER9 CPU

HBM alleviates memory bandwidth contention vs. DDR4

GenASM Framework [MICRO 2020]

- Damla Senol Cali, Gurpreet S. Kalsi, Zulal Bingol, Can Firtina, Lavanya Subramanian, Jeremie S. Kim, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Mohammed Alser, Juan Gomez-Luna, Amirali Boroumand, Anant Nori, Allison Scibisz, Sreenivas Subramoney, Can Alkan, Saugata Ghose, and Onur Mutlu, **"GenASM: A High-Performance, Low-Power Approximate String Matching Acceleration Framework for Genome Sequence Analysis"**
  *Proceedings of the 53rd International Symposium on Microarchitecture (**MICRO**)*, Virtual, October 2020.
  [Lighting Talk Video (1.5 minutes)]
  [Lightning Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (18 minutes)]
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]

GenASM: A High-Performance, Low-Power Approximate String Matching Acceleration Framework for Genome Sequence Analysis

Damla Senol Cali[†⋈] Gurpreet S. Kalsi[⋈] Zülal Bingöl[▽] Can Firtina[◇] Lavanya Subramanian[‡] Jeremie S. Kim[◇†]
Rachata Ausavarungnirun[⊙] Mohammed Alser[◇] Juan Gomez-Luna[◇] Amirali Boroumand[†] Anant Nori[⋈]
Allison Scibisz[†] Sreenivas Subramoney[⋈] Can Alkan[▽] Saugata Ghose[⋆†] Onur Mutlu[◇†▽]
[†]*Carnegie Mellon University* [⋈]*Processor Architecture Research Lab, Intel Labs* [▽]*Bilkent University* [◇]*ETH Zürich*
[‡]*Facebook* [⊙]*King Mongkut's University of Technology North Bangkok* [⋆]*University of Illinois at Urbana–Champaign*

Scrooge: Overcoming GenASM Limitations

- Joël Lindegger, Damla Senol Cali, Mohammed Alser, Juan Gómez-Luna, Nika Mansouri Ghiasi, and Onur Mutlu,
  "Scrooge: A Fast and Memory-Frugal Genomic Sequence Aligner for CPUs, GPUs, and ASICs"
  Bioinformatics, [published online on] 24 March 2023.
  [Online link at Bioinformatics Journal]
  [arXiv preprint]
  [Scrooge Source Code]

Scrooge: A Fast and Memory-Frugal Genomic Sequence Aligner for CPUs, GPUs, and ASICs

Joël Lindegger[§] Damla Senol Cali[†] Mohammed Alser[§]
Juan Gómez-Luna[§] Nika Mansouri Ghiasi[§] Onur Mutlu[§]

[§]*ETH Zürich* [†]*Bionano Genomics*

In-Storage Genome Filtering [ASPLOS 2022]

- Nika Mansouri Ghiasi, Jisung Park, Harun Mustafa, Jeremie Kim, Ataberk Olgun, Arvid Gollwitzer, Damla Senol Cali, Can Firtina, Haiyu Mao, Nour Almadhoun Alserr, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Nandita Vijaykumar, Mohammed Alser, and Onur Mutlu,
  "GenStore: A High-Performance and Energy-Efficient In-Storage Computing System for Genome Sequence Analysis"
  *Proceedings of the 27th International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (**ASPLOS**)*, Virtual, February-March 2022.
  [Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lightning Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lightning Talk Video (90 seconds)]
  [Talk Video (17 minutes)]

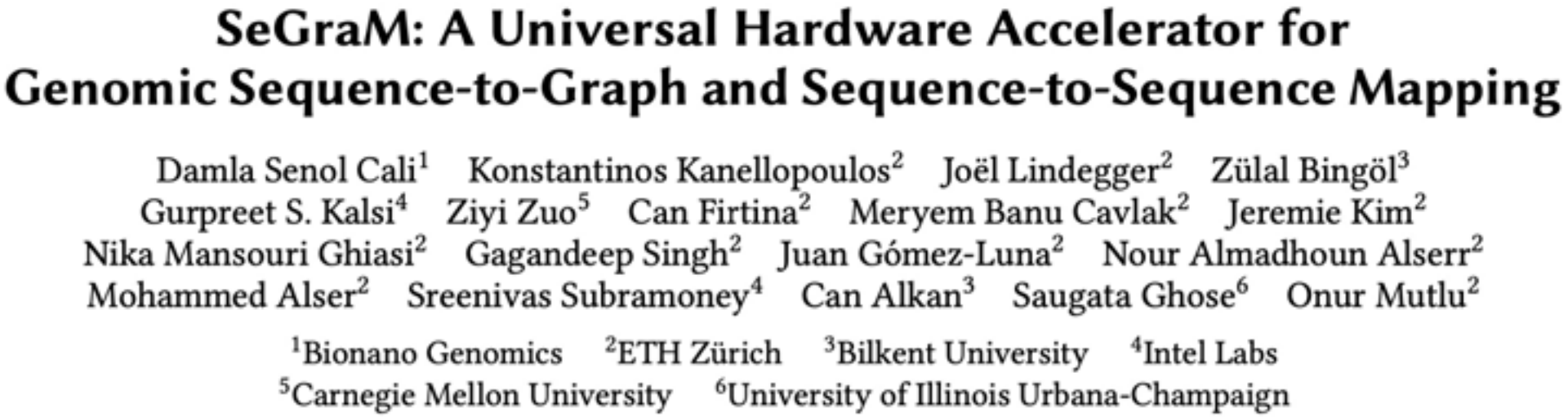
GenStore: A High-Performance In-Storage Processing System for Genome Sequence Analysis

Nika Mansouri Ghiasi[1] Jisung Park[1] Harun Mustafa[1] Jeremie Kim[1] Ataberk Olgun[1]
Arvid Gollwitzer[1] Damla Senol Cali[2] Can Firtina[1] Haiyu Mao[1] Nour Almadhoun Alserr[1]
Rachata Ausavarungnirun[3] Nandita Vijaykumar[4] Mohammed Alser[1] Onur Mutlu[1]

[1]ETH Zürich [2]Bionano Genomics [3]KMUTNB [4]University of Toronto

Accelerating Sequence-to-Graph Mapping

- Damla Senol Cali, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos, Joel Lindegger, Zulal Bingol, Gurpreet S. Kalsi, Ziyi Zuo, Can Firtina, Meryem Banu Cavlak, Jeremie Kim, Nika MansouriGhiasi, Gagandeep Singh, Juan Gomez-Luna, Nour Almadhoun Alserr, Mohammed Alser, Sreenivas Subramoney, Can Alkan, Saugata Ghose, and Onur Mutlu,
  "SeGraM: A Universal Hardware Accelerator for Genomic Sequence-to-Graph and Sequence-to-Sequence Mapping"
  *Proceedings of the 49th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (**ISCA**)*, New York, June 2022.
  [arXiv version]



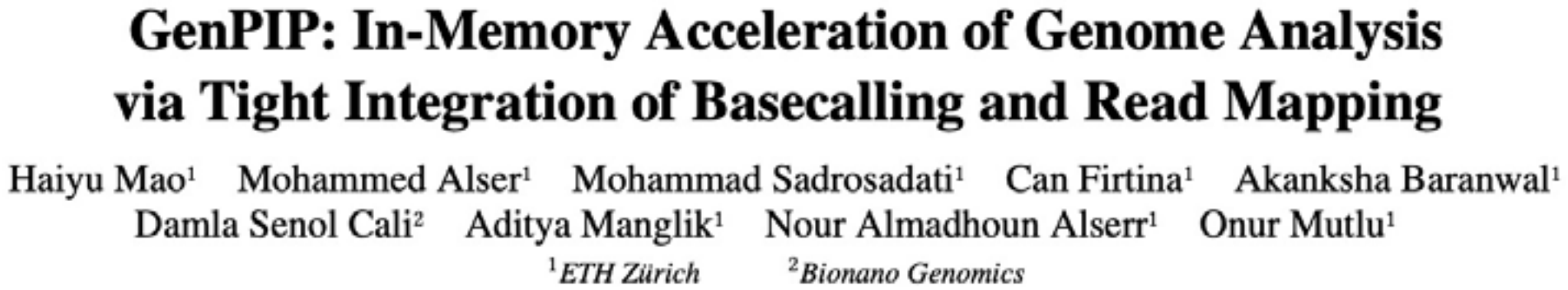
SeGraM: A Universal Hardware Accelerator for Genomic Sequence-to-Graph and Sequence-to-Sequence Mapping

Damla Senol Cali[1] Konstantinos Kanellopoulos[2] Joël Lindegger[2] Zülal Bingöl[3]
Gurpreet S. Kalsi[4] Ziyi Zuo[5] Can Firtina[2] Meryem Banu Cavlak[2] Jeremie Kim[2]
Nika Mansouri Ghiasi[2] Gagandeep Singh[2] Juan Gómez-Luna[2] Nour Almadhoun Alserr[2]
Mohammed Alser[2] Sreenivas Subramoney[4] Can Alkan[3] Saugata Ghose[6] Onur Mutlu[2]

[1]Bionano Genomics [2]ETH Zürich [3]Bilkent University [4]Intel Labs
[5]Carnegie Mellon University [6]University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign

Accelerating Basecalling + Read Mapping

- Haiyu Mao, Mohammed Alser, Mohammad Sadrosadati, Can Firtina, Akanksha Baranwal, Damla Senol Cali, Aditya Manglik, Nour Almadhoun Alserr, and Onur Mutlu,
  "GenPIP: In-Memory Acceleration of Genome Analysis via Tight Integration of Basecalling and Read Mapping"
  Proceedings of the 55th International Symposium on Microarchitecture (***MICRO***),
  Chicago, IL, USA, October 2022.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Longer Lecture Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lecture Video (25 minutes)]
  [arXiv version]



GenPIP: In-Memory Acceleration of Genome Analysis via Tight Integration of Basecalling and Read Mapping

Haiyu Mao[1] Mohammed Alser[1] Mohammad Sadrosadati[1] Can Firtina[1] Akanksha Baranwal[1]
Damla Senol Cali[2] Aditya Manglik[1] Nour Almadhoun Alserr[1] Onur Mutlu[1]
[1]*ETH Zürich* [2]*Bionano Genomics*

Designing & Accelerating Basecallers

A Framework for Designing Efficient Deep Learning-Based Genomic Basecallers

Gagandeep Singh[a] Mohammed Alser[*a] Alireza Khodamoradi[*b]
Kristof Denolf[b] Can Firtina[a] Meryem Banu Cavlak[a]
Henk Corporaal[c] Onur Mutlu[a]
[a]ETH Zürich [b]AMD [c]Eindhoven University of Technology

Nanopore sequencing is a widely-used high-throughput genome sequencing technology that can sequence long fragments of a genome. Nanopore sequencing generates noisy electrical signals that need to be converted into a standard string of DNA nucleotide bases (i.e., A, C, G, T) using a computational step called *basecalling*. The accuracy and speed of basecalling have critical implications for every subsequent step in genome analysis. Currently, basecallers are developed mainly based on deep learning techniques to provide high sequencing accuracy without considering the compute demands of such tools. We observe that state-of-the-art basecallers (i.e., Guppy, Bonito, Fast-Bonito) are slow, inefficient, and memory-hungry

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2211.03079.pdf

Future of Genome Sequencing & Analysis

Mohammed Alser, Zülal Bingöl, Damla Senol Cali, Jeremie Kim, Saugata Ghose, Can Alkan, Onur Mutlu
"Accelerating Genome Analysis: A Primer on an Ongoing Journey" IEEE Micro, August 2020.

MinION from ONT

Accelerating Genome Analysis: A Primer on an Ongoing Journey
Sept.-Oct. 2020, pp. 65-75, vol. 40
DOI Bookmark: 10.1109/MM.2020.3013728

FPGA-Based Near-Memory Acceleration of Modern Data-Intensive Applications
July-Aug. 2021, pp. 39-48, vol. 41
DOI Bookmark: 10.1109/MM.2021.3088396

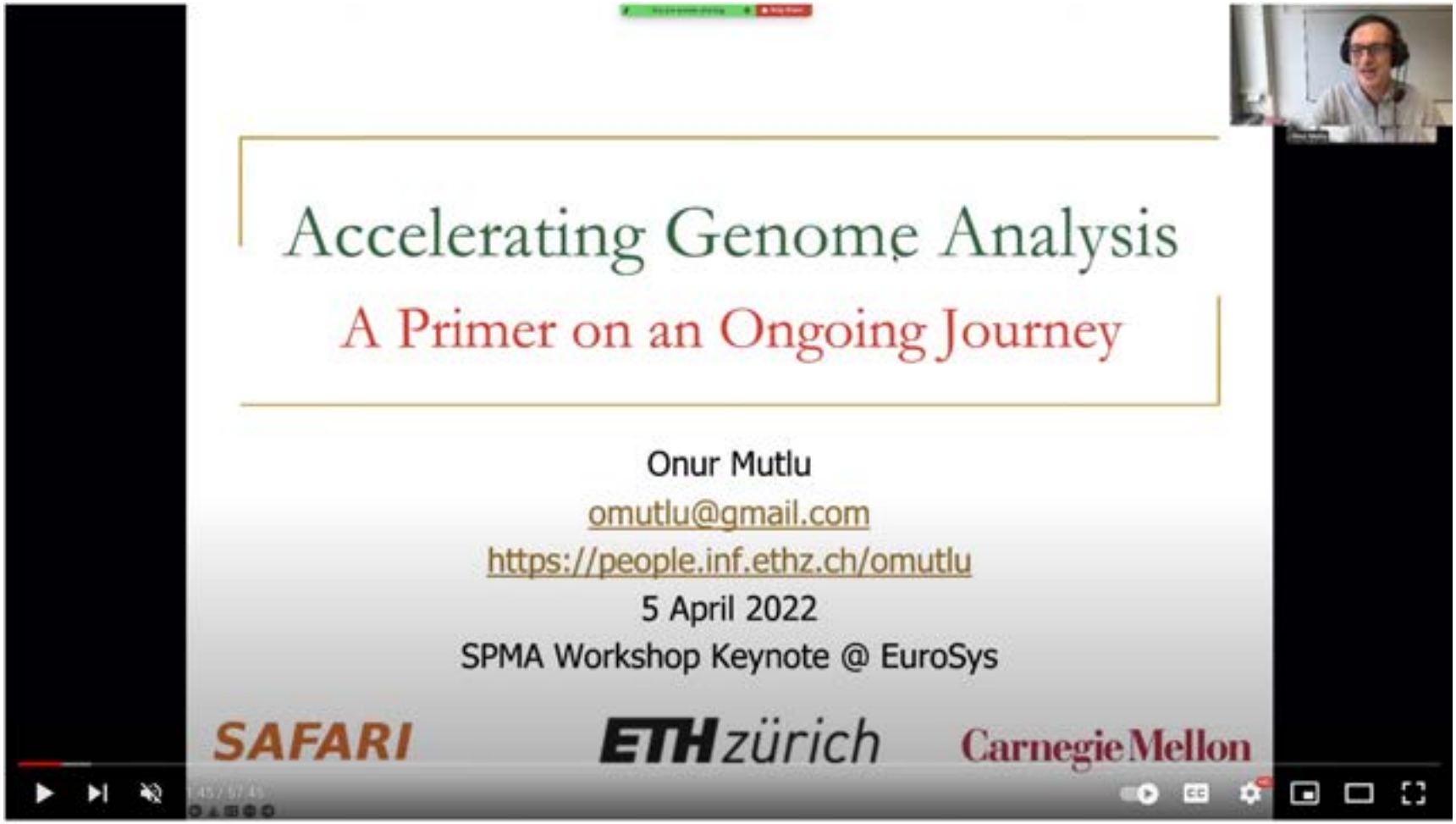
SmidgION from ONT

More on Fast & Efficient Genome Analysis …

- Onur Mutlu,
  "Accelerating Genome Analysis: A Primer on an Ongoing Journey"
  Invited Lecture at Technion, Virtual, 26 January 2021.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (1 hour 37 minutes, including Q&A)]
  [Related Invited Paper (at IEEE Micro, 2020)]

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r7sn41lH-4A

More on Fast & Efficient Genome Analysis …



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NCagwf0ivT0

Detailed Lectures on Genome Analysis

- Computer Architecture, Fall 2020, Lecture 3a
  - **Introduction to Genome Sequence Analysis** (ETH Zürich, Fall 2020)
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CrRb32v7SJc&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi9xidyIgBxUz7xRPS-wisBN&index=5
- Computer Architecture, Fall 2020, Lecture 8
  - **Intelligent Genome Analysis** (ETH Zürich, Fall 2020)
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ygmQpdDTL7o&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi9xidyIgBxUz7xRPS-wisBN&index=14
- Computer Architecture, Fall 2020, Lecture 9a
  - **GenASM: Approx. String Matching Accelerator** (ETH Zürich, Fall 2020)
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XoLpzmN-Pas&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi9xidyIgBxUz7xRPS-wisBN&index=15
- Accelerating Genomics Project Course, Fall 2020, Lecture 1
  - **Accelerating Genomics** (ETH Zürich, Fall 2020)
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rgjl8ZyLsAg&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi9E2bBVAgCqLgwiDRQDTyId

https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures

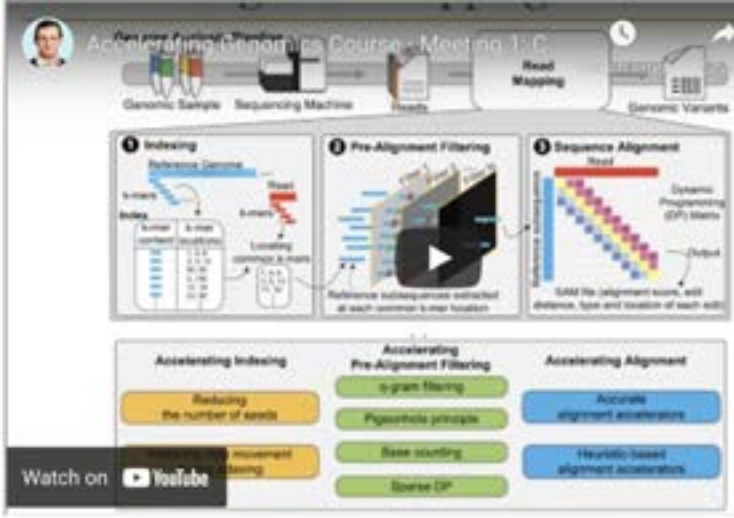
Genomics Course (Fall 2022)

- **Fall 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/fall2022/doku.php?id=bioinformatics
- **Spring 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=bioinformatics

- **Youtube Livestream (Fall 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nA41964-9r8&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8tFlQvdxOdizD_EhVAMVQV
- **Youtube Livestream (Spring 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DEL_5A_Y3TI&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8NrPDgOR1yRU_Cxxjw-u18

- Project course
  - Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
  - Genomics lectures
  - Hands-on research exploration
  - Many research readings

https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures



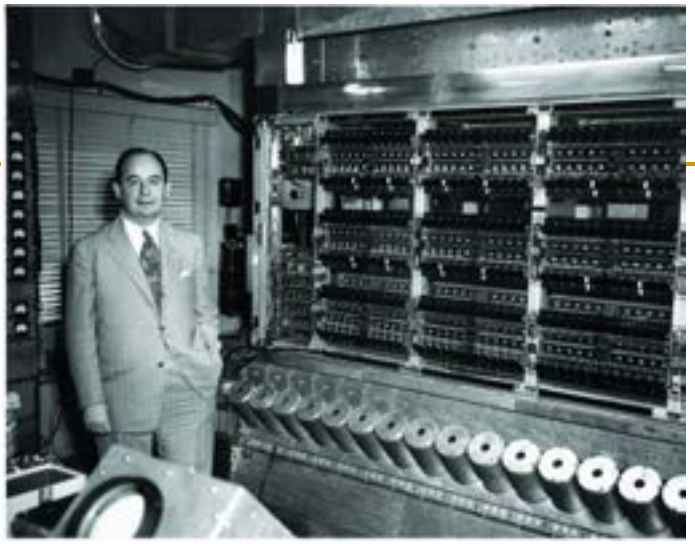
Spring 2022 Meetings/Schedule

Week	Date	Livestream	Meeting	Learning Materials
W1	11.3 Fri.	Live	M1: P&S Accelerating Genomics Course Introduction & Project Proposals (PDF) (PPT)	Required Materials Recommended Materials
W2	18.3 Fri.	Live	M2: Introduction to Sequencing (PDF) (PPT)	
W3	25.3 Fri.	Premiere	M3: Read Mapping (PDF) (PPT)	
W4	01.04 Fri.	Premiere	M4: GateKeeper (PDF) (PPT)	
W5	08.04 Fri.	Premiere	M5: MAGNET & Shouji (PDF) (PPT)	
W6	15.4 Fri.	Premiere	M6: SneakySnake (PDF) (PPT)	
W7	29.4 Fri.	Premiere	M7: GenStore (PDF) (PPT)	
W8	06.05 Fri.	Premiere	M8: GRIM-Filter (PDF) (PPT)	
W9	13.05 Fri.	Premiere	M9: Genome Assembly (PDF) (PPT)	
W10	20.05 Fri.	Live	M10: Genomic Data Sharing Under Differential Privacy (PDF) (PPT)	
W11	10.06 Fri.	Premiere	M11: Accelerating Genome Sequence Analysis (PDF) (PPT)	

Data Overwhelms Modern Machines …

- Storage/memory capability
- Communication capability
- Computation capability
- Greatly impacts robustness, energy, performance, cost

A Computing System



- Three key components
- Computation
- Communication
- Storage/memory

Burks, Goldstein, von Neumann, "Preliminary discussion of the logical design of an electronic computing instrument," 1946.

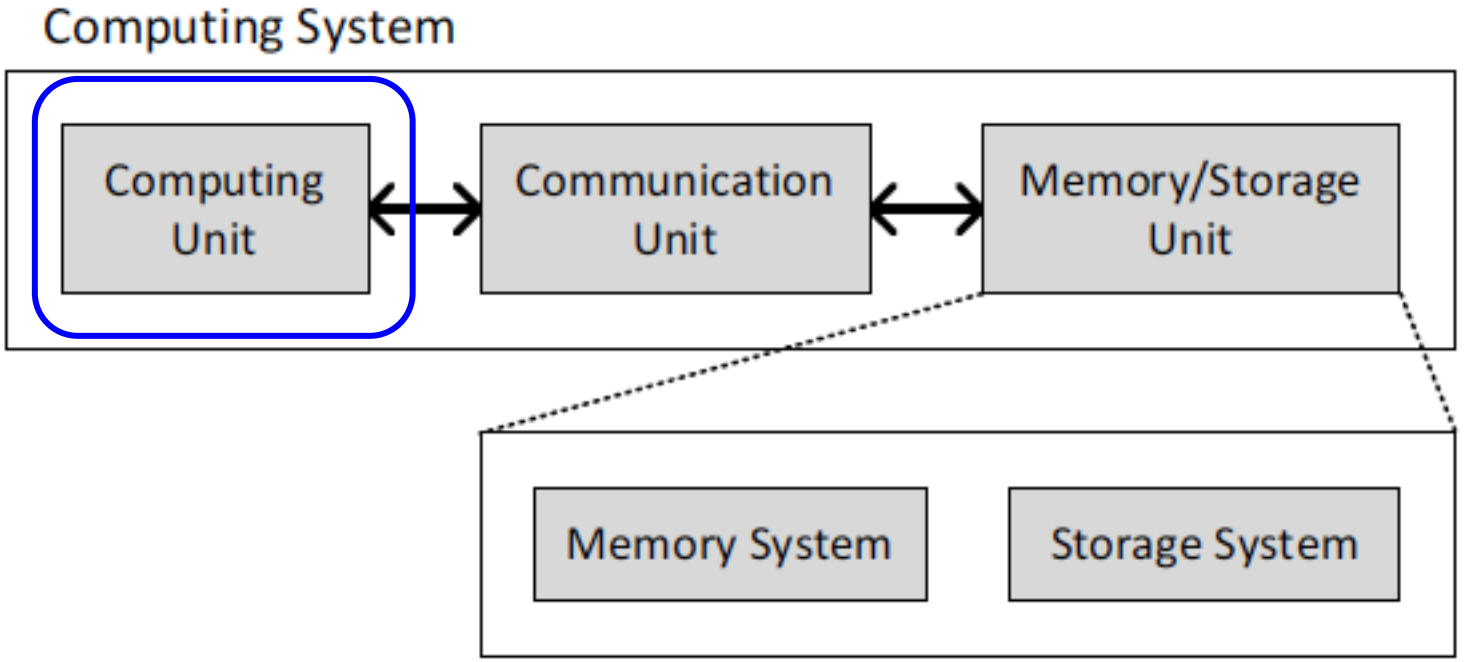
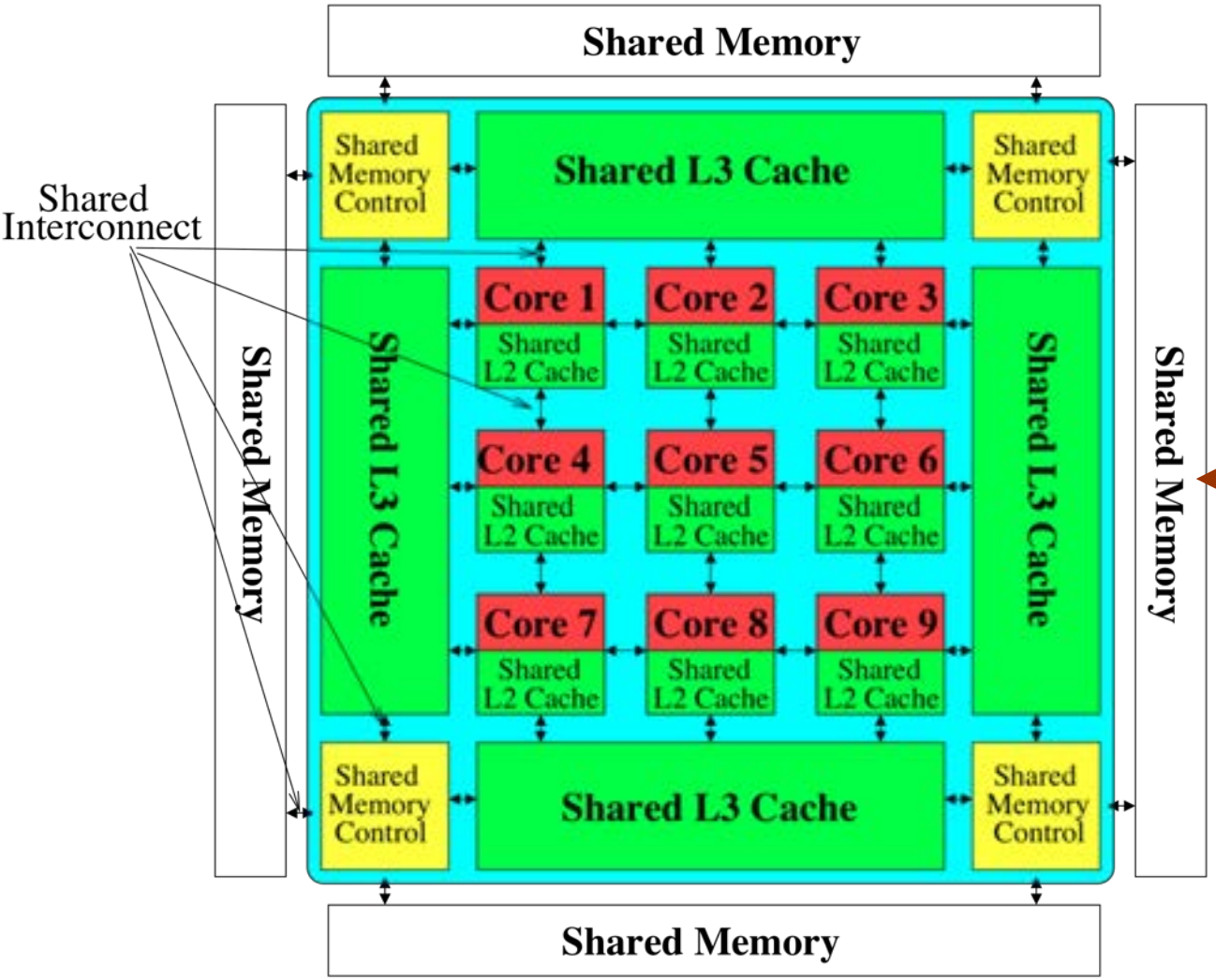


Image source: https://lbsitbytes2010.wordpress.com/2013/03/29/john-von-neumann-roll-no-15/

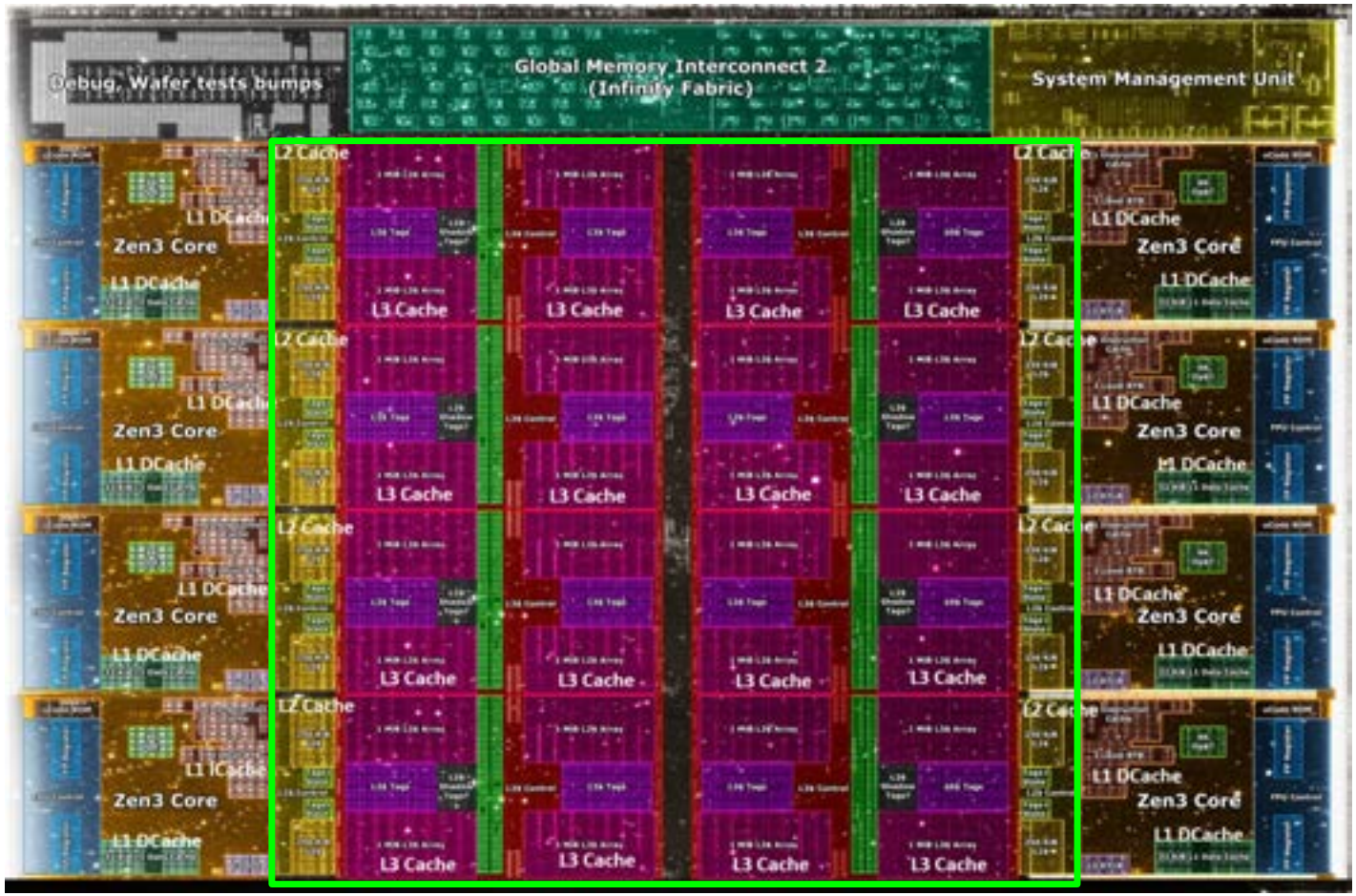
Perils of Processor-Centric Design



Most of the system is dedicated to storing and moving data

Yet, system is still bottlenecked by memory & storage

Deeper and Larger Memory Hierarchies



AMD Ryzen 5000, 2020

Core Count:
8 cores/16 threads

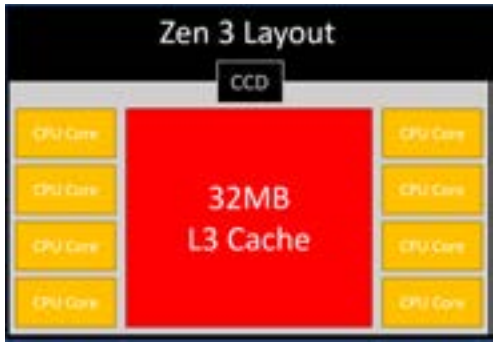
L1 Caches:
32 KB per core

L2 Caches:
512 KB per core

L3 Cache:
32 MB shared

https://wccftech.com/amd-ryzen-5000-zen-3-vermeer-undressed-high-res-die-shots-close-ups-pictured-detailed/

AMD's 3D Last Level Cache (2021)

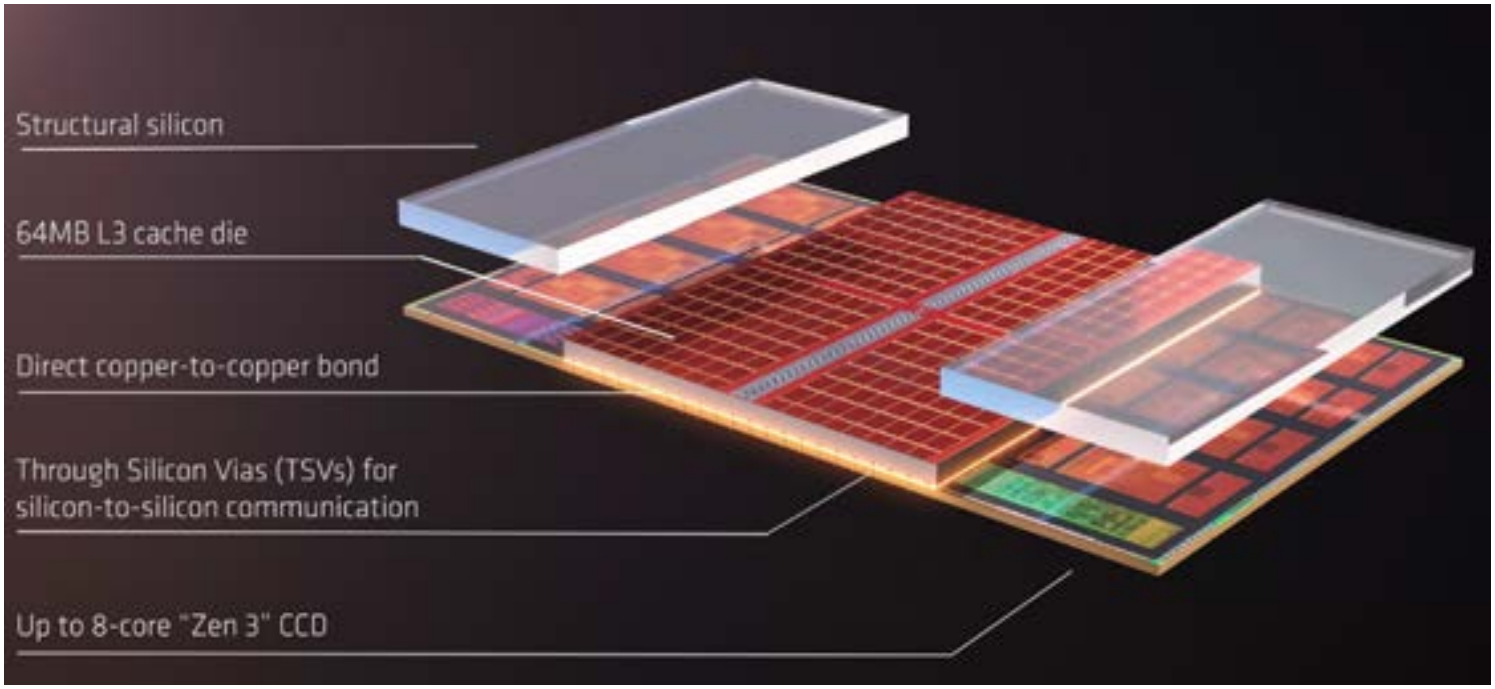


https://community.microcenter.com/discussion/5134/comparing-zen-3-to-zen-2

AMD increases the L3 size of their 8-core Zen 3 processors from 32 MB to 96 MB

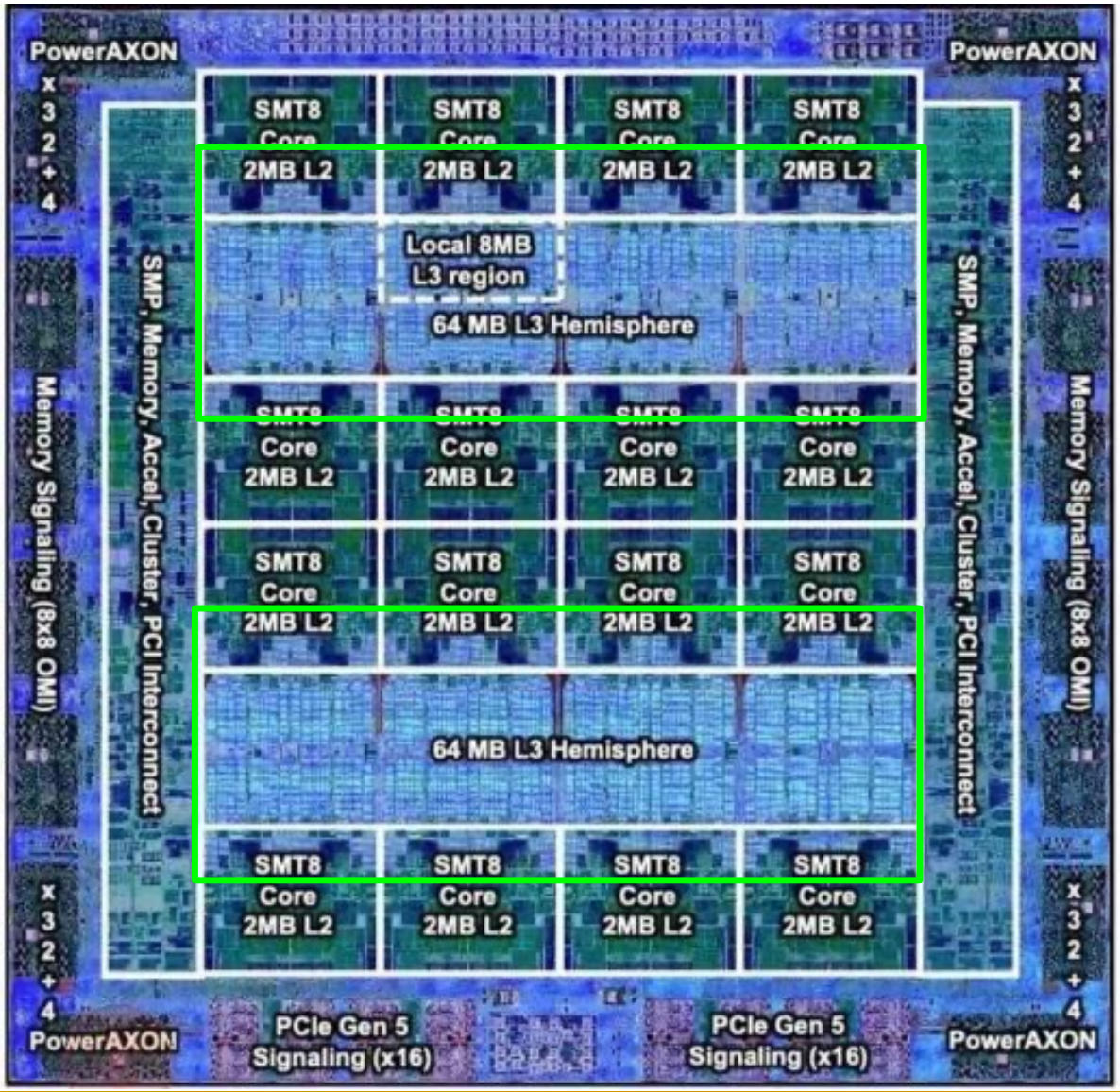
Additional 64 MB L3 cache die stacked on top of the processor die

- Connected using Through Silicon Vias (TSVs)
- Total of 96 MB L3 cache



https://youtu.be/gqAYMx34euU
https://www.tech-critter.com/amd-keynote-computex-2021/

Deeper and Larger Memory Hierarchies



IBM POWER10, 2020

Cores:

15-16 cores,
8 threads/core

L2 Caches:

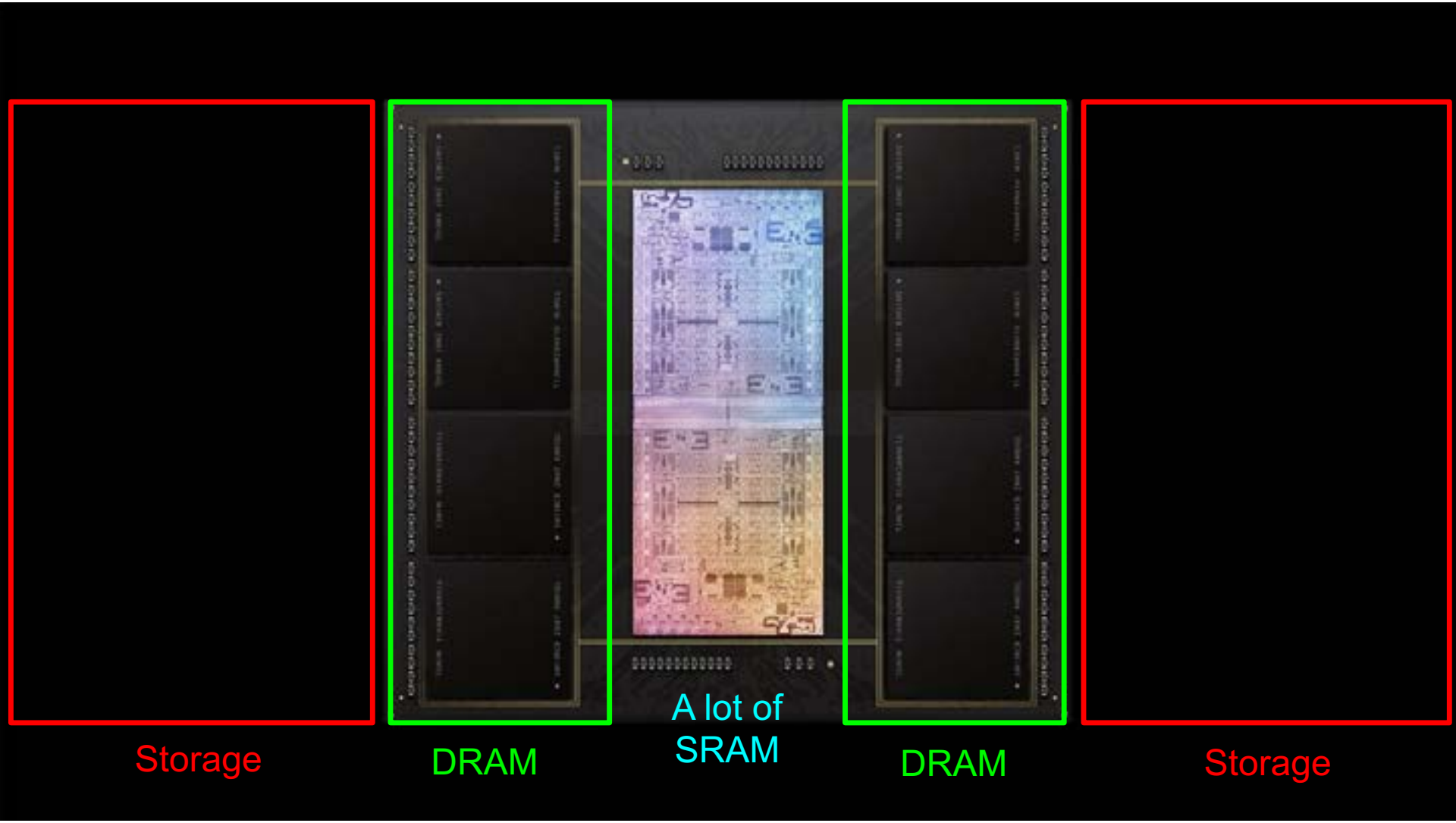
2 MB per core

L3 Cache:

120 MB shared

https://www.it-techblog.de/ibm-power10-prozessor-mehr-speicher-mehr-tempo-mehr-sicherheit/09/2020/

Deeper and Larger Memory Hierarchies



Apple M1 Ultra System (2022)

https://www.gsmarena.com/apple_announces_m1_ultra_with_20core_cpu_and_64core_gpu-news-53481.php

Data Overwhelms Modern Machines

Chrome

TensorFlow Mobile

Data → performance & energy bottleneck

VP9 YouTube

Video Playback

Google's **video codec**

VP9 YouTube

Video Capture

Google's **video codec**

Data Movement Overwhelms Modern Machines

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Youngsok Kim, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Eric Shiu, Rahul Thakur, Daehyun Kim, Aki Kuusela, Allan Knies, Parthasarathy Ranganathan, and Onur Mutlu, **"Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks"** *Proceedings of the 23rd International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (**ASPLOS**)*, Williamsburg, VA, USA, March 2018.

62.7% of the total system energy is spent on data movement

Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand[1] Saugata Ghose[1] Youngsok Kim[2]
Rachata Ausavarungnirun[1] Eric Shiu[3] Rahul Thakur[3] Daehyun Kim[4,3]
Aki Kuusela[3] Allan Knies[3] Parthasarathy Ranganathan[3] Onur Mutlu[5,1]

Data Movement Overwhelms Accelerators

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Berkin Akin, Ravi Narayanaswami, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Xiaoyu Ma, Eric Shiu, and Onur Mutlu,
  "Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks"
  *Proceedings of the 30th International Conference on Parallel Architectures and Compilation Techniques (**PACT**)*, Virtual, September 2021.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (14 minutes)]

> 90% of the total system energy is spent on memory in large ML models

Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand[†◇] Saugata Ghose[‡] Berkin Akin[§] Ravi Narayanaswami[§]
Geraldo F. Oliveira[⋆] Xiaoyu Ma[§] Eric Shiu[§] Onur Mutlu[⋆†]

[†]*Carnegie Mellon Univ.* [◇]*Stanford Univ.* [‡]*Univ. of Illinois Urbana-Champaign* [§]*Google* [⋆]*ETH Zürich*

An Intelligent Architecture Handles Data Well

How to Handle Data Well

- **Ensure data does not overwhelm** the components
  - via intelligent algorithms, architectures & system designs: algorithm-architecture-devices
- **Take advantage of** vast amounts of **data** and metadata
  - to improve architectural & system-level decisions
- **Understand and exploit** properties of (different) **data**
  - to improve algorithms & architectures in various metrics

Corollaries: Computing Systems Today …

- Are processor-centric vs. **data-centric**
- Make designer-dictated decisions vs. **data-driven**
- Make component-based myopic decisions vs. **data-aware**

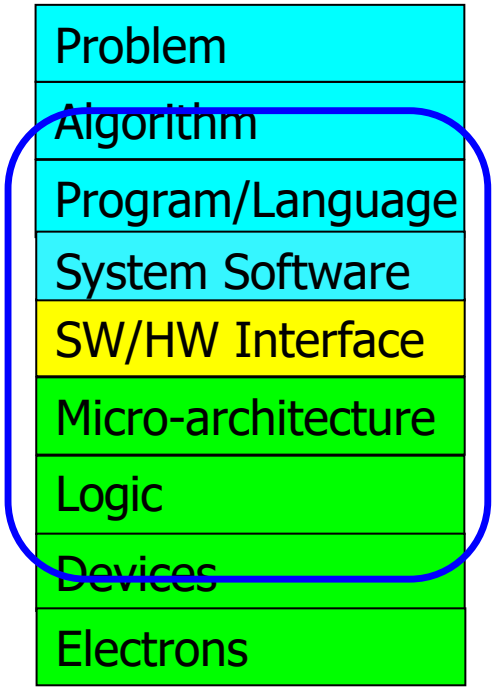
Fundamentally Better Architectures

Data-centric

Data-driven

Data-aware

We Need to Revisit the Entire Stack



We can get there step by step

A Blueprint for Fundamentally Better Architectures

- Onur Mutlu,
  "Intelligent Architectures for Intelligent Computing Systems"
  *Invited Paper in Proceedings of the Design, Automation, and Test in Europe Conference (**DATE**)*, Virtual, February 2021.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [IEDM Tutorial Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Short DATE Talk Video (11 minutes)]
  [Longer IEDM Tutorial Video (1 hr 51 minutes)]


Intelligent Architectures for Intelligent Computing Systems

Onur Mutlu
ETH Zurich
omutlu@gmail.com

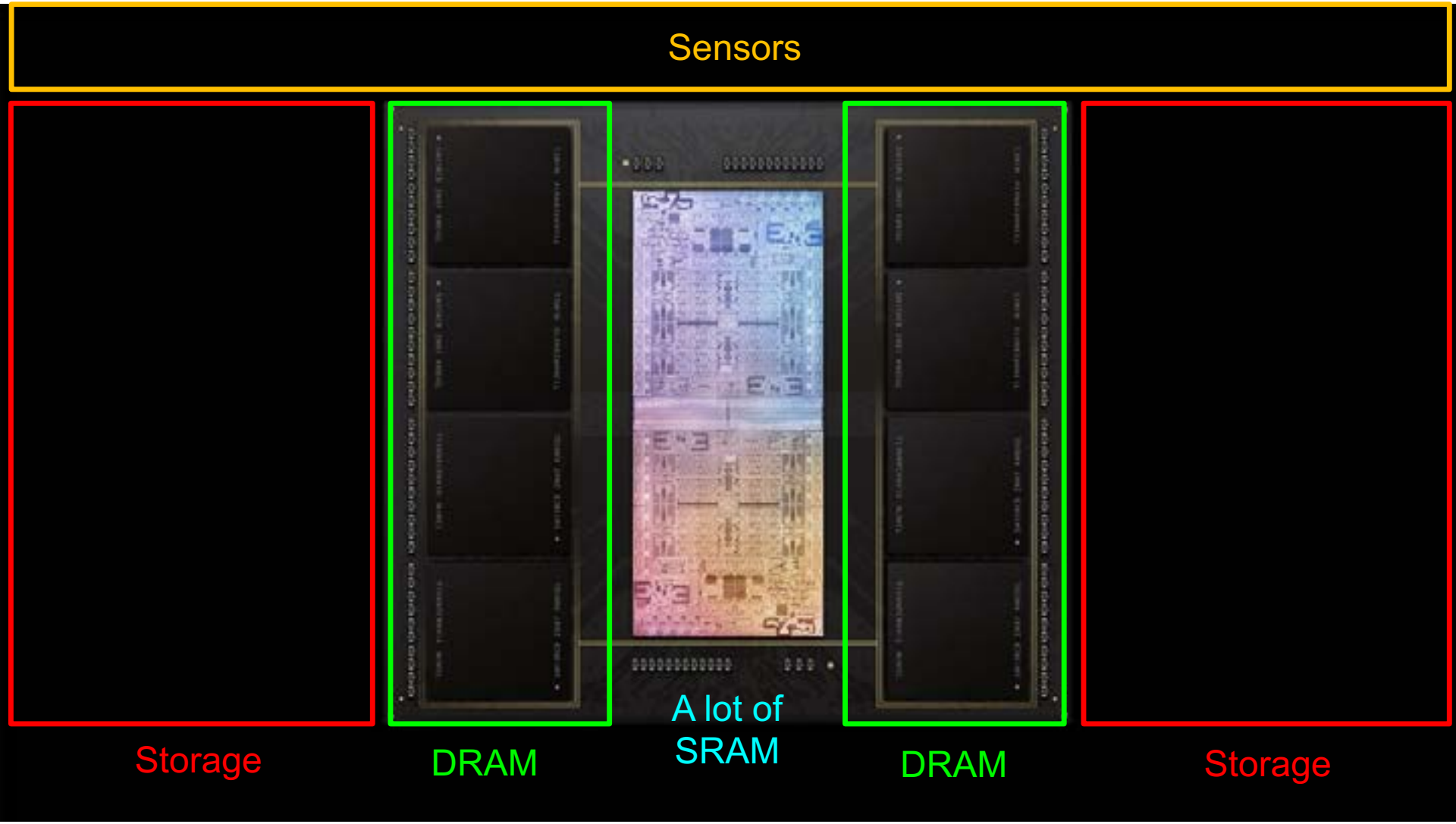
Data-Centric (Memory-Centric) Architectures

Data-Centric Architectures: Properties

- **Process data where it resides** (where it makes sense)
  - Processing in and near memory & sensor structures
- **Low-latency & low-energy data access**
- **Low-cost data storage & processing**
  - High capacity memory at low cost: hybrid memory, compression
- **Intelligent data management**
  - Intelligent controllers handling robustness, security, cost, perf.

Processing Data Where It Makes Sense

Process Data Where It Makes Sense



Apple M1 Ultra System (2022)

https://www.gsmarena.com/apple_announces_m1_ultra_with_20core_cpu_and_64core_gpu-news-53481.php

Processing in/near Memory: An Old Idea

- Kautz, "Cellular Logic-in-Memory Arrays", IEEE TC 1969.

IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON COMPUTERS, VOL. C-18, NO. 8, AUGUST 1969

Cellular Logic-in-Memory Arrays

WILLIAM H. KAUTZ, MEMBER, IEEE

Abstract—As a direct consequence of large-scale integration, many advantages in the design, fabrication, testing, and use of digital circuitry can be achieved if the circuits can be arranged in a two-dimensional iterative, or cellular, array of identical elementary networks, or cells. When a small amount of storage is included in each cell, the same array may be regarded either as a logically enhanced memory array, or as a logic array whose elementary gates and connections can be "programmed" to realize a desired logical behavior.

In this paper the specific engineering features of such cellular logic-in-memory (CLIM) arrays are discussed, and one such special-purpose array, a cellular sorting array, is described in detail to illustrate how these features may be achieved in a particular design. It is shown how the cellular sorting array can be employed as a single-address, multiword memory that keeps in order all words stored within it. It can also be used as a content-addressed memory, a pushdown memory, a buffer memory, and (with a lower logical efficiency) a programmable array for the realization of arbitrary switching functions. A second version of a sorting array, operating on a different sorting principle, is also described.

Index Terms—Cellular logic, large-scale integration, logic arrays logic in memory, push-down memory, sorting, switching functions.

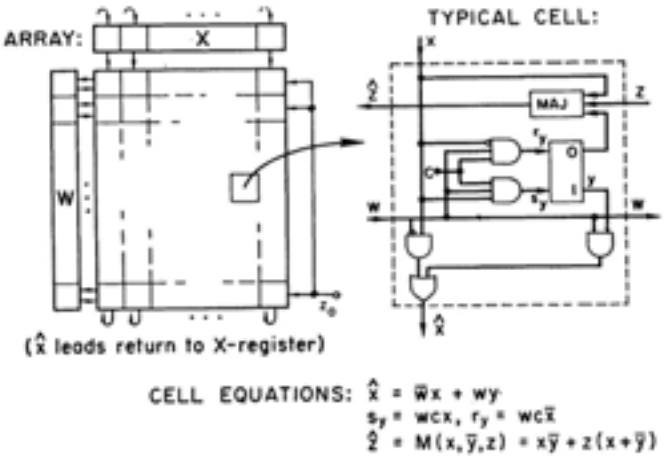


Fig. 1. Cellular sorting array I.

https://doi.org/10.1109/T-C.1969.222754

Processing in/near Memory: An Old Idea

- Stone, "A Logic-in-Memory Computer," IEEE TC 1970.

A Logic-in-Memory Computer

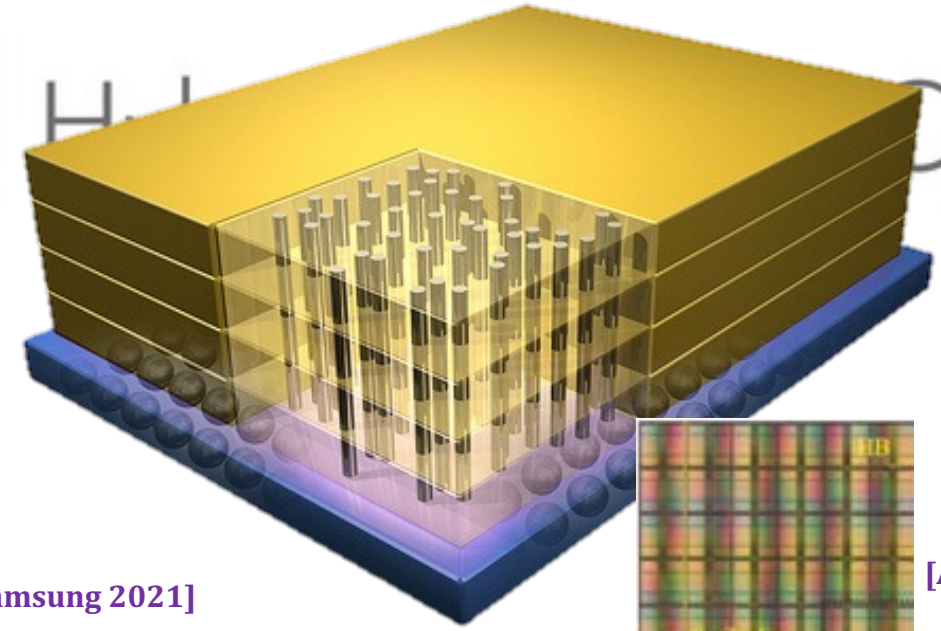
HAROLD S. STONE

Abstract—If, as presently projected, the cost of microelectronic arrays in the future will tend to reflect the number of pins on the array rather than the number of gates, the logic-in-memory array is an extremely attractive computer component. Such an array is essentially a microelectronic memory with some combinational logic associated with each storage element.

Why In-Memory Computation Today?

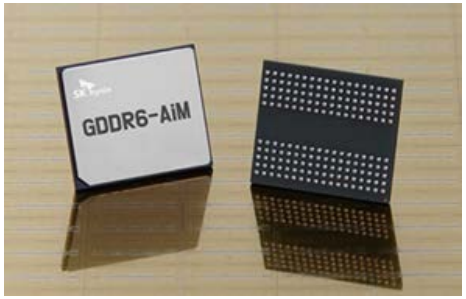
- **Huge problems with Memory Technology**
  - Memory technology scaling is not going well (e.g., RowHammer)
  - Many scaling issues demand intelligence in memory
- **Huge demand from Applications & Systems**
  - Data access bottleneck
  - Energy & power bottlenecks
  - Data movement energy dominates computation energy
  - Need all at the same time: performance, energy, sustainability
  - We can improve all metrics by minimizing data movement
- **Designs are squeezed in the middle**

Processing-in-Memory Landscape Today



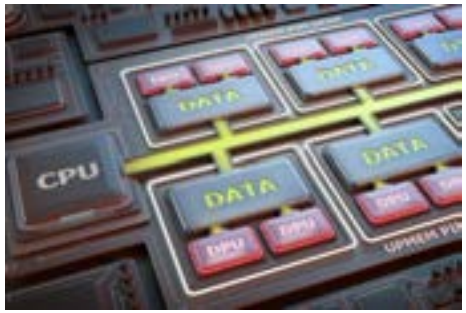
[Samsung 2021]

[Alibaba 2022]



[SK Hynix 2022]

[Samsung 2021]

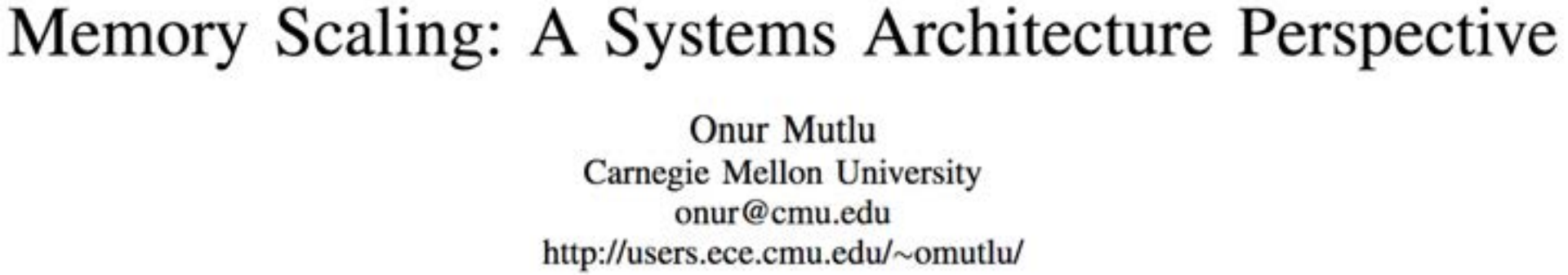


[UPMEM 2019]

And, many other experimental chips and startups

Memory Scaling Issues **Are** Real

- Onur Mutlu,
  "Memory Scaling: A Systems Architecture Perspective"
  *Proceedings of the 5th International Memory Workshop (**IMW**)*, Monterey, CA, May 2013. Slides (pptx) (pdf)
  EETimes Reprint


Memory Scaling: A Systems Architecture Perspective

Onur Mutlu
Carnegie Mellon University
onur@cmu.edu
http://users.ece.cmu.edu/~omutlu/

https://people.inf.ethz.ch/omutlu/pub/memory-scaling_memcon13.pdf

A Curious Phenomenon [Kim et al., ISCA 2014]

One can
predictably induce errors
in most DRAM memory chips

Kim+, "Flipping Bits in Memory Without Accessing Them: An Experimental Study of DRAM Disturbance Errors," ISCA 2014.


Rowhammer

Memory Scaling Issues **Are** Real

- Onur Mutlu, Ataberk Olgun, and A. Giray Yaglikci,
  "Fundamentally Understanding and Solving RowHammer"
  *Invited Special Session Paper at the 28th Asia and South Pacific Design Automation Conference (**ASP-DAC**)*, Tokyo, Japan, January 2023.
  [arXiv version]
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (26 minutes)]

Fundamentally Understanding and Solving RowHammer

Onur Mutlu
onur.mutlu@safari.ethz.ch
ETH Zürich
Zürich, Switzerland

Ataberk Olgun
ataberk.olgun@safari.ethz.ch
ETH Zürich
Zürich, Switzerland

A. Giray Yağlıkcı
giray.yaglikci@safari.ethz.ch
ETH Zürich
Zürich, Switzerland

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2211.07613.pdf

The Story of RowHammer Tutorial …

Onur Mutlu,
"Security Aspects of DRAM: The Story of RowHammer"
*Invited Tutorial at 14th IEEE Electron Devices Society International Memory Workshop (**IMW**)*, Dresden, Germany, May 2022.
[Slides (pptx)(pdf)]
[Tutorial Video (57 minutes)]

10 Years of RowHammer in 20 Minutes

- Onur Mutlu,
  "The Story of RowHammer"
  *Invited Talk at the Workshop on Robust and Safe Software 2.0 (**RSS2**), held with the 27th International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (**ASPLOS**)*, Virtual, 28 February 2022.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]

The Push from Circuits and Devices

Main Memory Needs Intelligent Controllers

Industry's Intelligent DRAM Controllers (I)

ISSCC 2023 / SESSION 28 / HIGH-DENSITY MEMORIES

28.8 A 1.1V 16Gb DDR5 DRAM with Probabilistic-Aggressor Tracking, Refresh-Management Functionality, Per-Row Hammer Tracking, a Multi-Step Precharge, and Core-Bias Modulation for Security and Reliability Enhancement

Woongrae Kim, Chulmoon Jung, Seongnyuh Yoo, Duckhwa Hong, Jeongjin Hwang, Jungmin Yoon, Ohyong Jung, Joonwoo Choi, Sanga Hyun, Mankeun Kang, Sangho Lee, Dohong Kim, Sanghyun Ku, Donhyun Choi, Nogeun Joo, Sangwoo Yoon, Junseok Noh, Byeongyong Go, Cheolhoe Kim, Sunil Hwang, Mihyun Hwang, Seol-Min Yi, Hyungmin Kim, Sanghyuk Heo, Yeonsu Jang, Kyoungchul Jang, Shinho Chu, Yoonna Oh, Kwidong Kim, Junghyun Kim, Soohwan Kim, Jeongtae Hwang, Sangil Park, Junphyo Lee, Inchul Jeong, Joohwan Cho, Jonghwan Kim

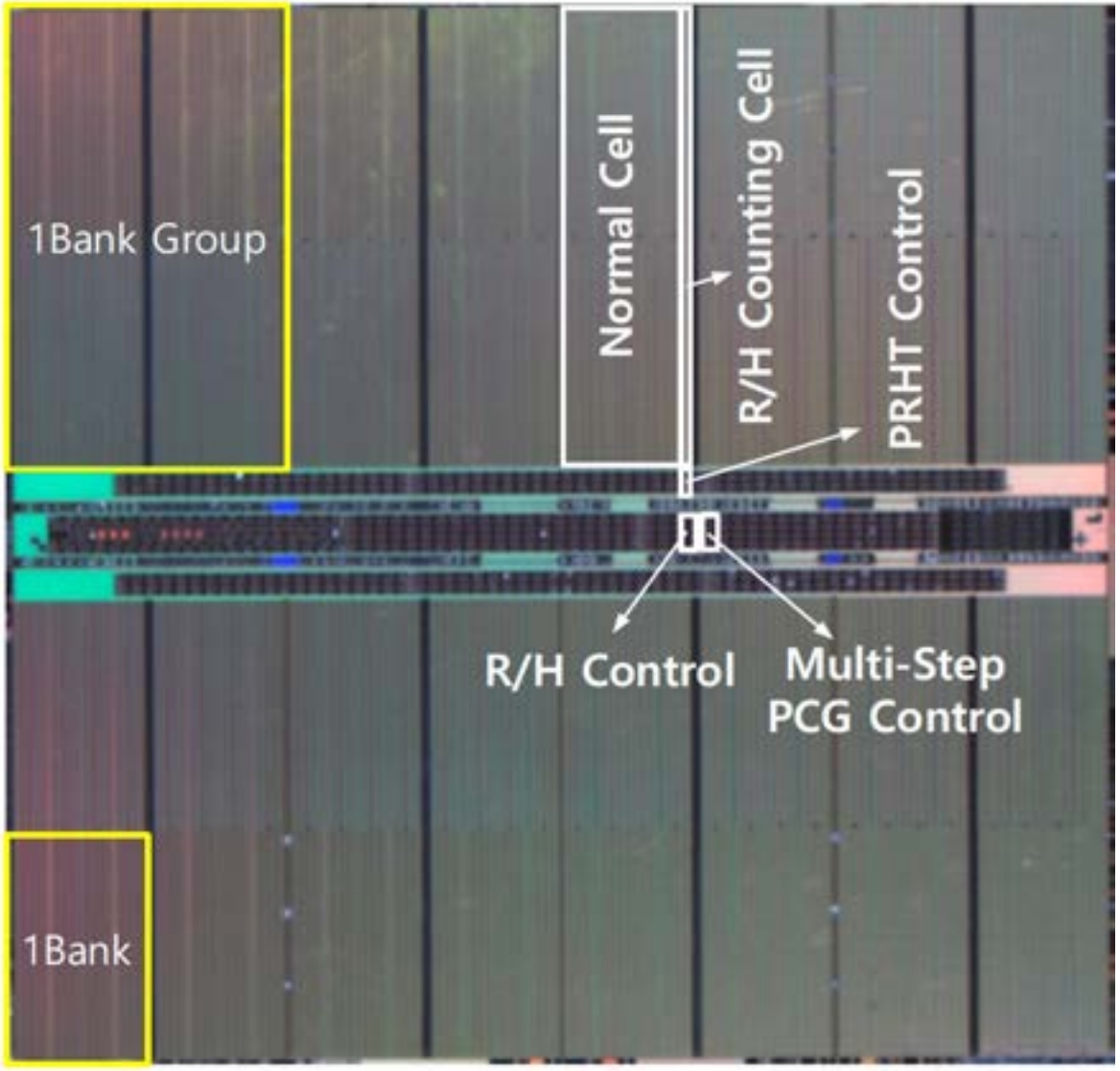
SK hynix Semiconductor, Icheon, Korea

Industry's Intelligent DRAM Controllers (II)

SK hynix Semiconductor, Icheon, Korea

DRAM products have been recently adopted in a wide range of high-performance computing applications: such as in cloud computing, in big data systems, and IoT devices. This demand creates larger memory capacity requirements, thereby requiring aggressive DRAM technology node scaling to reduce the cost per bit [1,2]. However, DRAM manufacturers are facing technology scaling challenges due to row hammer and refresh retention time beyond 1a-nm [2]. Row hammer is a failure mechanism, where repeatedly activating a DRAM row disturbs data in adjacent rows. Scaling down severely threatens reliability since a reduction of DRAM cell size leads to a reduction in the intrinsic row hammer tolerance [2,3]. To improve row hammer tolerance, there is a need to probabilistically activate adjacent rows with carefully sampled active addresses and to improve intrinsic row hammer tolerance [2]. In this paper, row-hammer-protection and refresh-management schemes are presented to guarantee DRAM security and reliability despite the aggressive scaling from 1a-nm to sub 10-nm nodes. The probabilistic-aggressor-tracking scheme with a refresh-management function (RFM) and per-row hammer tracking (PRHT) improve DRAM resilience. A multi-step precharge reinforces intrinsic row-hammer tolerance and a core-bias modulation improves retention time: even in the face of cell-transistor degradation due to technology scaling. This comprehensive scheme leads to a reduced probability of failure, due to row hammer attacks, by 93.1% and an improvement in retention time by 17%.

Industry's Intelligent DRAM Controllers (III)



ISSCC 2023 / SESSION 28 / HIGH-DENSITY MEMORIES

28.8 A 1.1V 16Gb DDR5 DRAM with Probabilistic-Aggressor Tracking, Refresh-Management Functionality, Per-Row Hammer Tracking, a Multi-Step Precharge, and Core-Bias Modulation for Security and Reliability Enhancement

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SK hynix Semiconductor, Icheon, Korea

Industry's Intelligent DRAM Controllers (IV)

DSAC: Low-Cost Rowhammer Mitigation Using In-DRAM Stochastic and Approximate Counting Algorithm

Seungki Hong Dongha Kim Jaehyung Lee Reum Oh
Changsik Yoo Sangjoon Hwang Jooyoung Lee

DRAM Design Team, Memory Division, Samsung Electronics

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2302.03591v1.pdf

Emerging Memories Also Need Intelligent Controllers

- Benjamin C. Lee, Engin Ipek, Onur Mutlu, and Doug Burger, **"Architecting Phase Change Memory as a Scalable DRAM Alternative"** *Proceedings of the 36th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (**ISCA**)*, pages 2-13, Austin, TX, June 2009. Slides (pdf)
  One of the 13 computer architecture papers of 2009 selected as Top Picks by IEEE Micro. Selected as a CACM Research Highlight. 2022 Persistent Impact Prize.

Architecting Phase Change Memory as a Scalable DRAM Alternative

Benjamin C. Lee† Engin Ipek† Onur Mutlu‡ Doug Burger†

†Computer Architecture Group
Microsoft Research
Redmond, WA
{blee, ipek, dburger}@microsoft.com

‡Computer Architecture Laboratory
Carnegie Mellon University
Pittsburgh, PA
onur@cmu.edu

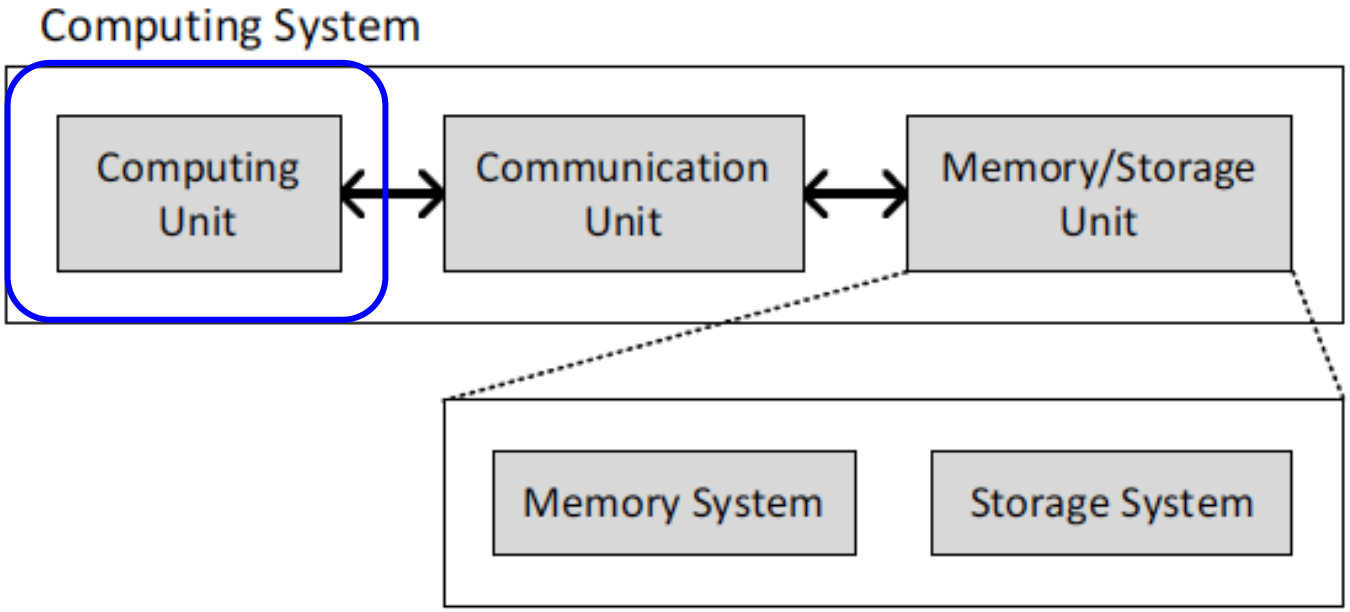
The Takeaway

Intelligent Memory Controllers Can Avoid Many Failures & Enable Better Scaling

Today's Computing Systems

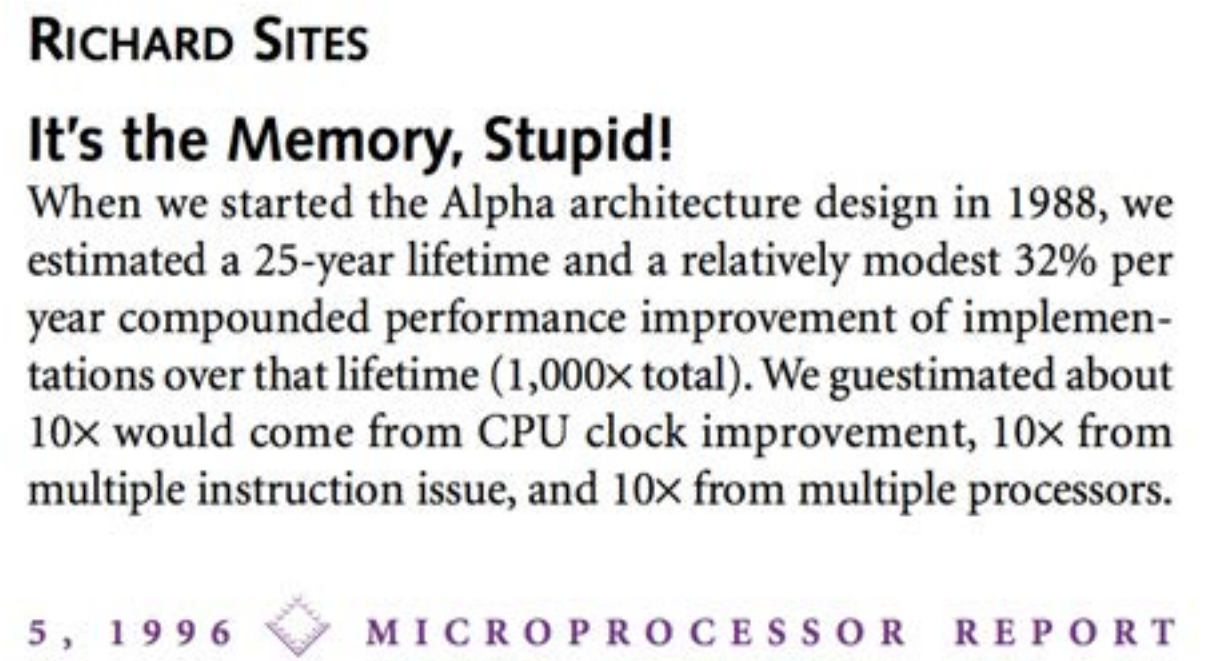
- Processor centric

- All data processed in the processor → at great system cost



It's the Memory, Stupid!

- "**It's the Memory, Stupid!**" (Richard Sites, MPR, 1996)



RICHARD SITES

It's the Memory, Stupid!

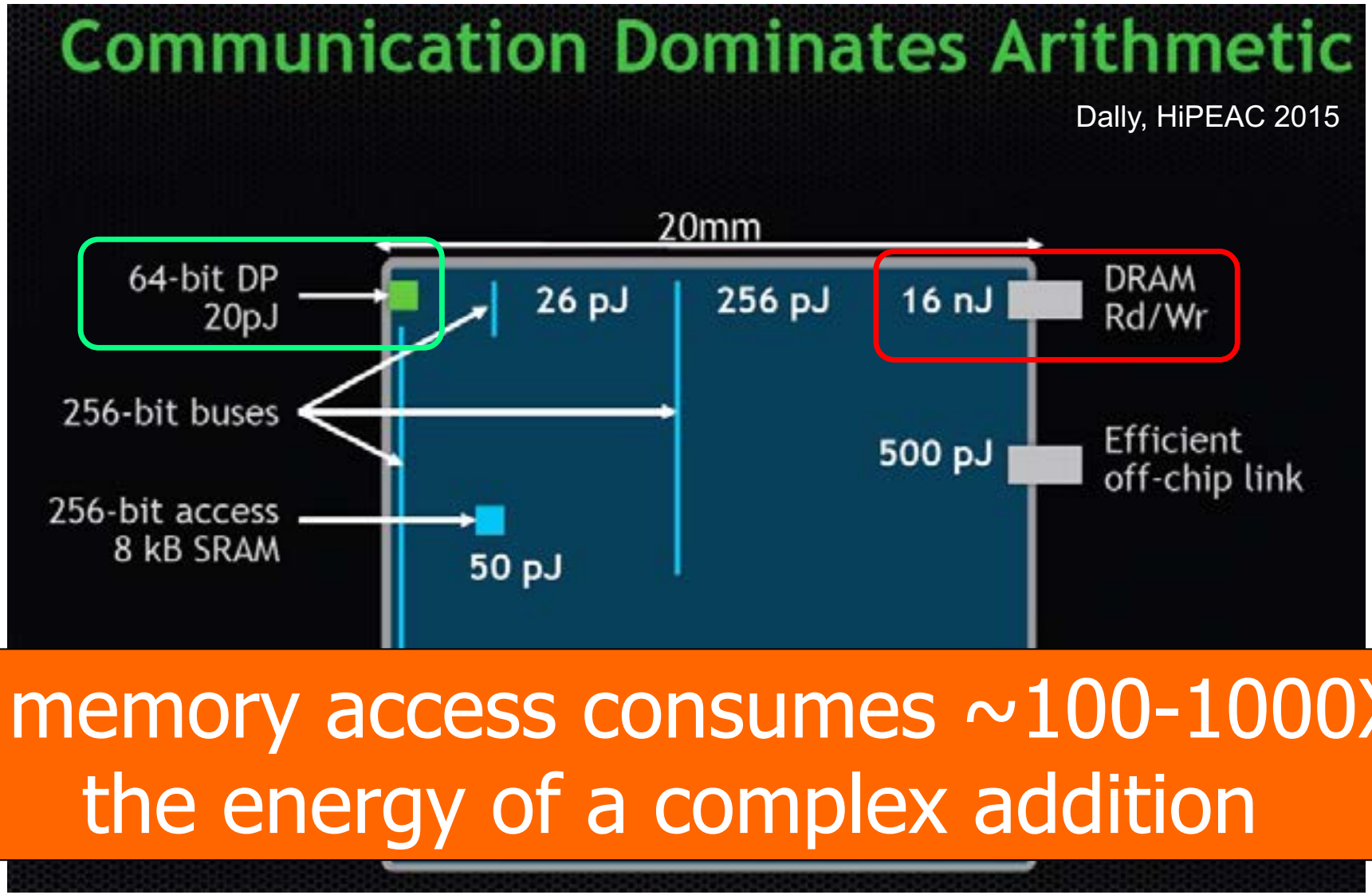
When we started the Alpha architecture design in 1988, we estimated a 25-year lifetime and a relatively modest 32% per year compounded performance improvement of implementations over that lifetime (1,000× total). We guestimated about 10× would come from CPU clock improvement, 10× from multiple instruction issue, and 10× from multiple processors.

5, 1996 MICROPROCESSOR REPORT

I expect that over the coming decade memory subsystem design will be the *only* important design issue for microprocessors.

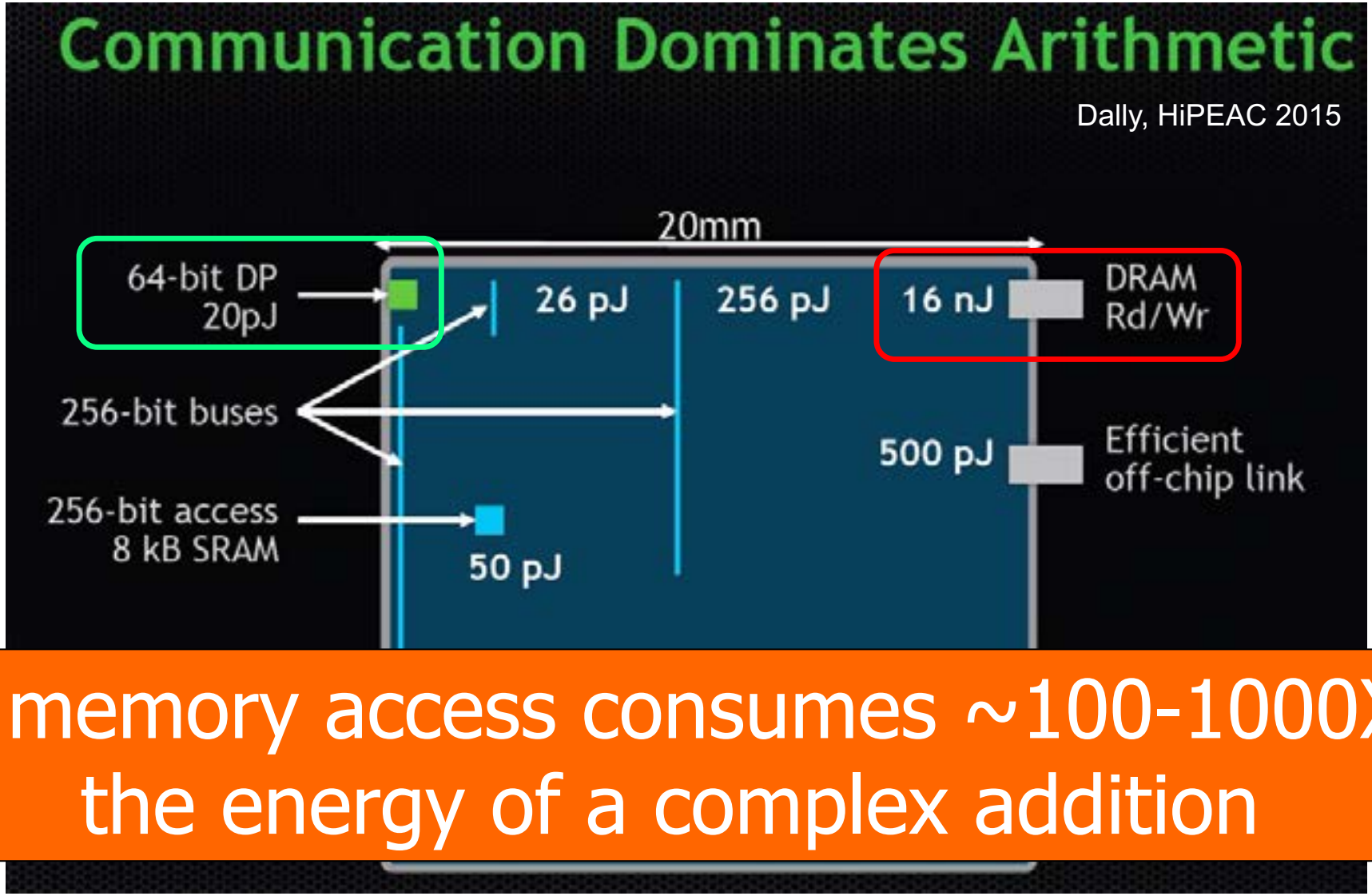
http://cva.stanford.edu/classes/cs99s/papers/architects_look_to_future.pdf

Data Movement vs. Computation Energy



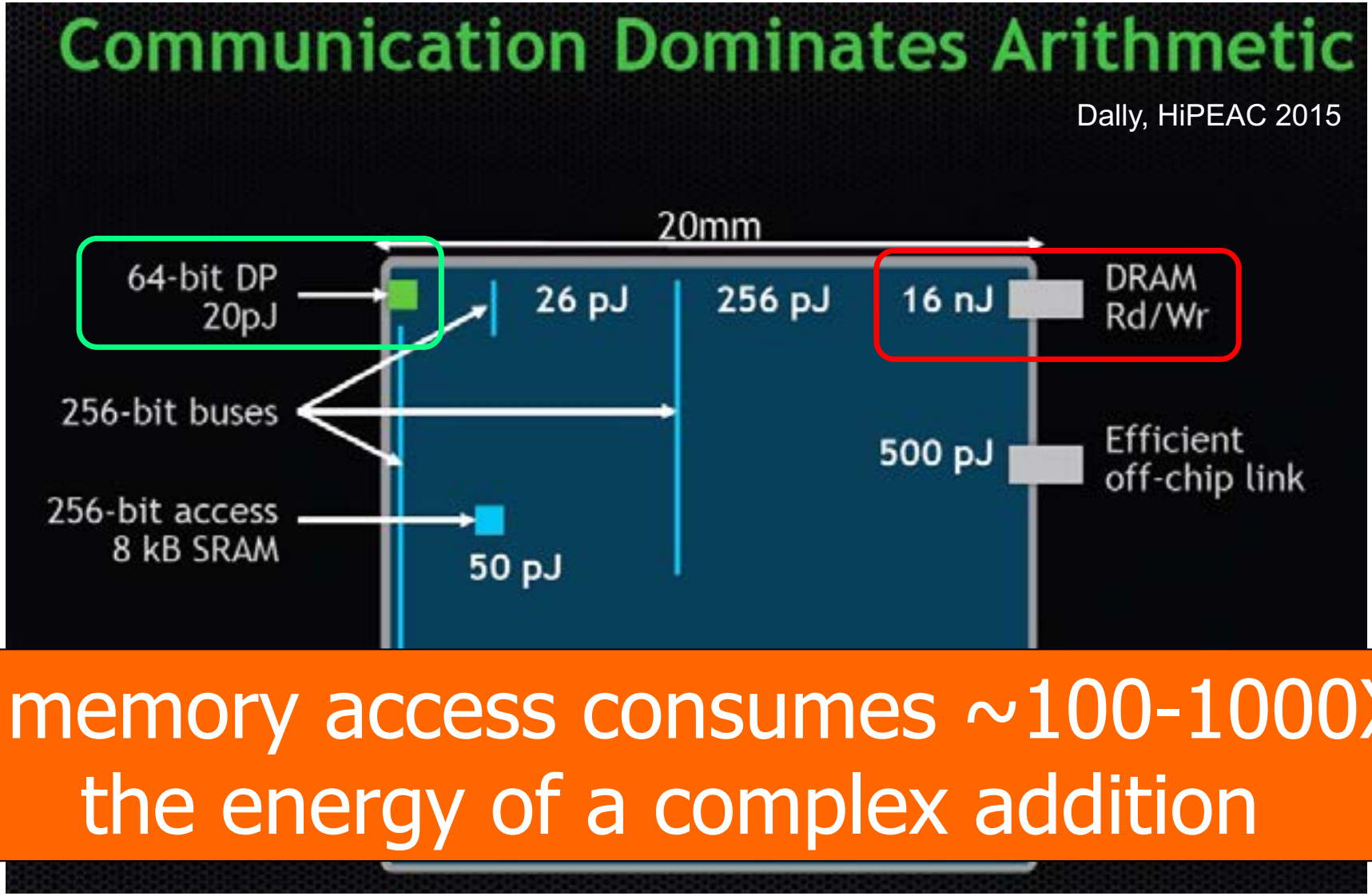
A memory access consumes ~100-1000X the energy of a complex addition

We Do Not Want to Move Data!



A memory access consumes ~100-1000X the energy of a complex addition

We Do Not Want to Move Data!

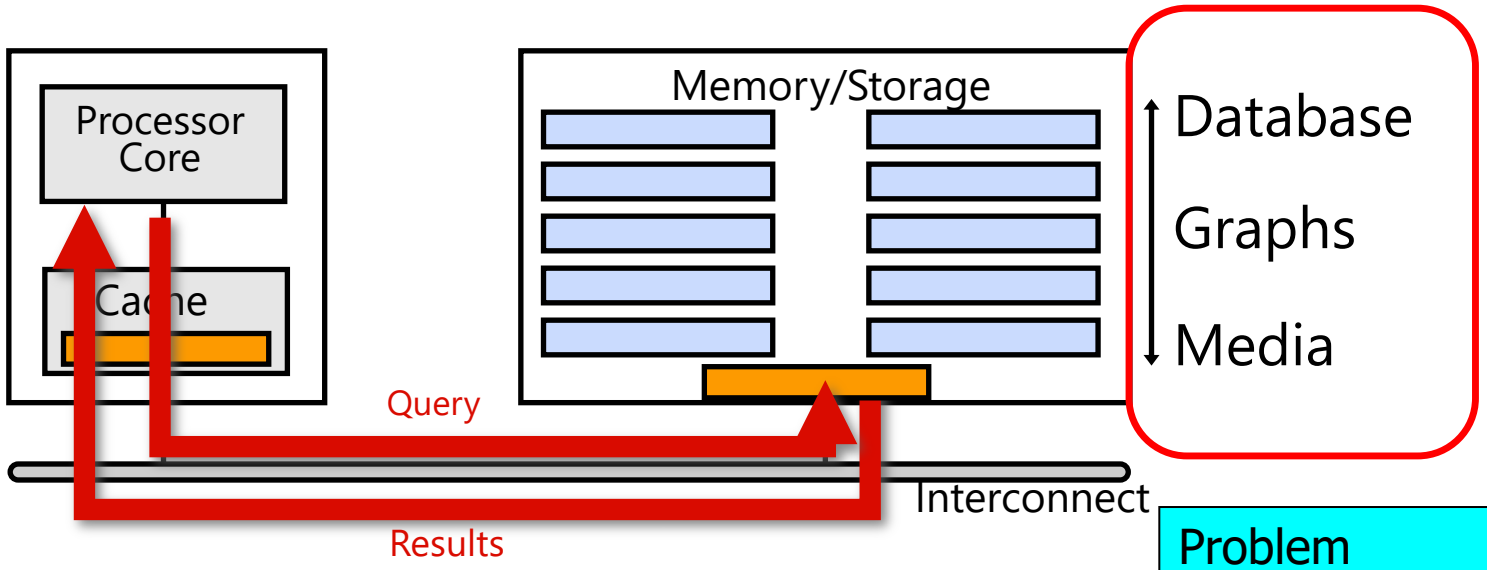


A memory access consumes ~100-1000X the energy of a complex addition

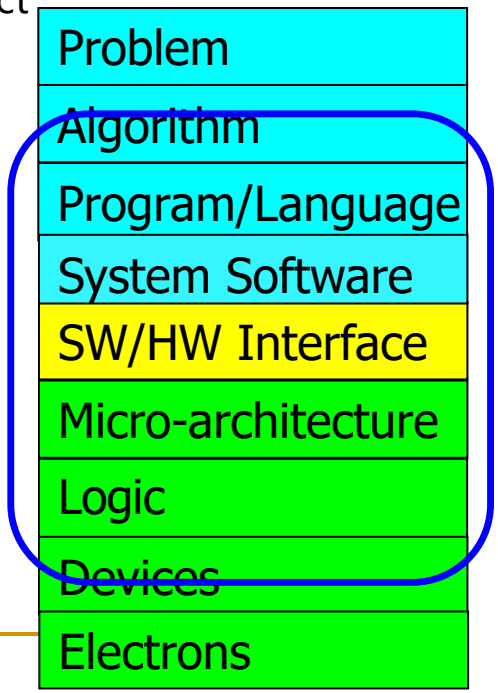
We Need A **Paradigm Shift** To …

- Enable computation with minimal data movement
- Compute where it makes sense (where data resides)
- Make computing architectures more data-centric

Goal: Processing Inside Memory/Storage



- Many questions … How do we design the:
  - compute-capable memory & controllers?
  - processors & communication units?
  - software & hardware interfaces?
  - system software, compilers, languages?
  - algorithms & theoretical foundations?



PIM Review and Open Problems

A Modern Primer on Processing in Memory

Onur Mutlu[a,b], Saugata Ghose[b,c], Juan Gómez-Luna[a], Rachata Ausavarungnirun[d]

SAFARI Research Group

[a] *ETH Zürich*
[b] *Carnegie Mellon University*
[c] *University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign*
[d] *King Mongkut's University of Technology North Bangkok*

Onur Mutlu, Saugata Ghose, Juan Gomez-Luna, and Rachata Ausavarungnirun,
"A Modern Primer on Processing in Memory"
Invited Book Chapter in ***Emerging Computing: From Devices to Systems - Looking Beyond Moore and Von Neumann***, Springer, to be published in 2021.

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2012.03112.pdf

PIM Course (Fall 2022)

- **Fall 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/fall2022/doku.php?id=processing_in_memory
- **Spring 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=processing_in_memory

- **Youtube Livestream (Fall 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QLL0wQ9I4Dw&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8KzG2CQYRNQOVD0GOBrnKy
- **Youtube Livestream (Spring 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9e4Chnwdovo&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi-841fUYYUK9EsXKhQKRPyX

- Project course
  - Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
  - Processing-in-Memory lectures
  - Hands-on research exploration
  - Many research readings

https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures

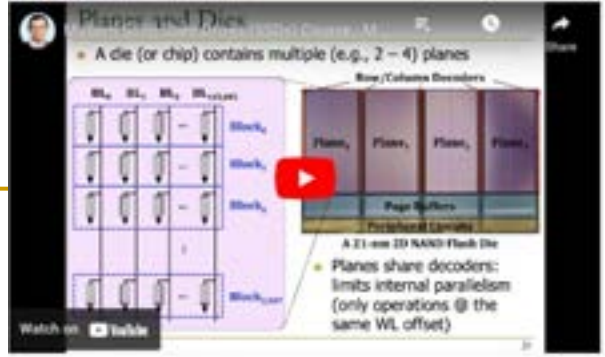
SSD Course (Spring 2023)

- **Spring 2023 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2023/doku.php?id=modern_ssds
- **Fall 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/fall2022/doku.php?id=modern_ssds

- **Youtube Livestream (Spring 2023):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4VTwOMmsnJY&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi_8qOM5Icpp8hB2SHtm4z57&pp=iAQB
- **Youtube Livestream (Fall 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hqLrd-Uj0aU&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi9BJhenUq4JI5bwhAMpAp13&pp=iAQB

- Project course
  - Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
  - SSD Basics and Advanced Topics
  - Hands-on research exploration
  - Many research readings

https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures



Fall 2022 Meetings/Schedule

Week	Date	Livestream	Meeting	Learning Materials	Assignments
W1	06.10		M1: FSS Course Presentation	Required Recommended	
W2	12.10	Live	M2: Basics of NAND Flash-Based SSDs	Required Recommended	
W3	19.10	Live	M3: NAND Flash Read/Write Operations	Required Recommended	
W4	26.10	Live	M4: Processing inside NAND Flash	Required Recommended	
W5	02.11	Live	M5: Advanced NAND Flash Commands & Mapping	Required Recommended	
W6	09.11	Live	M6: Processing inside Storage	Required Recommended	
W7	23.11	Live	M7: Address Mapping & Garbage Collection	Required Recommended	
W8	30.11	Live	M8: Introduction to MQSim	Required Recommended	
W9	14.12	Live	M9: Fine-Grained Mapping and Multi-Plane Operation-Aware Block Management	Required Recommended	
W10	04.01.2023	Premiere	M10a: NAND Flash Basics	Required Recommended	
			M10b: Reducing Solid-State Drive Read Latency by Optimizing Read-Retry	Required Recommended	
			M10c: Evanesco: Architectural Support for Efficient Data Sanitization in Modern Flash-Based Storage Systems	Required Recommended	
			M10d: DeepSketch: A New Machine Learning-Based Reference Search Technique for Post-Deduplication Delta Compression	Required Recommended	
W11	11.01	Live	M11: FLIN: Enabling Fairness and Enhancing Performance in Modern NVMe Solid-State Drives	Required	
W12	25.01	Premiere	M12: Flash Memory and Solid-State Drives	Recommended	

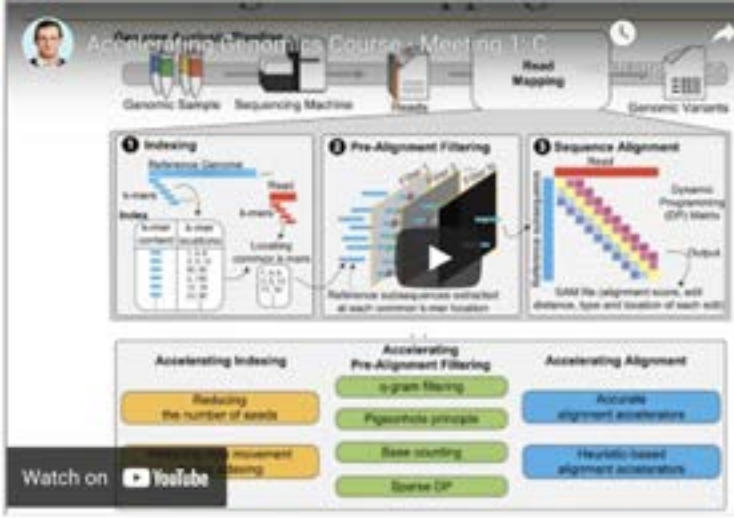
Genomics Course (Fall 2022)

- **Fall 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/fall2022/doku.php?id=bioinformatics
- **Spring 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=bioinformatics

- **Youtube Livestream (Fall 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nA41964-9r8&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8tFlQvdxOdizD_EhVAMVQV
- **Youtube Livestream (Spring 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DEL_5A_Y3TI&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8NrPDgOR1yRU_Cxxjw-u18

- Project course
  - Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
  - Genomics lectures
  - Hands-on research exploration
  - Many research readings

https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures

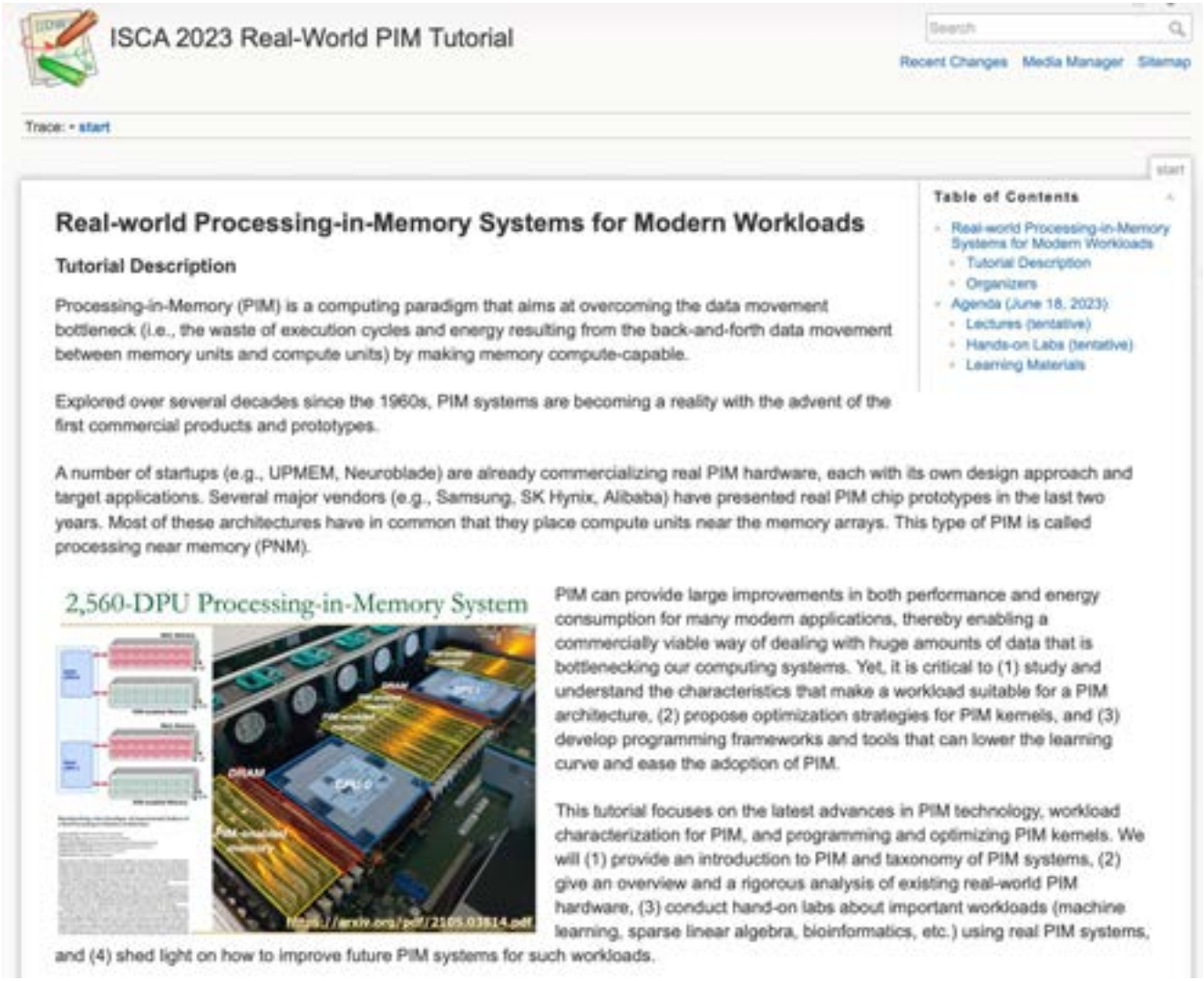


Spring 2022 Meetings/Schedule

Week	Date	Livestream	Meeting	Learning Materials
W1	11.3 Fri.	Live	M1: P&S Accelerating Genomics Course Introduction & Project Proposals (PDF) (PPT)	Required Materials Recommended Materials
W2	18.3 Fri.	Live	M2: Introduction to Sequencing (PDF) (PPT)	
W3	25.3 Fri.	Premiere	M3: Read Mapping (PDF) (PPT)	
W4	01.04 Fri.	Premiere	M4: GateKeeper (PDF) (PPT)	
W5	08.04 Fri.	Premiere	M5: MAGNET & Shouji (PDF) (PPT)	
W6	15.4 Fri.	Premiere	M6: SneakySnake (PDF) (PPT)	
W7	29.4 Fri.	Premiere	M7: GenStore (PDF) (PPT)	
W8	06.05 Fri.	Premiere	M8: GRIM-Filter (PDF) (PPT)	
W9	13.05 Fri.	Premiere	M9: Genome Assembly (PDF) (PPT)	
W10	20.05 Fri.	Live	M10: Genomic Data Sharing Under Differential Privacy (PDF) (PPT)	
W11	10.06 Fri.	Premiere	M11: Accelerating Genome Sequence Analysis (PDF) (PPT)	

Upcoming Real PIM Tutorial (ISCA 2023)

- June 18: Lectures + Hands-on labs + Invited talks



ISCA 2023 Real-World PIM Tutorial

Search

Recent Changes Media Manager Sitemap

Trace: • start

start

Real-world Processing-in-Memory Systems for Modern Workloads

Table of Contents

- Real-world Processing-in-Memory Systems for Modern Workloads
  - Tutorial Description
  - Organizers
- Agenda (June 18, 2023)
  - Lectures (tentative)
  - Hands-on Labs (tentative)
  - Learning Materials

Tutorial Description

Processing-in-Memory (PIM) is a computing paradigm that aims at overcoming the data movement bottleneck (i.e., the waste of execution cycles and energy resulting from the back-and-forth data movement between memory units and compute units) by making memory compute-capable.

Explored over several decades since the 1960s, PIM systems are becoming a reality with the advent of the first commercial products and prototypes.

A number of startups (e.g., UPMEM, Neuroblade) are already commercializing real PIM hardware, each with its own design approach and target applications. Several major vendors (e.g., Samsung, SK Hynix, Alibaba) have presented real PIM chip prototypes in the last two years. Most of these architectures have in common that they place compute units near the memory arrays. This type of PIM is called processing near memory (PNM).

PIM can provide large improvements in both performance and energy consumption for many modern applications, thereby enabling a commercially viable way of dealing with huge amounts of data that is bottlenecking our computing systems. Yet, it is critical to (1) study and understand the characteristics that make a workload suitable for a PIM architecture, (2) propose optimization strategies for PIM kernels, and (3) develop programming frameworks and tools that can lower the learning curve and ease the adoption of PIM.

This tutorial focuses on the latest advances in PIM technology, workload characterization for PIM, and programming and optimizing PIM kernels. We will (1) provide an introduction to PIM and taxonomy of PIM systems, (2) give an overview and a rigorous analysis of existing real-world PIM hardware, (3) conduct hand-on labs about important workloads (machine learning, sparse linear algebra, bioinformatics, etc.) using real PIM systems, and (4) shed light on how to improve future PIM systems for such workloads.

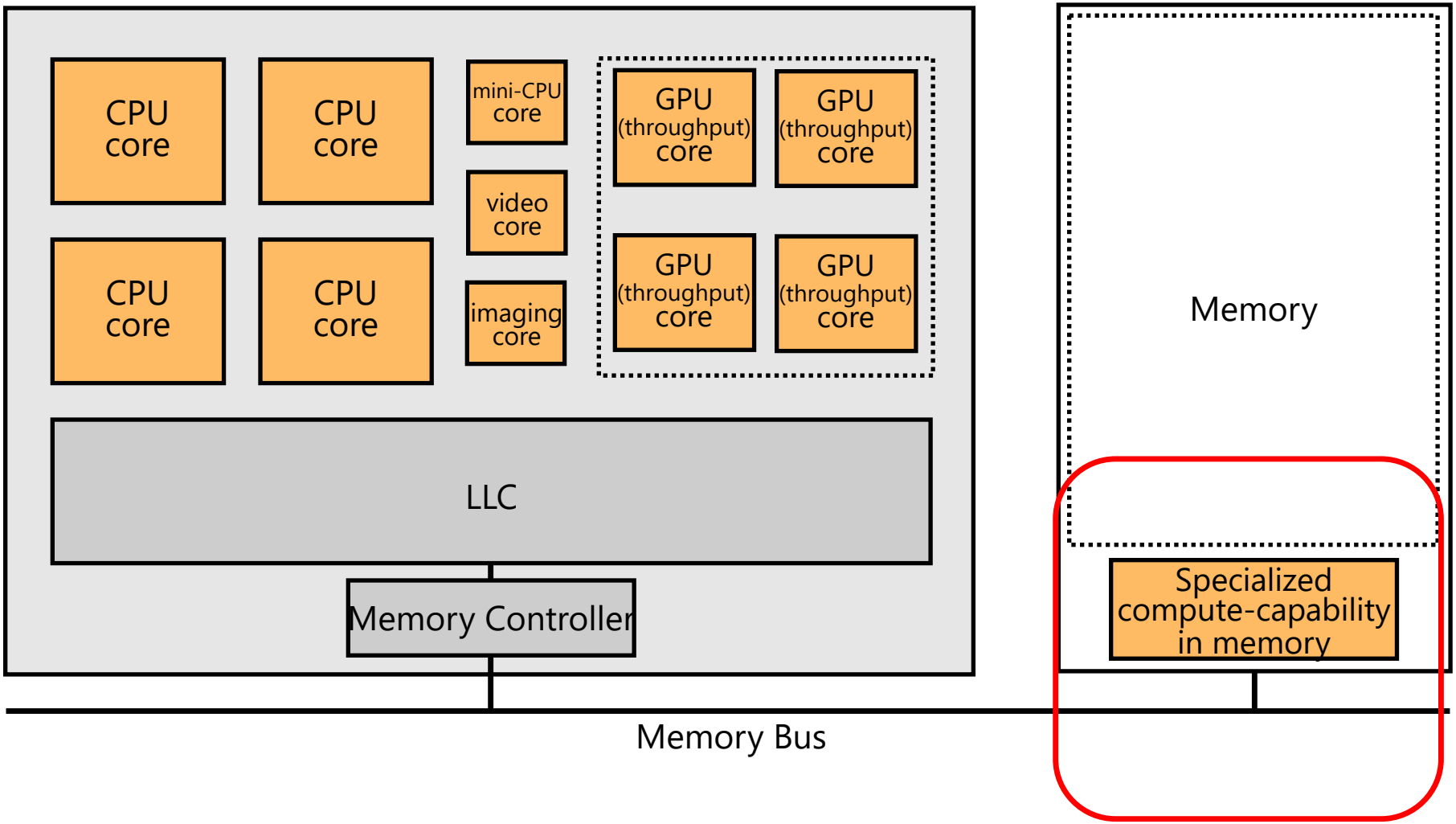
https://events.safari.ethz.ch/isca-pim-tutorial/

We Need to Think Differently from the Past Approaches

Processing in Memory: Two Approaches

1. Processing using Memory
2. Processing near Memory

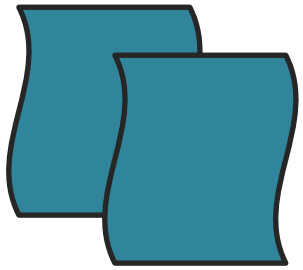
Mindset: Memory as an Accelerator



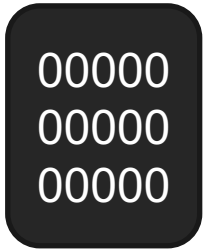
Memory similar to a "conventional" accelerator

Starting Simple: Data Copy and Initialization

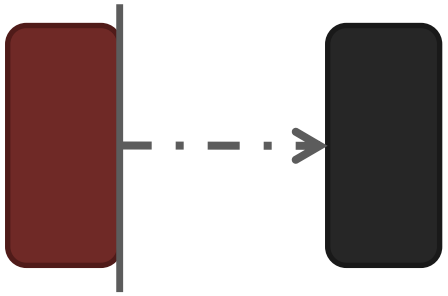
memmove & memcpy: 5% cycles in Google's datacenter [Kanev+ ISCA'15]



Forking

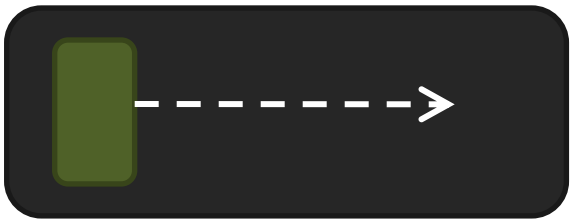


Zero initialization (e.g., security)



Checkpointing

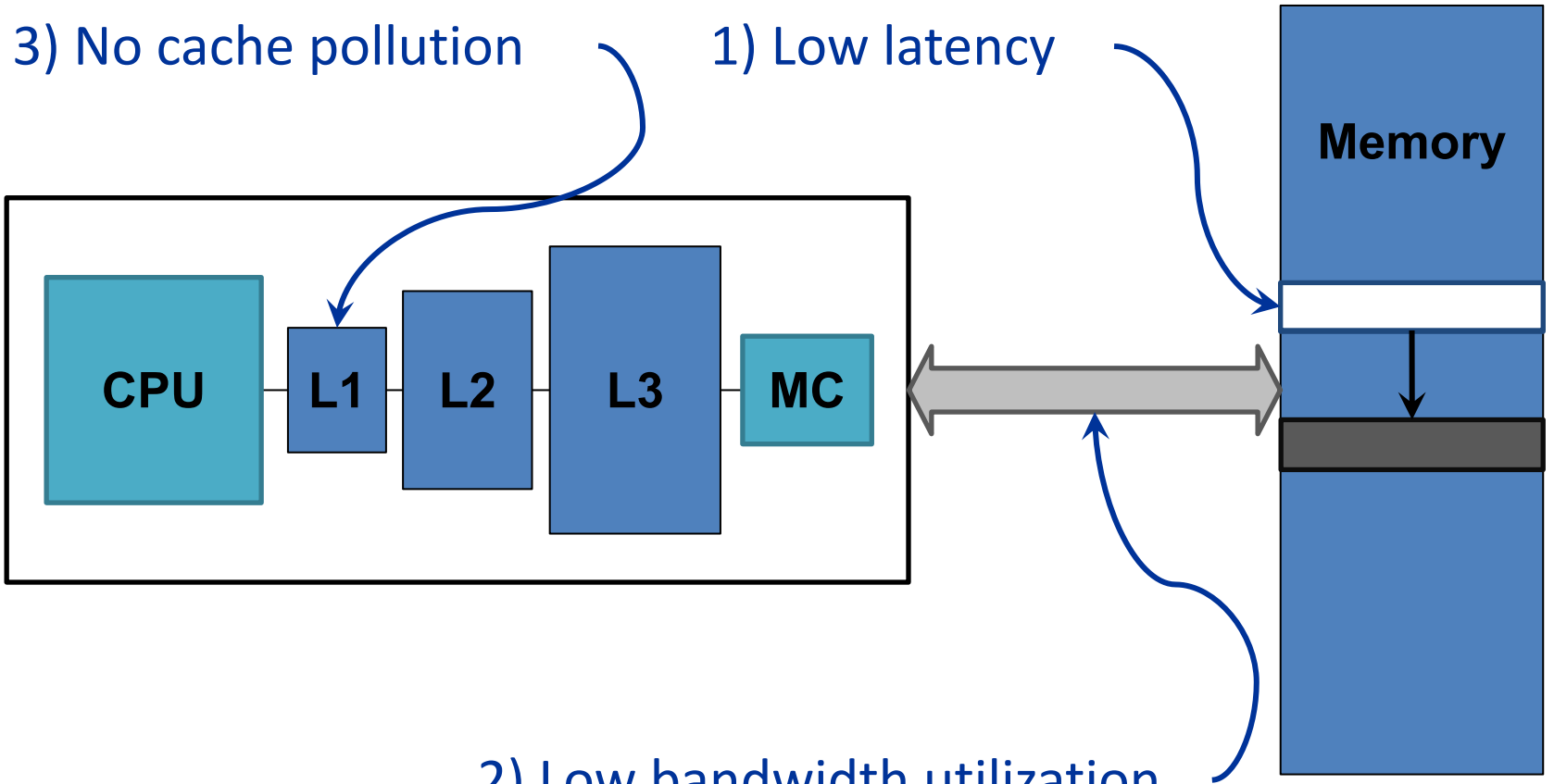
VM Cloning Deduplication



Page Migration

• • •
Many more

Future Systems: In-Memory Copy

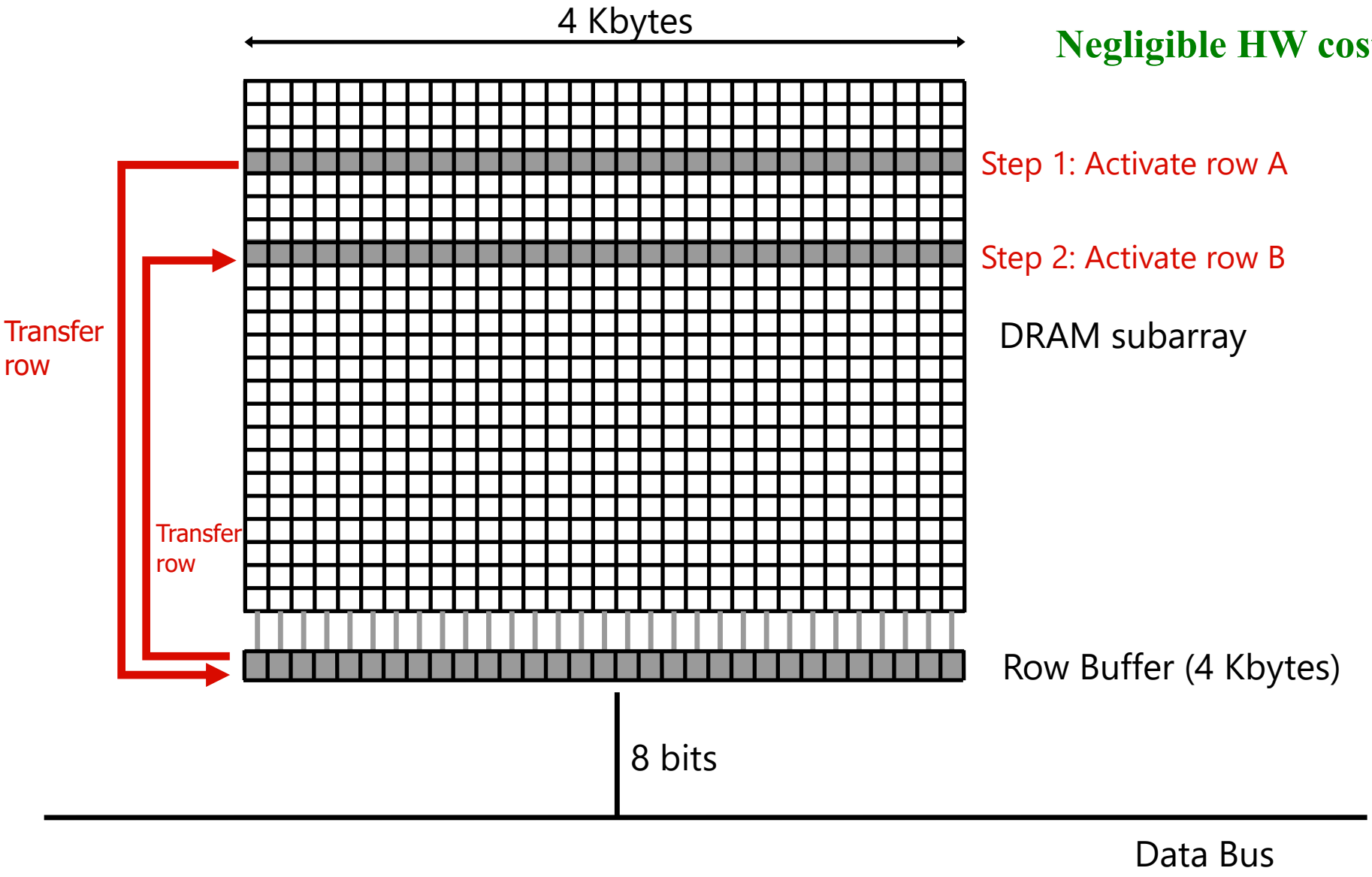


1046ns, 3.6uJ → 90ns, 0.04uJ

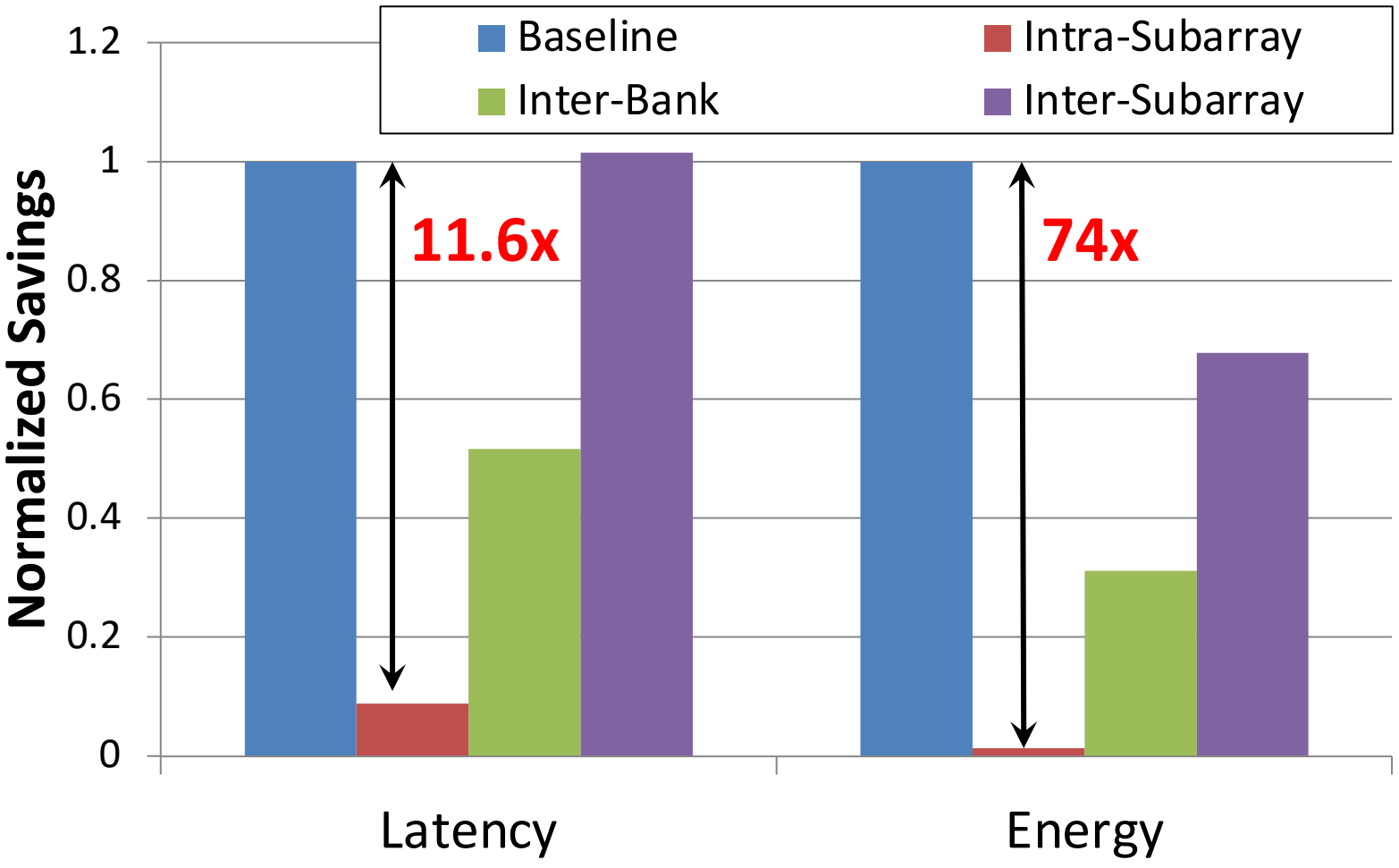
RowClone: In-DRAM Row Copy

Idea: Two consecutive ACTivates

Negligible HW cost



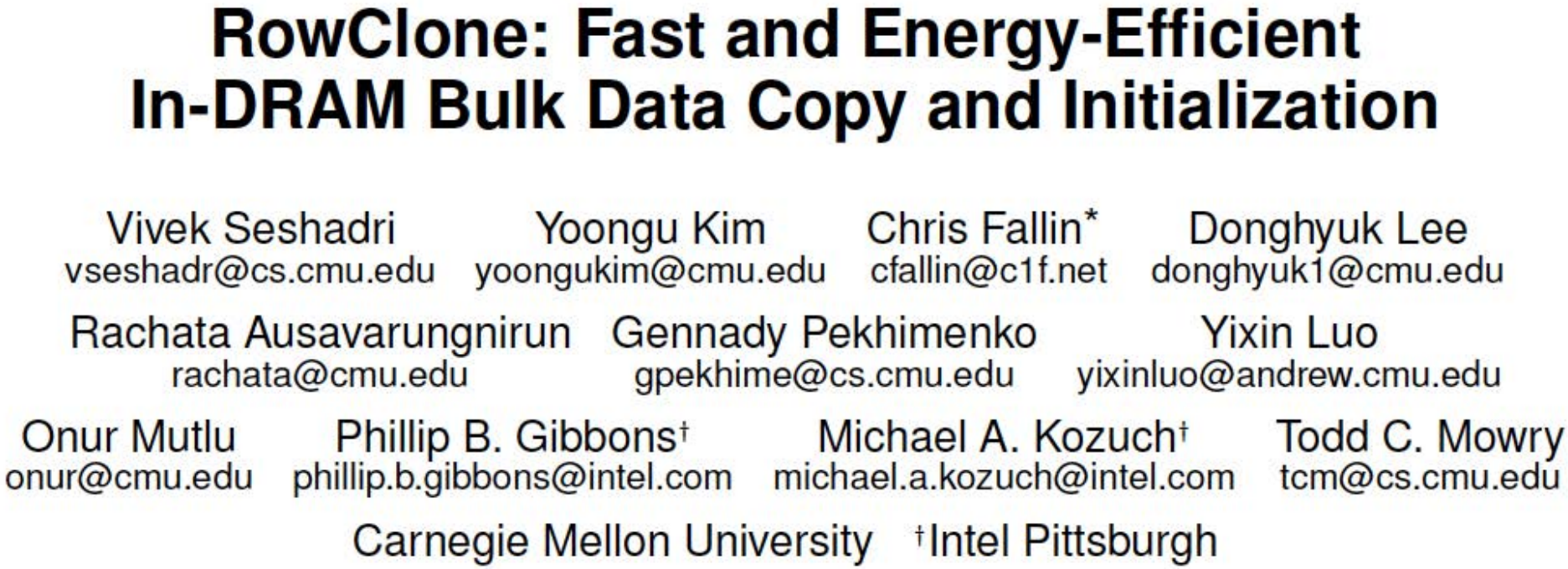
RowClone: Latency and Energy Savings



Seshadri et al., "RowClone: Fast and Efficient In-DRAM Copy and Initialization of Bulk Data," MICRO 2013.

More on RowClone

- Vivek Seshadri, Yoongu Kim, Chris Fallin, Donghyuk Lee, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Gennady Pekhimenko, Yixin Luo, Onur Mutlu, Michael A. Kozuch, Phillip B. Gibbons, and Todd C. Mowry,
  "RowClone: Fast and Energy-Efficient In-DRAM Bulk Data Copy and Initialization"
  *Proceedings of the 46th International Symposium on Microarchitecture (**MICRO**)*, Davis, CA, December 2013. [Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Lightning Session Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Poster (pptx) (pdf)]



RowClone: Fast and Energy-Efficient In-DRAM Bulk Data Copy and Initialization

Vivek Seshadri vseshadr@cs.cmu.edu
Yoongu Kim yoongukim@cmu.edu
Chris Fallin* cfallin@c1f.net
Donghyuk Lee donghyuk1@cmu.edu
Rachata Ausavarungnirun rachata@cmu.edu
Gennady Pekhimenko gpekhime@cs.cmu.edu
Yixin Luo yixinluo@andrew.cmu.edu
Onur Mutlu onur@cmu.edu
Phillip B. Gibbons† phillip.b.gibbons@intel.com
Michael A. Kozuch† michael.a.kozuch@intel.com
Todd C. Mowry tcm@cs.cmu.edu
Carnegie Mellon University †Intel Pittsburgh

RowClone in Off-the-Shelf DRAM Chips

- Idea: Violate DRAM timing parameters to mimic RowClone

ComputeDRAM: In-Memory Compute Using Off-the-Shelf DRAMs

Fei Gao
feig@princeton.edu
Department of Electrical Engineering
Princeton University

Georgios Tziantzioulis
georgios.tziantzioulis@princeton.edu
Department of Electrical Engineering
Princeton University

David Wentzlaff
wentzlaf@princeton.edu
Department of Electrical Engineering
Princeton University

https://parallel.princeton.edu/papers/micro19-gao.pdf

Real Processing Using Memory Prototype

- End-to-end RowClone & TRNG using off-the-shelf DRAM chips
- Idea: Violate DRAM timing parameters to mimic RowClone

PiDRAM: A Holistic End-to-end FPGA-based Framework for Processing-in-DRAM

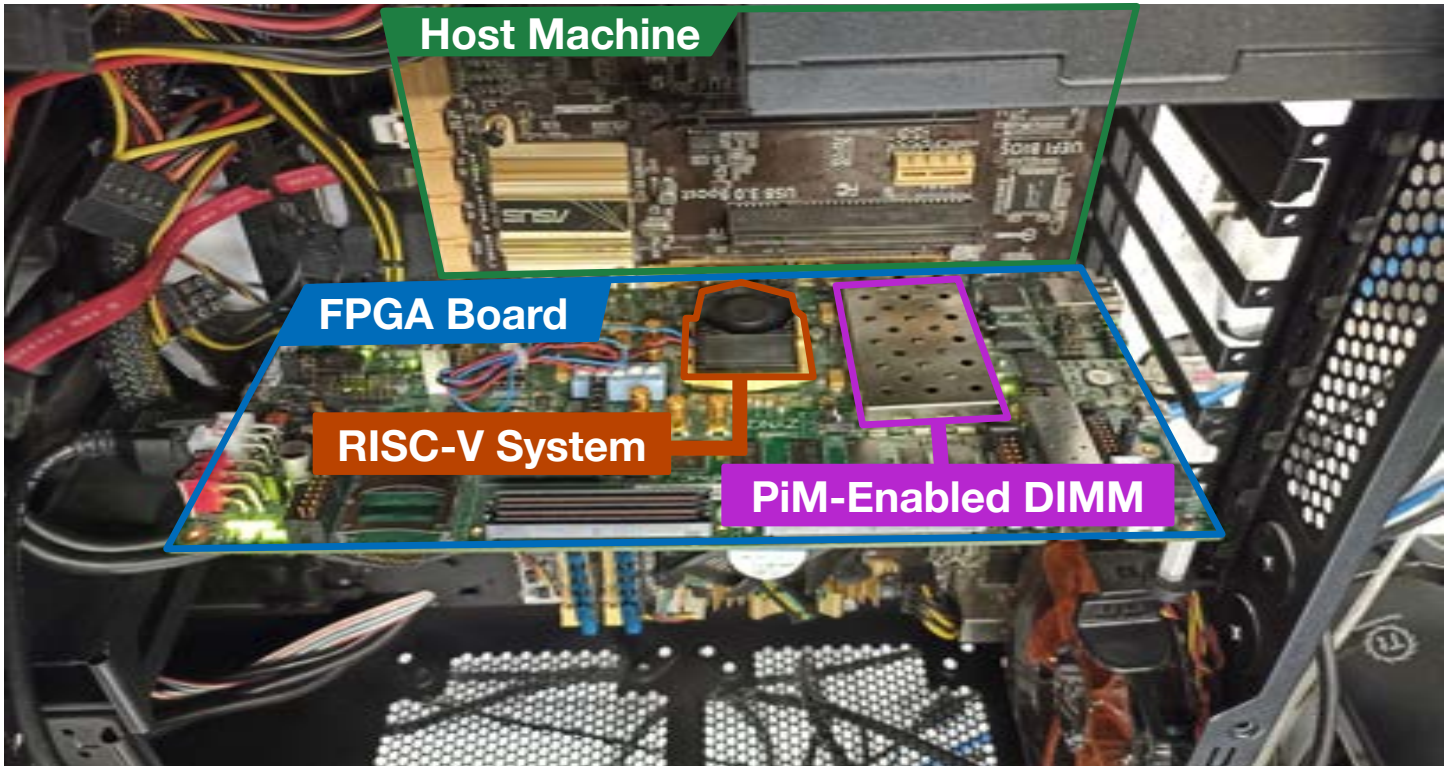
Ataberk Olgun[§†] Juan Gómez Luna[§] Konstantinos Kanellopoulos[§] Behzad Salami[§*]
Hasan Hassan[§] Oğuz Ergin[†] Onur Mutlu[§]
[§]ETH Zürich [†]TOBB ETÜ [*]BSC

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2111.00082.pdf

https://github.com/cmu-safari/pidram

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qeukNs5XI3g&t=4192s

Real Processing-using-Memory Prototype

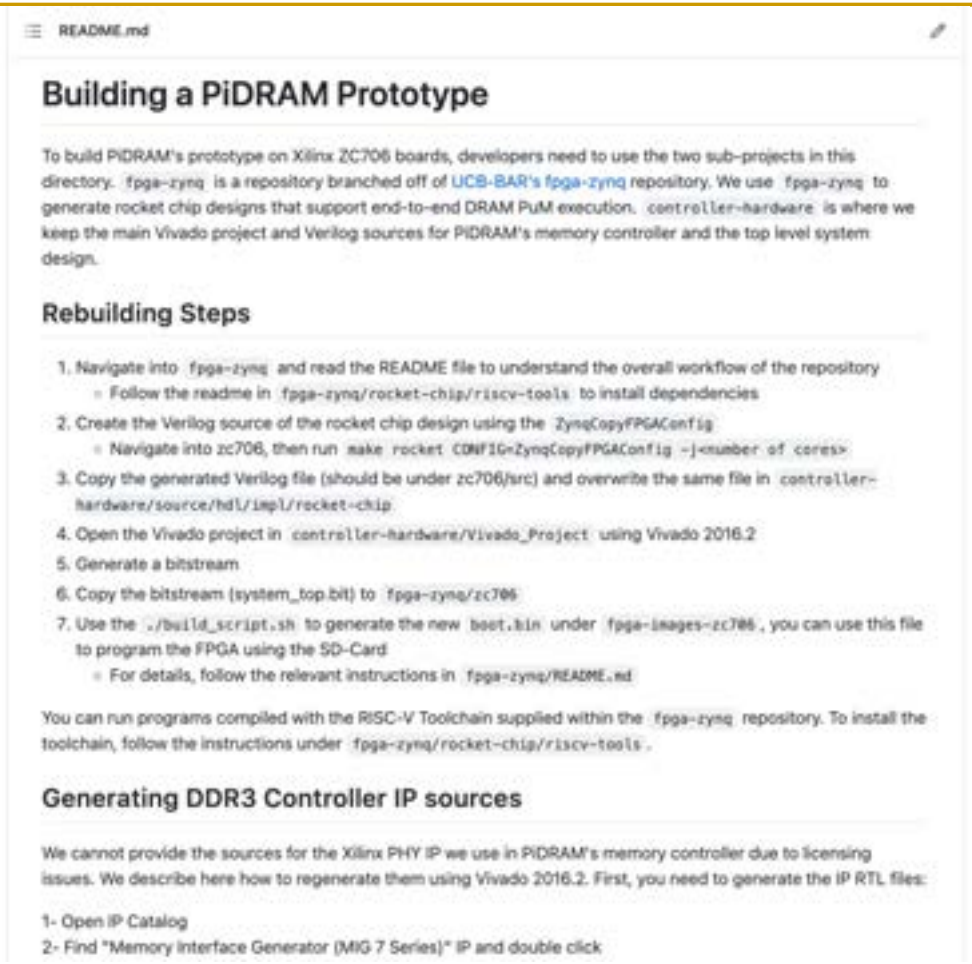


https://arxiv.org/pdf/2111.00082.pdf

https://github.com/cmu-safari/pidram

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qeukNs5XI3g&t=4192s

Real Processing-using-Memory Prototype



README.md

Building a PiDRAM Prototype

To build PiDRAM's prototype on Xilinx ZC706 boards, developers need to use the two sub-projects in this directory. `fpga-zynq` is a repository branched off of UCB-BAR's fpga-zynq repository. We use `fpga-zynq` to generate rocket chip designs that support end-to-end DRAM PuM execution. `controller-hardware` is where we keep the main Vivado project and Verilog sources for PiDRAM's memory controller and the top level system design.

Rebuilding Steps

1. Navigate into `fpga-zynq` and read the README file to understand the overall workflow of the repository
   - Follow the readme in `fpga-zynq/rocket-chip/riscv-tools` to install dependencies
2. Create the Verilog source of the rocket chip design using the `ZynqCopyFPGAConfig`
   - Navigate into zc706, then run `make rocket CONFIG=ZynqCopyFPGAConfig -j<number of cores>`
3. Copy the generated Verilog file (should be under zc706/src) and overwrite the same file in `controller-hardware/source/hdl/impl/rocket-chip`
4. Open the Vivado project in `controller-hardware/Vivado_Project` using Vivado 2016.2
5. Generate a bitstream
6. Copy the bitstream (system_top.bit) to `fpga-zynq/zc706`
7. Use the `./build_script.sh` to generate the new `boot.bin` under `fpga-images-zc706`, you can use this file to program the FPGA using the SD-Card
   - For details, follow the relevant instructions in `fpga-zynq/README.md`

You can run programs compiled with the RISC-V Toolchain supplied within the `fpga-zynq` repository. To install the toolchain, follow the instructions under `fpga-zynq/rocket-chip/riscv-tools`.

Generating DDR3 Controller IP sources

We cannot provide the sources for the Xilinx PHY IP we use in PiDRAM's memory controller due to licensing issues. We describe here how to regenerate them using Vivado 2016.2. First, you need to generate the IP RTL files:

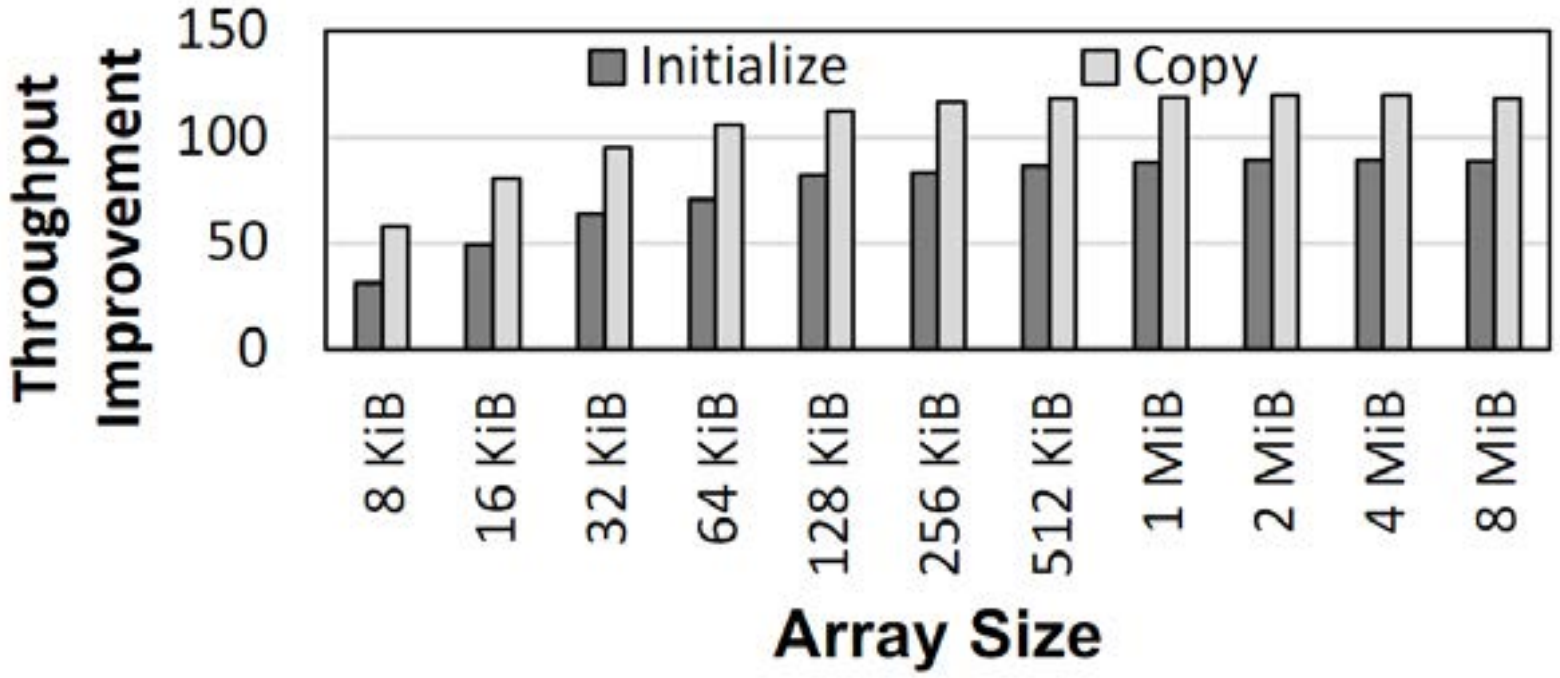
1- Open IP Catalog
2- Find "Memory Interface Generator (MIG 7 Series)" IP and double click

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2111.00082.pdf

https://github.com/cmu-safari/pidram

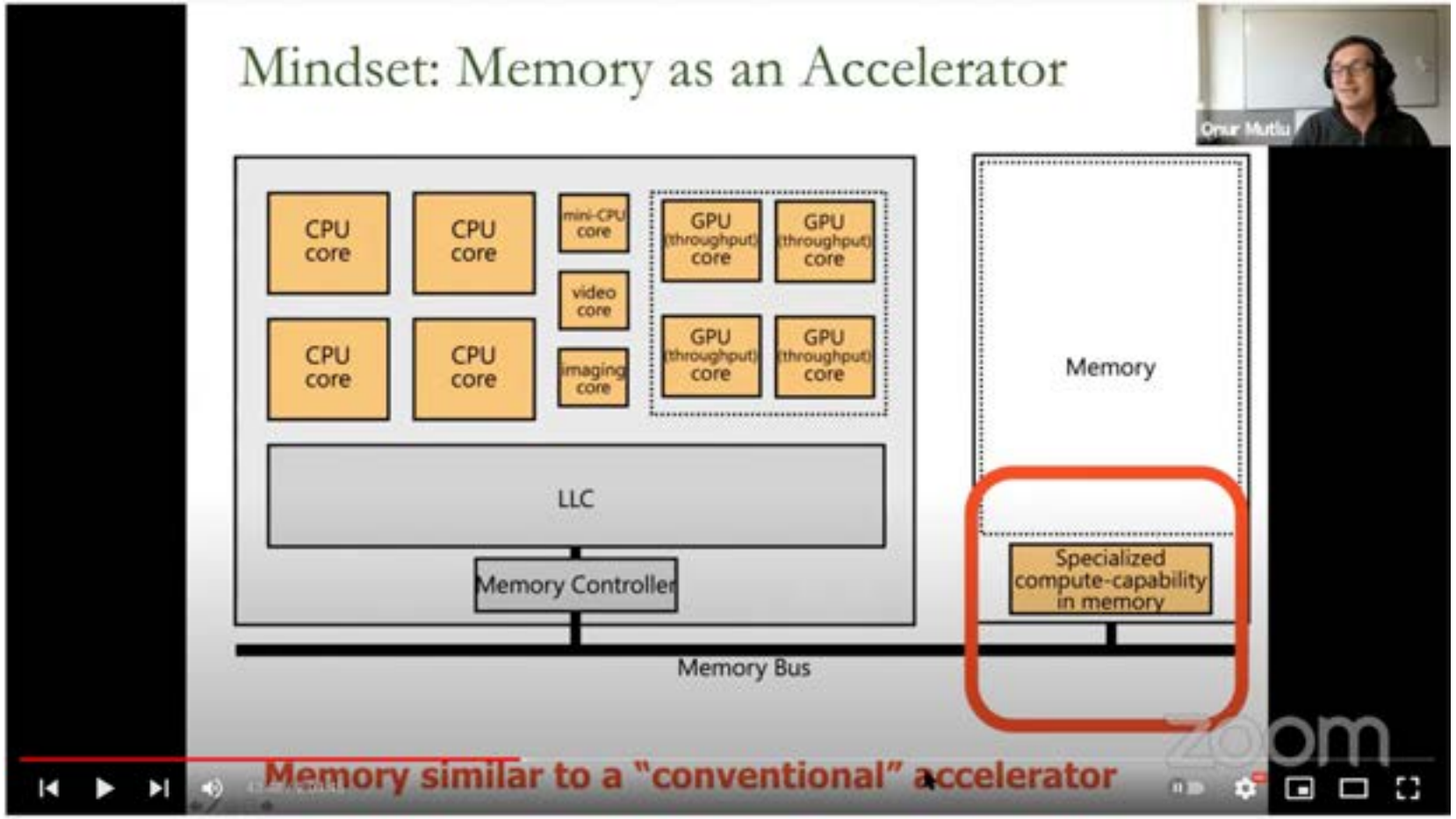
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qeukNs5XI3g&t=4192s

Microbenchmark Copy/Initialization Throughput



In-DRAM Copy and Initialization improve throughput by 119x and 89x

Lecture on RowClone & Processing using DRAM



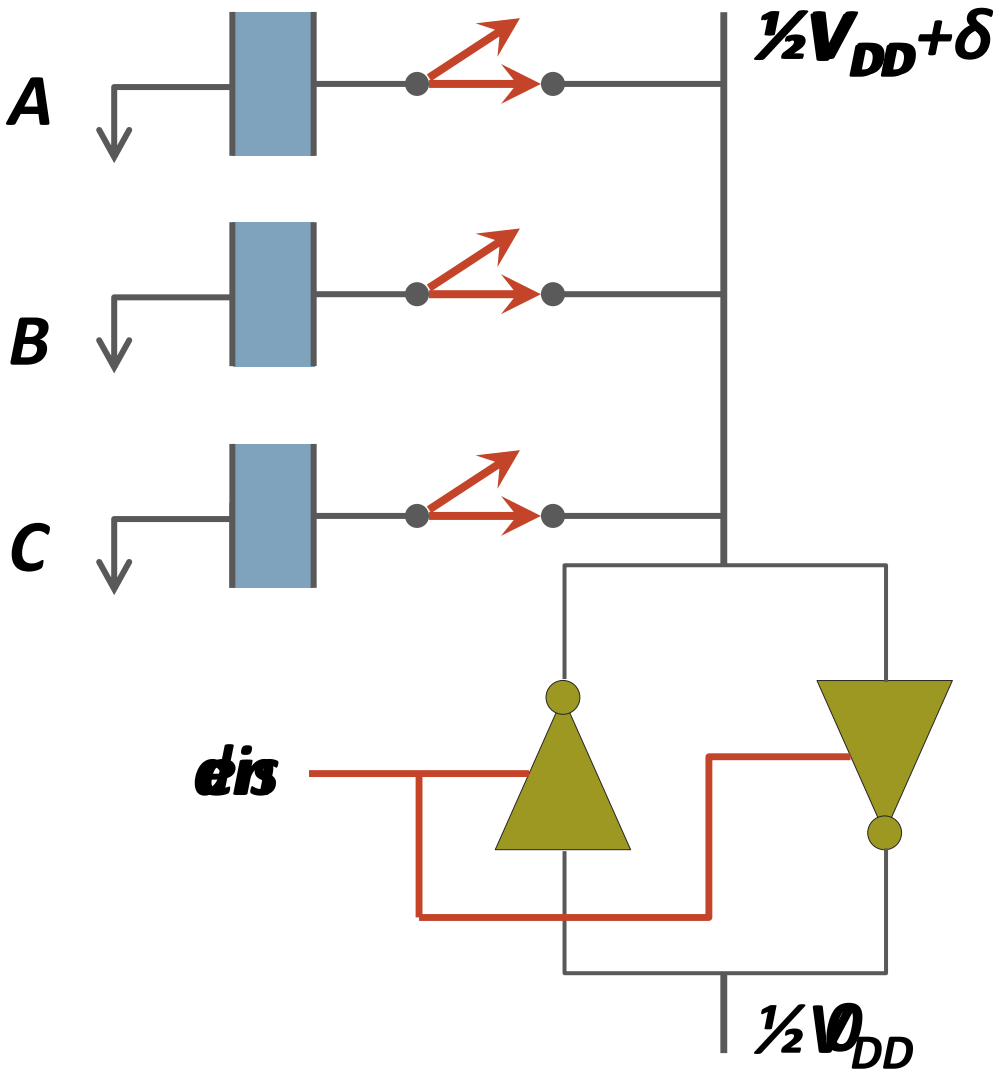
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n6Pwg1qax_E&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi_7UBNmC9B8Yr5JSwTG9yH4&index=4

(Truly) In-Memory Computation

- We can support in-DRAM AND, OR, NOT, MAJ
- At low cost
- Using analog computation capability of DRAM
  - Idea: activating multiple rows performs computation
- 30-60X performance and energy improvement
  - Seshadri+, "Ambit: In-Memory Accelerator for Bulk Bitwise Operations Using Commodity DRAM Technology," MICRO 2017.

- New memory technologies enable even more opportunities
  - Memristors, resistive RAM, phase change mem, STT-MRAM, …
  - Can operate on data with minimal movement

In-DRAM AND/OR: Triple Row Activation

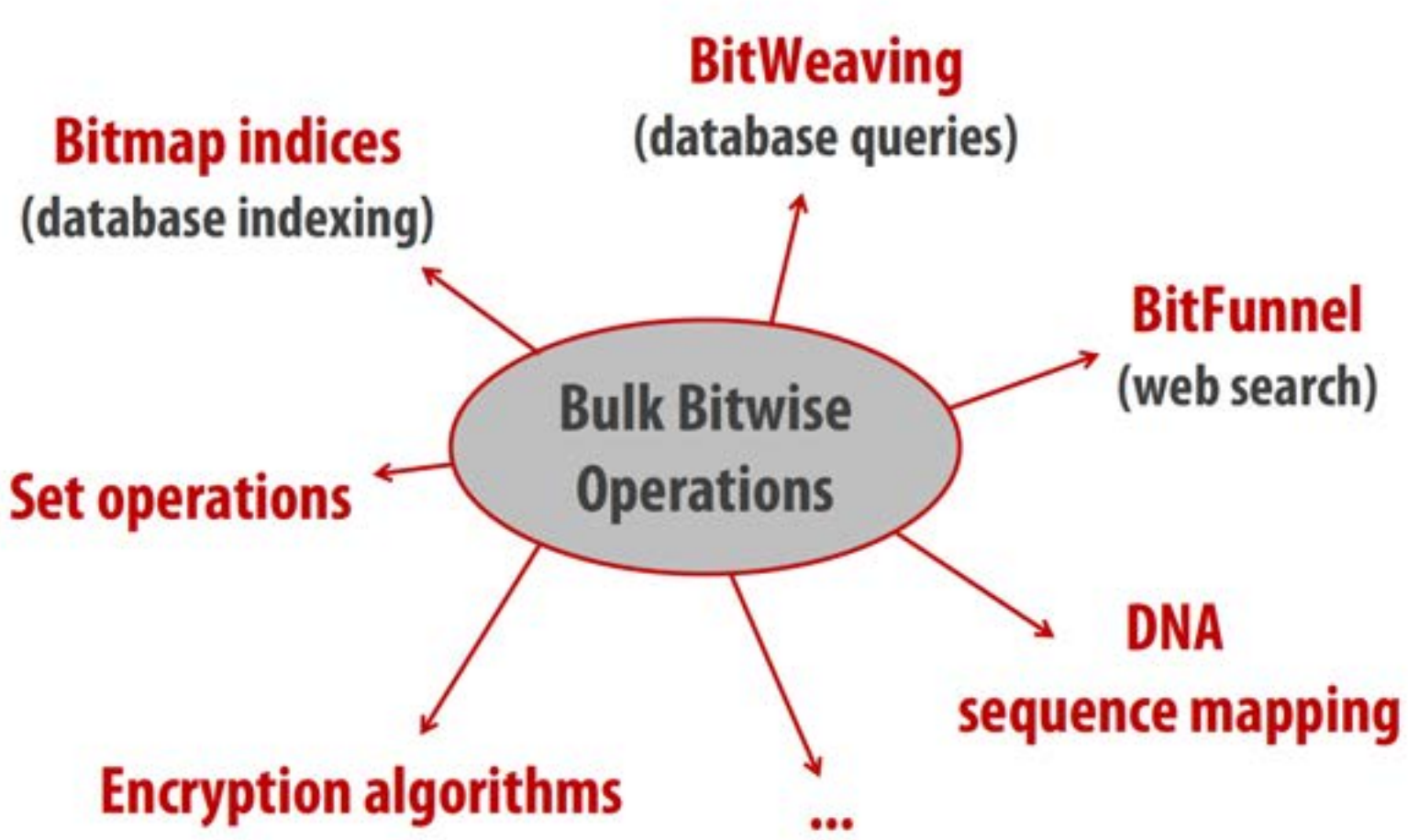


Final State
AB + BC + AC

C(A + B) + ~C(AB)

Seshadri+, "Fast Bulk Bitwise AND and OR in DRAM", IEEE CAL 2015.

Bulk Bitwise Operations in Workloads



[1] Li and Patel, BitWeaving, SIGMOD 2013
[2] Goodwin+, BitFunnel, SIGIR 2017

In-DRAM Acceleration of Database Queries

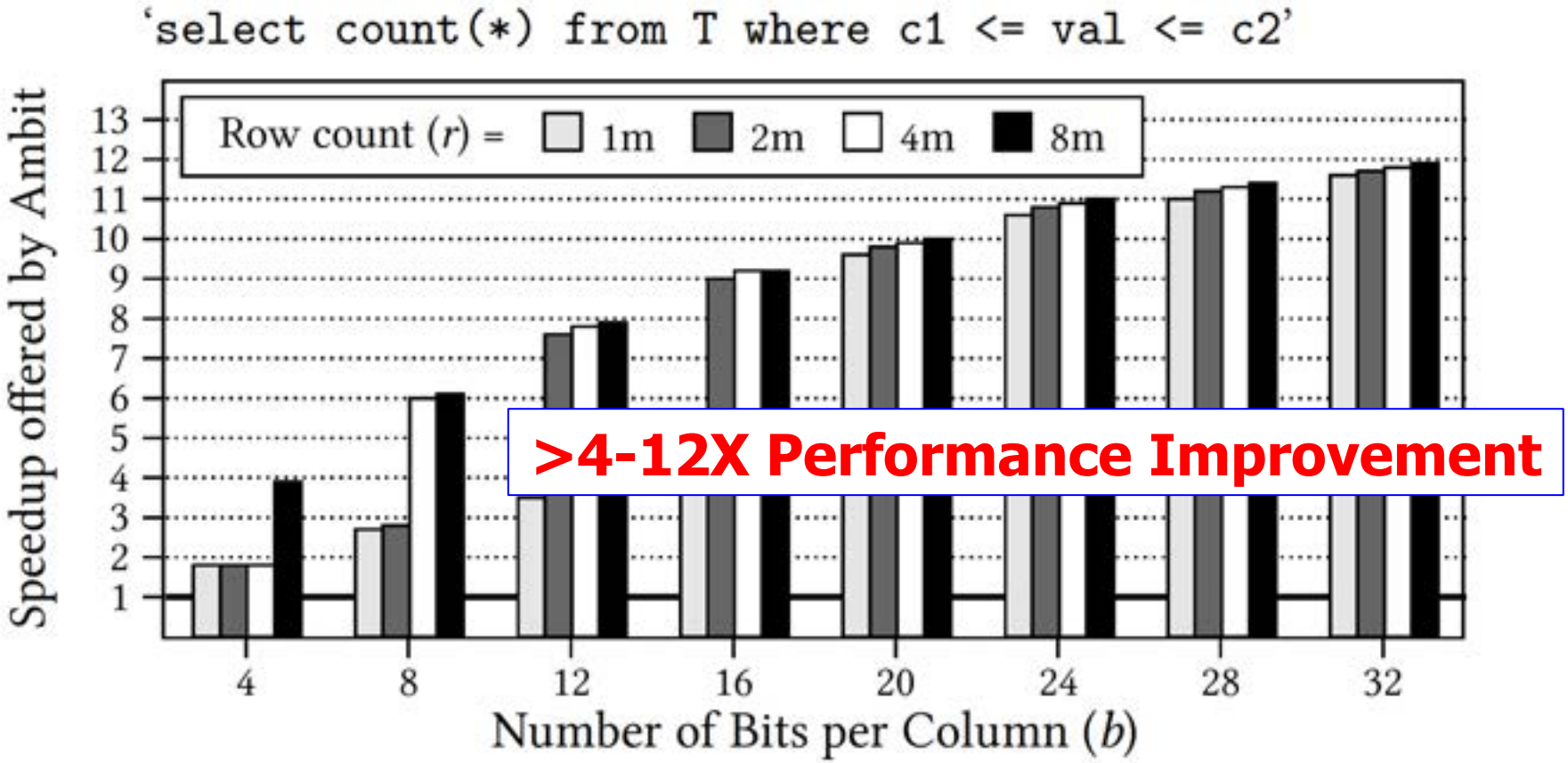
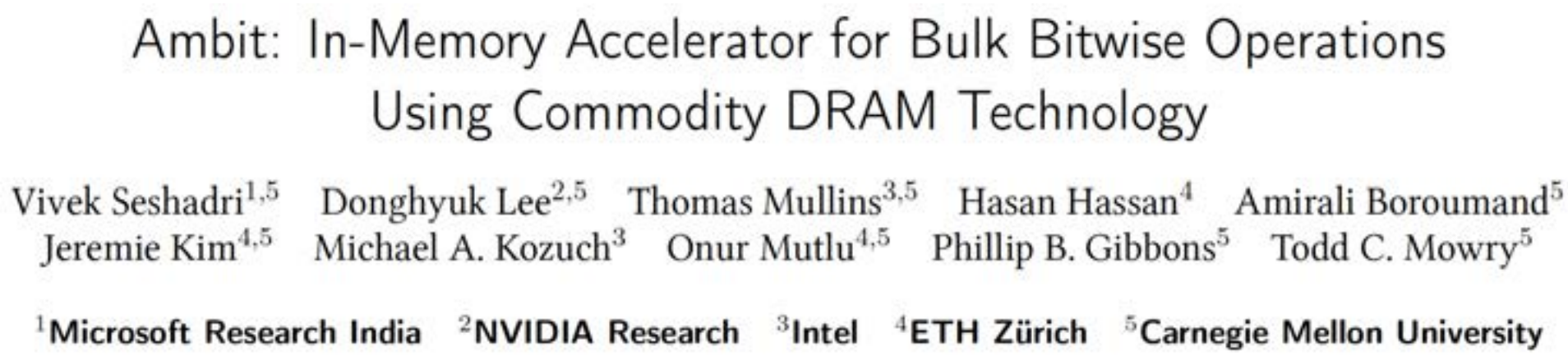


Figure 11: Speedup offered by Ambit over baseline CPU with SIMD for BitWeaving

Seshadri+, "Ambit: In-Memory Accelerator for Bulk Bitwise Operations using Commodity DRAM Technology," MICRO 2017.

More on Ambit

- Vivek Seshadri, Donghyuk Lee, Thomas Mullins, Hasan Hassan, Amirali Boroumand, Jeremie Kim, Michael A. Kozuch, Onur Mutlu, Phillip B. Gibbons, and Todd C. Mowry,
  "Ambit: In-Memory Accelerator for Bulk Bitwise Operations Using Commodity DRAM Technology"
  *Proceedings of the 50th International Symposium on Microarchitecture (**MICRO**)*, Boston, MA, USA, October 2017.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Lightning Session Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Poster (pptx) (pdf)]


Ambit: In-Memory Accelerator for Bulk Bitwise Operations Using Commodity DRAM Technology

Vivek Seshadri[1,5] Donghyuk Lee[2,5] Thomas Mullins[3,5] Hasan Hassan[4] Amirali Boroumand[5]
Jeremie Kim[4,5] Michael A. Kozuch[3] Onur Mutlu[4,5] Phillip B. Gibbons[5] Todd C. Mowry[5]

[1]Microsoft Research India [2]NVIDIA Research [3]Intel [4]ETH Zürich [5]Carnegie Mellon University

In-DRAM Bulk Bitwise Execution

- Vivek Seshadri and Onur Mutlu,
  "In-DRAM Bulk Bitwise Execution Engine"
  Invited Book Chapter in Advances in Computers, to appear in 2020.
  [Preliminary arXiv version]

In-DRAM Bulk Bitwise Execution Engine

Vivek Seshadri
Microsoft Research India
visesha@microsoft.com

Onur Mutlu
ETH Zürich
onur.mutlu@inf.ethz.ch

SIMDRAM Framework

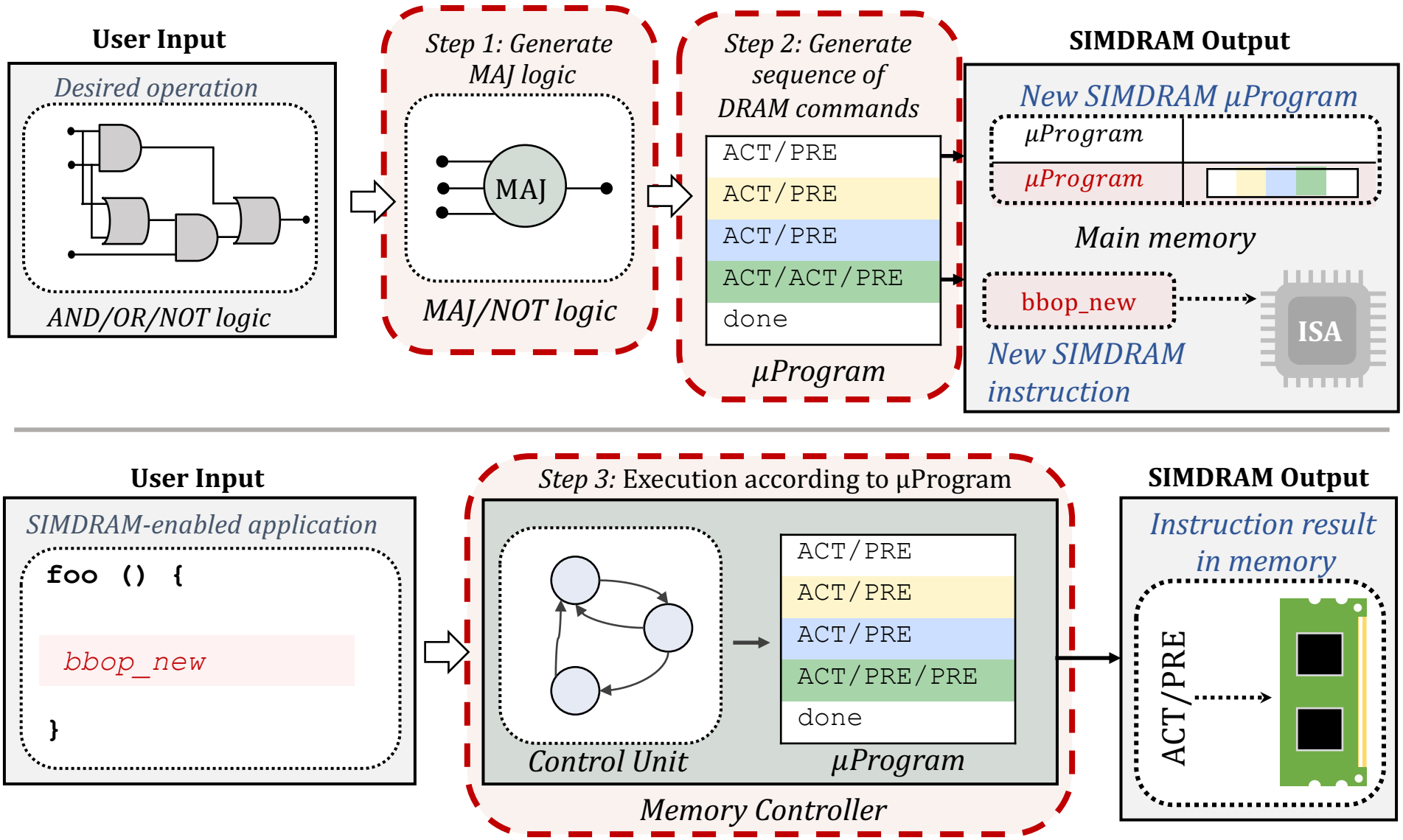
- Nastaran Hajinazar, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Sven Gregorio, Joao Dinis Ferreira, Nika Mansouri Ghiasi, Minesh Patel, Mohammed Alser, Saugata Ghose, Juan Gomez-Luna, and Onur Mutlu, **"SIMDRAM: An End-to-End Framework for Bit-Serial SIMD Computing in DRAM"** *Proceedings of the 26th International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (**ASPLOS**)*, Virtual, March-April 2021.
  [2-page Extended Abstract]
  [Short Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Short Talk Video (5 mins)]
  [Full Talk Video (27 mins)]

SIMDRAM: A Framework for Bit-Serial SIMD Processing using DRAM

*Nastaran Hajinazar[1,2] *Geraldo F. Oliveira[1] Sven Gregorio[1] João Dinis Ferreira[1]
Nika Mansouri Ghiasi[1] Minesh Patel[1] Mohammed Alser[1] Saugata Ghose[3]
Juan Gómez-Luna[1] Onur Mutlu[1]

[1]ETH Zürich [2]Simon Fraser University [3]University of Illinois at Urbana–Champaign

SIMDRAM Framework: Overview



SAFARI

SIMDRAM Key Results

Evaluated on:

- 16 complex in-DRAM operations
- 7 commonly-used real-world applications

SIMDRAM provides:

- **88×** and **5.8×** the **throughput** of a **CPU** and a **high-end GPU**, respectively, over **16 operations**
- **257×** and **31×** the **energy efficiency** of a **CPU** and a **high-end GPU**, respectively, over **16 operations**
- **21×** and **2.1×** the **performance** of a **CPU** an a **high-end GPU**, over **seven real-world applications**

More on SIMDRAM

- Nastaran Hajinazar, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Sven Gregorio, Joao Dinis Ferreira, Nika Mansouri Ghiasi, Minesh Patel, Mohammed Alser, Saugata Ghose, Juan Gomez-Luna, and Onur Mutlu, **"SIMDRAM: An End-to-End Framework for Bit-Serial SIMD Computing in DRAM"** *Proceedings of the 26th International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (**ASPLOS**)*, Virtual, March-April 2021.
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SIMDRAM: A Framework for Bit-Serial SIMD Processing using DRAM

*Nastaran Hajinazar[1,2] *Geraldo F. Oliveira[1] Sven Gregorio[1] João Dinis Ferreira[1]
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Juan Gómez-Luna[1] Onur Mutlu[1]

[1]ETH Zürich [2]Simon Fraser University [3]University of Illinois at Urbana–Champaign

In-DRAM Lookup-Table Based Execution

João Dinis Ferreira, Gabriel Falcao, Juan Gómez-Luna, Mohammed Alser, Lois Orosa, Mohammad Sadrosadati, Jeremie S. Kim, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Taha Shahroodi, Anant Nori, and Onur Mutlu,
"pLUTo: Enabling Massively Parallel Computation in DRAM via Lookup Tables"
*Proceedings of the 55th International Symposium on Microarchitecture (**MICRO**)*, Chicago, IL, USA, October 2022.
[Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
[Longer Lecture Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
[Lecture Video (26 minutes)]
[arXiv version]
[Source Code (Officially Artifact Evaluated with All Badges)]
Officially artifact evaluated as available, reusable and reproducible.

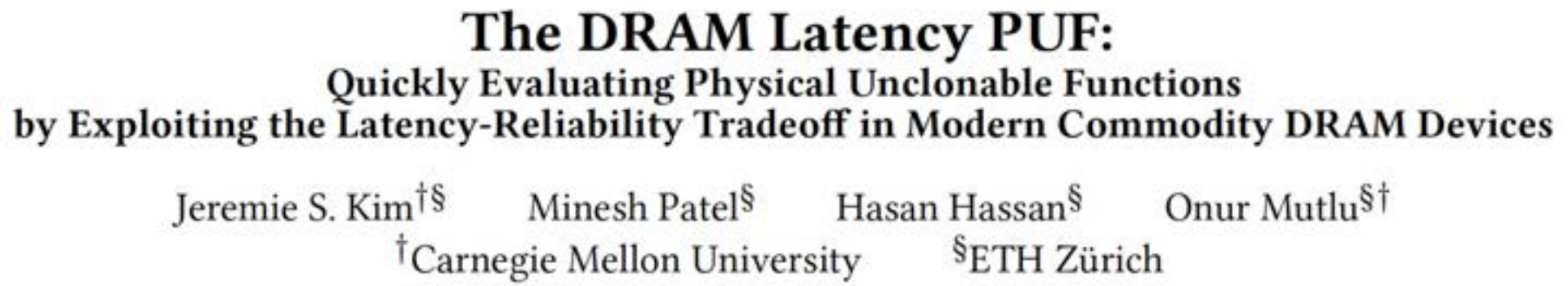
pLUTo: Enabling Massively Parallel Computation in DRAM via Lookup Tables

João Dinis Ferreira[§] Gabriel Falcao[†] Juan Gómez-Luna[§] Mohammed Alser[§]
Lois Orosa[§▽] Mohammad Sadrosadati[§] Jeremie S. Kim[§] Geraldo F. Oliveira[§]
Taha Shahroodi[‡] Anant Nori[⋆] Onur Mutlu[§]
[§]*ETH Zürich* [†]*IT, University of Coimbra* [▽]*Galicia Supercomputing Center* [‡]*TU Delft* [⋆]*Intel*

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2104.07699.pdf

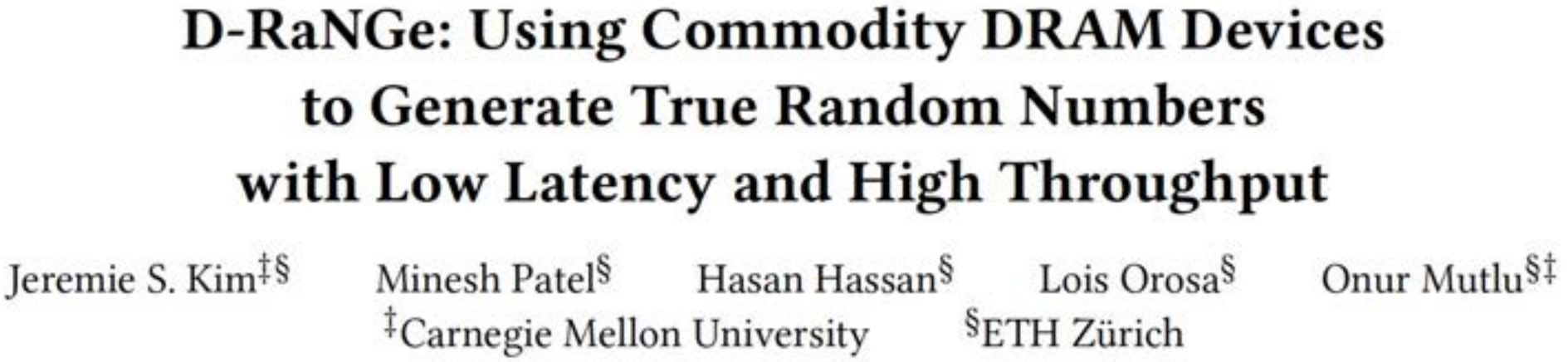
In-DRAM Physical Unclonable Functions

- Jeremie S. Kim, Minesh Patel, Hasan Hassan, and Onur Mutlu,
  "The DRAM Latency PUF: Quickly Evaluating Physical Unclonable Functions by Exploiting the Latency-Reliability Tradeoff in Modern DRAM Devices"
  *Proceedings of the 24th International Symposium on High-Performance Computer Architecture (**HPCA**)*, Vienna, Austria, February 2018.
  [Lightning Talk Video]
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Lightning Session Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Full Talk Lecture Video (28 minutes)]



In-DRAM True Random Number Generation

- Jeremie S. Kim, Minesh Patel, Hasan Hassan, Lois Orosa, and Onur Mutlu,
  "D-RaNGe: Using Commodity DRAM Devices to Generate True Random Numbers with Low Latency and High Throughput"
  *Proceedings of the 25th International Symposium on High-Performance Computer Architecture (**HPCA**)*, Washington, DC, USA, February 2019.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Full Talk Video (21 minutes)]
  [Full Talk Lecture Video (27 minutes)]
  Top Picks Honorable Mention by IEEE Micro.

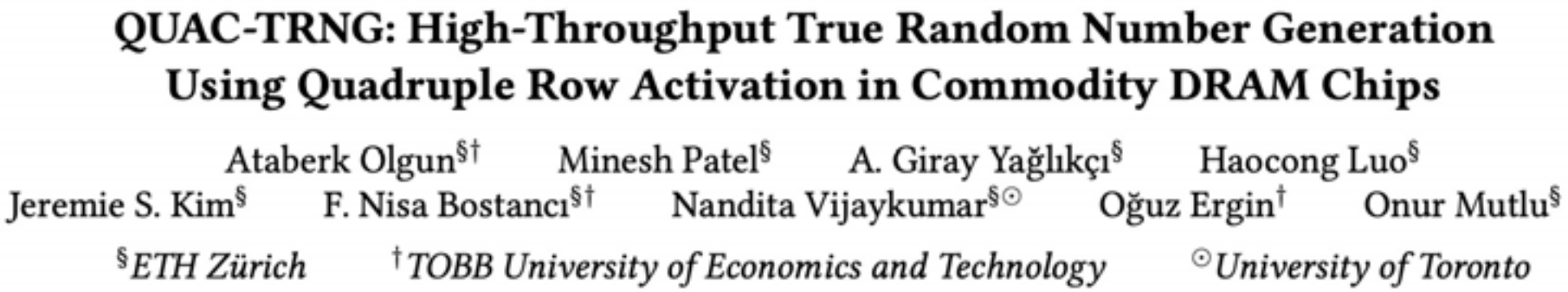


D-RaNGe: Using Commodity DRAM Devices to Generate True Random Numbers with Low Latency and High Throughput

Jeremie S. Kim[‡§] Minesh Patel[§] Hasan Hassan[§] Lois Orosa[§] Onur Mutlu[§‡]
[‡]Carnegie Mellon University [§]ETH Zürich

In-DRAM True Random Number Generation

- Ataberk Olgun, Minesh Patel, A. Giray Yaglikci, Haocong Luo, Jeremie S. Kim, F. Nisa Bostanci, Nandita Vijaykumar, Oguz Ergin, and Onur Mutlu,
  "QUAC-TRNG: High-Throughput True Random Number Generation Using Quadruple Row Activation in Commodity DRAM Chips"
  *Proceedings of the 48th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (**ISCA**)*, Virtual, June 2021.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Short Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (25 minutes)]
  [SAFARI Live Seminar Video (1 hr 26 mins)]



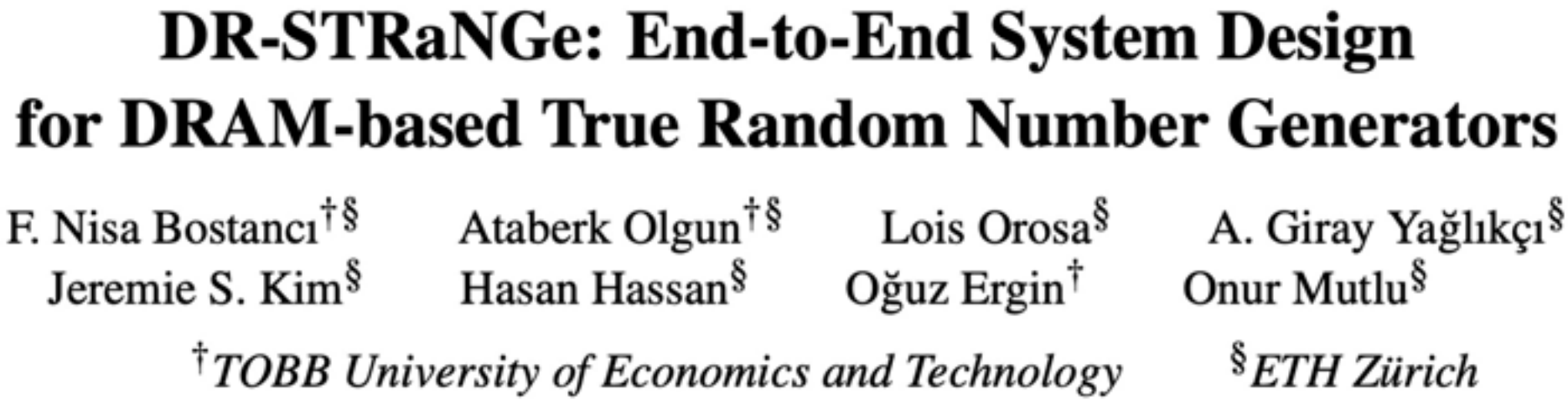
QUAC-TRNG: High-Throughput True Random Number Generation Using Quadruple Row Activation in Commodity DRAM Chips

Ataberk Olgun[§†] Minesh Patel[§] A. Giray Yağlıkçı[§] Haocong Luo[§]
Jeremie S. Kim[§] F. Nisa Bostancı[§†] Nandita Vijaykumar[§⊙] Oğuz Ergin[†] Onur Mutlu[§]

[§]*ETH Zürich* [†]*TOBB University of Economics and Technology* [⊙]*University of Toronto*

In-DRAM True Random Number Generation

- F. Nisa Bostanci, Ataberk Olgun, Lois Orosa, A. Giray Yaglikci, Jeremie S. Kim, Hasan Hassan, Oguz Ergin, and Onur Mutlu,
  "DR-STRaNGe: End-to-End System Design for DRAM-based True Random Number Generators"
  *Proceedings of the 28th International Symposium on High-Performance Computer Architecture (**HPCA**)*, Virtual, April 2022.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Short Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]



DR-STRaNGe: End-to-End System Design for DRAM-based True Random Number Generators

F. Nisa Bostancı[†§] Ataberk Olgun[†§] Lois Orosa[§] A. Giray Yağlıkçı[§]
Jeremie S. Kim[§] Hasan Hassan[§] Oğuz Ergin[†] Onur Mutlu[§]

[†]*TOBB University of Economics and Technology* [§]*ETH Zürich*

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2201.01385.pdf

In-Flash Bulk Bitwise Execution

- Jisung Park, Roknoddin Azizi, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Mohammad Sadrosadati, Rakesh Nadig, David Novo, Juan Gómez-Luna, Myungsuk Kim, and Onur Mutlu,
  "Flash-Cosmos: In-Flash Bulk Bitwise Operations Using Inherent Computation Capability of NAND Flash Memory"
  Proceedings of the 55th International Symposium on Microarchitecture (***MICRO***), Chicago, IL, USA, October 2022.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Longer Lecture Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lecture Video (44 minutes)]
  [arXiv version]

Flash-Cosmos: In-Flash Bulk Bitwise Operations Using Inherent Computation Capability of NAND Flash Memory

Jisung Park[§∇] Roknoddin Azizi[§] Geraldo F. Oliveira[§] Mohammad Sadrosadati[§]
Rakesh Nadig[§] David Novo[†] Juan Gómez-Luna[§] Myungsuk Kim[‡] Onur Mutlu[§]

[§]*ETH Zürich* [∇]*POSTECH* [†]*LIRMM, Univ. Montpellier, CNRS* [‡]*Kyungpook National University*

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2209.05566.pdf

Summary: Flash-Cosmos

The first work that enables
in-flash multi-operand bulk bitwise operations
with a single sensing operation and high reliability

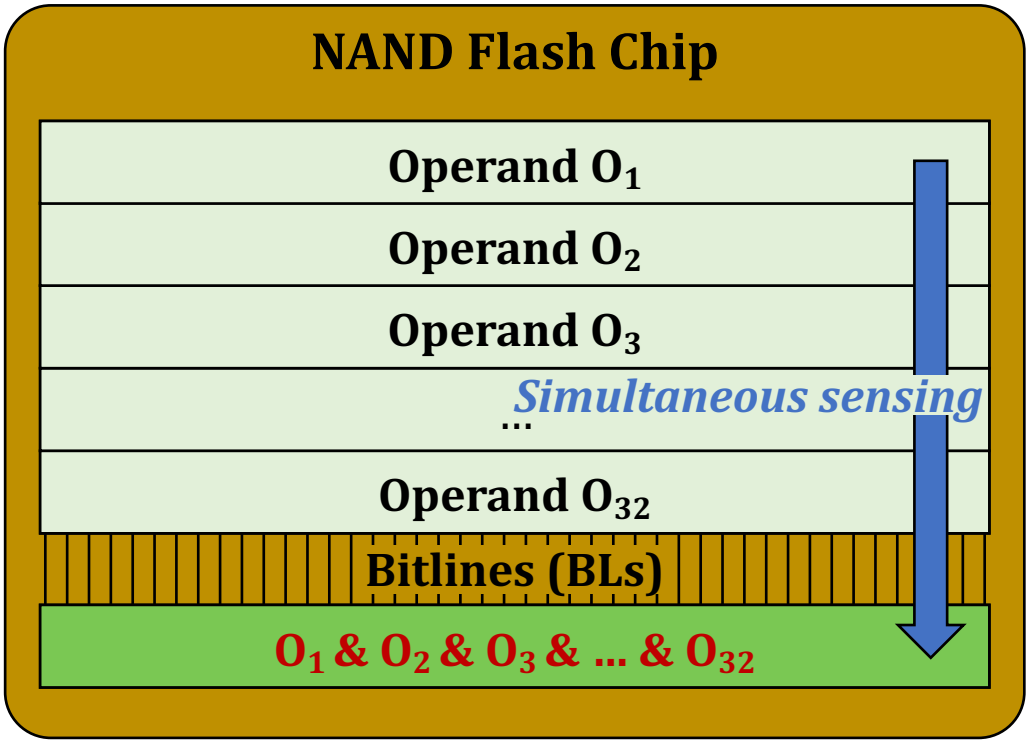
Improves performance
by 32x/25x/3.5x over OSP/ISP/ParaBit

Improves energy efficiency
by 95x/13.4x/3.3x over OSP/ISP/ParaBit

Low-cost & requires no changes to flash cell arrays

Flash-Cosmos: Basic Ideas

- Flash-Cosmos enables
  - Computation on multiple operands with a single sensing operation
  - Accurate computation results by eliminating raw bit errors in stored data



Pinatubo: RowClone and Bitwise Ops in PCM

Pinatubo: A Processing-in-Memory Architecture for Bulk Bitwise Operations in Emerging Non-volatile Memories

Shuangchen Li[1]; Cong Xu[2], Qiaosha Zou[1,5], Jishen Zhao[3], Yu Lu[4], and Yuan Xie[1]

University of California, Santa Barbara[1], Hewlett Packard Labs[2]
University of California, Santa Cruz[3], Qualcomm Inc.[4], Huawei Technologies Inc.[5]
{shuangchenli, yuanxie}ece.ucsb.edu[1]

https://cseweb.ucsd.edu/~jzhao/files/Pinatubo-dac2016.pdf

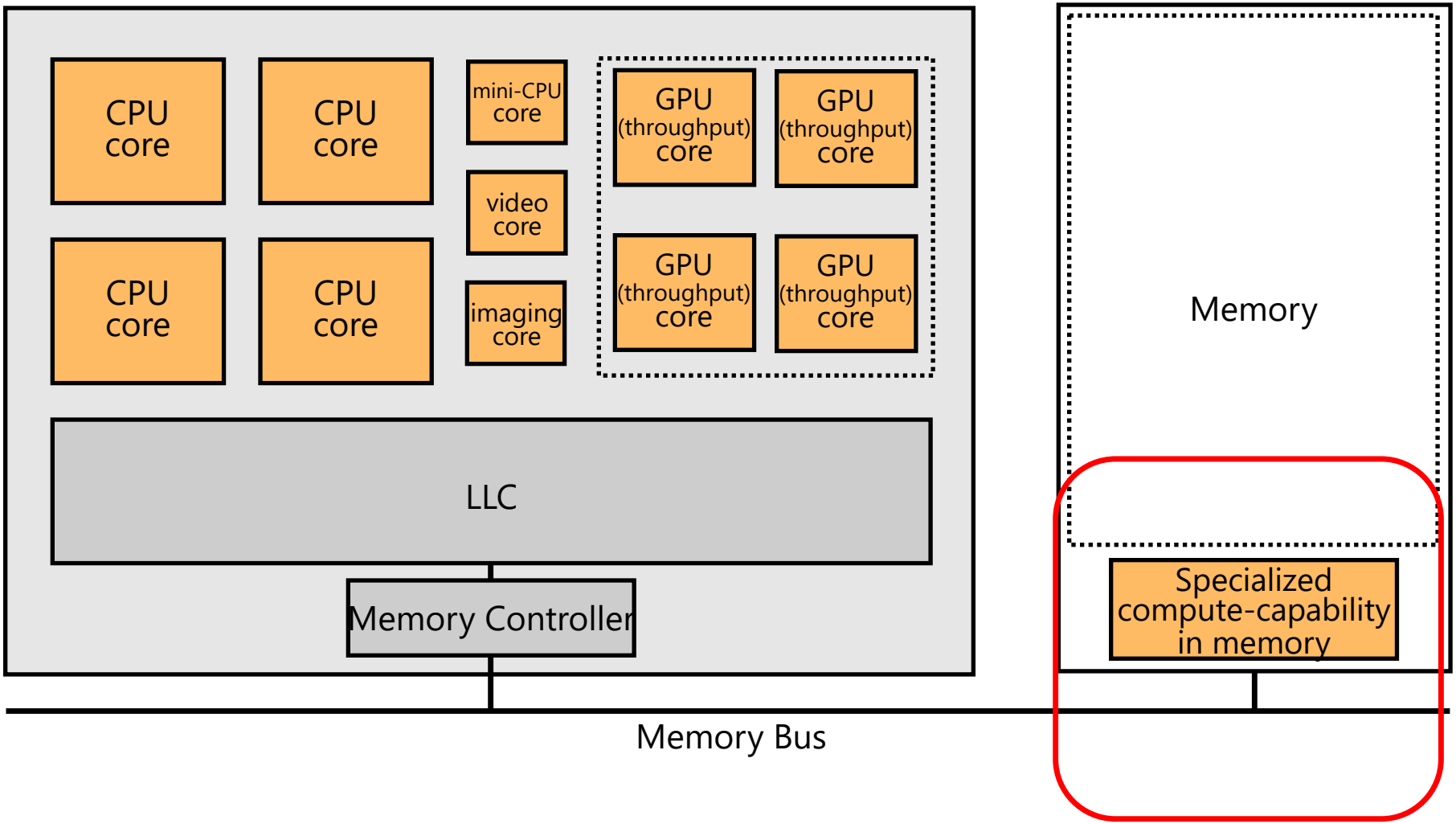
Other Readings on Processing using NVM

- Shafiee+, "ISAAC: A Convolutional Neural Network Accelerator with In-Situ Analog Arithmetic in Crossbars", ISCA 2016.
- Chi+, "PRIME: A Novel Processing-in-memory Architecture for Neural Network Computation in ReRAM-based Main Memory", ISCA 2016.
- Prezioso+, "Training and Operation of an Integrated Neuromorphic Network based on Metal-Oxide Memristors", Nature 2015
- Ambrogio+, "Equivalent-accuracy accelerated neural-network training using analogue memory", Nature 2018.

Processing in Memory: Two Approaches

1. Processing using Memory
2. Processing near Memory

Mindset: Memory as an Accelerator



Memory similar to a "conventional" accelerator

Accelerating In-Memory Graph Analytics

- Large graphs are everywhere (circa 2015)

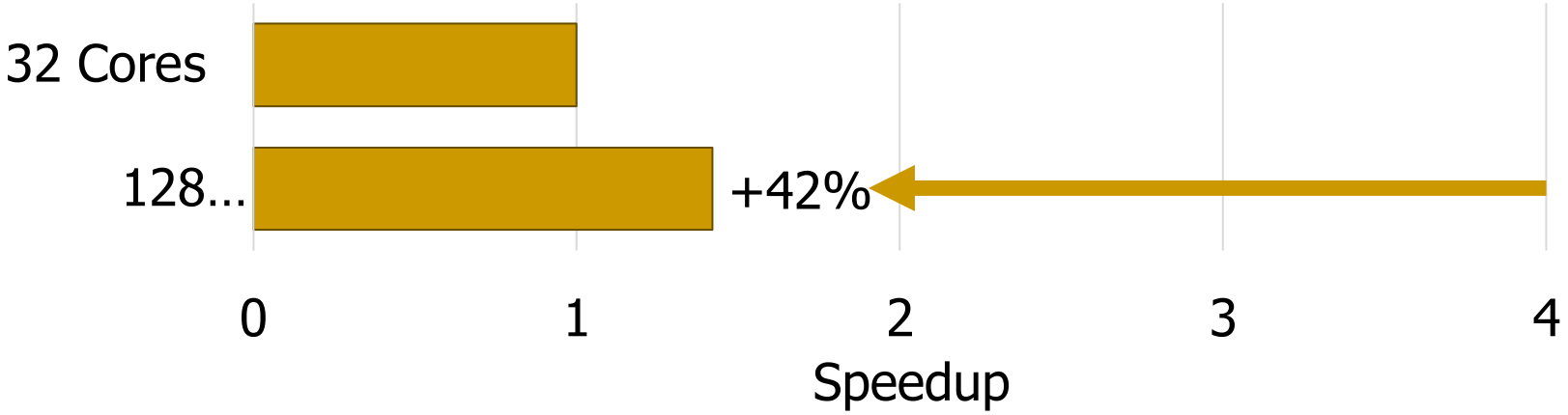
36 Million
Wikipedia Pages

1.4 Billion
Facebook Users

300 Million
Twitter Users

30 Billion
Instagram Photos

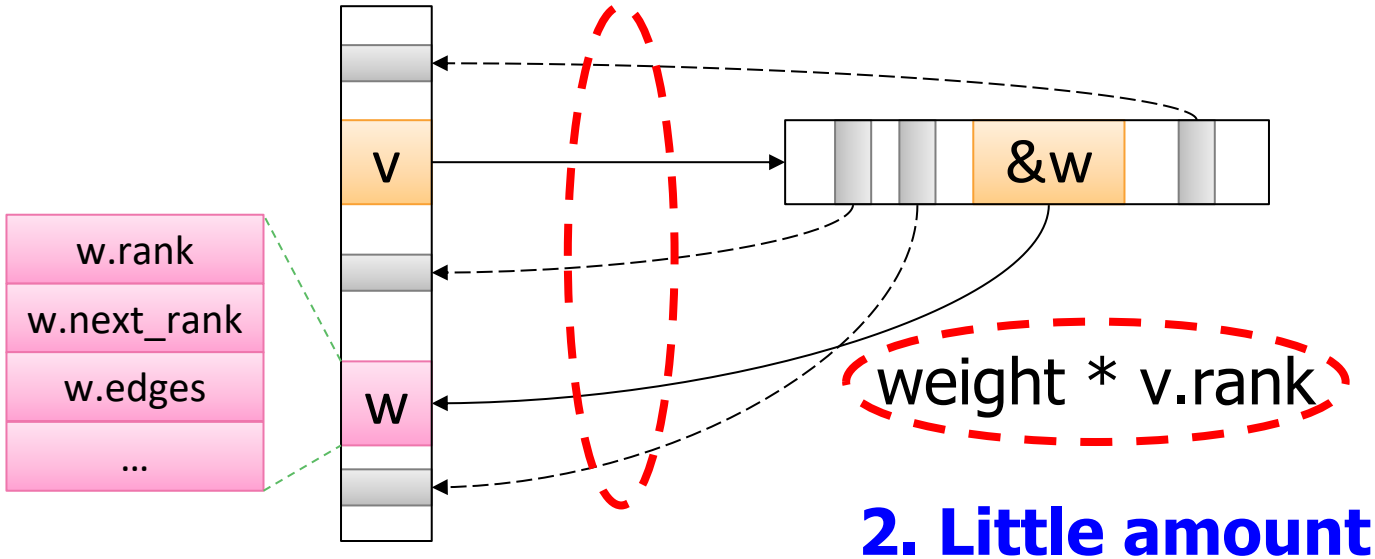
- Scalable large-scale graph processing is challenging



Key Bottlenecks in Graph Processing

```
for (v: graph.vertices) {
    for (w: v.successors) {
        w.next_rank += weight * v.rank;
    }
}
```

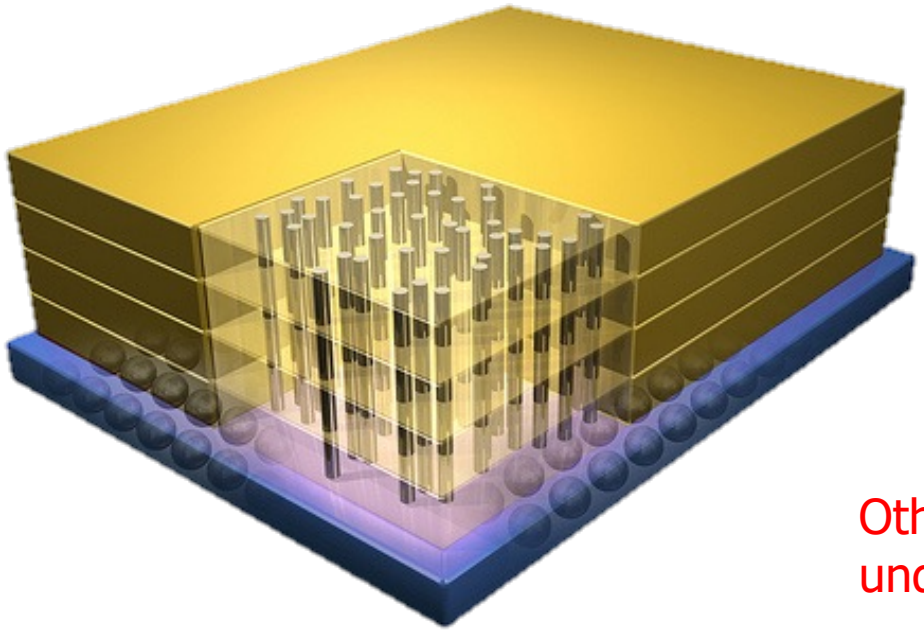
1. Frequent random memory accesses



2. Little amount of computation

Opportunity: 3D-Stacked Logic+Memory

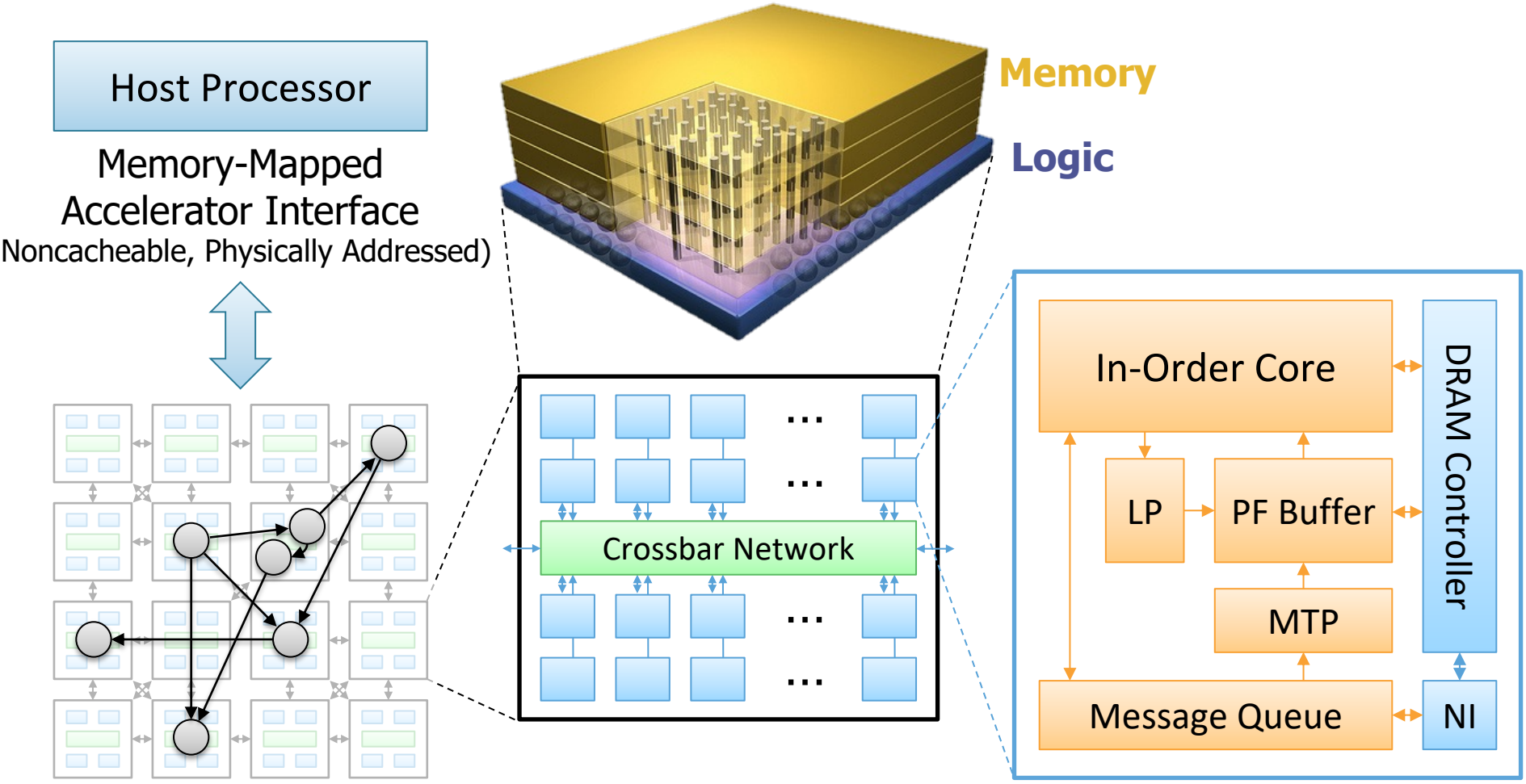
Hybrid Memory Cube
CONSORTIUM



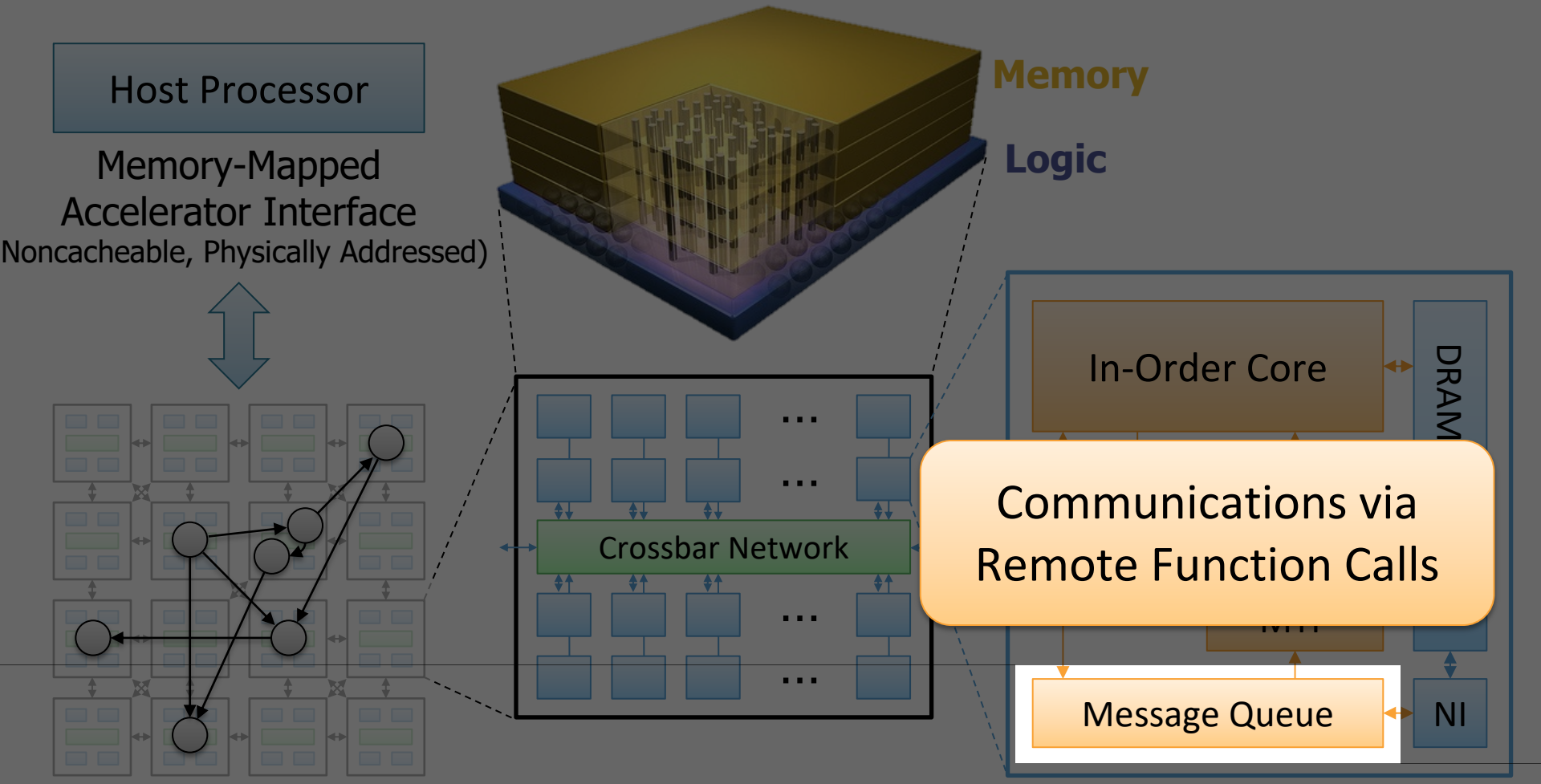
Other "True 3D" technologies under development

Tesseract System for Graph Processing

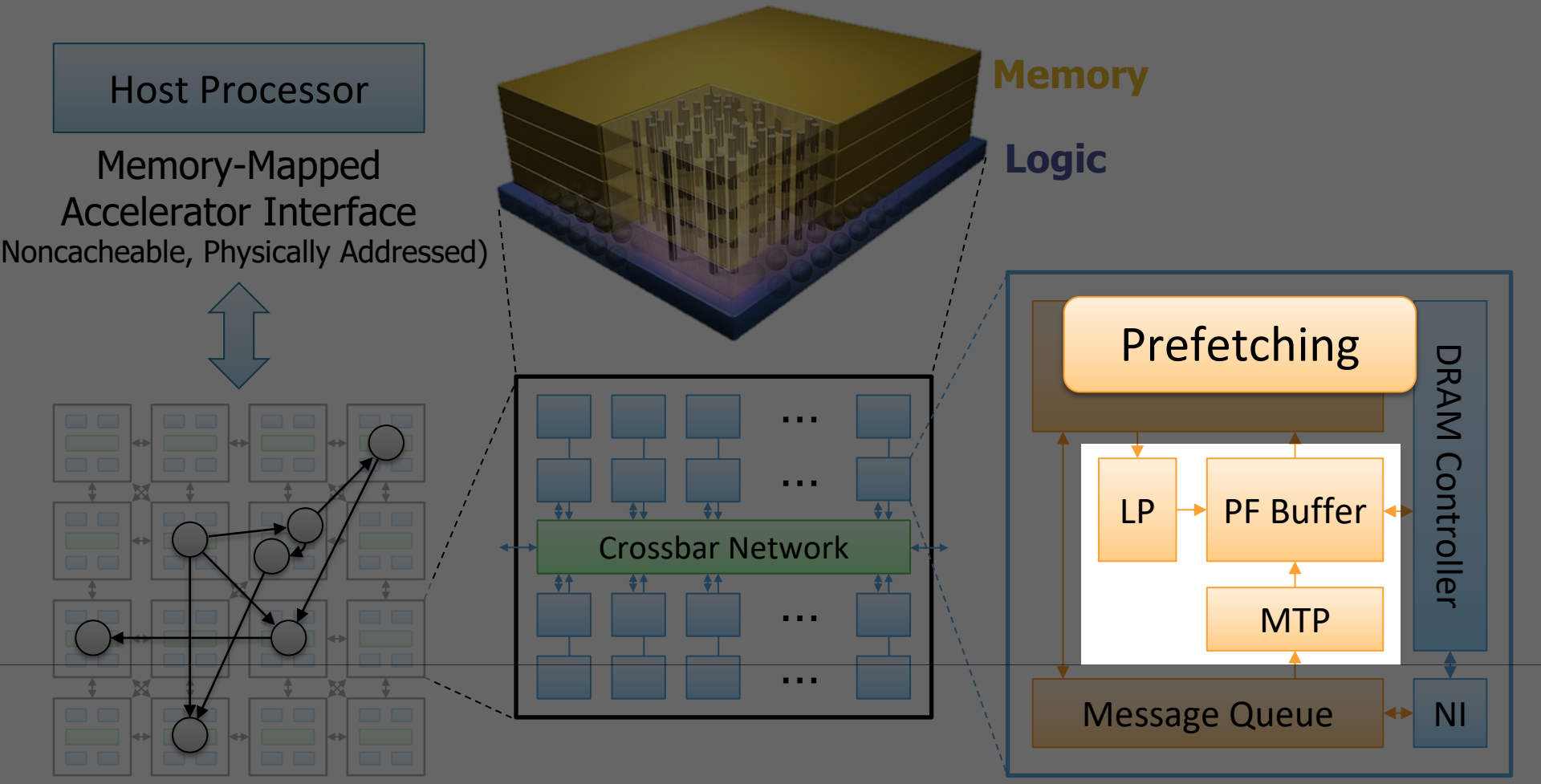
Interconnected set of 3D-stacked memory+logic chips with simple cores



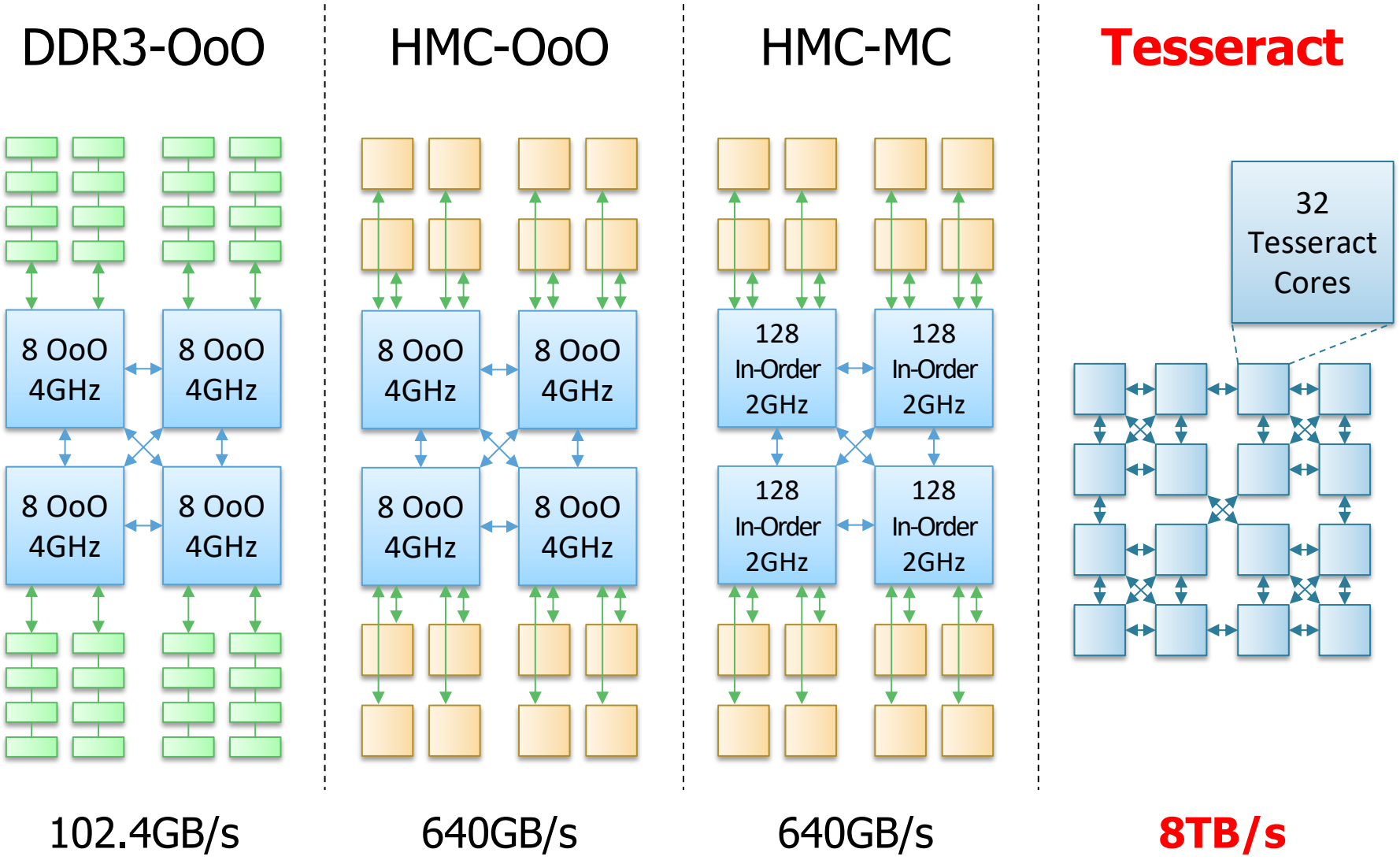
Tesseract System for Graph Processing



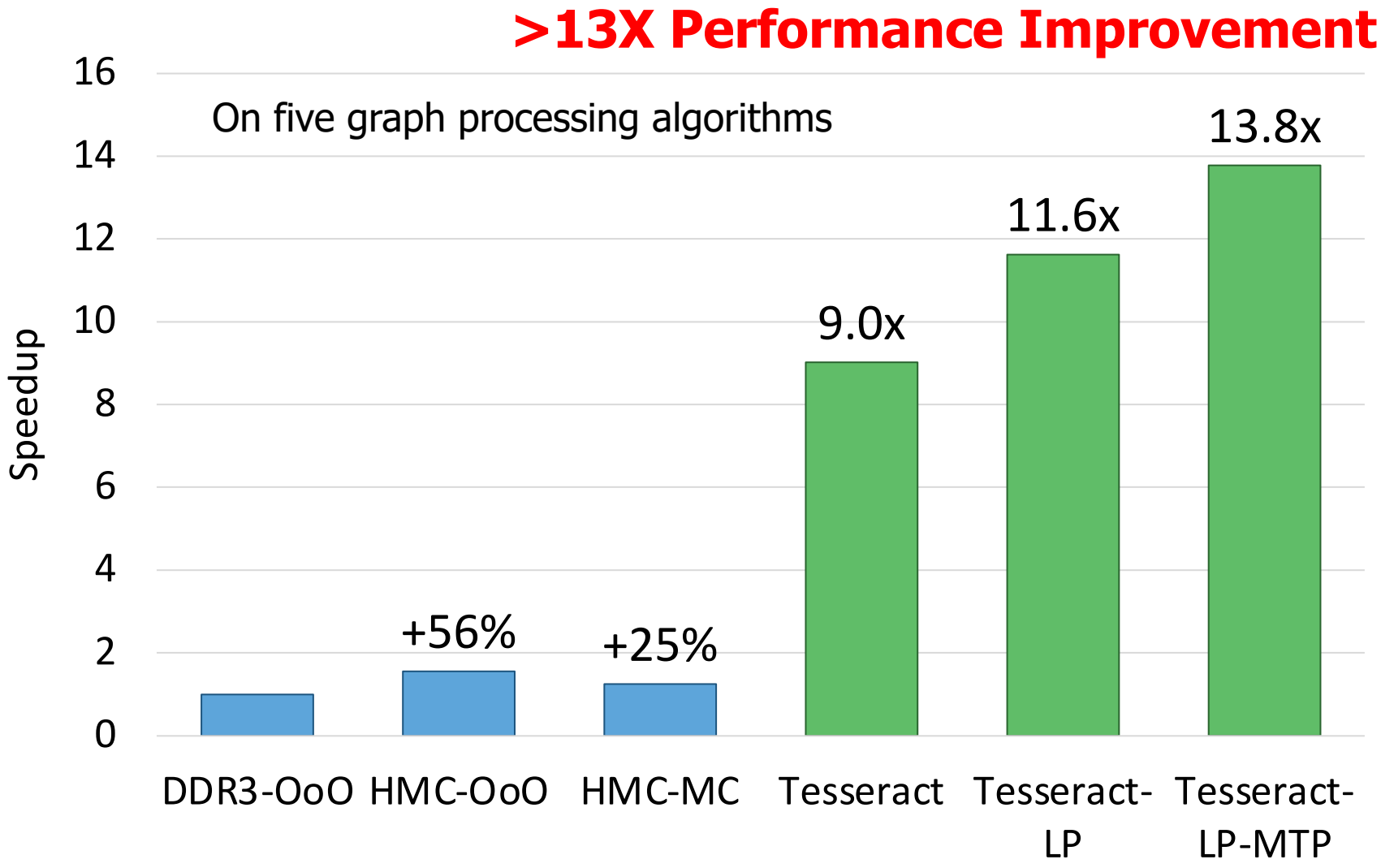
Tesseract System for Graph Processing



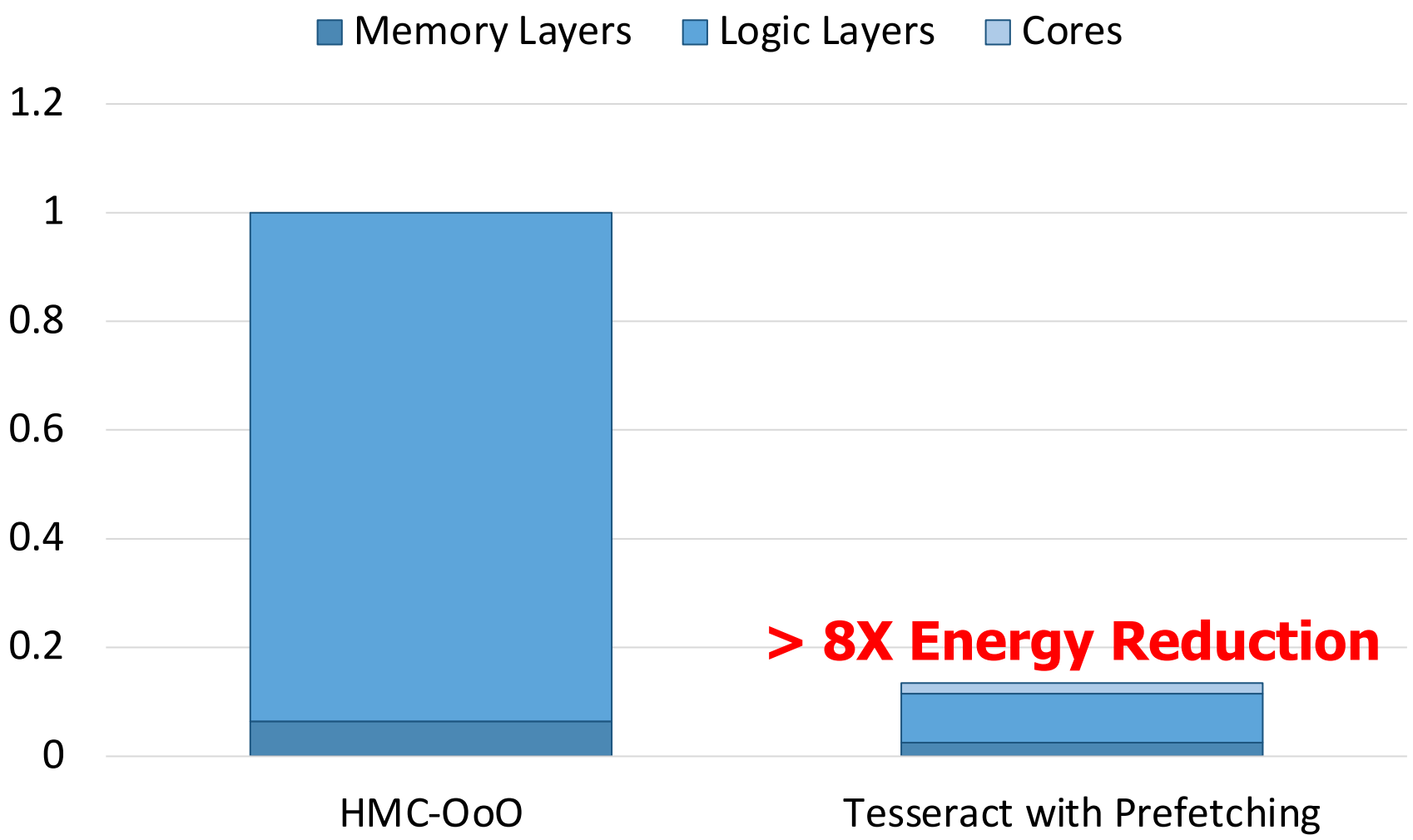
Evaluated Systems



Tesseract Graph Processing Performance



Tesseract Graph Processing System Energy



More on Tesseract

- Junwhan Ahn, Sungpack Hong, Sungjoo Yoo, Onur Mutlu, and Kiyoung Choi,
  "A Scalable Processing-in-Memory Accelerator for Parallel Graph Processing"
  *Proceedings of the 42nd International Symposium on Computer Architecture (**ISCA**)*, Portland, OR, June 2015.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Lightning Session Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  Top Picks Honorable Mention by IEEE Micro.

A Scalable Processing-in-Memory Accelerator for Parallel Graph Processing

Junwhan Ahn Sungpack Hong[§] Sungjoo Yoo Onur Mutlu[†] Kiyoung Choi
junwhan@snu.ac.kr, sungpack.hong@oracle.com, sungjoo.yoo@gmail.com, onur@cmu.edu, kchoi@snu.ac.kr
Seoul National University [§]Oracle Labs [†]Carnegie Mellon University

In-Storage Genomic Data Filtering [ASPLOS 2022]

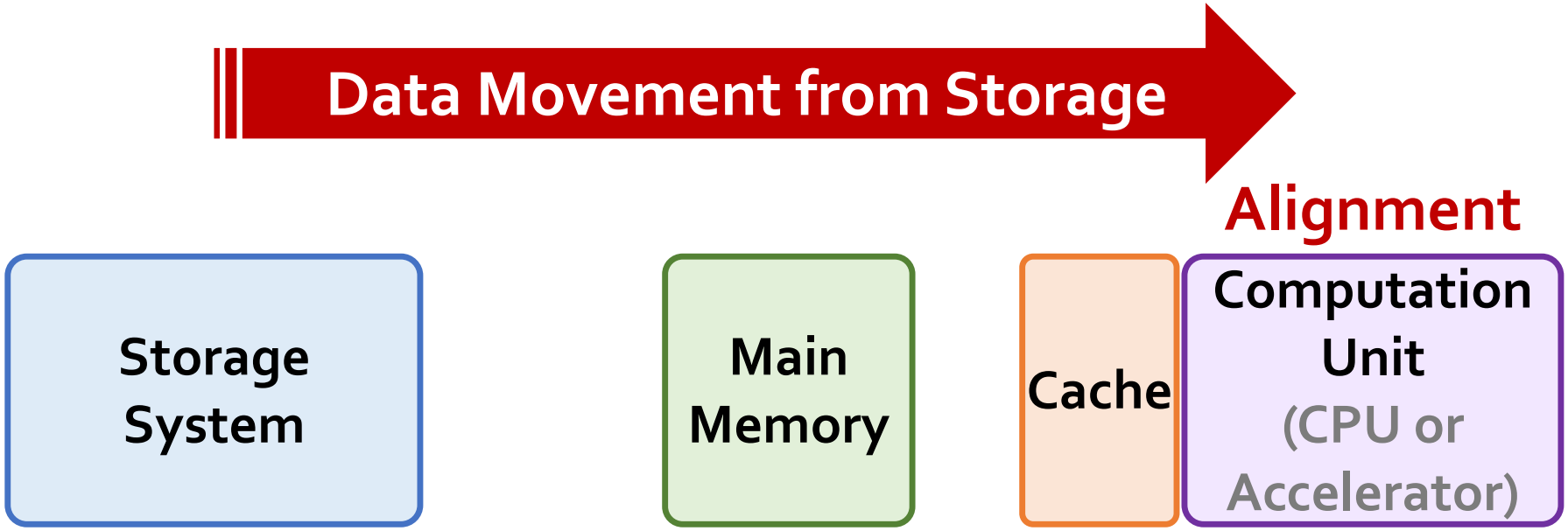
- Nika Mansouri Ghiasi, Jisung Park, Harun Mustafa, Jeremie Kim, Ataberk Olgun, Arvid Gollwitzer, Damla Senol Cali, Can Firtina, Haiyu Mao, Nour Almadhoun Alserr, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Nandita Vijaykumar, Mohammed Alser, and Onur Mutlu,
  "GenStore: A High-Performance and Energy-Efficient In-Storage Computing System for Genome Sequence Analysis"
  *Proceedings of the 27th International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (**ASPLOS**)*, Virtual, February-March 2022.
  [Lightning Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lightning Talk Video (90 seconds)]

GenStore: A High-Performance In-Storage Processing System for Genome Sequence Analysis

Nika Mansouri Ghiasi[1] Jisung Park[1] Harun Mustafa[1] Jeremie Kim[1] Ataberk Olgun[1]
Arvid Gollwitzer[1] Damla Senol Cali[2] Can Firtina[1] Haiyu Mao[1] Nour Almadhoun Alserr[1]
Rachata Ausavarungnirun[3] Nandita Vijaykumar[4] Mohammed Alser[1] Onur Mutlu[1]

[1]ETH Zürich [2]Bionano Genomics [3]KMUTNB [4]University of Toronto

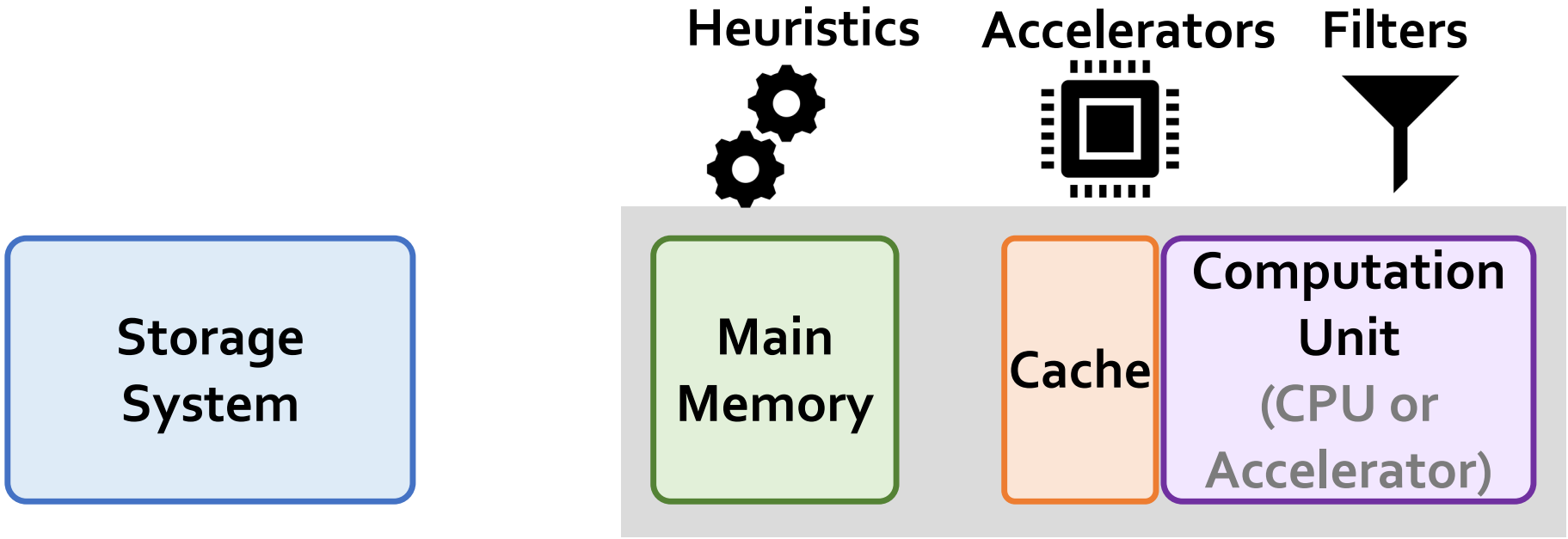
Genome Sequence Analysis



✗ Computation overhead

✗ Data movement overhead

Compute-Centric Accelerators

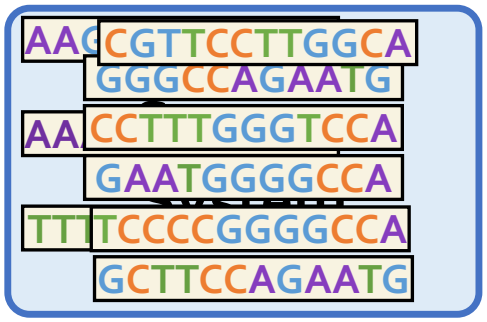


✓ Computation overhead

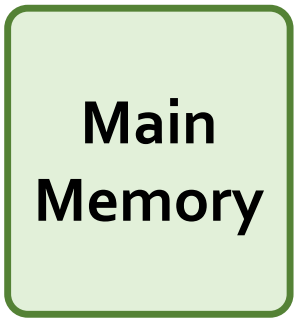
✗ Data movement overhead

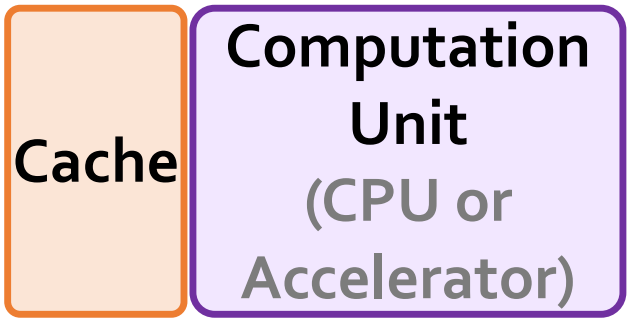
Key Idea: In-Storage Filtering

Filter* reads that do *not* require alignment *inside the storage system



Filtered Reads





Exactly-matching reads

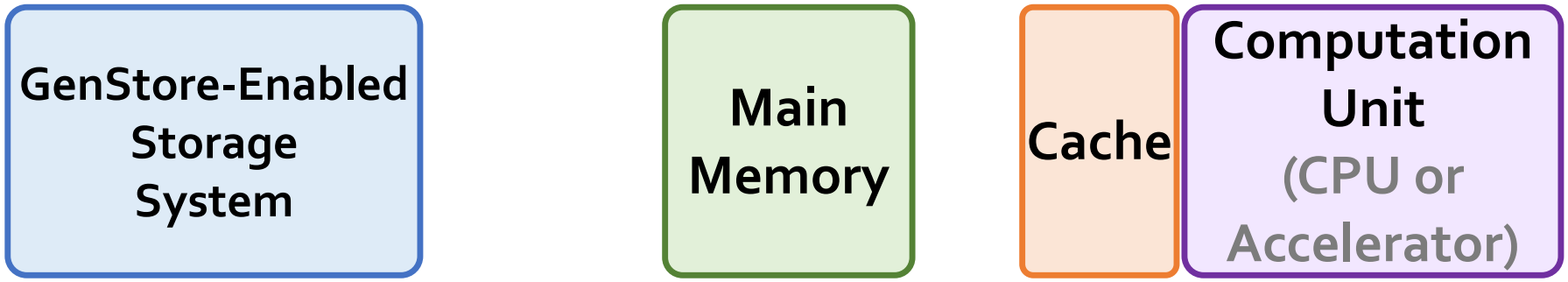
Do not need expensive approximate string matching during alignment

Non-matching reads

Do not have potential matching locations and can skip alignment

GenStore

Filter reads that do *not* require alignment *inside the storage system*



Computation overhead

Data movement overhead

GenStore provides significant speedup (1.4x - 33.6x) and energy reduction (3.9x – 29.2x) at low cost

In-Storage Genomic Data Filtering [ASPLOS 2022]

- Nika Mansouri Ghiasi, Jisung Park, Harun Mustafa, Jeremie Kim, Ataberk Olgun, Arvid Gollwitzer, Damla Senol Cali, Can Firtina, Haiyu Mao, Nour Almadhoun Alserr, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Nandita Vijaykumar, Mohammed Alser, and Onur Mutlu,
  "GenStore: A High-Performance and Energy-Efficient In-Storage Computing System for Genome Sequence Analysis"
  *Proceedings of the 27th International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (**ASPLOS**)*, Virtual, February-March 2022.
  [Lightning Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lightning Talk Video (90 seconds)]

GenStore: A High-Performance In-Storage Processing System for Genome Sequence Analysis

Nika Mansouri Ghiasi[1] Jisung Park[1] Harun Mustafa[1] Jeremie Kim[1] Ataberk Olgun[1]
Arvid Gollwitzer[1] Damla Senol Cali[2] Can Firtina[1] Haiyu Mao[1] Nour Almadhoun Alserr[1]
Rachata Ausavarungnirun[3] Nandita Vijaykumar[4] Mohammed Alser[1] Onur Mutlu[1]

[1]ETH Zürich [2]Bionano Genomics [3]KMUTNB [4]University of Toronto

Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand

Saugata Ghose, Youngsok Kim, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Eric Shiu, Rahul Thakur, Daehyun Kim, Aki Kuusela, Allan Knies, Parthasarathy Ranganathan, Onur Mutlu

SAFARI Carnegie Mellon Google

SAMSUNG SEOUL NATIONAL UNIVERSITY ETH zürich

Consumer Devices

Consumer devices are everywhere!

Energy consumption is a first-class concern in consumer devices

Popular Consumer Workloads

Chrome

Google's web browser

TensorFlow Mobile

Google's machine learning framework

VP9

YouTube

Video Playback

Google's video codec

VP9

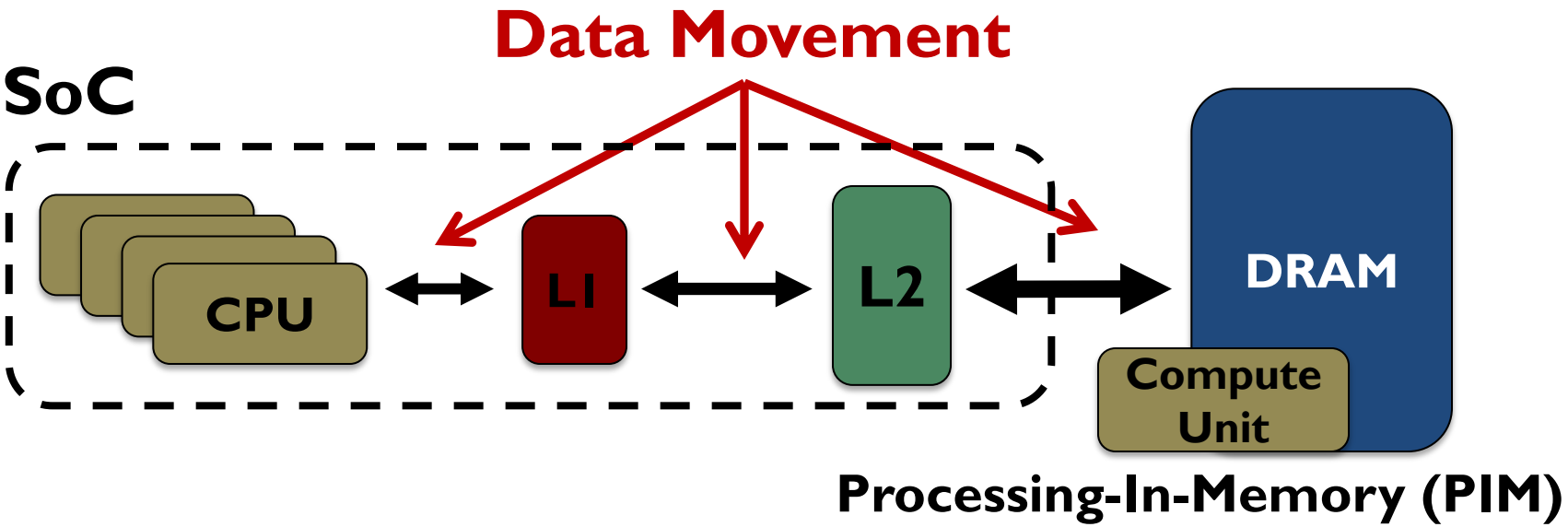
YouTube

Video Capture

Google's video codec

Energy Cost of Data Movement

1st key observation: 62.7% of the total system energy is spent on data movement



Potential solution: move computation close to data

Challenge: limited area and energy budget

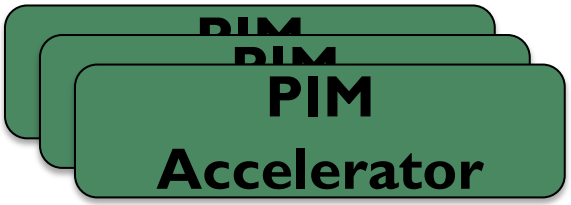
Using PIM to Reduce Data Movement

2nd key observation: a significant fraction of the data movement often comes from simple functions

We can design lightweight logic to implement these *simple functions* in memory

Small embedded low-power core

Small fixed-function accelerators



Offloading to PIM logic reduces energy and improves performance, on average, by 2.3X and 2.2X

Workload Analysis

Chrome

Google's web browser

TensorFlow Mobile

Google's machine learning framework

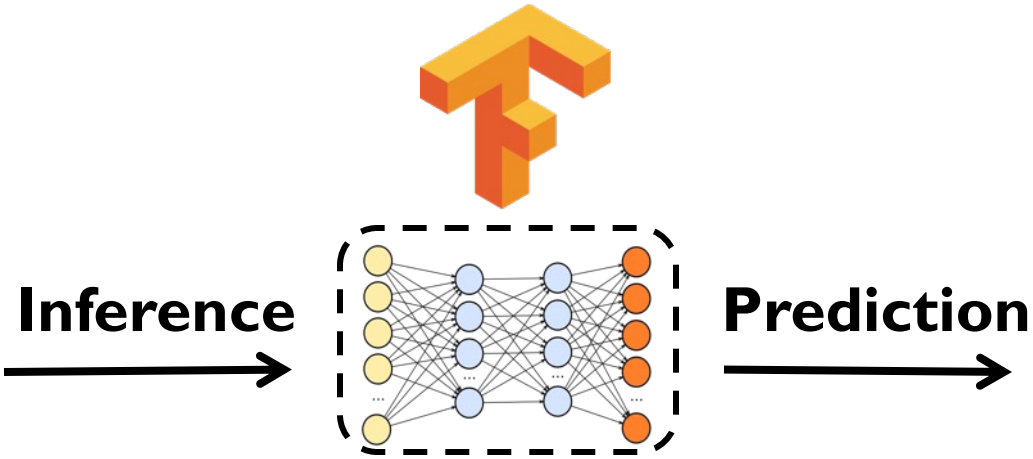
Video Playback

Google's **video codec**

Video Capture

Google's **video codec**

TensorFlow Mobile



57.3% of the inference energy is spent on data movement

↓

54.4% of the **data movement** energy comes from packing/unpacking and quantization

More on PIM for Mobile Devices

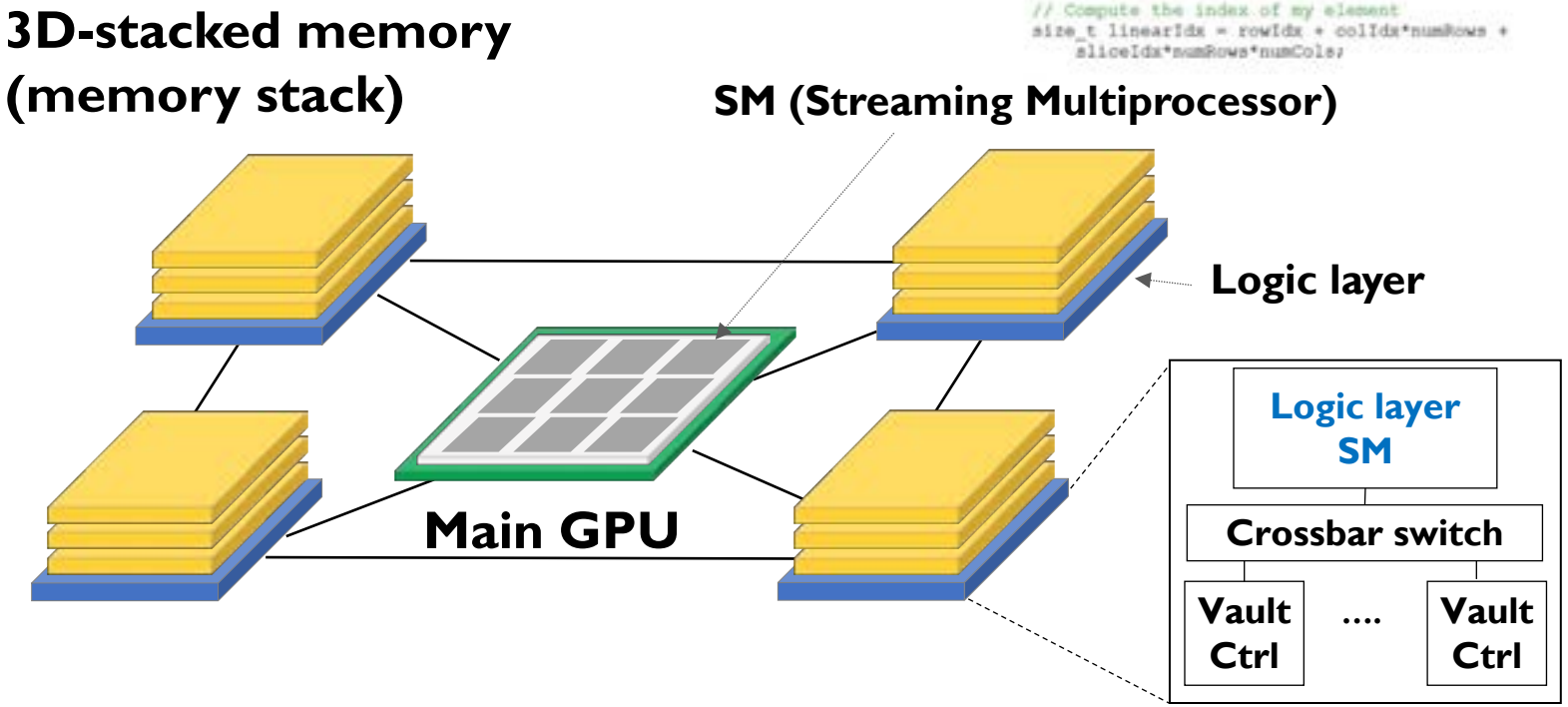
- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Youngsok Kim, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Eric Shiu, Rahul Thakur, Daehyun Kim, Aki Kuusela, Allan Knies, Parthasarathy Ranganathan, and Onur Mutlu,
  "Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks"
  *Proceedings of the 23rd International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (**ASPLOS**)*, Williamsburg, VA, USA, March 2018.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Lightning Session Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Poster (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lightning Talk Video (2 minutes)]
  [Full Talk Video (21 minutes)]

Truly Distributed GPU Processing with PIM

```
__global__
void applyScaleFactorsKernel( uint8_T * const out,
    uint8_T const * const in, const double *factor,
    size_t const numRows, size_t const numCols )
{
    // Work out which pixel we are working on.
    const int rowIdx = blockIdx.x * blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;
    const int colIdx = blockIdx.y;
    const int sliceIdx = threadIdx.z;

    // Check this thread isn't off the image
    if( rowIdx >= numRows ) return;

    // Compute the index of my element
    size_t linearIdx = rowIdx + colIdx*numRows +
        sliceIdx*numRows*numCols;
```



Accelerating GPU Execution with PIM (I)

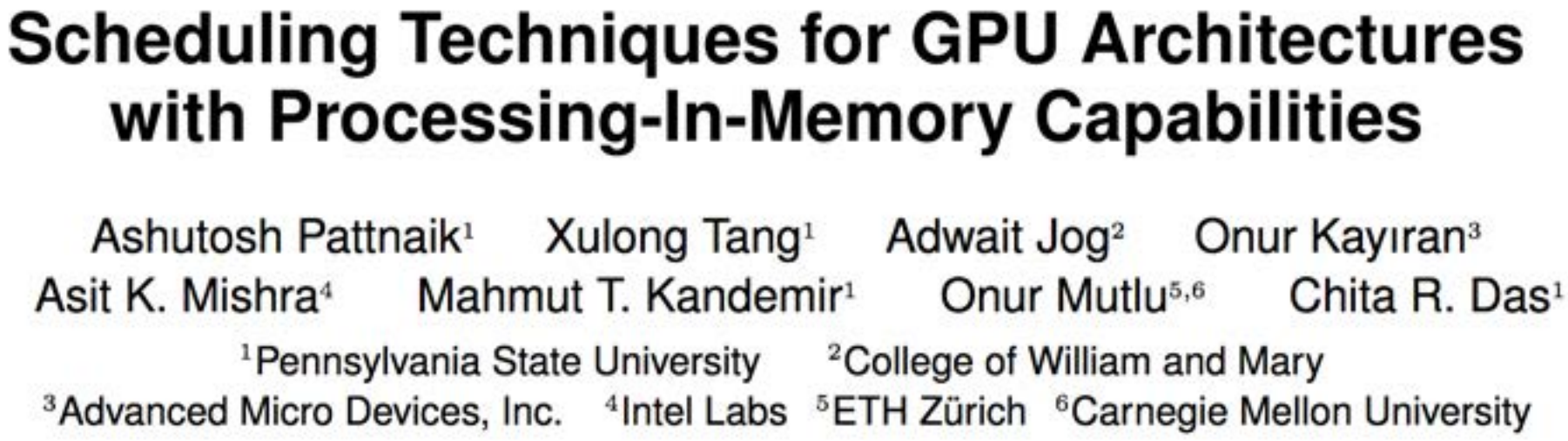
- Kevin Hsieh, Eiman Ebrahimi, Gwangsun Kim, Niladrish Chatterjee, Mike O'Connor, Nandita Vijaykumar, Onur Mutlu, and Stephen W. Keckler, **"Transparent Offloading and Mapping (TOM): Enabling Programmer-Transparent Near-Data Processing in GPU Systems"**
  *Proceedings of the 43rd International Symposium on Computer Architecture (**ISCA**)*, Seoul, South Korea, June 2016.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lightning Session Slides (pptx) (pdf)]

Transparent Offloading and Mapping (TOM):
Enabling Programmer-Transparent Near-Data Processing in GPU Systems

Kevin Hsieh[‡] Eiman Ebrahimi[†] Gwangsun Kim[*] Niladrish Chatterjee[†] Mike O'Connor[†]
Nandita Vijaykumar[‡] Onur Mutlu[§‡] Stephen W. Keckler[†]
[‡]Carnegie Mellon University [†]NVIDIA [*]KAIST [§]ETH Zürich

Accelerating GPU Execution with PIM (II)

- Ashutosh Pattnaik, Xulong Tang, Adwait Jog, Onur Kayiran, Asit K. Mishra, Mahmut T. Kandemir, Onur Mutlu, and Chita R. Das, **"Scheduling Techniques for GPU Architectures with Processing-In-Memory Capabilities"**
  *Proceedings of the 25th International Conference on Parallel Architectures and Compilation Techniques (**PACT**)*, Haifa, Israel, September 2016.



Scheduling Techniques for GPU Architectures with Processing-In-Memory Capabilities

Ashutosh Pattnaik[1] Xulong Tang[1] Adwait Jog[2] Onur Kayıran[3]
Asit K. Mishra[4] Mahmut T. Kandemir[1] Onur Mutlu[5,6] Chita R. Das[1]
[1]Pennsylvania State University [2]College of William and Mary
[3]Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. [4]Intel Labs [5]ETH Zürich [6]Carnegie Mellon University

Accelerating Linked Data Structures

- Kevin Hsieh, Samira Khan, Nandita Vijaykumar, Kevin K. Chang, Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, and Onur Mutlu,
  "Accelerating Pointer Chasing in 3D-Stacked Memory: Challenges, Mechanisms, Evaluation"
  *Proceedings of the 34th IEEE International Conference on Computer Design (**ICCD**)*, Phoenix, AZ, USA, October 2016.

Accelerating Pointer Chasing in 3D-Stacked Memory: Challenges, Mechanisms, Evaluation

Kevin Hsieh[†] Samira Khan[‡] Nandita Vijaykumar[†]
Kevin K. Chang[†] Amirali Boroumand[†] Saugata Ghose[†] Onur Mutlu[§†]
[†]*Carnegie Mellon University* [‡]*University of Virginia* [§]*ETH Zürich*

Accelerating Dependent Cache Misses

- Milad Hashemi, Khubaib, Eiman Ebrahimi, Onur Mutlu, and Yale N. Patt, **"Accelerating Dependent Cache Misses with an Enhanced Memory Controller"**
  *Proceedings of the 43rd International Symposium on Computer Architecture (**ISCA**)*, Seoul, South Korea, June 2016.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lightning Session Slides (pptx) (pdf)]

Accelerating Dependent Cache Misses with an Enhanced Memory Controller

Milad Hashemi*, Khubaib†, Eiman Ebrahimi‡, Onur Mutlu§, Yale N. Patt*

*The University of Texas at Austin †Apple ‡NVIDIA §ETH Zürich & Carnegie Mellon University

Accelerating Runahead Execution

- Milad Hashemi, Onur Mutlu, and Yale N. Patt,
  "Continuous Runahead: Transparent Hardware Acceleration for Memory Intensive Workloads"
  *Proceedings of the 49th International Symposium on Microarchitecture (**MICRO**)*, Taipei, Taiwan, October 2016.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Lightning Session Slides (pdf)] [Poster (pptx) (pdf)]
  Best paper session.

Continuous Runahead: Transparent Hardware Acceleration for Memory Intensive Workloads

Milad Hashemi*, Onur Mutlu§, Yale N. Patt*

*The University of Texas at Austin §ETH Zürich

Accelerating Climate Modeling

- Gagandeep Singh, Dionysios Diamantopoulos, Christoph Hagleitner, Juan Gómez-Luna, Sander Stuijk, Onur Mutlu, and Henk Corporaal,
  "NERO: A Near High-Bandwidth Memory Stencil Accelerator for Weather Prediction Modeling"
  *Proceedings of the 30th International Conference on Field-Programmable Logic and Applications (**FPL**)*, Gothenburg, Sweden, September 2020.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lightning Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (23 minutes)]
  Nominated for the Stamatis Vassiliadis Memorial Award.

NERO: A Near High-Bandwidth Memory Stencil Accelerator for Weather Prediction Modeling

Gagandeep Singh[a,b,c] Dionysios Diamantopoulos[c] Christoph Hagleitner[c] Juan Gómez-Luna[b]
Sander Stuijk[a] Onur Mutlu[b] Henk Corporaal[a]
[a]Eindhoven University of Technology [b]ETH Zürich [c]IBM Research Europe, Zurich

Accelerating Approximate String Matching

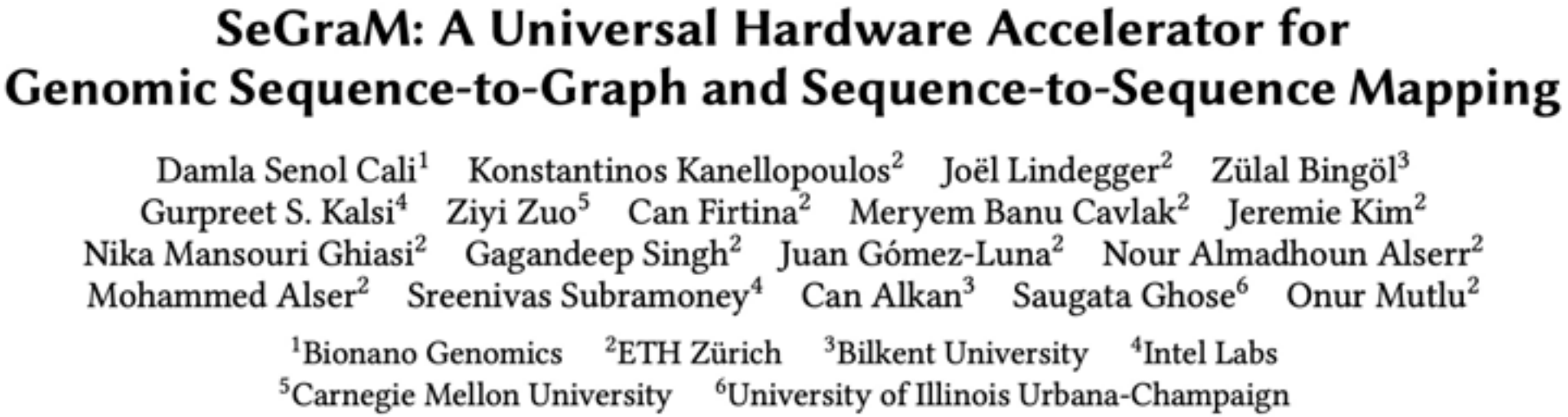
- Damla Senol Cali, Gurpreet S. Kalsi, Zulal Bingol, Can Firtina, Lavanya Subramanian, Jeremie S. Kim, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Mohammed Alser, Juan Gomez-Luna, Amirali Boroumand, Anant Nori, Allison Scibisz, Sreenivas Subramoney, Can Alkan, Saugata Ghose, and Onur Mutlu, **"GenASM: A High-Performance, Low-Power Approximate String Matching Acceleration Framework for Genome Sequence Analysis"**
  *Proceedings of the 53rd International Symposium on Microarchitecture (**MICRO**)*, Virtual, October 2020.
  [Lighting Talk Video (1.5 minutes)]
  [Lightning Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (18 minutes)]
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]

GenASM: A High-Performance, Low-Power Approximate String Matching Acceleration Framework for Genome Sequence Analysis

Damla Senol Cali[†⋈] Gurpreet S. Kalsi[⋈] Zülal Bingöl[▽] Can Firtina[◇] Lavanya Subramanian[‡] Jeremie S. Kim[◇†]
Rachata Ausavarungnirun[⊙] Mohammed Alser[◇] Juan Gomez-Luna[◇] Amirali Boroumand[†] Anant Nori[⋈]
Allison Scibisz[†] Sreenivas Subramoney[⋈] Can Alkan[▽] Saugata Ghose[⋆†] Onur Mutlu[◇†▽]
[†]*Carnegie Mellon University* [⋈]*Processor Architecture Research Lab, Intel Labs* [▽]*Bilkent University* [◇]*ETH Zürich*
[‡]*Facebook* [⊙]*King Mongkut's University of Technology North Bangkok* [⋆]*University of Illinois at Urbana–Champaign*

Accelerating Sequence-to-Graph Mapping

- Damla Senol Cali, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos, Joel Lindegger, Zulal Bingol, Gurpreet S. Kalsi, Ziyi Zuo, Can Firtina, Meryem Banu Cavlak, Jeremie Kim, Nika MansouriGhiasi, Gagandeep Singh, Juan Gomez-Luna, Nour Almadhoun Alserr, Mohammed Alser, Sreenivas Subramoney, Can Alkan, Saugata Ghose, and Onur Mutlu,
  "SeGraM: A Universal Hardware Accelerator for Genomic Sequence-to-Graph and Sequence-to-Sequence Mapping"
  *Proceedings of the 49th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (**ISCA**)*, New York, June 2022.
  [arXiv version]



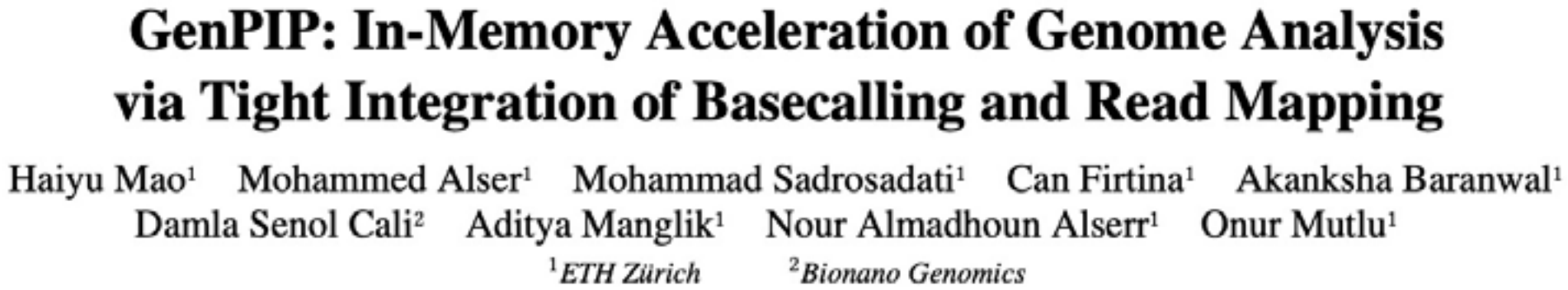
SeGraM: A Universal Hardware Accelerator for Genomic Sequence-to-Graph and Sequence-to-Sequence Mapping

Damla Senol Cali[1] Konstantinos Kanellopoulos[2] Joël Lindegger[2] Zülal Bingöl[3]
Gurpreet S. Kalsi[4] Ziyi Zuo[5] Can Firtina[2] Meryem Banu Cavlak[2] Jeremie Kim[2]
Nika Mansouri Ghiasi[2] Gagandeep Singh[2] Juan Gómez-Luna[2] Nour Almadhoun Alserr[2]
Mohammed Alser[2] Sreenivas Subramoney[4] Can Alkan[3] Saugata Ghose[6] Onur Mutlu[2]

[1]Bionano Genomics [2]ETH Zürich [3]Bilkent University [4]Intel Labs
[5]Carnegie Mellon University [6]University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign

Accelerating Basecalling + Read Mapping

- Haiyu Mao, Mohammed Alser, Mohammad Sadrosadati, Can Firtina, Akanksha Baranwal, Damla Senol Cali, Aditya Manglik, Nour Almadhoun Alserr, and Onur Mutlu,
  "GenPIP: In-Memory Acceleration of Genome Analysis via Tight Integration of Basecalling and Read Mapping"
  Proceedings of the 55th International Symposium on Microarchitecture (***MICRO***),
  Chicago, IL, USA, October 2022.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Longer Lecture Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lecture Video (25 minutes)]
  [arXiv version]

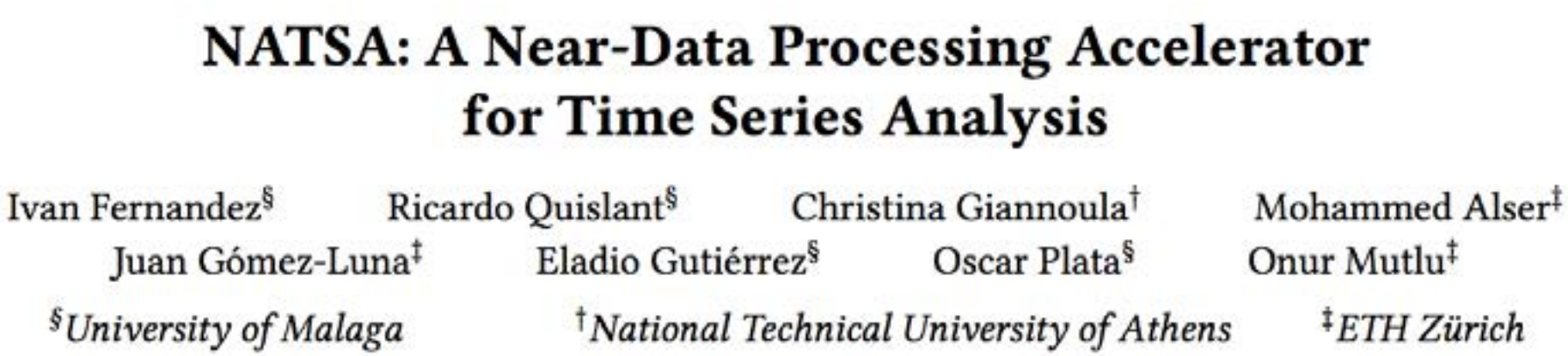


GenPIP: In-Memory Acceleration of Genome Analysis via Tight Integration of Basecalling and Read Mapping

Haiyu Mao[1] Mohammed Alser[1] Mohammad Sadrosadati[1] Can Firtina[1] Akanksha Baranwal[1]
Damla Senol Cali[2] Aditya Manglik[1] Nour Almadhoun Alserr[1] Onur Mutlu[1]
[1]*ETH Zürich* [2]*Bionano Genomics*

Accelerating Time Series Analysis

- Ivan Fernandez, Ricardo Quislant, Christina Giannoula, Mohammed Alser, Juan Gómez-Luna, Eladio Gutiérrez, Oscar Plata, and Onur Mutlu,
  "NATSA: A Near-Data Processing Accelerator for Time Series Analysis"
  *Proceedings of the 38th IEEE International Conference on Computer Design (**ICCD**)*, Virtual, October 2020.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (10 minutes)]
  [Source Code]

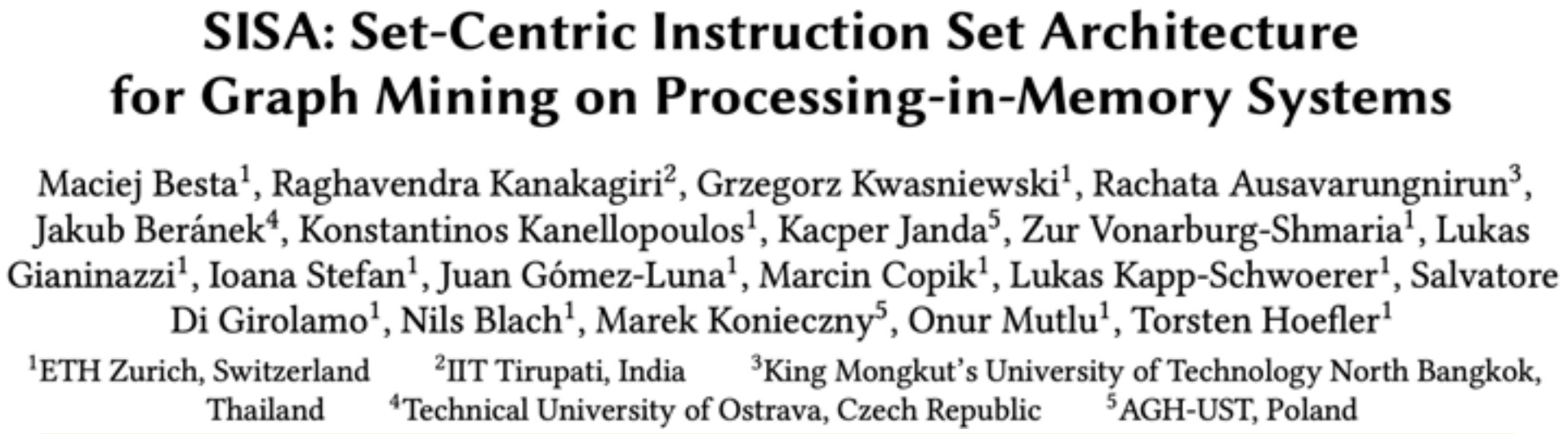


NATSA: A Near-Data Processing Accelerator for Time Series Analysis

Ivan Fernandez[§] Ricardo Quislant[§] Christina Giannoula[†] Mohammed Alser[‡]
Juan Gómez-Luna[‡] Eladio Gutiérrez[§] Oscar Plata[§] Onur Mutlu[‡]
[§]*University of Malaga* [†]*National Technical University of Athens* [‡]*ETH Zürich*

Accelerating Graph Pattern Mining

- Maciej Besta, Raghavendra Kanakagiri, Grzegorz Kwasniewski, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Jakub Beránek, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos, Kacper Janda, Zur Vonarburg-Shmaria, Lukas Gianinazzi, Ioana Stefan, Juan Gómez-Luna, Marcin Copik, Lukas Kapp-Schwoerer, Salvatore Di Girolamo, Nils Blach, Marek Konieczny, Onur Mutlu, and Torsten Hoefler,
  "SISA: Set-Centric Instruction Set Architecture for Graph Mining on Processing-in-Memory Systems"
  Proceedings of the 54th International Symposium on Microarchitecture (***MICRO***), Virtual, October 2021.
  [Slides (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (22 minutes)]
  [Lightning Talk Video (1.5 minutes)]
  [Full arXiv version]



SISA: Set-Centric Instruction Set Architecture for Graph Mining on Processing-in-Memory Systems

Maciej Besta[1], Raghavendra Kanakagiri[2], Grzegorz Kwasniewski[1], Rachata Ausavarungnirun[3], Jakub Beránek[4], Konstantinos Kanellopoulos[1], Kacper Janda[5], Zur Vonarburg-Shmaria[1], Lukas Gianinazzi[1], Ioana Stefan[1], Juan Gómez-Luna[1], Marcin Copik[1], Lukas Kapp-Schwoerer[1], Salvatore Di Girolamo[1], Nils Blach[1], Marek Konieczny[5], Onur Mutlu[1], Torsten Hoefler[1]

[1]ETH Zurich, Switzerland [2]IIT Tirupati, India [3]King Mongkut's University of Technology North Bangkok, Thailand [4]Technical University of Ostrava, Czech Republic [5]AGH-UST, Poland

Accelerating HTAP Database Systems

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Geraldo F. Oliveira, and Onur Mutlu, **"Polynesia: Enabling High-Performance and Energy-Efficient Hybrid Transactional/Analytical Databases with Hardware/Software Co-Design"** *Proceedings of the 38th International Conference on Data Engineering* (***ICDE***), Virtual, May 2022.
  [arXiv version]
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Short Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]

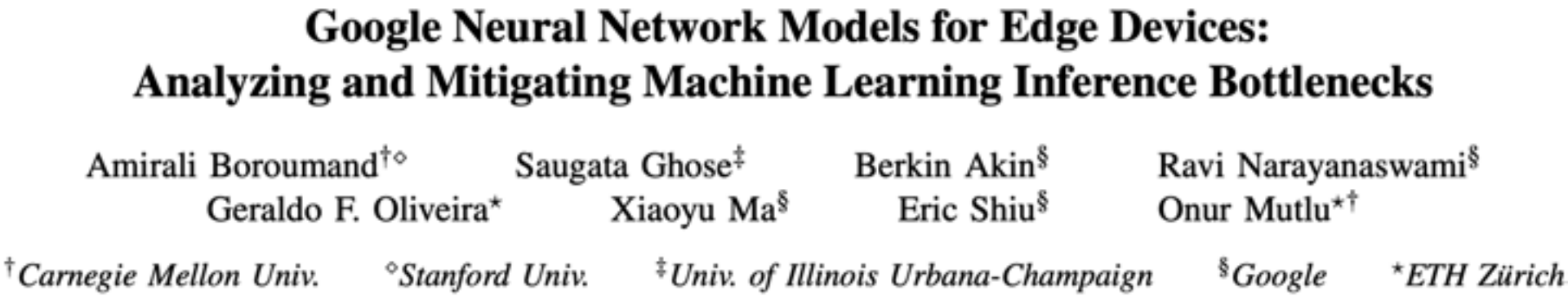
Polynesia: Enabling High-Performance and Energy-Efficient Hybrid Transactional/Analytical Databases with Hardware/Software Co-Design

Amirali Boroumand[†] Saugata Ghose[◇] Geraldo F. Oliveira[‡] Onur Mutlu[‡]
[†]*Google* [◇]*Univ. of Illinois Urbana-Champaign* [‡]*ETH Zürich*

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2204.11275.pdf

Accelerating Neural Network Inference

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Berkin Akin, Ravi Narayanaswami, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Xiaoyu Ma, Eric Shiu, and Onur Mutlu,
  "Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks"
  *Proceedings of the 30th International Conference on Parallel Architectures and Compilation Techniques (**PACT**)*, Virtual, September 2021.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (14 minutes)]



Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand[†◇] Saugata Ghose[‡] Berkin Akin[§] Ravi Narayanaswami[§]
Geraldo F. Oliveira[⋆] Xiaoyu Ma[§] Eric Shiu[§] Onur Mutlu[⋆†]

[†]*Carnegie Mellon Univ.* [◇]*Stanford Univ.* [‡]*Univ. of Illinois Urbana-Champaign* [§]*Google* [⋆]*ETH Zürich*

Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand Saugata Ghose Berkin Akin

Ravi Narayanaswami Geraldo F. Oliveira Xiaoyu Ma

Eric Shiu Onur Mutlu

PACT 2021

SAFARI

Carnegie Mellon UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS URBANA-CHAMPAIGN Google ETH Zürich

Executive Summary

Context: We extensively analyze a state-of-the-art edge ML accelerator (Google Edge TPU) using 24 Google edge models

- Wide range of models (CNNs, LSTMs, Transducers, RCNNs)

Problem: The Edge TPU accelerator suffers from three challenges:

- It operates **significantly below** its peak throughput
- It operates **significantly below** its theoretical energy efficiency
- It **inefficiently** handles memory accesses

Key Insight: These shortcomings arise from the monolithic design of the Edge TPU accelerator

- The Edge TPU accelerator design does not account for **layer heterogeneity**

Key Mechanism: A new framework called Mensa

- Mensa consists of heterogeneous accelerators whose dataflow and hardware are specialized for specific families of layers

Key Results: We design a version of Mensa for Google edge ML models

- Mensa improves performance and energy by **3.0X** and **3.1X**
- Mensa reduces cost and improves area efficiency

Google Edge Neural Network Models

We analyze inference execution using 24 edge NN models

Speech Recognition

6 RNN Transducers

Google Edge TPU

2 LSTMs

Language Translation

Face Detection

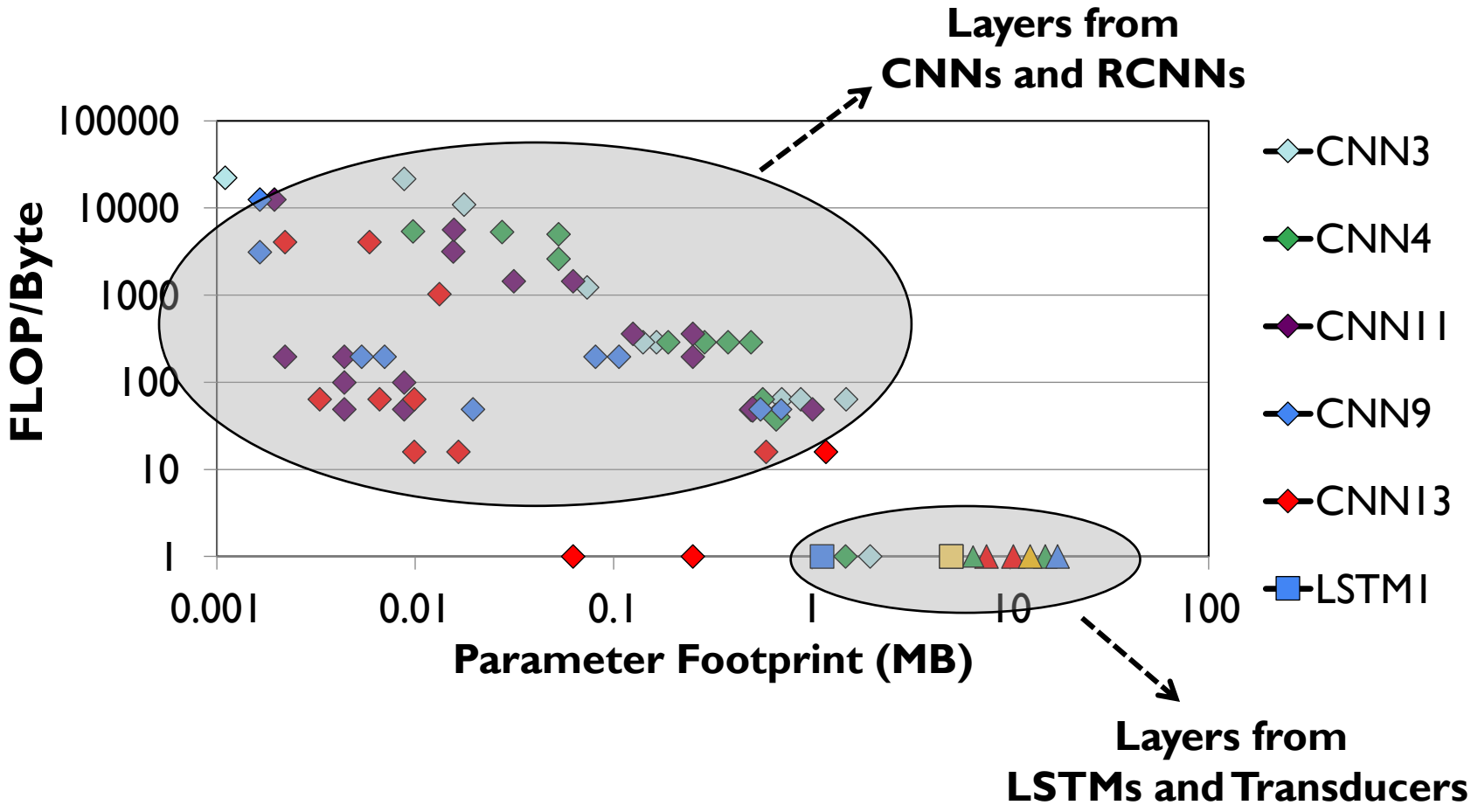
13 CNN

3 RCNN

Image Captioning

Diversity Across the Models

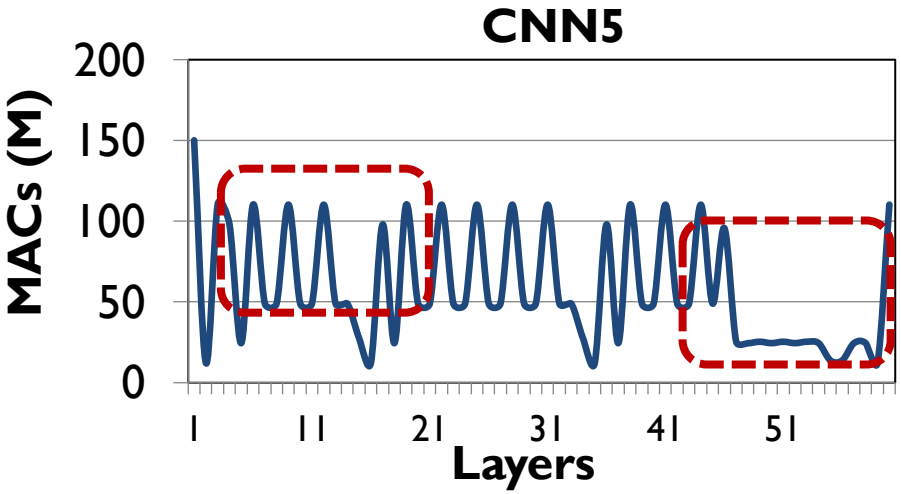
Insight 1: there is significant variation in terms of layer characteristics across the models

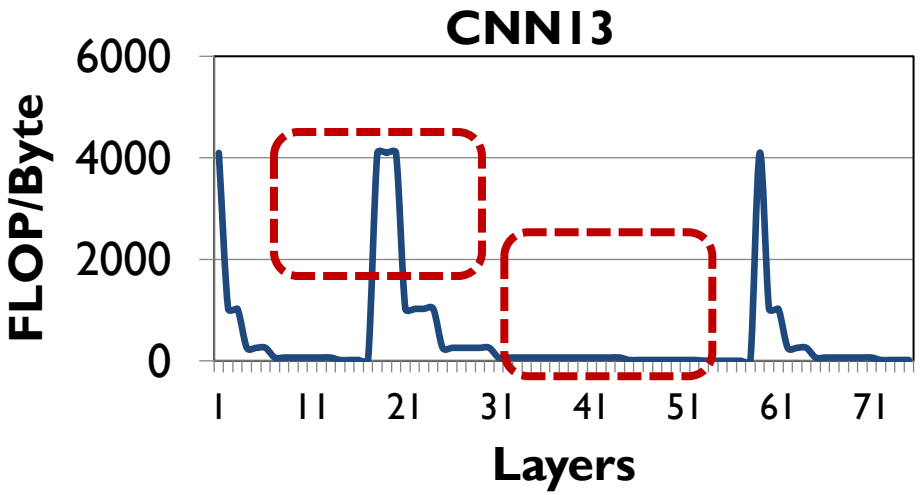


Diversity Within the Models

Insight 2: even within each model, layers exhibit significant variation in terms of layer characteristics

For example, our analysis of edge CNN models shows:



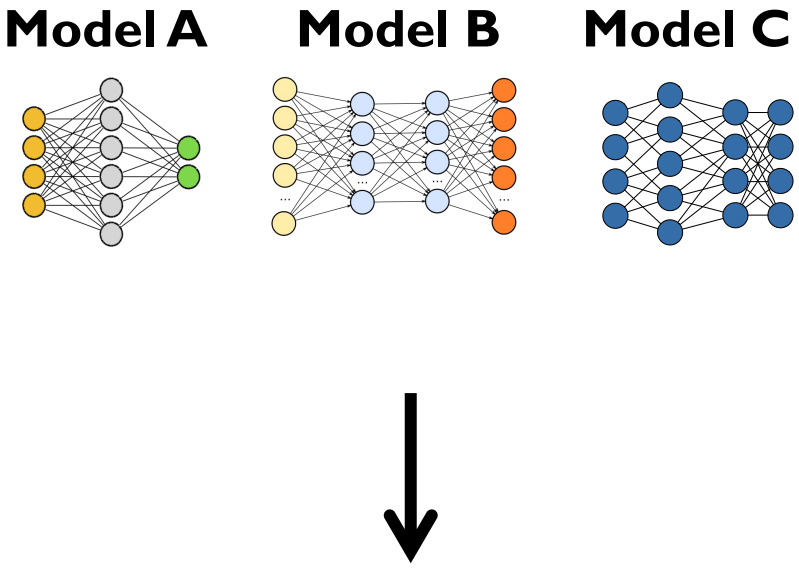


Variation in MAC intensity: up to 200x across layers

Variation in FLOP/Byte: up to 244x across layers

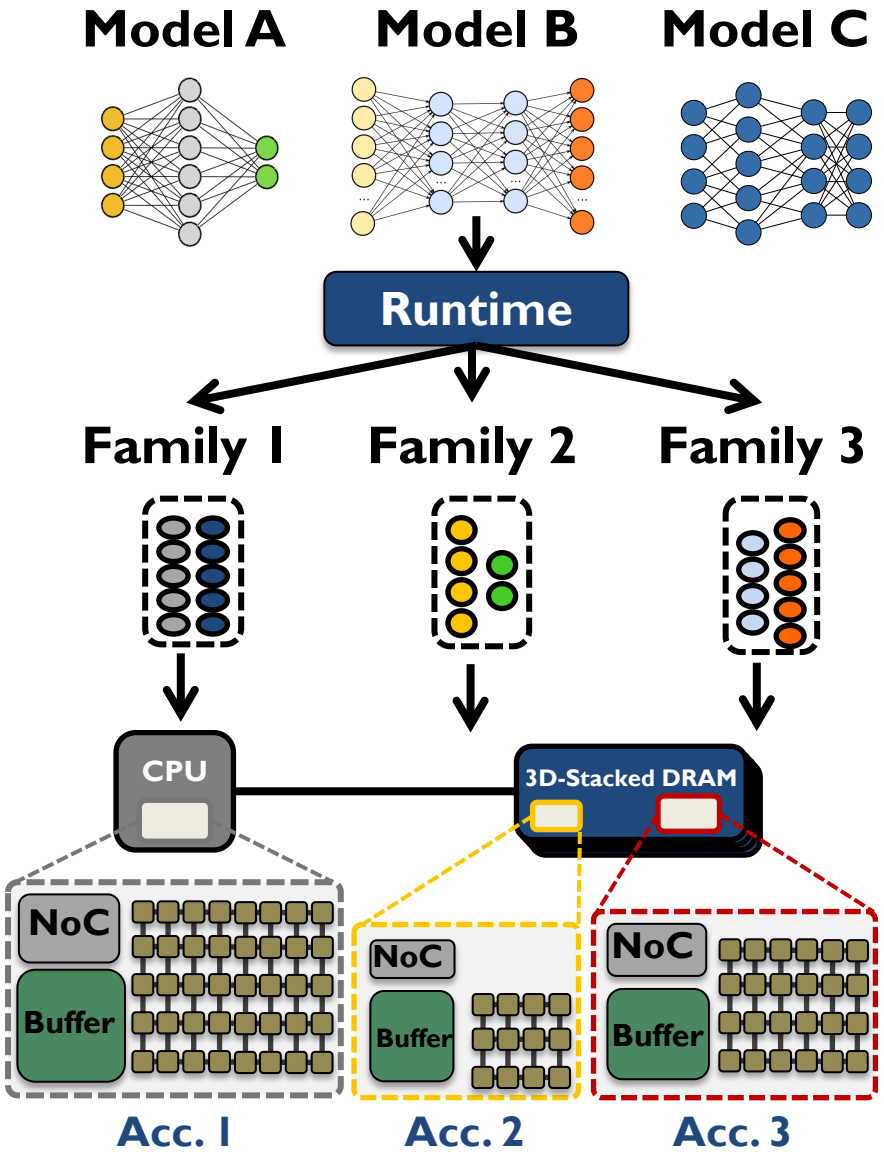
Mensa High-Level Overview

Edge TPU Accelerator



Monolithic Accelerator

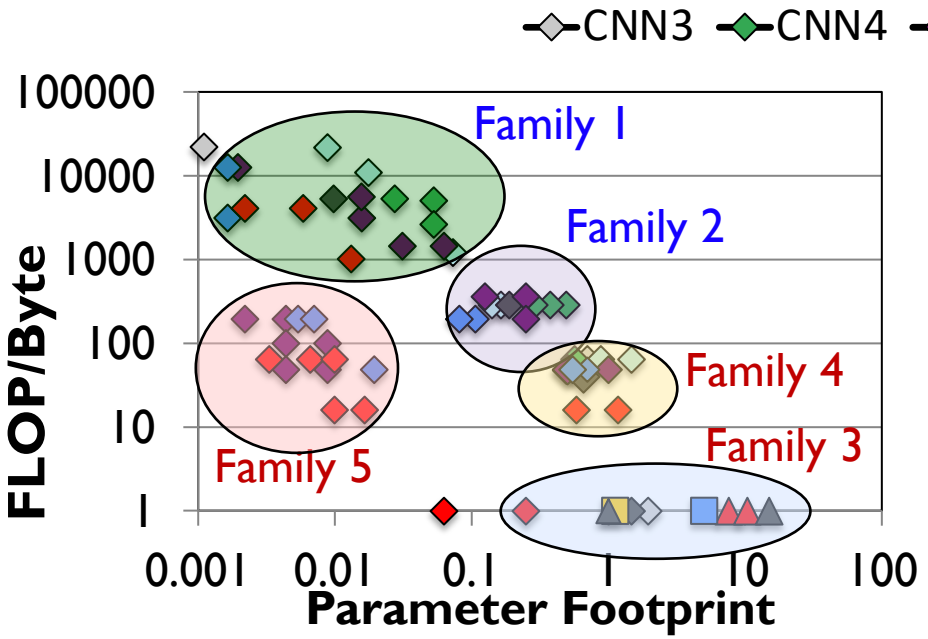
Mensa

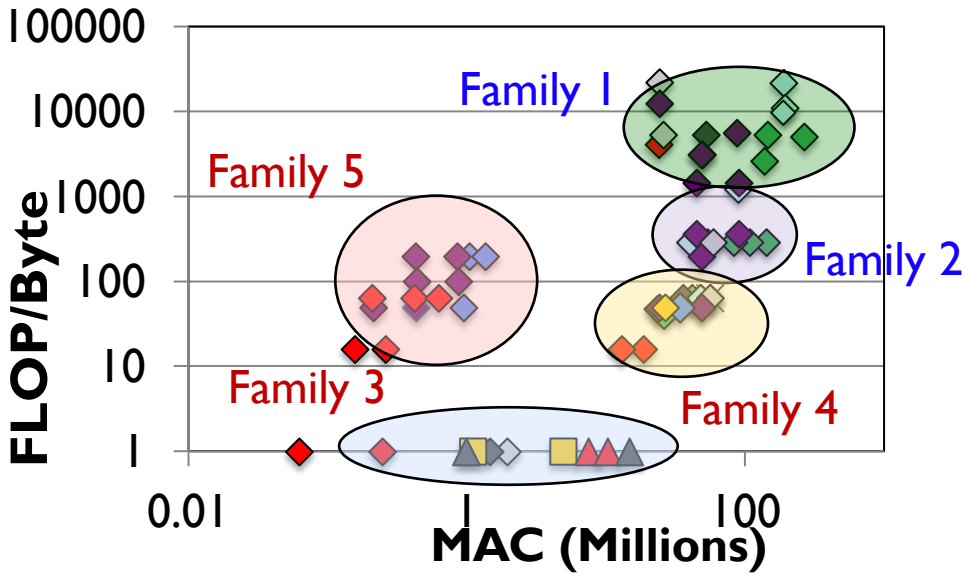


Heterogeneous Accelerators

Identifying Layer Families

Key observation: the majority of layers group into a small number of layer families

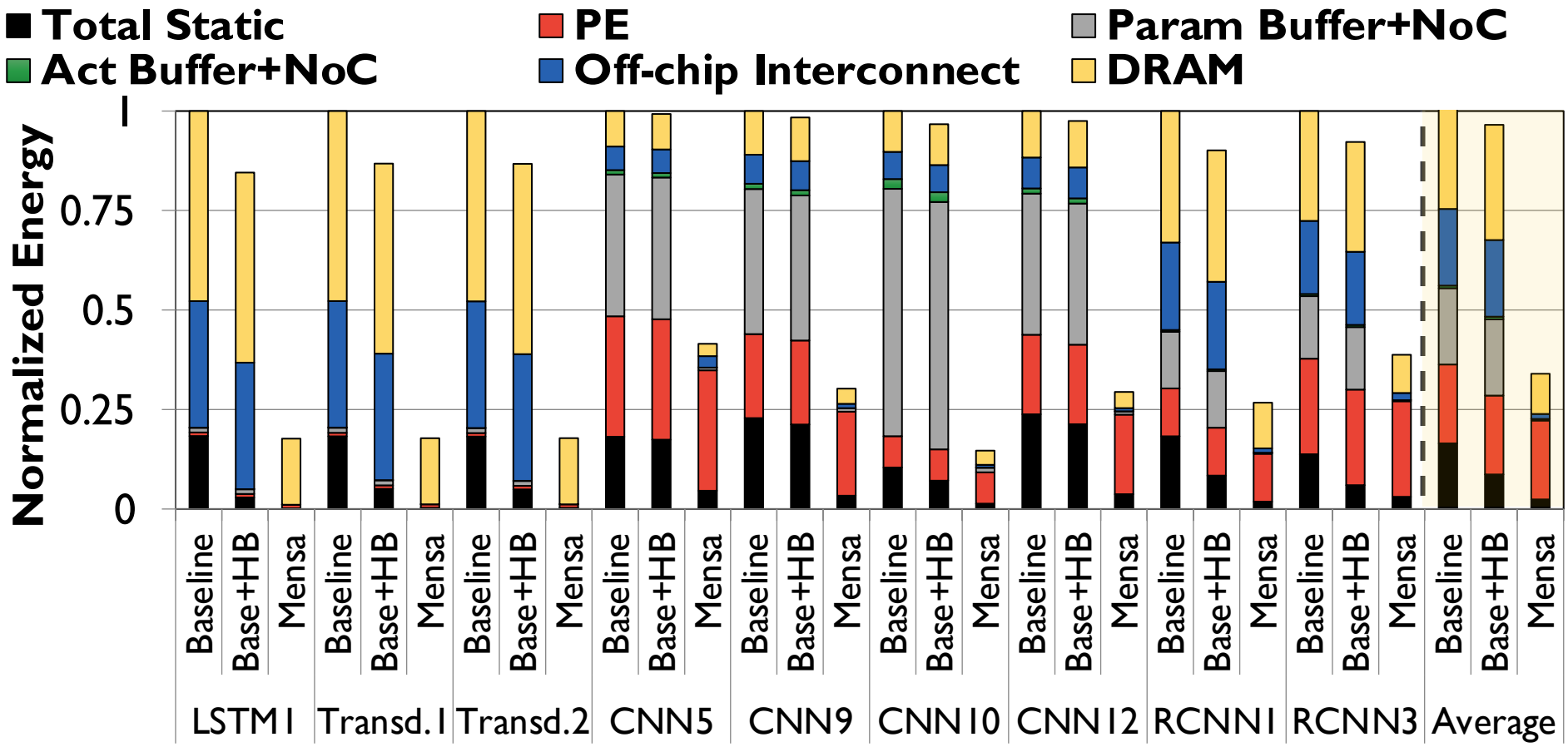




Families 1 & 2: low parameter footprint, high data reuse and MAC intensity
→ **compute-centric layers**

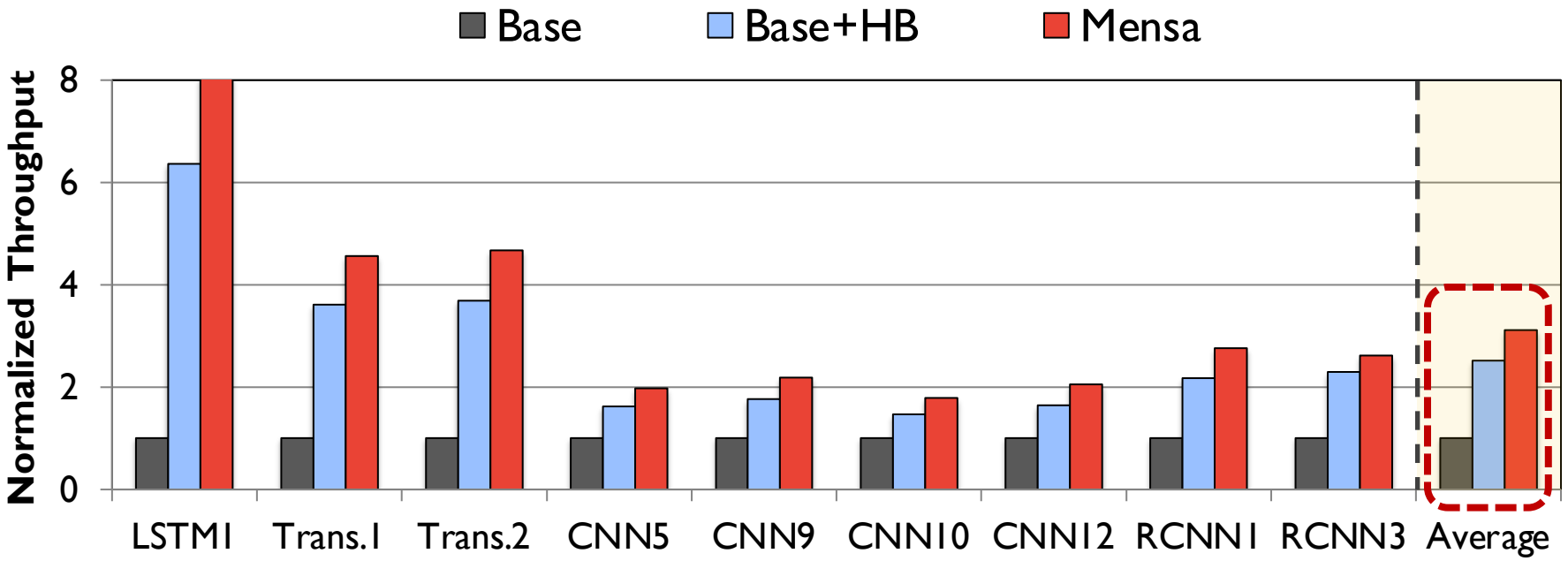
Families 3, 4 & 5: high parameter footprint, low data reuse and MAC intensity
→ **data-centric layers**

Mensa: Energy Reduction



Mensa-G reduces energy consumption by 3.0X compared to the baseline Edge TPU

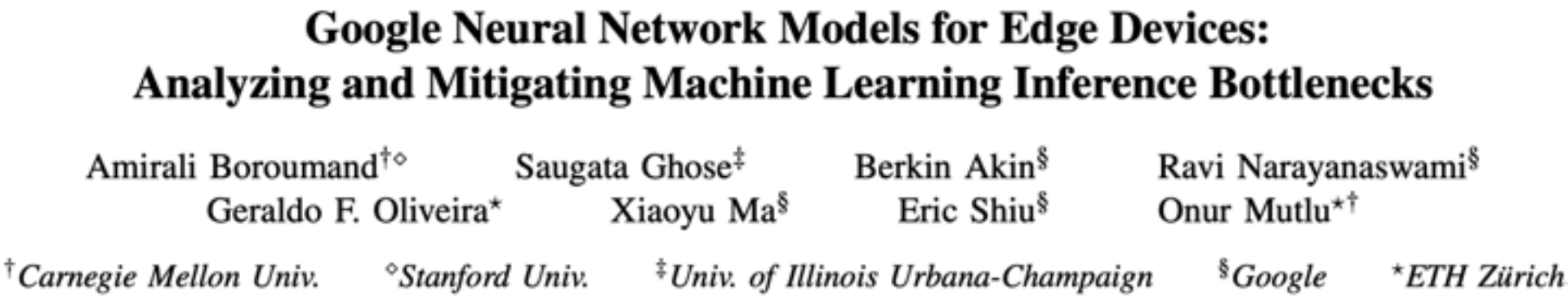
Mensa: Throughput Improvement



Mensa-G improves inference throughput by 3.1X compared to the baseline Edge TPU

Mensa: Highly-Efficient ML Inference

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Berkin Akin, Ravi Narayanaswami, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Xiaoyu Ma, Eric Shiu, and Onur Mutlu,
  "Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks"
  *Proceedings of the 30th International Conference on Parallel Architectures and Compilation Techniques (**PACT**)*, Virtual, September 2021.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (14 minutes)]



Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand[†◇] Saugata Ghose[‡] Berkin Akin[§] Ravi Narayanaswami[§]
Geraldo F. Oliveira[⋆] Xiaoyu Ma[§] Eric Shiu[§] Onur Mutlu[⋆†]

[†]*Carnegie Mellon Univ.* [◇]*Stanford Univ.* [‡]*Univ. of Illinois Urbana-Champaign* [§]*Google* [⋆]*ETH Zürich*

FPGA-based Processing Near Memory

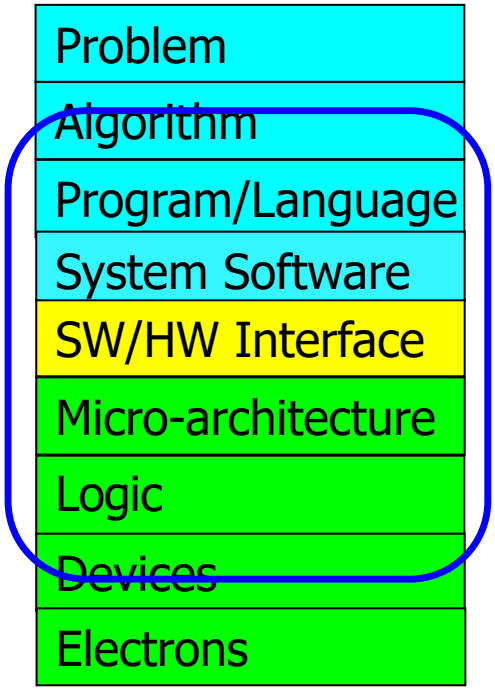
- Gagandeep Singh, Mohammed Alser, Damla Senol Cali, Dionysios Diamantopoulos, Juan Gómez-Luna, Henk Corporaal, and Onur Mutlu, **"FPGA-based Near-Memory Acceleration of Modern Data-Intensive Applications"**
  IEEE Micro (***IEEE MICRO***), 2021.

FPGA-based Near-Memory Acceleration of Modern Data-Intensive Applications

Gagandeep Singh[◇] Mohammed Alser[◇] Damla Senol Cali[⋈]
Dionysios Diamantopoulos[▽] Juan Gómez-Luna[◇]
Henk Corporaal[⋆] Onur Mutlu[◇⋈]

[◇]ETH Zürich [⋈]Carnegie Mellon University
[⋆]Eindhoven University of Technology [▽]IBM Research Europe

We Need to Revisit the Entire Stack



We can get there step by step

PIM Review and Open Problems

A Modern Primer on Processing in Memory

Onur Mutlu[a,b], Saugata Ghose[b,c], Juan Gómez-Luna[a], Rachata Ausavarungnirun[d]

SAFARI Research Group

[a] *ETH Zürich*
[b] *Carnegie Mellon University*
[c] *University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign*
[d] *King Mongkut's University of Technology North Bangkok*

Onur Mutlu, Saugata Ghose, Juan Gomez-Luna, and Rachata Ausavarungnirun,
"A Modern Primer on Processing in Memory"
Invited Book Chapter in ***Emerging Computing: From Devices to Systems - Looking Beyond Moore and Von Neumann***, Springer, to be published in 2021.

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2012.03112.pdf

PIM Review and Open Problems (II)

A Workload and Programming Ease Driven Perspective of Processing-in-Memory

Saugata Ghose[†] Amirali Boroumand[†] Jeremie S. Kim[†§] Juan Gómez-Luna[§] Onur Mutlu[§†]

[†]*Carnegie Mellon University* [§]*ETH Zürich*

Saugata Ghose, Amirali Boroumand, Jeremie S. Kim, Juan Gomez-Luna, and Onur Mutlu,
"Processing-in-Memory: A Workload-Driven Perspective"
Invited Article in IBM Journal of Research & Development, Special Issue on Hardware for Artificial Intelligence, to appear in November 2019.
[Preliminary arXiv version]

https://arxiv.org/pdf/1907.12947.pdf

Processing in Memory: Adoption Challenges

1. Processing using Memory
2. Processing near Memory

Eliminating the Adoption Barriers

How to Enable Adoption of Processing in Memory

Potential Barriers to Adoption of PIM

1. **Applications** & **software** for PIM

2. Ease of **programming** (interfaces and compiler/HW support)

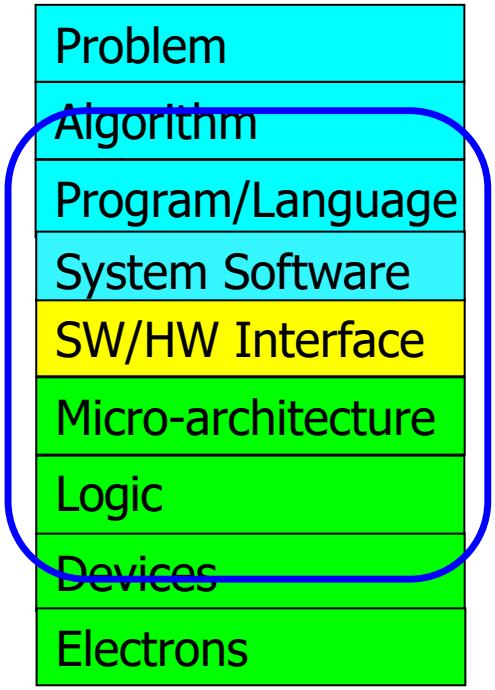
3. **System** and **security** support: coherence, synchronization, virtual memory, isolation, communication interfaces, …

4. **Runtime** and **compilation** systems for adaptive scheduling, data mapping, access/sharing control, …

5. **Infrastructures** to assess benefits and feasibility

All can be solved with change of mindset

We Need to Revisit the Entire Stack



We can get there step by step

Adoption: How to Keep It **Simple**?

- Junwhan Ahn, Sungjoo Yoo, Onur Mutlu, and Kiyoung Choi, **"PIM-Enabled Instructions: A Low-Overhead, Locality-Aware Processing-in-Memory Architecture"** *Proceedings of the 42nd International Symposium on Computer Architecture (**ISCA**)*, Portland, OR, June 2015. [Slides (pdf)] [Lightning Session Slides (pdf)]

PIM-Enabled Instructions: A Low-Overhead, Locality-Aware Processing-in-Memory Architecture

Junwhan Ahn Sungjoo Yoo Onur Mutlu† Kiyoung Choi
junwhan@snu.ac.kr, sungjoo.yoo@gmail.com, onur@cmu.edu, kchoi@snu.ac.kr

Seoul National University †Carnegie Mellon University

Adoption: How to Maintain **Coherence**? (I)

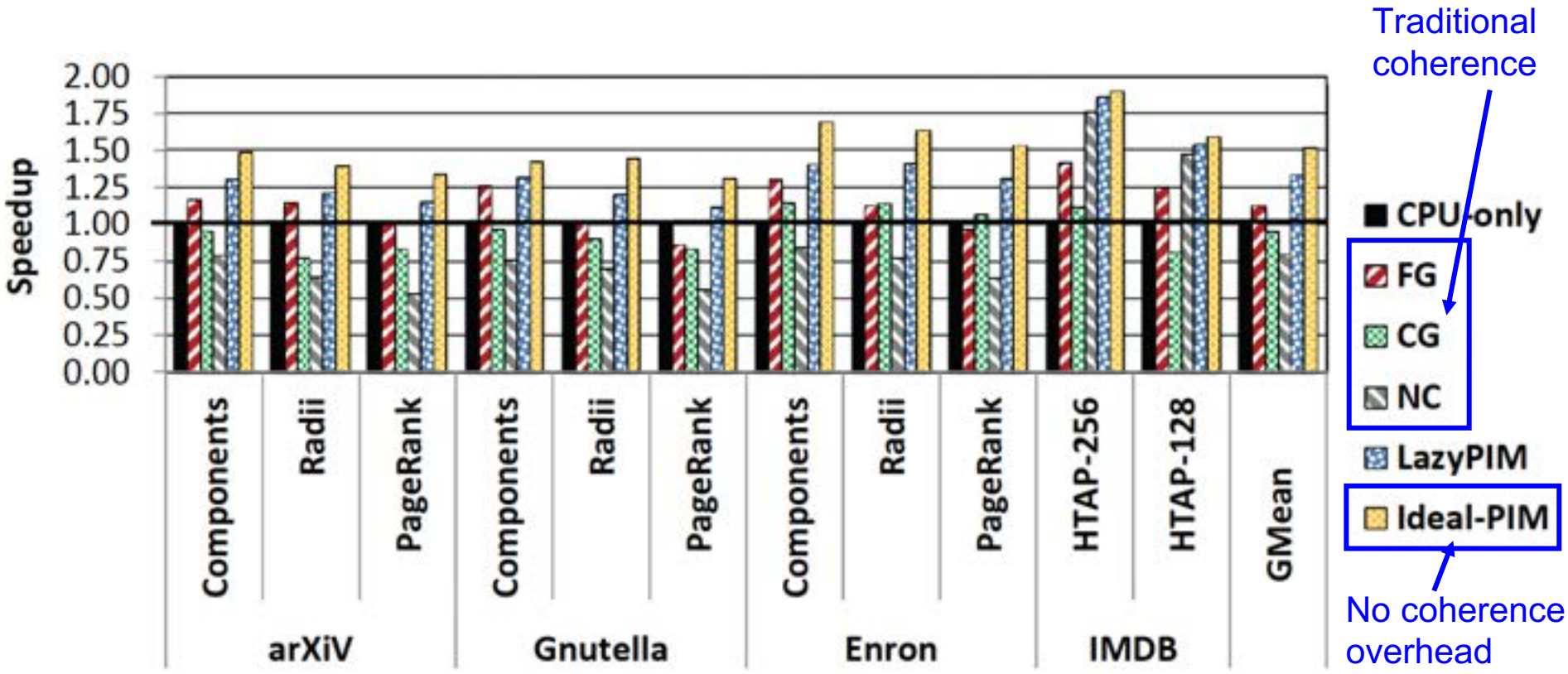
- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Minesh Patel, Hasan Hassan, Brandon Lucia, Kevin Hsieh, Krishna T. Malladi, Hongzhong Zheng, and Onur Mutlu,
  "LazyPIM: An Efficient Cache Coherence Mechanism for Processing-in-Memory"
  IEEE Computer Architecture Letters (***CAL***), June 2016.

LazyPIM: An Efficient Cache Coherence Mechanism for Processing-in-Memory

Amirali Boroumand[†], Saugata Ghose[†], Minesh Patel[†], Hasan Hassan[†§], Brandon Lucia[†], Kevin Hsieh[†], Krishna T. Malladi[*], Hongzhong Zheng[*], and Onur Mutlu[‡†]

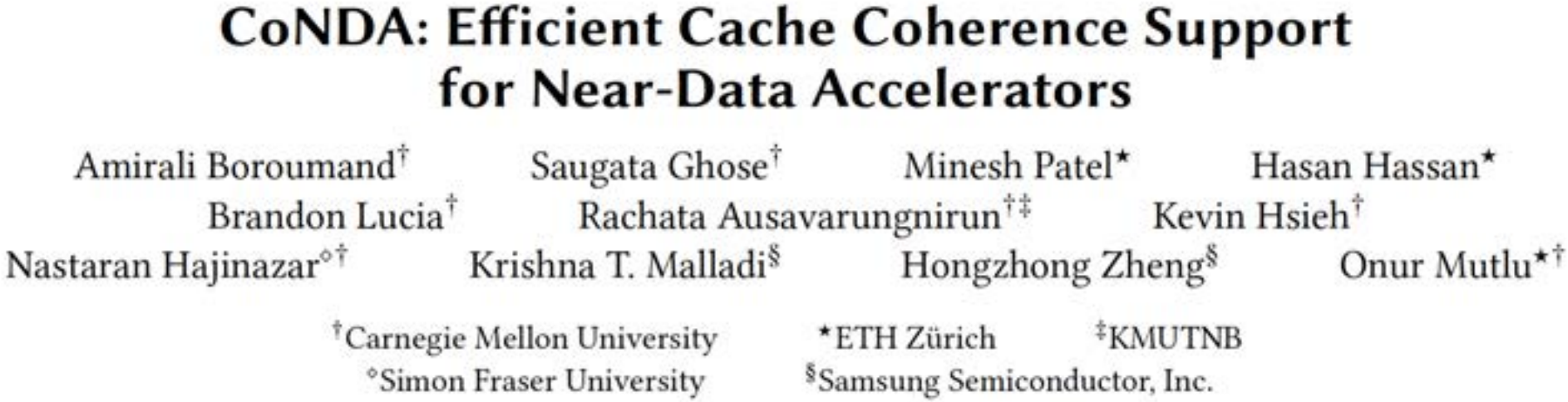
[†]*Carnegie Mellon University* [*]*Samsung Semiconductor, Inc.* [§]*TOBB ETÜ* [‡]*ETH Zürich*

Challenge: Coherence for Hybrid CPU-PIM Apps



Adoption: How to Maintain **Coherence**? (II)

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Minesh Patel, Hasan Hassan, Brandon Lucia, Kevin Hsieh, Krishna T. Malladi, Hongzhong Zheng, and Onur Mutlu,
  "CoNDA: Efficient Cache Coherence Support for Near-Data Accelerators"
  *Proceedings of the 46th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (**ISCA**)*, Phoenix, AZ, USA, June 2019.



CoNDA: Efficient Cache Coherence Support for Near-Data Accelerators

Amirali Boroumand[†] Saugata Ghose[†] Minesh Patel[⋆] Hasan Hassan[⋆]
Brandon Lucia[†] Rachata Ausavarungnirun[†‡] Kevin Hsieh[†]
Nastaran Hajinazar[◇†] Krishna T. Malladi[§] Hongzhong Zheng[§] Onur Mutlu[⋆†]

[†]Carnegie Mellon University [⋆]ETH Zürich [‡]KMUTNB
[◇]Simon Fraser University [§]Samsung Semiconductor, Inc.

Adoption: How to Support **Synchronization**?

- Christina Giannoula, Nandita Vijaykumar, Nikela Papadopoulou, Vasileios Karakostas, Ivan Fernandez, Juan Gómez-Luna, Lois Orosa, Nectarios Koziris, Georgios Goumas, Onur Mutlu, **"SynCron: Efficient Synchronization Support for Near-Data-Processing Architectures"**
  *Proceedings of the 27th International Symposium on High-Performance Computer Architecture (**HPCA**)*, Virtual, February-March 2021.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Short Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (21 minutes)]
  [Short Talk Video (7 minutes)]

SynCron: Efficient Synchronization Support for Near-Data-Processing Architectures

Christina Giannoula[†‡] Nandita Vijaykumar[*‡] Nikela Papadopoulou[†] Vasileios Karakostas[†] Ivan Fernandez[§‡]
Juan Gómez-Luna[‡] Lois Orosa[‡] Nectarios Koziris[†] Georgios Goumas[†] Onur Mutlu[‡]
[†]*National Technical University of Athens* [‡]*ETH Zürich* [*]*University of Toronto* [§]*University of Malaga*

Adoption: How to Support **Virtual Memory**?

- Kevin Hsieh, Samira Khan, Nandita Vijaykumar, Kevin K. Chang, Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, and Onur Mutlu,
  "Accelerating Pointer Chasing in 3D-Stacked Memory: Challenges, Mechanisms, Evaluation"
  *Proceedings of the 34th IEEE International Conference on Computer Design (**ICCD**)*, Phoenix, AZ, USA, October 2016.

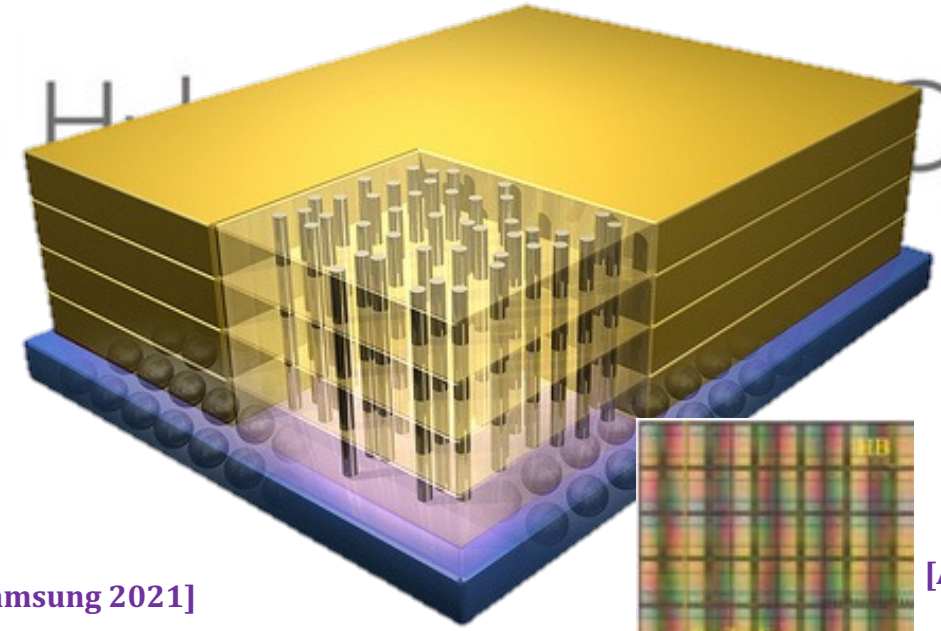
Accelerating Pointer Chasing in 3D-Stacked Memory: Challenges, Mechanisms, Evaluation

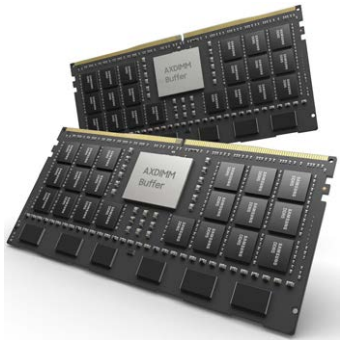
Kevin Hsieh[†] Samira Khan[‡] Nandita Vijaykumar[†]
Kevin K. Chang[†] Amirali Boroumand[†] Saugata Ghose[†] Onur Mutlu[§†]
[†]*Carnegie Mellon University* [‡]*University of Virginia* [§]*ETH Zürich*

Eliminating the Adoption Barriers

Processing-in-Memory in the Real World

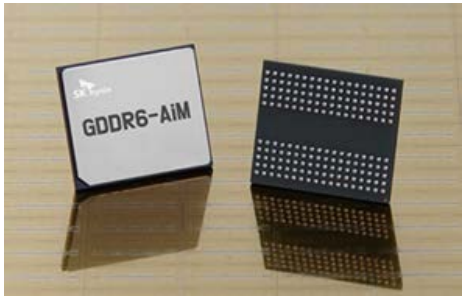
Processing-in-Memory Landscape Today





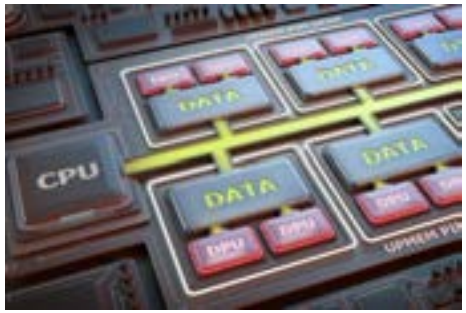
[Samsung 2021]

[Alibaba 2022]



[SK Hynix 2022]

[Samsung 2021]

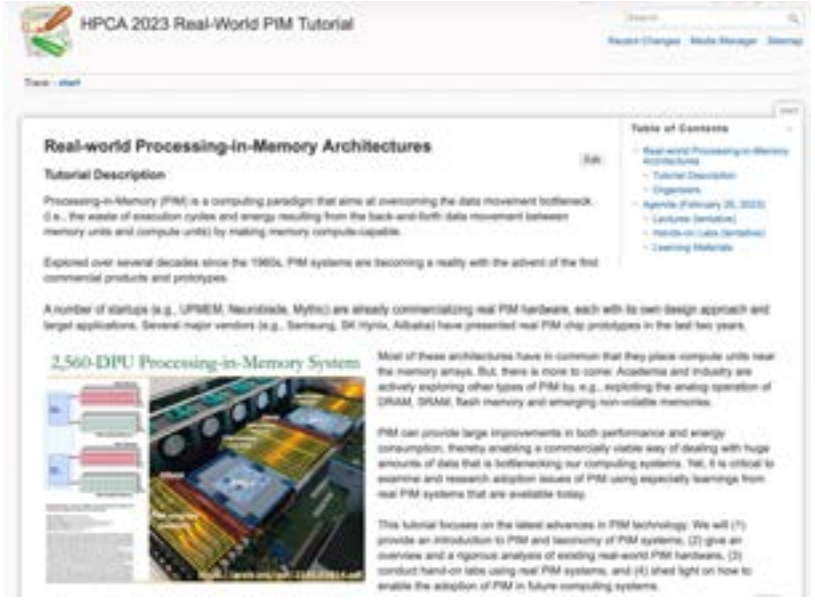


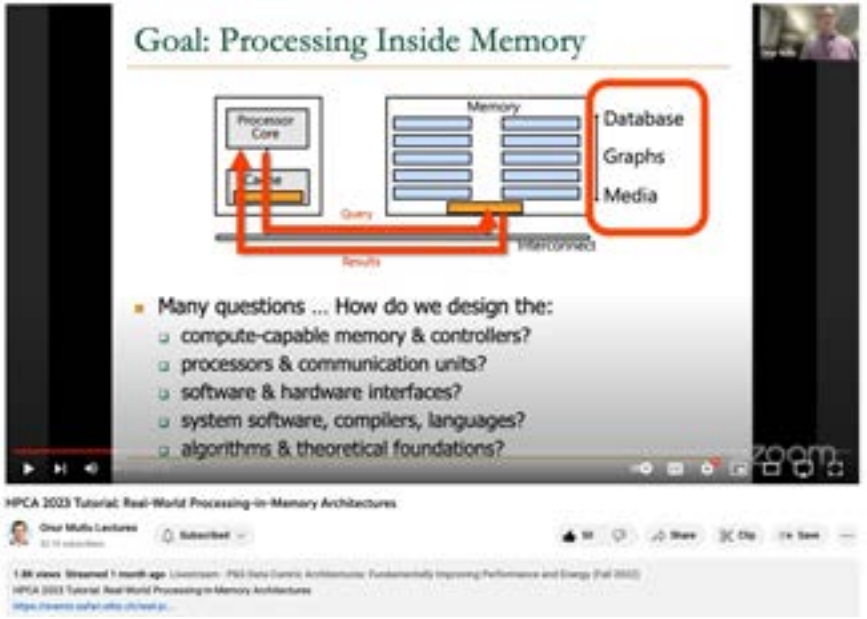
[UPMEM 2019]

This does not include many experimental chips and startups

Real PIM Tutorial (HPCA 2023)

- February 26: Lectures + Hands-on labs + Invited Talks





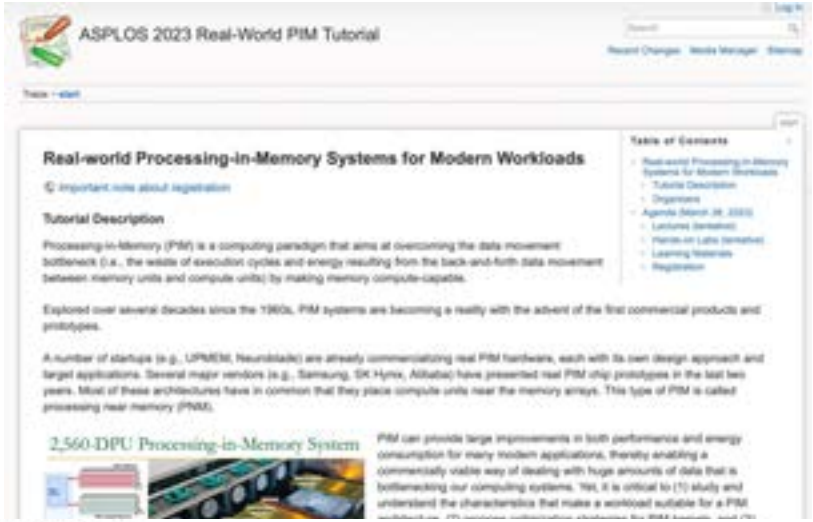
Time	Speaker	Title	Materials
8:00am-8:40am	Prof. Onur Mutlu	Memory-Centric Computing	(PDF) (PPT)
8:40am-10:00am	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	Processing-Near-Memory: Real PNM Architectures Programming General-purpose PIM	(PDF) (PPT)
10:20am-11:00am	Dr. Dimin Niu	A 3D Logic-to-DRAM Hybrid Bonding Process-Near-Memory Chip for Recommendation System	
11:00am-11:40am	Dr. Christina Giannoula	SparseP: Towards Efficient Sparse Matrix Vector Multiplication on Real Processing-In-Memory Architectures	(PDF) (PPT)
1:30pm-2:10pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	Processing-Using-Memory: Exploiting the Analog Operational Properties of Memory Components	(PDF) (PPT)
2:10pm-2:50pm	Dr. Manuel Le Gallo	Deep Learning Inference Using Computational Phase-Change Memory	
2:50pm-3:30pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	PIM Adoption Issues: How to Enable PIM Adoption?	(PDF) (PPT)
3:40pm-5:40pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	Hands-on Lab: Programming and Understanding a Real Processing-in-Memory Architecture	(Handout) (PDF) (PPT)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f5-nT1tbz5w

https://events.safari.ethz.ch/real-pim-tutorial/

Real PIM Tutorial (ASPLOS 2023)

- March 26: Lectures + Hands-on labs + Invited talks



Tutorial Materials

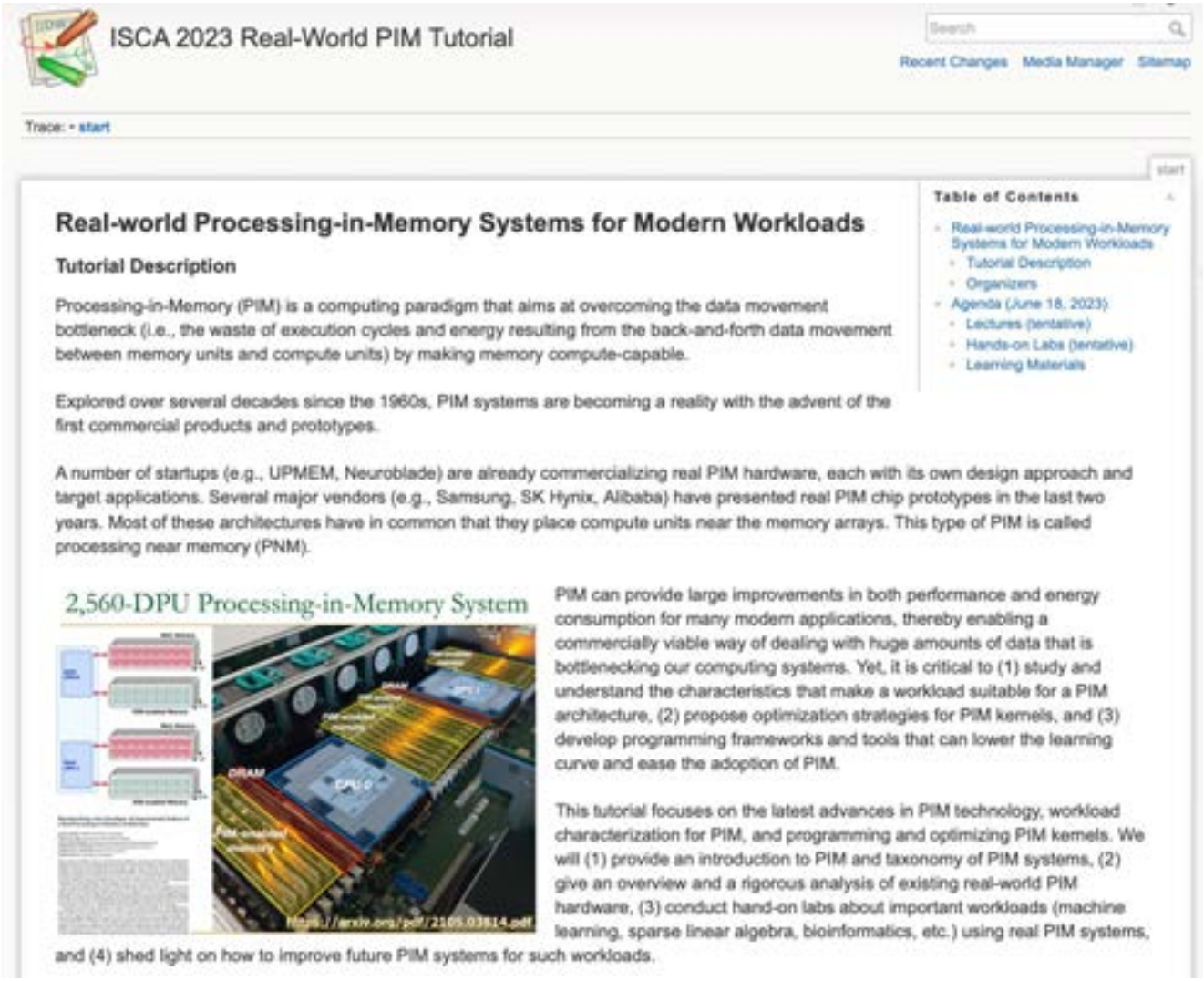
Time	Speaker	Title	Materials
9:00am-10:20am	Prof. Onur Mutlu	Memory-Centric Computing	(PDF) (PPT)
10:40am-12:00pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	Processing-Near-Memory: Real PNM Architectures Programming General-purpose PIM	(PDF) (PPT)
1:40pm-2:20pm	Prof. Alexandra (Sasha) Fedorova (UBC)	Processing in Memory in the Wild	(PDF) (PPT)
2:20pm-3:20pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna & Ataberk Olgun	Processing-Using-Memory: Exploiting the Analog Operational Properties of Memory Components	(PDF) (PPT) (PDF) (PPT)
3:40pm-4:10pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	Adoption issues: How to enable PIM? Accelerating Modern Workloads on a General-purpose PIM System	(PDF) (PPT) (PDF) (PPT)
4:10pm-4:50pm	Dr. Yongkee Kwon & Eddy (Changwook) Park (SK Hynix)	System Architecture and Software Stack for GDDR6-AiM	(PDF) (PPT)
4:50pm-5:00pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	Hands-on Lab: Programming and Understanding a Real Processing-in-Memory Architecture	(Handout) (PDF) (PPT)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oYCaLcT0Kmo

https://events.safari.ethz.ch/asplos-pim-tutorial/

Upcoming Real PIM Tutorial (ISCA 2023)

- June 18: Lectures + Hands-on labs + Invited talks



ISCA 2023 Real-World PIM Tutorial

Search

Recent Changes Media Manager Sitemap

Trace: • start

start

Real-world Processing-in-Memory Systems for Modern Workloads

Table of Contents

- Real-world Processing-in-Memory Systems for Modern Workloads
  - Tutorial Description
  - Organizers
- Agenda (June 18, 2023)
  - Lectures (tentative)
  - Hands-on Labs (tentative)
  - Learning Materials

Tutorial Description

Processing-in-Memory (PIM) is a computing paradigm that aims at overcoming the data movement bottleneck (i.e., the waste of execution cycles and energy resulting from the back-and-forth data movement between memory units and compute units) by making memory compute-capable.

Explored over several decades since the 1960s, PIM systems are becoming a reality with the advent of the first commercial products and prototypes.

A number of startups (e.g., UPMEM, Neuroblade) are already commercializing real PIM hardware, each with its own design approach and target applications. Several major vendors (e.g., Samsung, SK Hynix, Alibaba) have presented real PIM chip prototypes in the last two years. Most of these architectures have in common that they place compute units near the memory arrays. This type of PIM is called processing near memory (PNM).

PIM can provide large improvements in both performance and energy consumption for many modern applications, thereby enabling a commercially viable way of dealing with huge amounts of data that is bottlenecking our computing systems. Yet, it is critical to (1) study and understand the characteristics that make a workload suitable for a PIM architecture, (2) propose optimization strategies for PIM kernels, and (3) develop programming frameworks and tools that can lower the learning curve and ease the adoption of PIM.

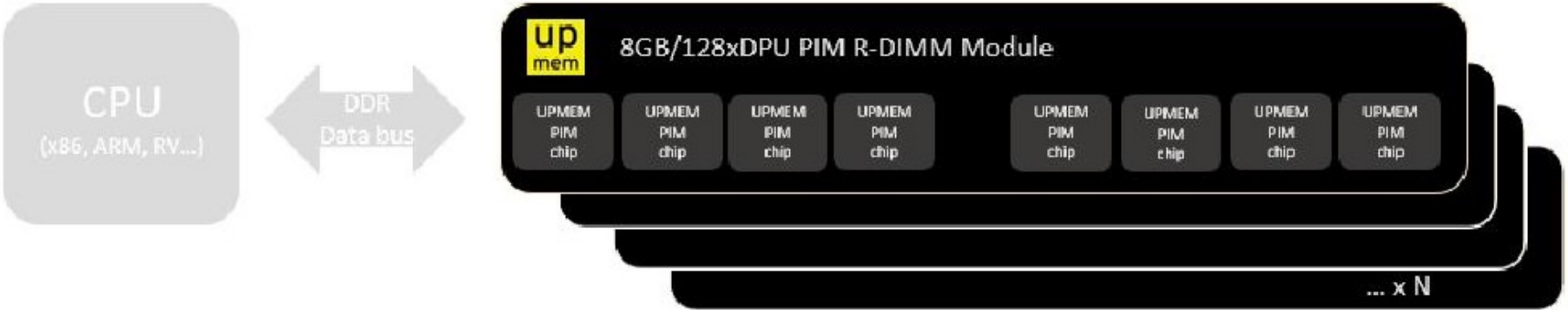
This tutorial focuses on the latest advances in PIM technology, workload characterization for PIM, and programming and optimizing PIM kernels. We will (1) provide an introduction to PIM and taxonomy of PIM systems, (2) give an overview and a rigorous analysis of existing real-world PIM hardware, (3) conduct hand-on labs about important workloads (machine learning, sparse linear algebra, bioinformatics, etc.) using real PIM systems, and (4) shed light on how to improve future PIM systems for such workloads.

https://events.safari.ethz.ch/isca-pim-tutorial/

UPMEM Processing-in-DRAM Engine (2019)

- Processing in DRAM Engine
- Includes **standard DIMM modules**, with a **large number of DPU processors** combined with DRAM chips.

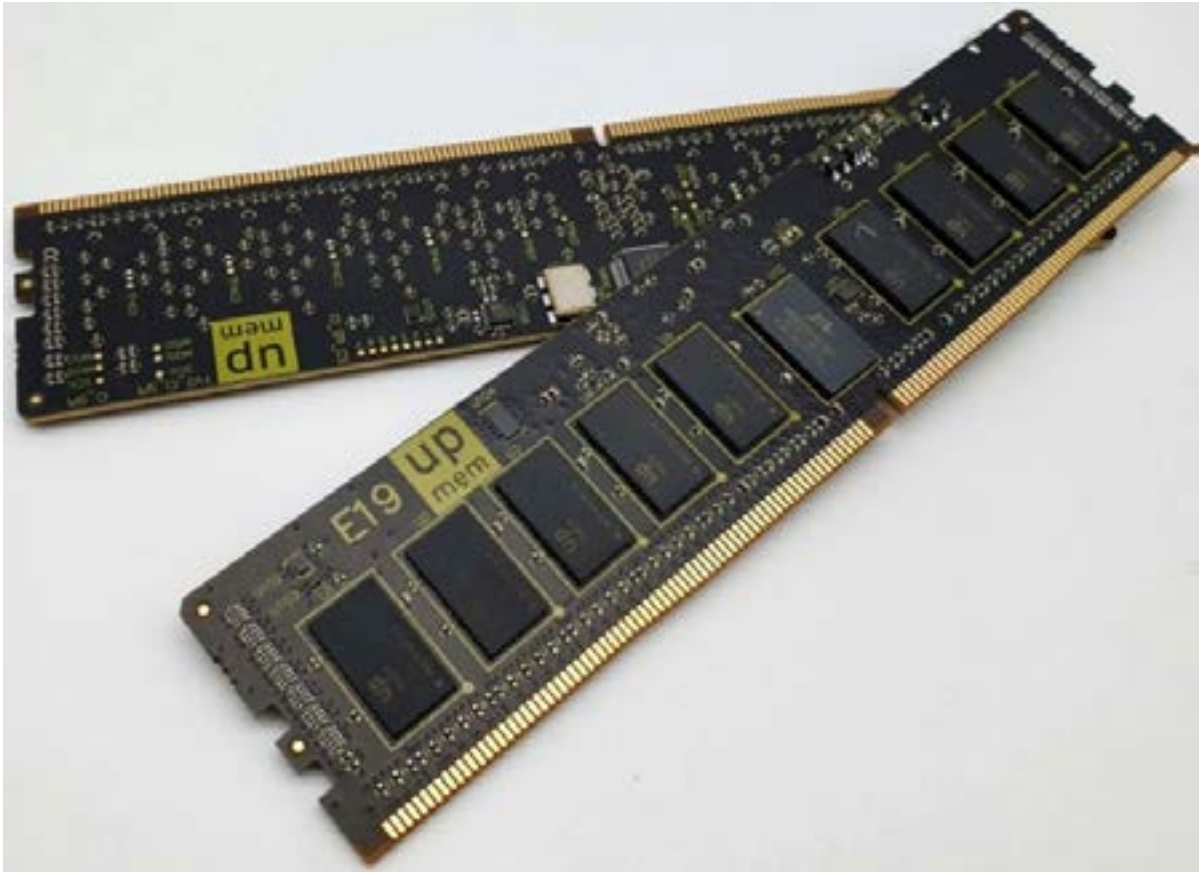
- Replaces **standard** DIMMs
  - DDR4 R-DIMM modules
    - 8GB+128 DPUs (16 PIM chips)
    - Standard 2x-nm DRAM process
  - **Large amounts of** compute & memory bandwidth



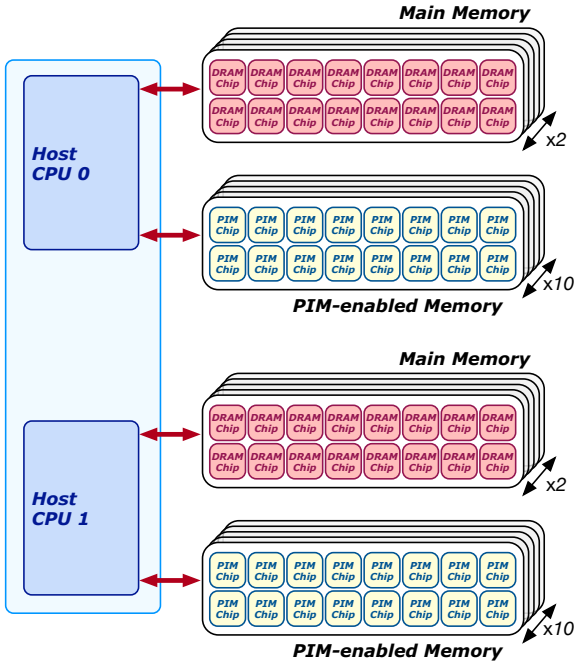
https://www.anandtech.com/show/14750/hot-chips-31-analysis-inmemory-processing-by-upmem
https://www.upmem.com/video-upmem-presenting-its-true-processing-in-memory-solution-hot-chips-2019/

UPMEM Memory Modules

- E19: 8 chips DIMM (1 rank). DPUs @ 267 MHz
- P21: 16 chips DIMM (2 ranks). DPUs @ 350 MHz

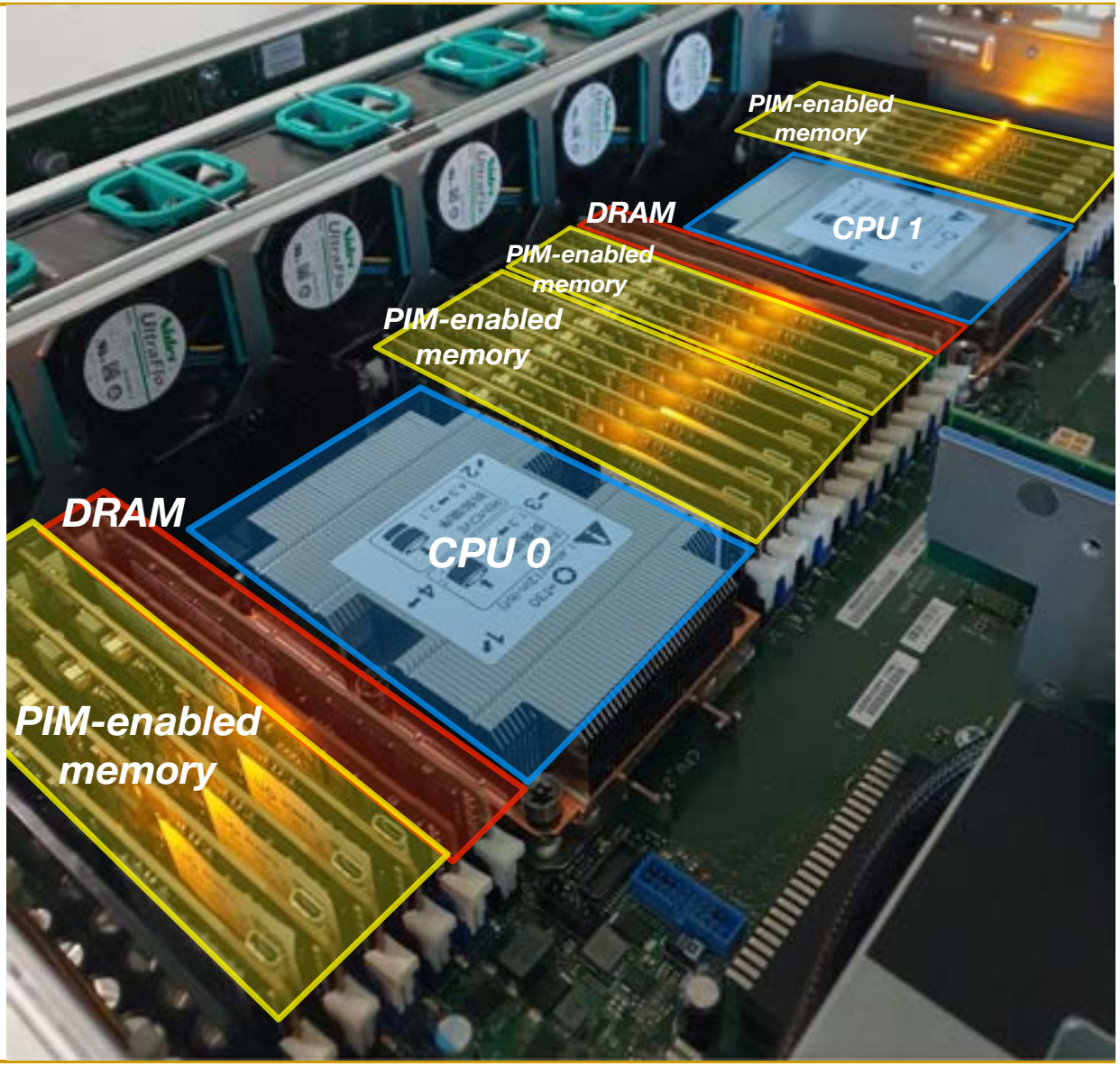


2,560-DPU Processing-in-Memory System



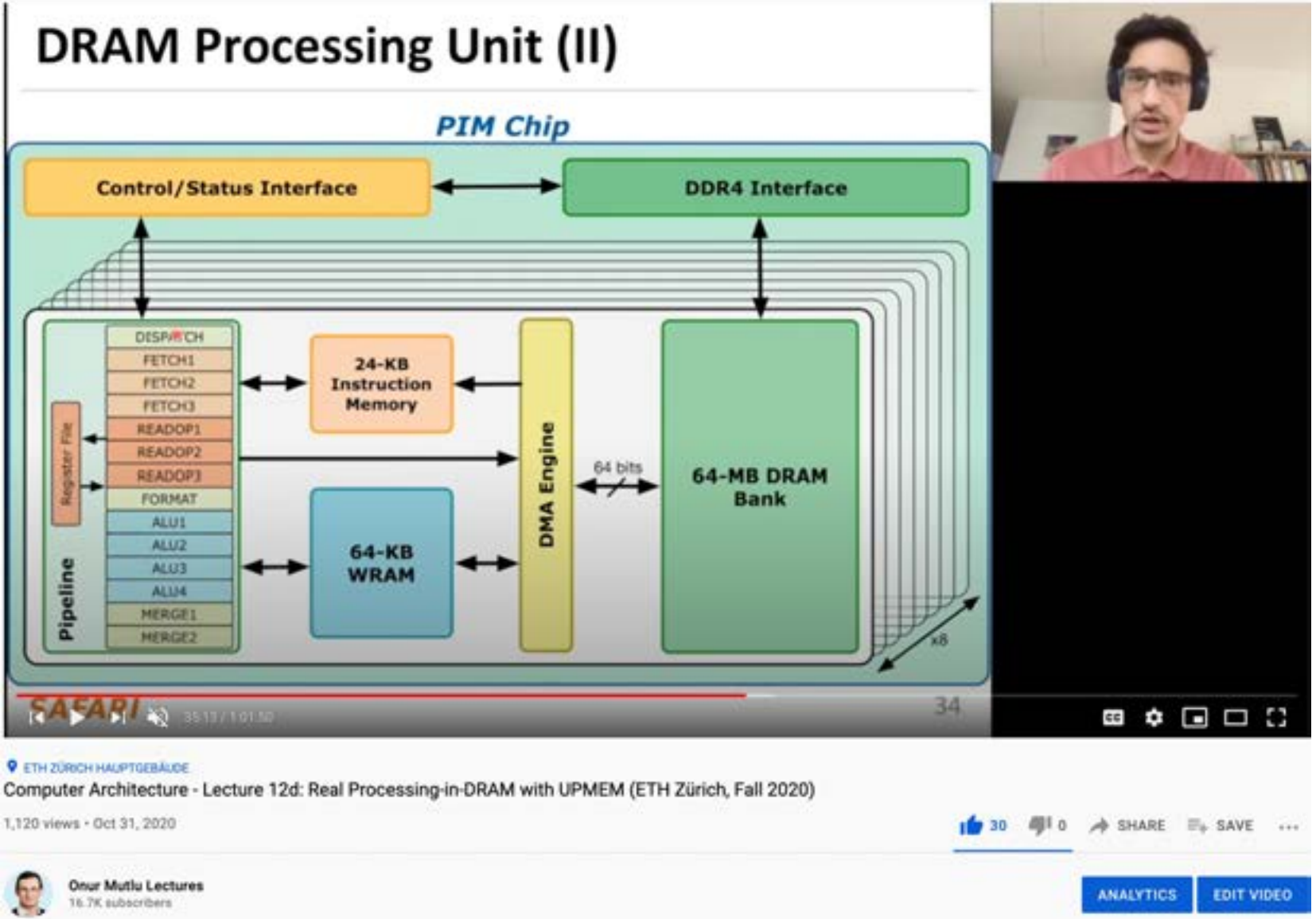
Benchmarking a New Paradigm: An Experimental Analysis of a Real Processing-in-Memory Architecture

JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland
IZZAT EL HAJ, American University of Beirut, Lebanon
IVAN FERNANDEZ, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and University of Málaga, Spain
CHRISTINA GIANNOULA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and NTUA, Greece
GERALDO F. OLIVEIRA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland
ONUR MUTLU, ETH Zürich, Switzerland



https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03814.pdf

More on the UPMEM PIM System



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Sscy1Wrr22A&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi9xidyIgBxUz7xRPS-wisBN&index=26

Experimental Analysis of the UPMEM PIM Engine

Benchmarking a New Paradigm: An Experimental Analysis of a Real Processing-in-Memory Architecture

JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland
IZZAT EL HAJJ, American University of Beirut, Lebanon
IVAN FERNANDEZ, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and University of Malaga, Spain
CHRISTINA GIANNOULA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and NTUA, Greece
GERALDO F. OLIVEIRA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland
ONUR MUTLU, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

Many modern workloads, such as neural networks, databases, and graph processing, are fundamentally memory-bound. For such workloads, the data movement between main memory and CPU cores imposes a significant overhead in terms of both latency and energy. A major reason is that this communication happens through a narrow bus with high latency and limited bandwidth, and the low data reuse in memory-bound workloads is insufficient to amortize the cost of main memory access. Fundamentally addressing this *data movement bottleneck* requires a paradigm where the memory system assumes an active role in computing by integrating processing capabilities. This paradigm is known as *processing-in-memory* (*PIM*).

Recent research explores different forms of PIM architectures, motivated by the emergence of new 3D-stacked memory technologies that integrate memory with a logic layer where processing elements can be easily placed. Past works evaluate these architectures in simulation or, at best, with simplified hardware prototypes. In contrast, the UPMEM company has designed and manufactured the first publicly-available real-world PIM architecture. The UPMEM PIM architecture combines traditional DRAM memory arrays with general-purpose in-order cores, called *DRAM Processing Units* (*DPUs*), integrated in the same chip.

This paper provides the first comprehensive analysis of the first publicly-available real-world PIM architecture. We make two key contributions. First, we conduct an experimental characterization of the UPMEM-based PIM system using microbenchmarks to assess various architecture limits such as compute throughput and memory bandwidth, yielding new insights. Second, we present *PrIM* (*Processing-In-Memory benchmarks*), a benchmark suite of 16 workloads from different application domains (e.g., dense/sparse linear algebra, databases, data analytics, graph processing, neural networks, bioinformatics, image processing), which we identify as memory-bound. We evaluate the performance and scaling characteristics of PrIM benchmarks on the UPMEM PIM architecture, and compare their performance and energy consumption to their state-of-the-art CPU and GPU counterparts. Our extensive evaluation conducted on two real UPMEM-based PIM systems with 640 and 2,556 DPUs provides new insights about suitability of different workloads to the PIM system, programming recommendations for software designers, and suggestions and hints for hardware and architecture designers of future PIM systems.

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03814.pdf

Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Architecture:

Benchmarking and Experimental Characterization

Juan Gómez Luna, Izzat El Hajj,
Ivan Fernandez, Christina Giannoula,
Geraldo F. Oliveira, Onur Mutlu

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03814.pdf
https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/prim-benchmarks

ETH Zürich
SAFARI

Recent SRC TECHCON Presentation

- Dr. Juan Gomez-Luna
  - Benchmarking Memory-Centric Computing Systems: Analysis of Real Processing-in-Memory Hardware
  - Based on two major works
    - https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03814.pdf
    - https://arxiv.org/pdf/2207.07886.pdf

Benchmarking Memory-Centric Computing Systems: Analysis of Real Processing-In-Memory Hardware

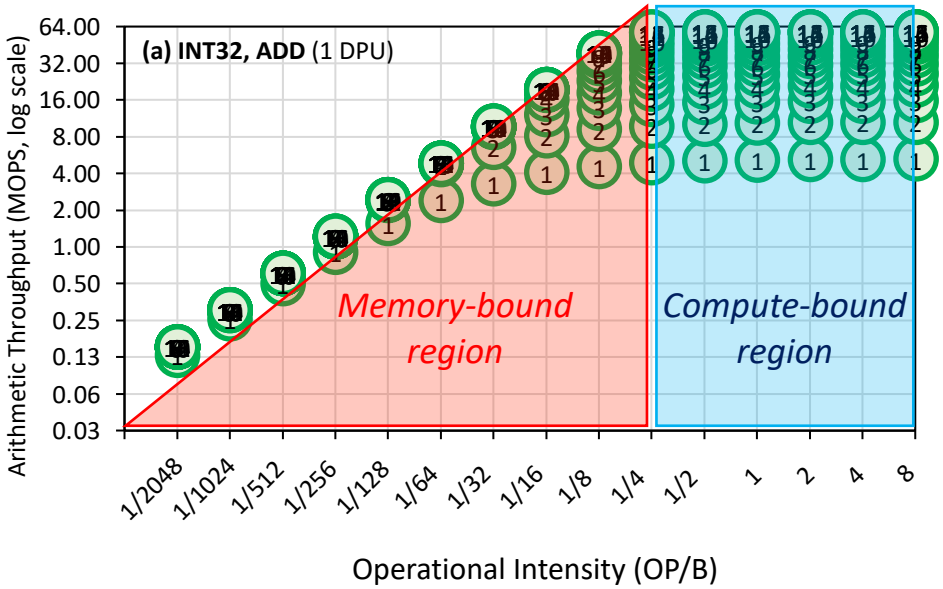
Year: 2021, Pages: 1-7
DOI Bookmark: 10.1109/IGSC54211.2021.9651614

Authors

Juan Gómez-Luna, ETH Zürich
Izzat El Hajj, American University of Beirut
Ivan Fernandez, University of Malaga
Christina Giannoula, National Technical University of Athens
Geraldo F. Oliveira, ETH Zürich
Onur Mutlu, ETH Zürich

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nphV36SrysA

Key Takeaway 1



The throughput saturation point is as low as ¼ OP/B, i.e., 1 integer addition per every 32-bit element fetched

KEY TAKEAWAY 1

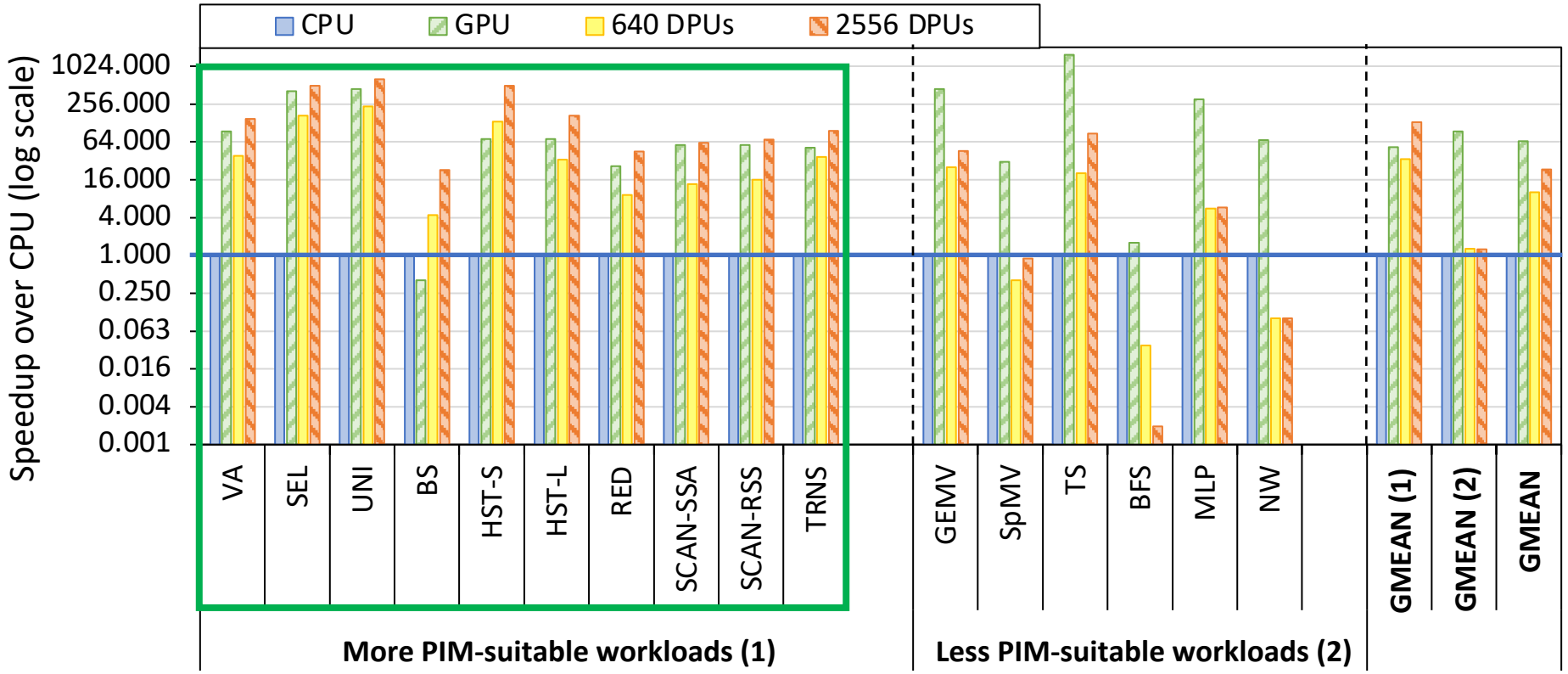
The UPMEM PIM architecture is fundamentally compute bound.
As a result, **the most suitable workloads are memory-bound.**

Key Takeaway 2

Table 4: Evaluated CPU, GPU, and UPMEM-based PIM Systems.

System	Process Node	Processor Cores			Memory		TDP
		Total Cores	Frequency	Peak Performance	Capacity	Total Bandwidth	
Intel Xeon E3-1225 v6 CPU [241]	14 nm	4 (8 threads)	3.3 GHz	26.4 GFLOPS*	32 GB	37.5 GB/s	73 W
NVIDIA Titan V GPU [277]	14 nm	80 (5,120 SIMD lanes)	1.2 GHz	12,288.0 GFLOPS	12 GB	652.8 GB/s	250 W
2,556-DPU PIM System	2x nm	2,556[9]	350 MHz	894.6 GOPS	159.75 GB	1.7 TB/s	383 W†
640-DPU PIM System	2x nm	640	267 MHz	170.9 GOPS	40 GB	333.75 GB/s	96 W†

*Estimated GFLOPS = 3.3 GHz × 4 cores × 2 instructions per cycle.
†Estimated TDP = $\frac{Total\ DPUs}{DPUs/chip} \times 1.2\ W/chip$ [199].



KEY TAKEAWAY 2

The most well-suited workloads for the UPMEM PIM architecture use no arithmetic operations or use only simple operations (e.g., bitwise operations and integer addition/subtraction).

Key Takeaway 3

Table 4: Evaluated CPU, GPU, and UPMEM-based PIM Systems.

System	Process Node	Processor Cores			Memory		TDP
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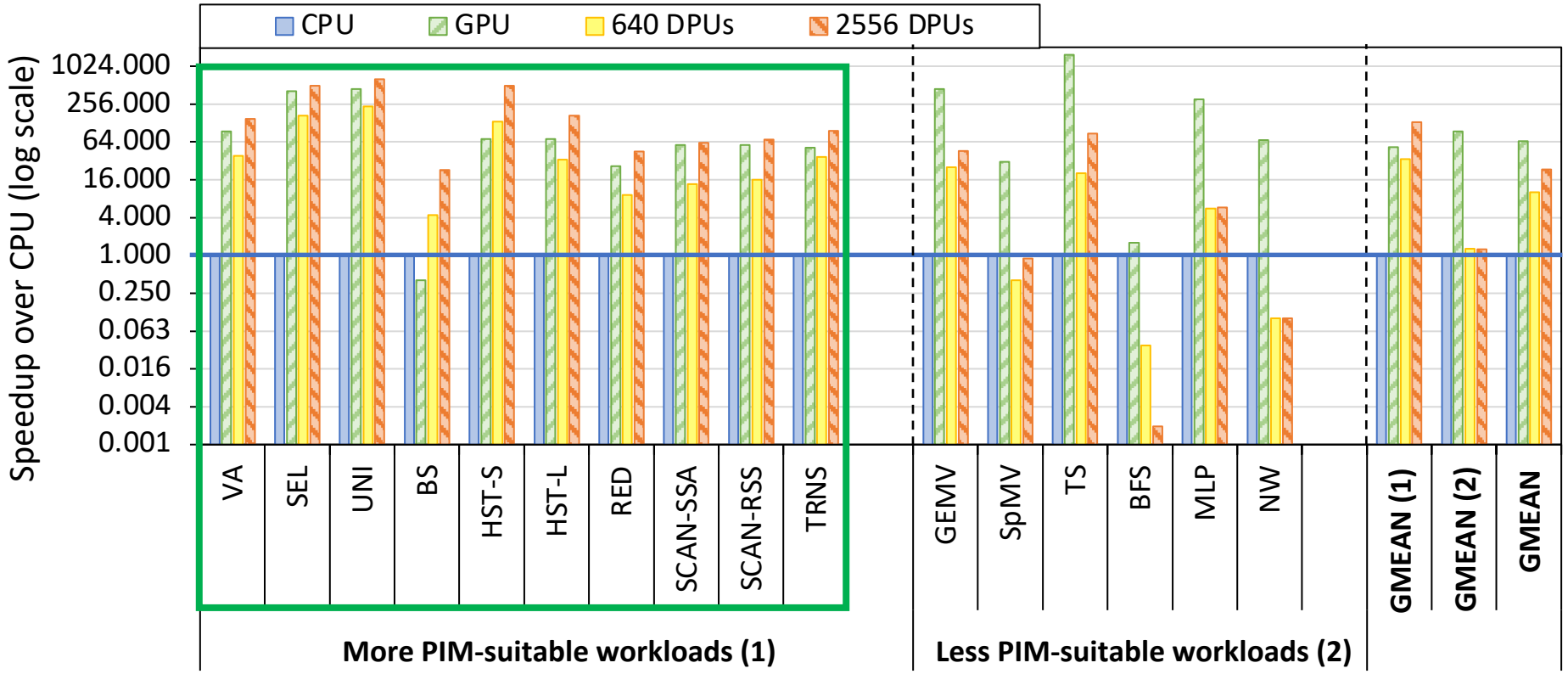


KEY TAKEAWAY 3

The most well-suited workloads for the UPMEM PIM architecture require little or no communication across DPUs (inter-DPU communication).

Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Architecture:

Benchmarking and Experimental Characterization

Juan Gómez Luna, Izzat El Hajj,
Ivan Fernandez, Christina Giannoula,
Geraldo F. Oliveira, Onur Mutlu

el1goluj@gmail.com

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03814.pdf
https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/prim-benchmarks

ETH Zürich

SAFARI

UPMEM PIM System Summary & Analysis

- Juan Gomez-Luna, Izzat El Hajj, Ivan Fernandez, Christina Giannoula, Geraldo F. Oliveira, and Onur Mutlu,
  "Benchmarking Memory-Centric Computing Systems: Analysis of Real Processing-in-Memory Hardware"
  *Invited Paper at Workshop on Computing with Unconventional Technologies (**CUT**)*, Virtual, October 2021.
  [arXiv version]
  [PrIM Benchmarks Source Code]
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (37 minutes)]
  [Lightning Talk Video (3 minutes)]


Benchmarking Memory-Centric Computing Systems: Analysis of Real Processing-in-Memory Hardware

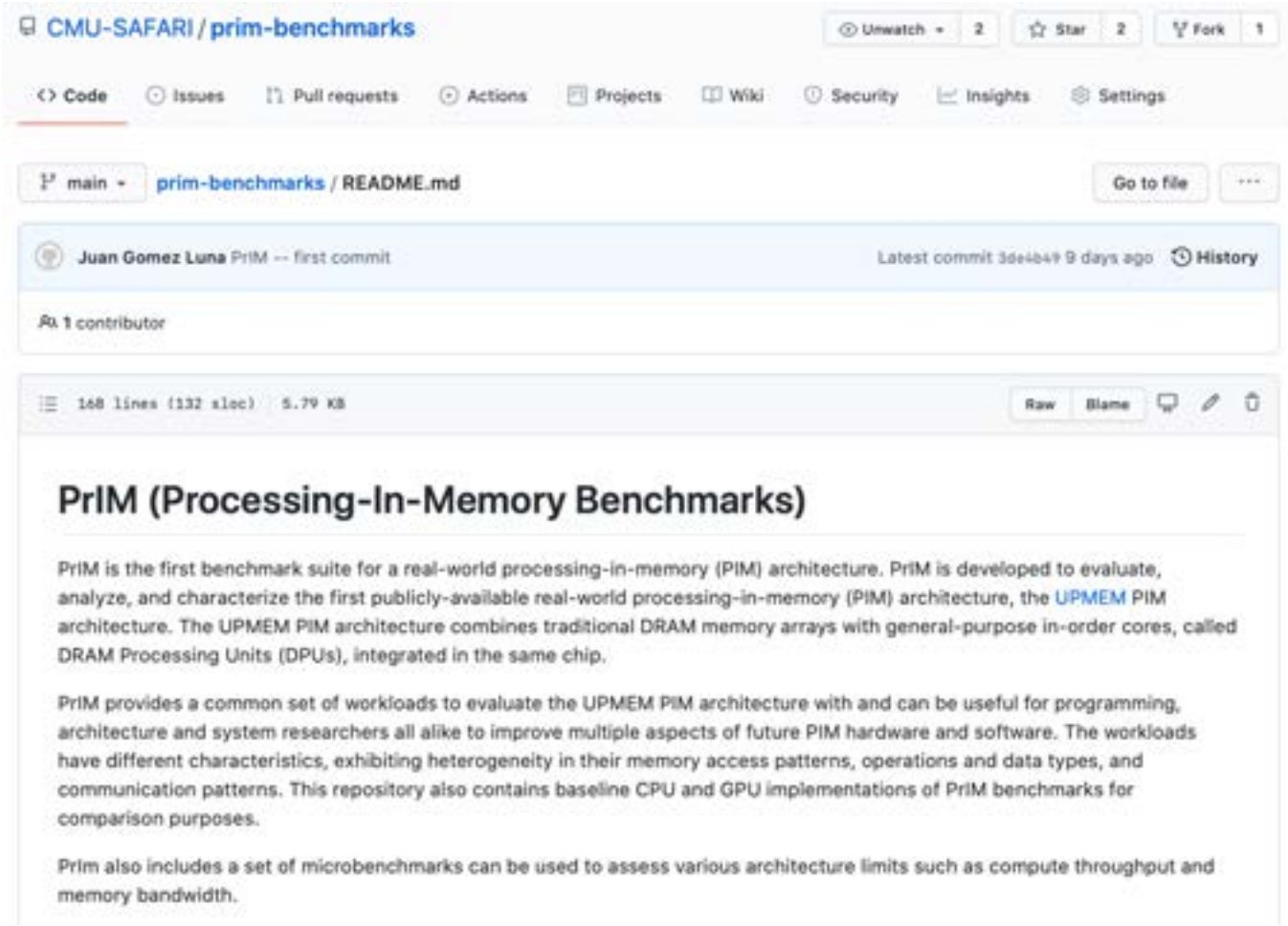
Juan Gómez-Luna, ETH Zürich
Izzat El Hajj, American University of Beirut
Ivan Fernandez, University of Malaga
Christina Giannoula, National Technical University of Athens
Geraldo F. Oliveira, ETH Zürich
Onur Mutlu, ETH Zürich

PrIM Benchmarks: Application Domains

Domain	Benchmark	Short name
Dense linear algebra	Vector Addition	VA
	Matrix-Vector Multiply	GEMV
Sparse linear algebra	Sparse Matrix-Vector Multiply	SpMV
Databases	Select	SEL
	Unique	UNI
Data analytics	Binary Search	BS
	Time Series Analysis	TS
Graph processing	Breadth-First Search	BFS
Neural networks	Multilayer Perceptron	MLP
Bioinformatics	Needleman-Wunsch	NW
Image processing	Image histogram (short)	HST-S
	Image histogram (large)	HST-L
Parallel primitives	Reduction	RED
	Prefix sum (scan-scan-add)	SCAN-SSA
	Prefix sum (reduce-scan-scan)	SCAN-RSS
	Matrix transposition	TRNS

PrIM Benchmarks are Open Source

- All microbenchmarks, benchmarks, and scripts
- https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/prim-benchmarks



Understanding a Modern PIM Architecture

Benchmarking a New Paradigm: Experimental Analysis and Characterization of a Real Processing-in-Memory System

JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA[1], IZZAT EL HAJJ[2], IVAN FERNANDEZ[1,3], CHRISTINA GIANNOULA[1,4], GERALDO F. OLIVEIRA[1], AND ONUR MUTLU[1]

[1]ETH Zürich
[2]American University of Beirut
[3]University of Malaga
[4]National Technical University of Athens

Corresponding author: Juan Gómez-Luna (e-mail: juang@ethz.ch).

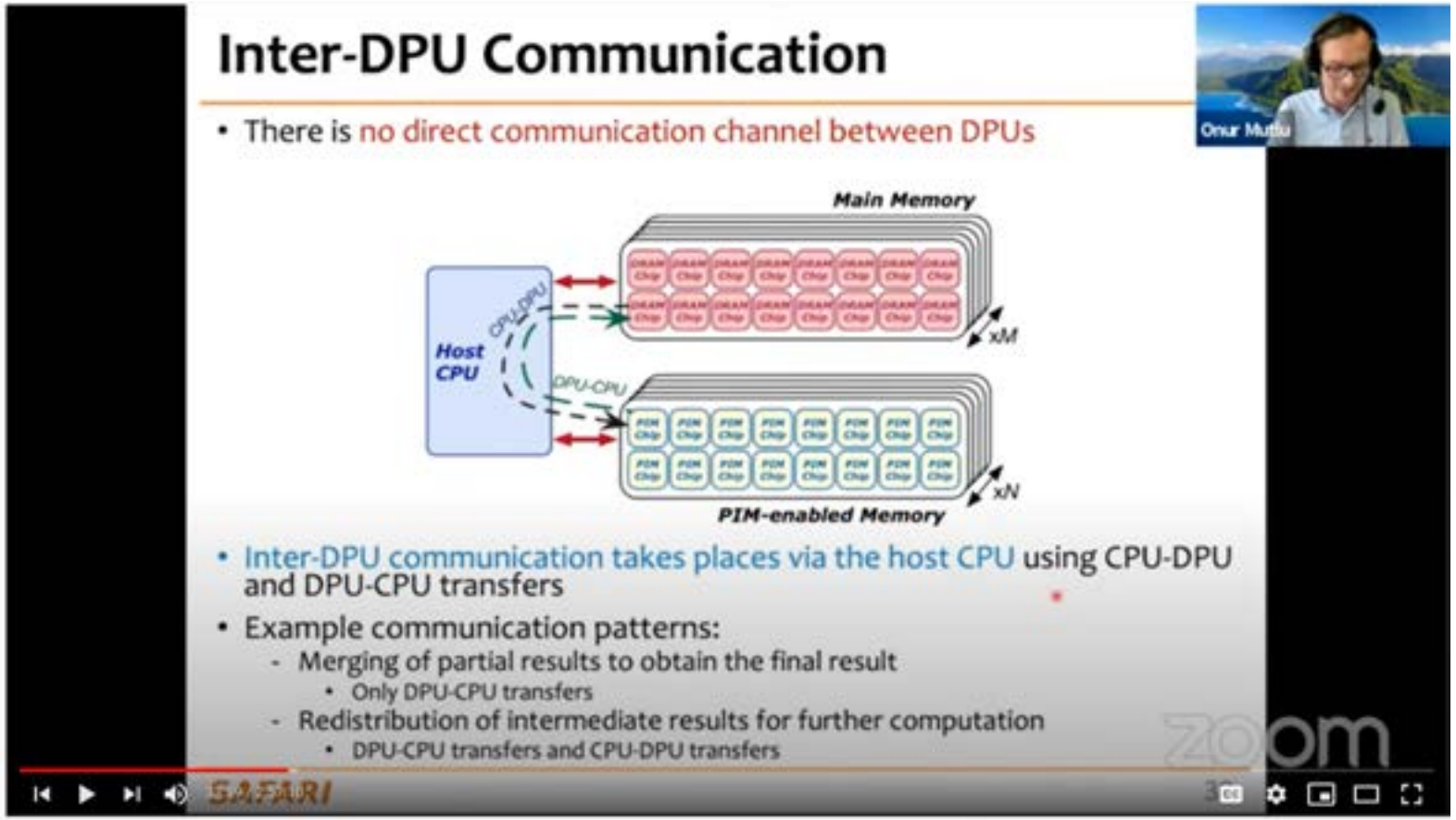
https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03814.pdf

https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/prim-benchmarks

Understanding a Modern PIM Architecture

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D8Hjy2iU9l4&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi_tOTAYm--dYByNPL7JhwR9

More on Analysis of the UPMEM PIM Engine



SAFARI Live Seminar: Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Architecture

1,868 views • Streamed live on Jul 12, 2021

81 0 SHARE SAVE ...

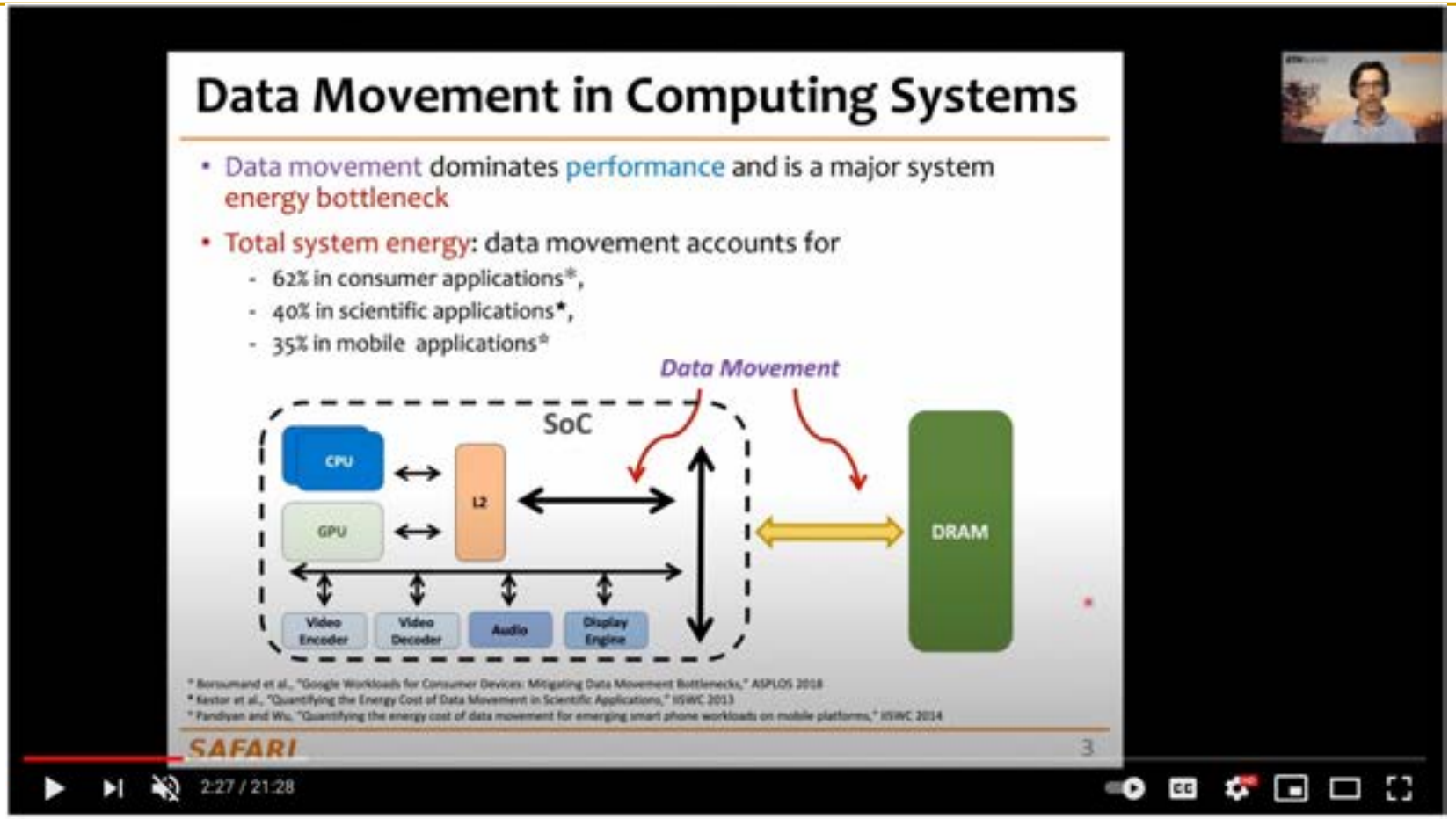
Onur Mutlu Lectures
17.6K subscribers

ANALYTICS EDIT VIDEO

Talk Title: Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Architecture: Benchmarking and Experimental Characterization
Dr. Juan Gómez-Luna, SAFARI Research Group, D-ITET, ETH Zurich

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D8Hjy2iU9l4&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi_tOTAYm--dYByNPL7JhwR9

More on Analysis of the UPMEM PIM Engine



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Pp9jSU2b9oM&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8_VVChACnON4sfh2bJ5IrD&index=159

ML Training on a Real PIM System

Machine Learning Training on a Real Processing-in-Memory System

Juan Gómez-Luna[1] Yuxin Guo[1] Sylvan Brocard[2] Julien Legriel[2]
Remy Cimadomo[2] Geraldo F. Oliveira[1] Gagandeep Singh[1] Onur Mutlu[1]
[1]ETH Zürich [2]UPMEM

An Experimental Evaluation of Machine Learning Training on a Real Processing-in-Memory System

Juan Gómez-Luna[1] Yuxin Guo[1] Sylvan Brocard[2] Julien Legriel[2]
Remy Cimadomo[2] Geraldo F. Oliveira[1] Gagandeep Singh[1] Onur Mutlu[1]
[1]ETH Zürich [2]UPMEM

Short version: https://arxiv.org/pdf/2206.06022.pdf

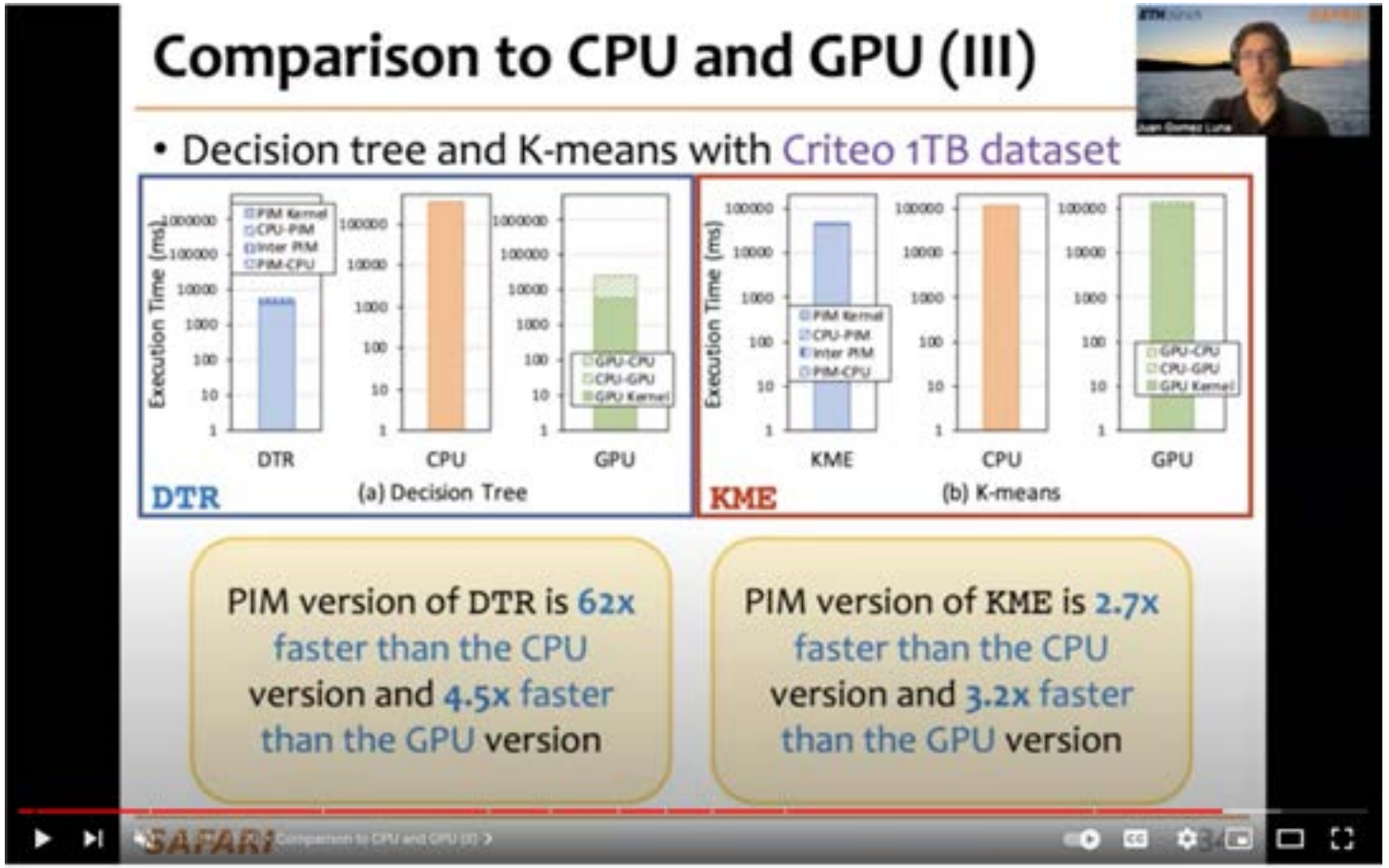
Long version: https://arxiv.org/pdf/2207.07886.pdf

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qeukNs5Xl3g&t=11226s

ML Training on a Real PIM System

- **Need to optimize data representation**
  - (1) fixed-point
  - (2) quantization
  - (3) hybrid precision
- **Use lookup tables (LUTs) to implement complex functions (e.g., sigmoid)**
- **Optimize data placement & layout for streaming**
- **Large speedups:** 2.8X/27X vs. CPU, 1.3x/3.2x vs. GPU

ML Training on Real PIM Talk Video



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=60pkaI5AeM4

ML Training on Real PIM Systems

- Juan Gómez Luna, Yuxin Guo, Sylvan Brocard, Julien Legriel, Remy Cimadomo, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Gagandeep Singh, and Onur Mutlu,
  "Evaluating Machine Learning Workloads on Memory-Centric Computing Systems"
  *Proceedings of the 2023 IEEE International Symposium on Performance Analysis of Systems and Software (**ISPASS**)*, Raleigh, North Carolina, USA, April 2023.
  [arXiv version, 16 July 2022.]
  [PIM-ML Source Code]
  Best paper session.

An Experimental Evaluation of Machine Learning Training on a Real Processing-in-Memory System

Juan Gómez-Luna[1] Yuxin Guo[1] Sylvan Brocard[2] Julien Legriel[2]
Remy Cimadomo[2] Geraldo F. Oliveira[1] Gagandeep Singh[1] Onur Mutlu[1]
[1]ETH Zürich [2]UPMEM

https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/pim-ml

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2207.07886.pdf

SpMV Multiplication on Real PIM Systems

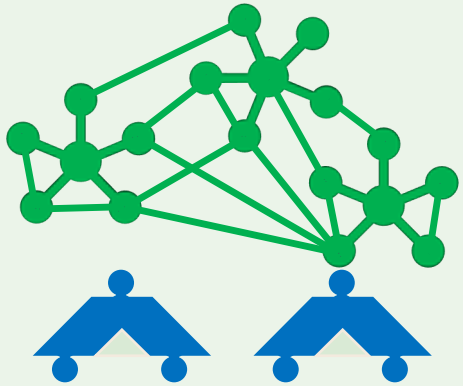
- Appears at SIGMETRICS 2022

SparseP: Towards Efficient Sparse Matrix Vector Multiplication on Real Processing-In-Memory Systems

CHRISTINA GIANNOULA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and National Technical University of Athens, Greece
IVAN FERNANDEZ, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and University of Malaga, Spain
JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland
NECTARIOS KOZIRIS, National Technical University of Athens, Greece
GEORGIOS GOUMAS, National Technical University of Athens, Greece
ONUR MUTLU, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2201.05072.pdf
https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/SparseP

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5kaOsJKlGrE



SparseP

Towards Efficient Sparse Matrix Vector Multiplication on Real Processing-In-Memory Architectures

Christina Giannoula

Ivan Fernandez, Juan Gomez-Luna,

Nectarios Koziris, Georgios Goumas, Onur Mutlu

SAFARI ETH zürich CSLab UNIVERSIDAD DE MÁLAGA

SparseP: Key Contributions

1. Efficient SpMV kernels for current & future PIM systems
   - SparseP library = 25 SpMV kernels
     - Compression, data types, data partitioning, synchronization, load balancing

SparseP is Open-Source

SparseP: https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/SparseP

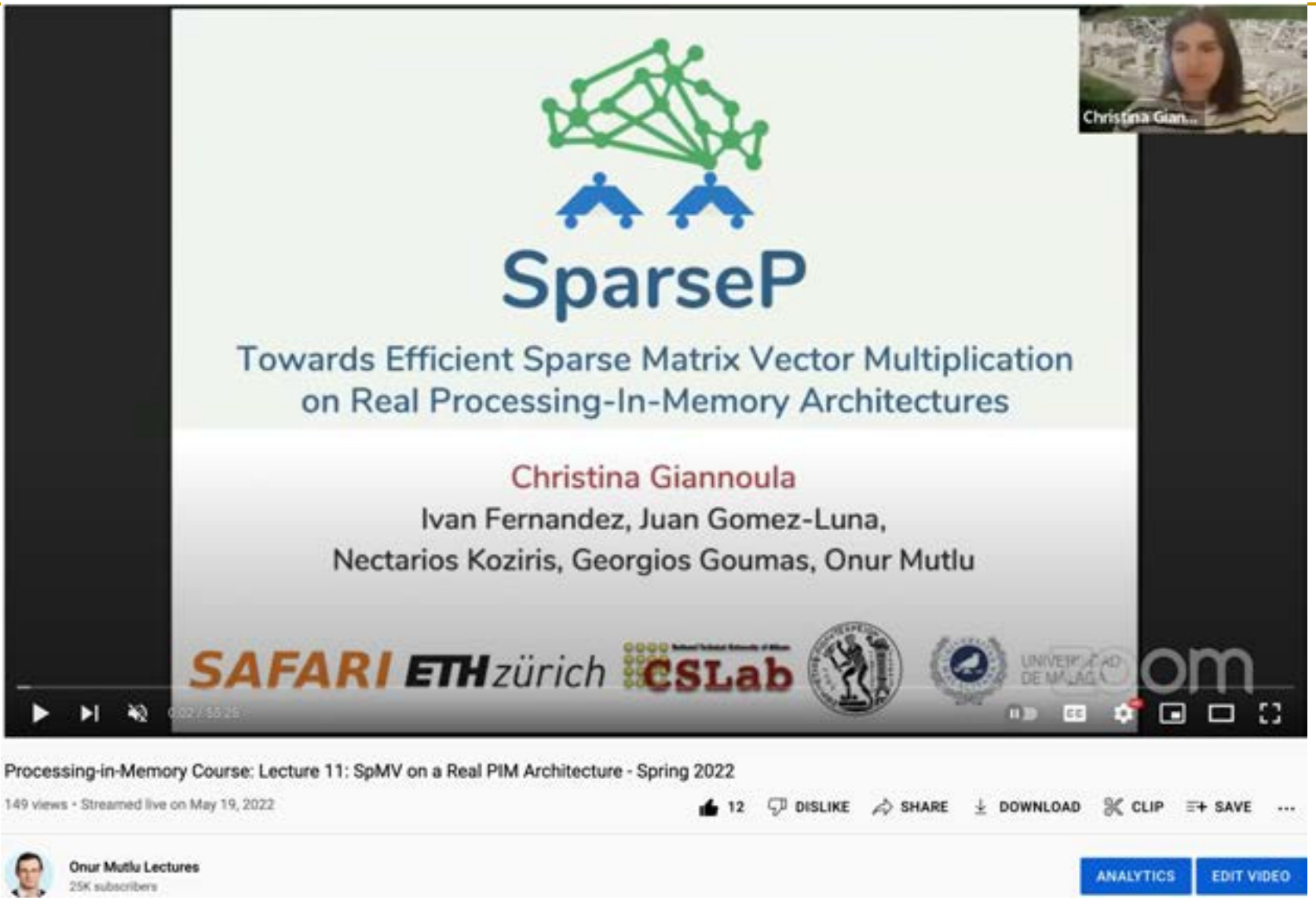
2. Comprehensive analysis of SpMV on the first commercially-available real PIM system

   - 26 sparse matrices
   - Comparisons to state-of-the-art CPU and GPU systems
   - Recommendations for software, system and hardware designers

Recommendations for Architects and Programmers

Full Paper: https://arxiv.org/pdf/2201.05072.pdf

SparseP Talk Video



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5kaOsJKlGrE

Transcendental Functions on Real PIM Systems

- Maurus Item, Juan Gómez Luna, Yuxin Guo, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Mohammad Sadrosadati, and Onur Mutlu,
  "TransPimLib: Efficient Transcendental Functions for Processing-in-Memory Systems"
  *Proceedings of the 2023 IEEE International Symposium on Performance Analysis of Systems and Software (**ISPASS**)*, Raleigh, North Carolina, USA, April 2023.
  [arXiv version]
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [TransPimLib Source Code]
  [Talk Video (17 minutes)]

TransPimLib: Efficient Transcendental Functions for Processing-in-Memory Systems

Maurus Item Juan Gómez-Luna Yuxin Guo
Geraldo F. Oliveira Mohammad Sadrosadati Onur Mutlu

ETH Zürich

https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/transpimlib

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2304.01951.pdf

Sequence Alignment on Real PIM Systems

- Safaa Diab, Amir Nassereldine, Mohammed Alser, Juan Gómez Luna, Onur Mutlu, and Izzat El Hajj,
  "A Framework for High-throughput Sequence Alignment using Real Processing-in-Memory Systems"
  Bioinformatics, [published online on] 27 March 2023.
  [Online link at Bioinformatics Journal]
  [arXiv preprint]
  [AiM Source Code]

A Framework for High-throughput Sequence Alignment using Real Processing-in-Memory Systems

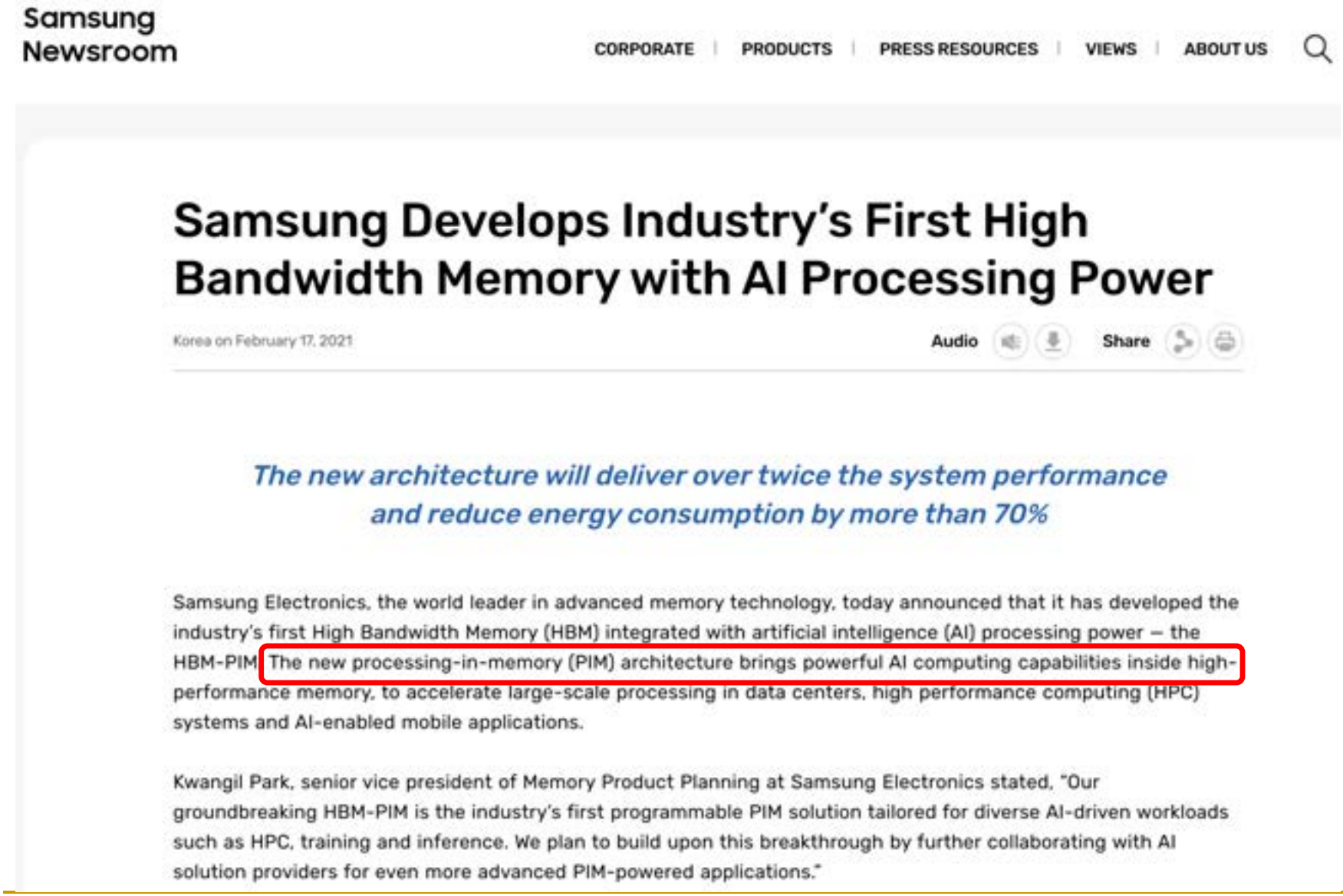
Safaa Diab [1] Amir Nassereldine [1] Mohammed Alser [2] Juan Gómez Luna [2]
Onur Mutlu [2] Izzat El Hajj [1]

[1]American University of Beirut [2]ETH Zürich

https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/alignment-in-memory

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2208.01243.pdf

Samsung Function-in-Memory DRAM (2021)



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Samsung Develops Industry's First High Bandwidth Memory with AI Processing Power

Korea on February 17, 2021 Audio Share

The new architecture will deliver over twice the system performance and reduce energy consumption by more than 70%

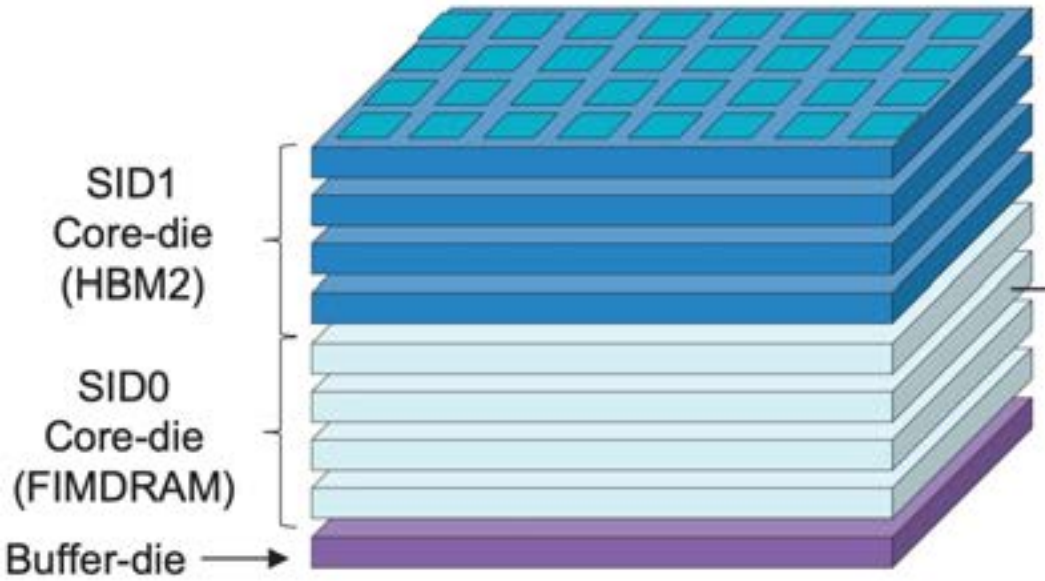
Samsung Electronics, the world leader in advanced memory technology, today announced that it has developed the industry's first High Bandwidth Memory (HBM) integrated with artificial intelligence (AI) processing power – the HBM-PIM. The new processing-in-memory (PIM) architecture brings powerful AI computing capabilities inside high-performance memory, to accelerate large-scale processing in data centers, high performance computing (HPC) systems and AI-enabled mobile applications.

Kwangil Park, senior vice president of Memory Product Planning at Samsung Electronics stated, "Our groundbreaking HBM-PIM is the industry's first programmable PIM solution tailored for diverse AI-driven workloads such as HPC, training and inference. We plan to build upon this breakthrough by further collaborating with AI solution providers for even more advanced PIM-powered applications."

https://news.samsung.com/global/samsung-develops-industrys-first-high-bandwidth-memory-with-ai-processing-power

Samsung Function-in-Memory DRAM (2021)

- FIMDRAM based on HBM2



[3D Chip Structure of HBM with FIMDRAM]

Chip Specification
128DQ / 8CH / 16 banks / BL4
32 PCU blocks (1 FIM block/2 banks)
1.2 TFLOPS (4H)
FP16 ADD / Multiply (MUL) / Multiply-Accumulate (MAC) / Multiply-and- Add (MAD)

ISSCC 2021 / SESSION 25 / DRAM / 25.4

25.4 A 20nm 6GB Function-In-Memory DRAM, Based on HBM2 with a 1.2TFLOPS Programmable Computing Unit Using Bank-Level Parallelism, for Machine Learning Applications

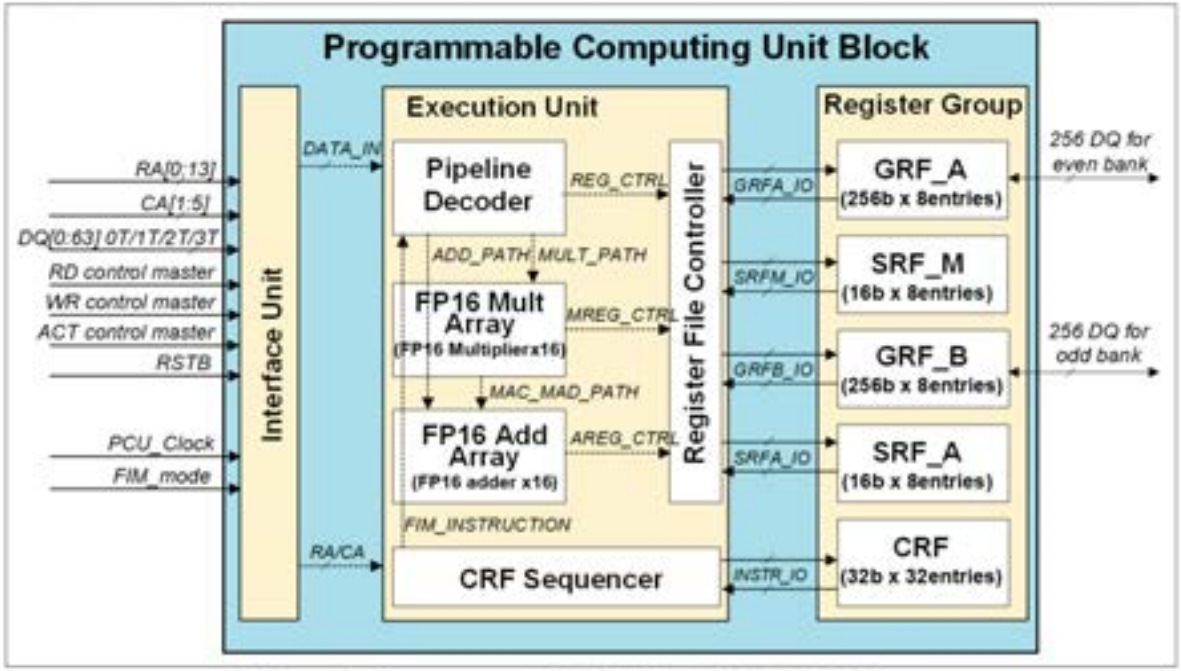
Young-Cheon Kwon[1], Suk Han Lee[1], Jaehoon Lee[1], Sang-Hyuk Kwon[1], Je Min Ryu[1], Jong-Pil Son[1], Seongil O[1], Hak-Soo Yu[1], Haesuk Lee[1], Soo Young Kim[1], Youngmin Cho[1], Jin Guk Kim[1], Jongyoon Choi[1], Hyun-Sung Shin[1], Jin Kim[1], BengSeng Phuah[1], HyoungMin Kim[1], Myeong Jun Song[1], Ahn Choi[1], Daeho Kim[1], SooYoung Kim[1], Eun-Bong Kim[1], David Wang[2], Shinhaeng Kang[2], Yuhwan Ro[2], Seungwoo Seo[2], JoonHo Song[3], Jaeyoun Youn[3], Kyomin Sohn[1], Nam Sung Kim[1]

[1]Samsung Electronics, Hwaseong, Korea
[2]Samsung Electronics, San Jose, CA
[3]Samsung Electronics, Suwon, Korea

Samsung Function-in-Memory DRAM (2021)

Programmable Computing Unit

- Configuration of PCU block
  - Interface unit to control data flow
  - Execution unit to perform operations
  - Register group
    - 32 entries of CRF for instruction memory
    - 16 GRF for weight and accumulation
    - 16 SRF to store constants for MAC operations



[Block diagram of PCU in FIMDRAM]

ISSCC 2021 / SESSION 25 / DRAM / 25.4

25.4 A 20nm 6GB Function-In-Memory DRAM, Based on HBM2 with a 1.2TFLOPS Programmable Computing Unit Using Bank-Level Parallelism, for Machine Learning Applications

Young-Cheon Kwon', Suk Han Lee', Jaehoon Lee', Sang-Hyuk Kwon', Je Min Ryu', Jong-Pil Son', Seongil O', Hak-Soo Yu', Haesuk Lee', Soo Young Kim', Youngmin Cho', Jin Guk Kim', Jongyoon Choi', Hyun-Sung Shin', Jin Kim', BengSeng Phuah', HyoungMin Kim', Myeong Jun Song', Ahn Choi', Daeha Kim', SooYoung Kim', Eun-Bong Kim', David Wang', Shinhaeng Kang', Yuhwan Ro', Seungwoo Seo', JoonHo Song', Jaeyoun Youn', Kyomin Sohn', Nam Sung Kim'

'Samsung Electronics, Hwaseong, Korea
'Samsung Electronics, San Jose, CA
'Samsung Electronics, Suwon, Korea

Samsung Function-in-Memory DRAM (2021)

[Available instruction list for FIM operation]

Type	CMD	Description
Floating Point	ADD	FP16 addition
	MUL	FP16 multiplication
	MAC	FP16 multiply-accumulate
	MAD	FP16 multiply and add
Data Path	MOVE	Load or store data
	FILL	Copy data from bank to GRFs
Control Path	NOP	Do nothing
	JUMP	Jump instruction
	EXIT	Exit instruction


ISSCC 2021 / SESSION 25 / DRAM / 25.4

25.4 A 20nm 6GB Function-In-Memory DRAM, Based on HBM2 with a 1.2TFLOPS Programmable Computing Unit Using Bank-Level Parallelism, for Machine Learning Applications

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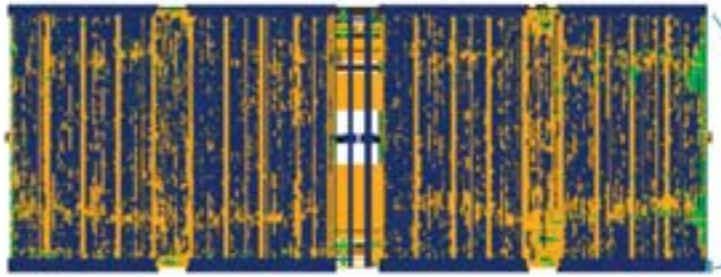
'Samsung Electronics, Hwaseong, Korea
'Samsung Electronics, San Jose, CA
'Samsung Electronics, Suwon, Korea

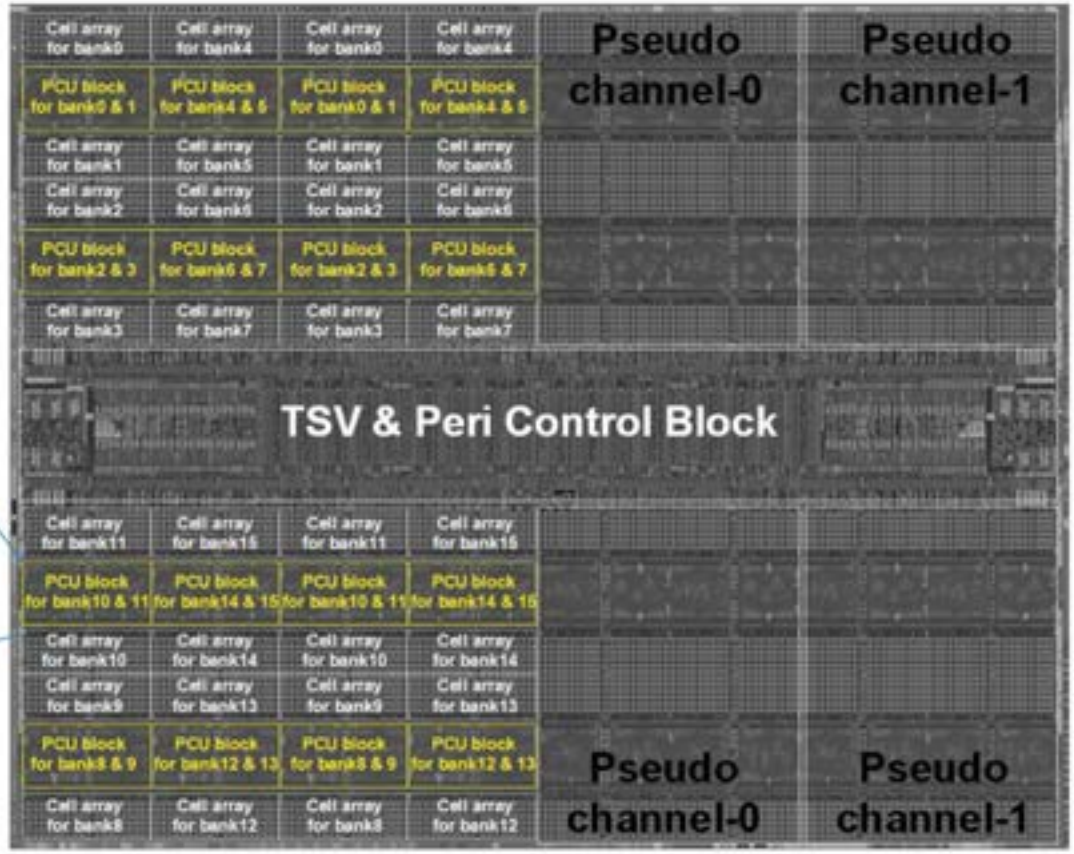
Samsung Function-in-Memory DRAM (2021)

Chip Implementation

- Mixed design methodology to implement FIMDRAM
  - Full-custom + Digital RTL



[Digital RTL design for PCU block]



ISSCC 2021 / SESSION 25 / DRAM / 25.4

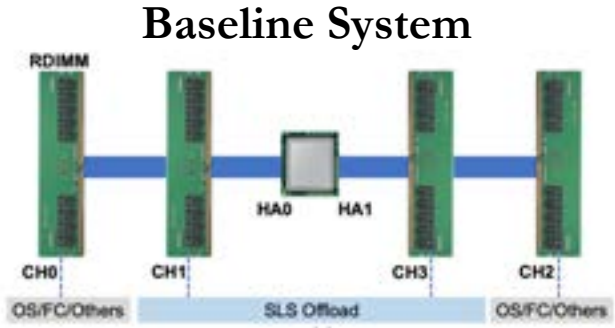
25.4 A 20nm 6GB Function-In-Memory DRAM, Based on HBM2 with a 1.2TFLOPS Programmable Computing Unit Using Bank-Level Parallelism, for Machine Learning Applications

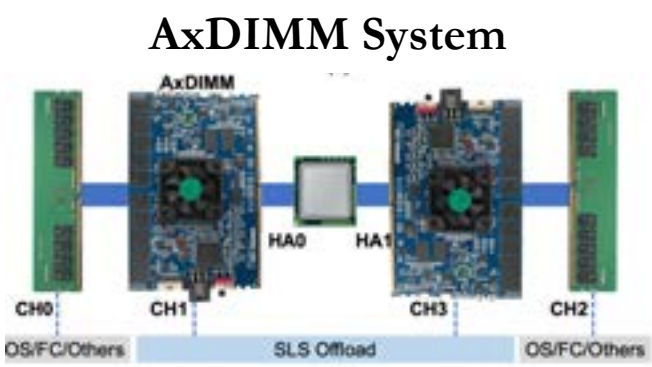
Young-Cheon Kwon', Suk Han Lee', Jaehoon Lee', Sang-Hyuk Kwon', Je Min Ryu', Jong-Pil Son', Seongil O', Hak-Soo Yu', Haesuk Lee', Soo Young Kim', Youngmin Cho', Jin Guk Kim', Jongyoon Choi', Hyun-Sung Shin', Jin Kim', BengSeng Phuah', HyoungMin Kim', Myeong Jun Song', Ahn Choi', Daeho Kim', SooYoung Kim', Eun-Bong Kim', David Wang', Shinhaeng Kang', Yuhwan Ro', Seungwoo Seo', JoonHo Song', Jaeyoun Youn', Kyomin Sohn', Nam Sung Kim'

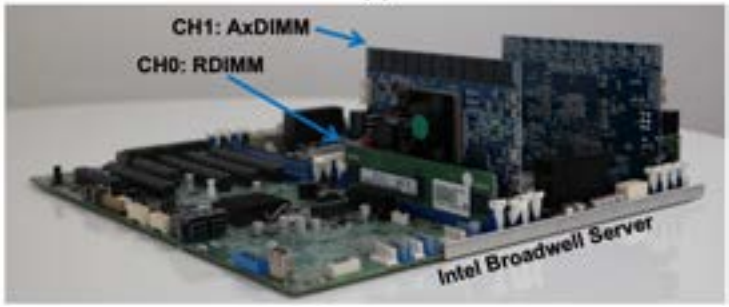
'Samsung Electronics, Hwaseong, Korea
'Samsung Electronics, San Jose, CA
'Samsung Electronics, Suwon, Korea

Samsung AxDIMM (2021)

- DDRx-PIM
  - DLRM recommendation system







Ke et al. "Near-Memory Processing in Action: Accelerating Personalized Recommendation with AxDIMM", IEEE Micro (2021)

SK Hynix Accelerator-in-Memory (2022)

SKhynix NEWSROOM

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SK hynix Develops PIM, Next-Generation AI Accelerator

February 16, 2022

Seoul, February 16, 2022

SK hynix (or "the Company", www.skhynix.com) announced on February 16 that it has developed PIM*, a next-generation memory chip with computing capabilities.

*PIM(Processing In Memory): A next-generation technology that provides a solution for data congestion issues for AI and big data by adding computational functions to semiconductor memory

It has been generally accepted that memory chips store data and CPU or GPU, like human brain, process data. SK hynix, following its challenge to such notion and efforts to pursue innovation in the next-generation smart memory, has found a breakthrough solution with the development of the latest technology.

SK hynix plans to showcase its PIM development at the world's most prestigious semiconductor conference, 2022 ISSCC*, in San Francisco at the end of this month. The company expects continued efforts for innovation of this technology to bring the memory-centric computing, in which semiconductor memory plays a central role, a step closer to the reality in devices such as smartphones.

*ISSCC: The International Solid-State Circuits Conference will be held virtually from Feb. 20 to Feb. 24 this year with a theme of "Intelligent Silicon for a Sustainable World"

For the first product that adopts the PIM technology, SK hynix has developed a sample of GDDR6-AiM (Accelerator* in memory). The GDDR6-AiM adds computational functions to GDDR6* memory chips, which process data at 16Gbps. A combination of GDDR6-AiM with CPU or GPU instead of a typical DRAM makes certain computation speed 16 times faster. GDDR6-AiM is widely expected to be adopted for machine learning, high-performance computing, and big data computation and storage.

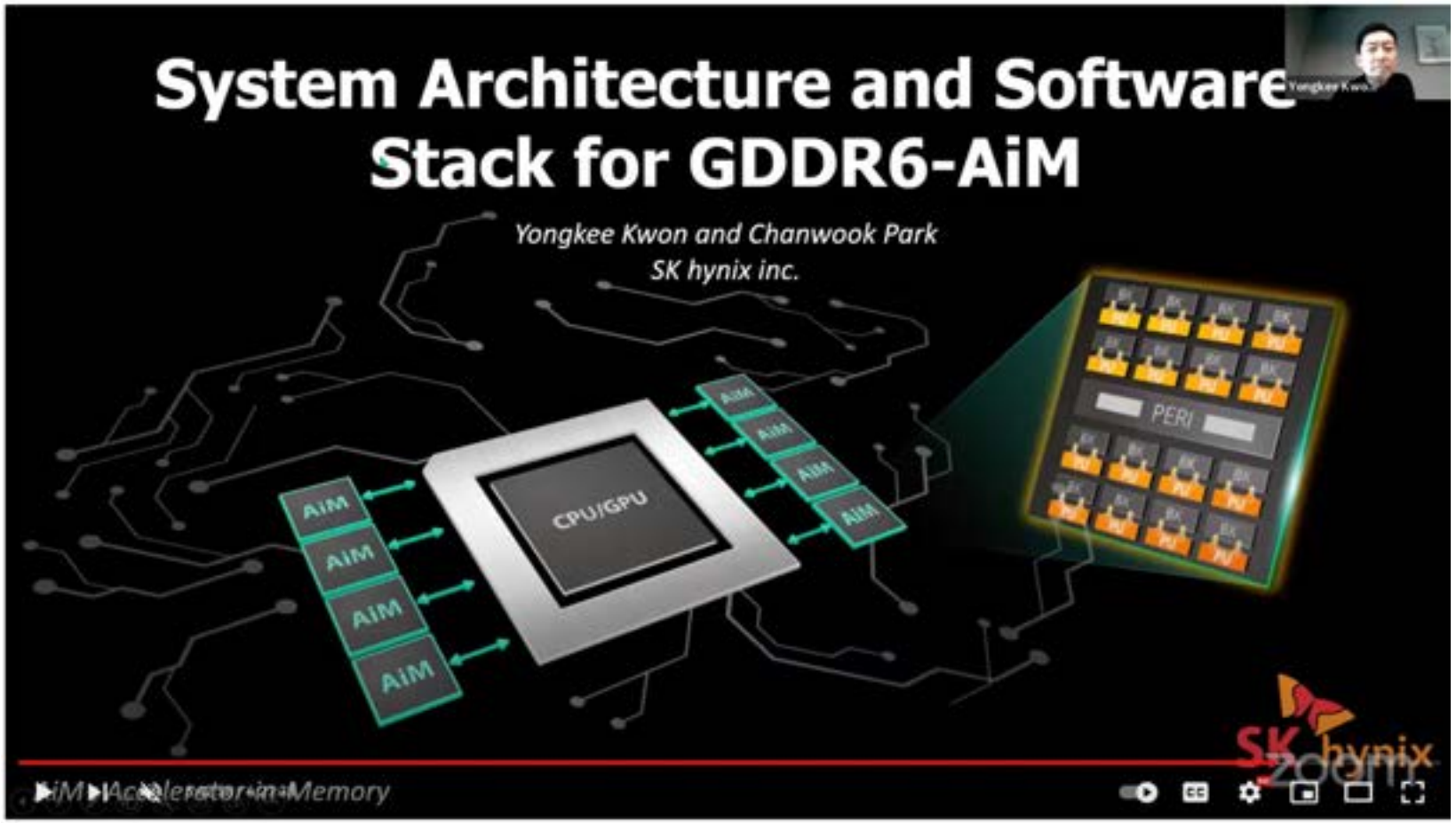
11.1 A 1ynm 1.25V 8Gb, 16Gb/s/pin GDDR6-based Accelerator-in-Memory supporting 1TFLOPS MAC Operation and Various Activation Functions for Deep-Learning Applications

Seongju Lee, SK hynix, Icheon, Korea

In Paper 11.1, SK Hynix describes an 1ynm, GDDR6-based accelerator-in-memory with a command set for deep-learning operation. The 8Gb design achieves a peak throughput of 1TFLOPS with 1GHz MAC operations and supports major activation functions to improve accuracy.

https://news.skhynix.com/sk-hynix-develops-pim-next-generation-ai-accelerator/

SK Hynix Accelerator-in-Memory (2022)



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oYCaLcT0Kmo

AliBaba PIM Recommendation System (2022)

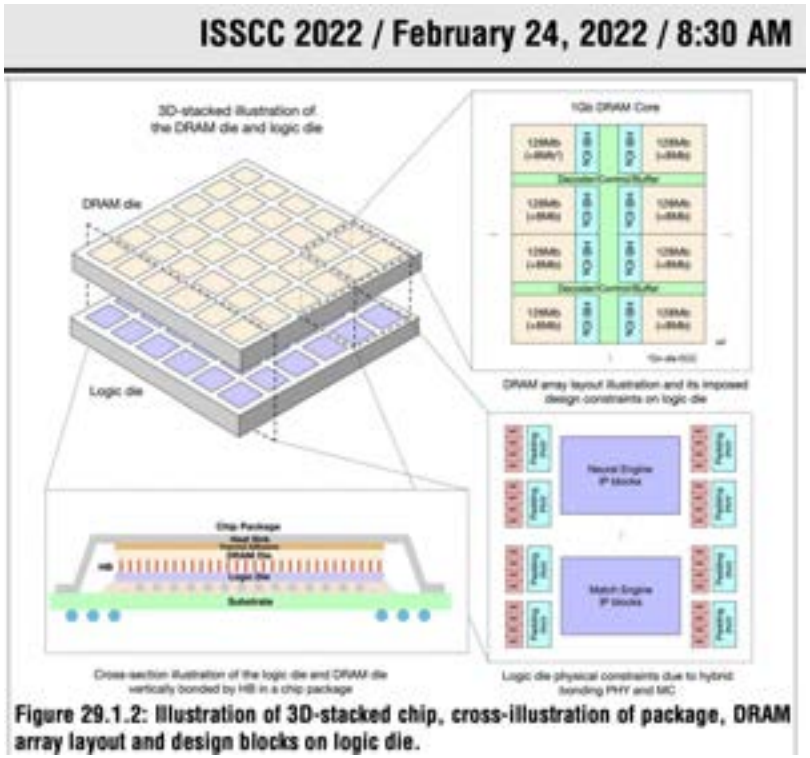


Figure 29.1.2: Illustration of 3D-stacked chip, cross-illustration of package, DRAM array layout and design blocks on logic die.

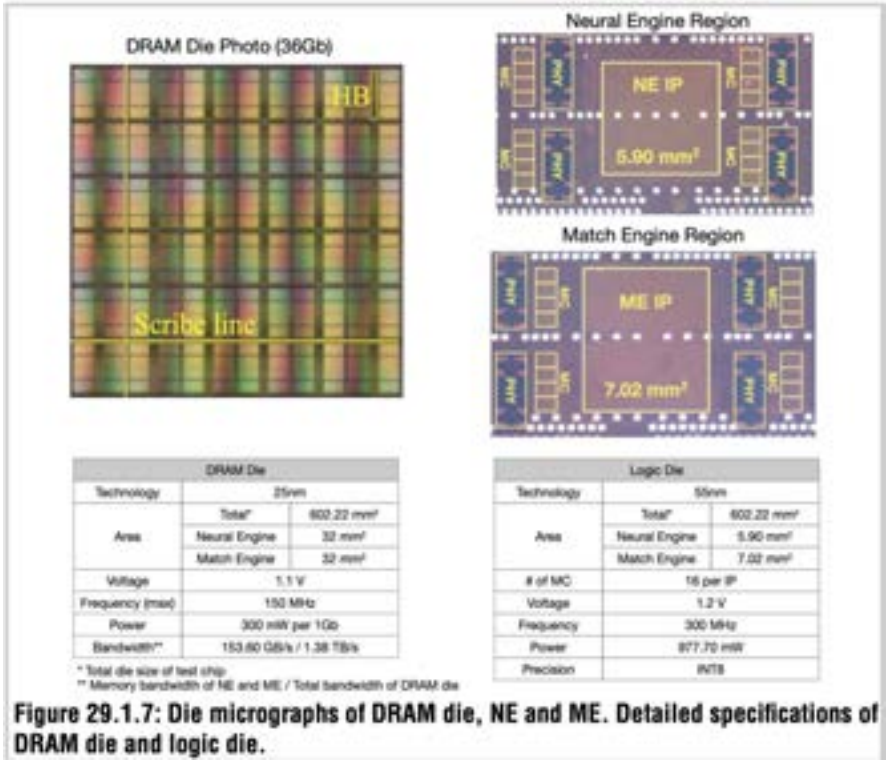


Figure 29.1.7: Die micrographs of DRAM die, NE and ME. Detailed specifications of DRAM die and logic die.

29.1 184QPS/W 64Mb/mm² 3D Logic-to-DRAM Hybrid Bonding with Process-Near-Memory Engine for Recommendation System

Dimin Niu[1], Shuangchen Li[1], Yuhao Wang[1], Wei Han[1], Zhe Zhang[2], Yijin Guan[2], Tianchan Guan[3], Fei Sun[1], Fei Xue[1], Lide Duan[1], Yuanwei Fang[1], Hongzhong Zheng[1], Xiping Jiang[4], Song Wang[4], Fengguo Zuo[4], Yubing Wang[4], Bing Yu[4], Qiwei Ren[4], Yuan Xie[1]

Eliminating the Adoption Barriers

Processing-in-Memory in the Real World

DAMOV Analysis Methodology & Workloads

DAMOV: A New Methodology and Benchmark Suite for Evaluating Data Movement Bottlenecks

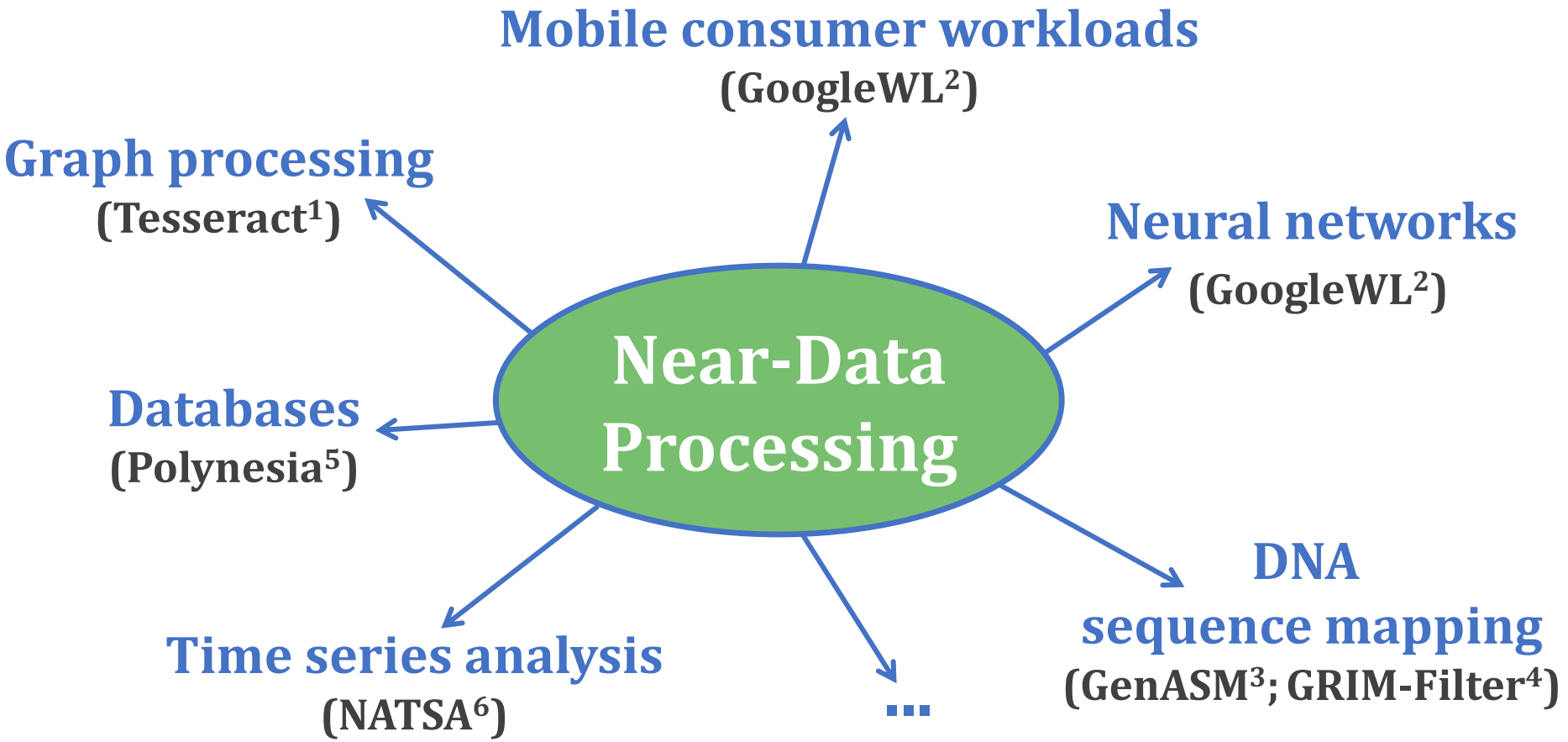
GERALDO F. OLIVEIRA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland
JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland
LOIS OROSA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland
SAUGATA GHOSE, University of Illinois at Urbana–Champaign, USA
NANDITA VIJAYKUMAR, University of Toronto, Canada
IVAN FERNANDEZ, University of Malaga, Spain & ETH Zürich, Switzerland
MOHAMMAD SADROSADATI, Institute for Research in Fundamental Sciences (IPM), Iran & ETH Zürich, Switzerland
ONUR MUTLU, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

Data movement between the CPU and main memory is a first-order obstacle against improving performance, scalability, and energy efficiency in modern systems. Computer systems employ a range of techniques to reduce overheads tied to data movement, spanning from traditional mechanisms (e.g., deep multi-level cache hierarchies, aggressive hardware prefetchers) to emerging techniques such as Near-Data Processing (NDP), where some computation is moved close to memory. Prior NDP works investigate the root causes of data movement bottlenecks using different profiling methodologies and tools. However, there is still a lack of understanding about the key metrics that can identify different data movement bottlenecks and their relation to traditional and emerging data movement mitigation mechanisms. Our goal is to methodically identify potential sources of data movement over a broad set of applications and to comprehensively compare traditional compute-centric data movement mitigation techniques (e.g., caching and prefetching) to more memory-centric techniques (e.g., NDP), thereby developing a rigorous understanding of the best techniques to mitigate each source of data movement.

With this goal in mind, we perform the first large-scale characterization of a wide variety of applications, across a wide range of application domains, to identify fundamental program properties that lead to data movement to/from main memory. We develop the first systematic methodology to classify applications based on the sources contributing to data movement bottlenecks. From our large-scale characterization of 77K functions across 345 applications, we select 144 functions to form the first open-source benchmark suite (DAMOV) for main memory data movement studies. We select a diverse range of functions that (1) represent different types of data movement bottlenecks, and (2) come from a wide range of application domains. Using NDP as a case study, we identify new insights about the different data movement bottlenecks and use these insights to determine the most suitable data movement mitigation mechanism for a particular application. We open-source DAMOV and the complete source code for our new characterization methodology at https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/DAMOV.

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03725.pdf

When to Employ Near-Data Processing?



[1] Ahn+, "A Scalable Processing-in-Memory Accelerator for Parallel Graph Processing," ISCA, 2015

[2] Boroumand+, "Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks," ASPLOS, 2018

[3] Cali+, "GenASM: A High-Performance, Low-Power Approximate String Matching Acceleration Framework for Genome Sequence Analysis," MICRO, 2020

[4] Kim+, "GRIM-Filter: Fast Seed Location Filtering in DNA Read Mapping Using Processing-in-Memory Technologies," BMC Genomics, 2018

[5] Boroumand+, "Polynesia: Enabling Effective Hybrid Transactional/Analytical Databases with Specialized Hardware/Software Co-Design," arXiv:2103.00798 [cs.AR], 2021

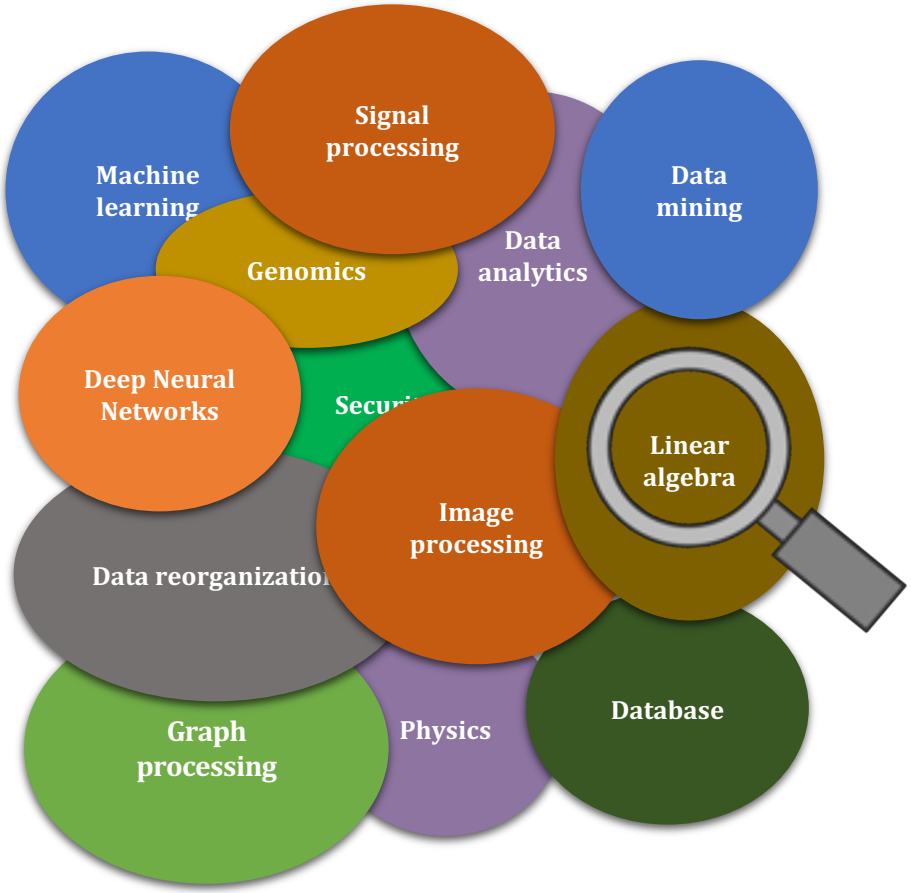
[6] Fernandez+, "NATSA: A Near-Data Processing Accelerator for Time Series Analysis," ICCD, 2020

Step 1: Application Profiling

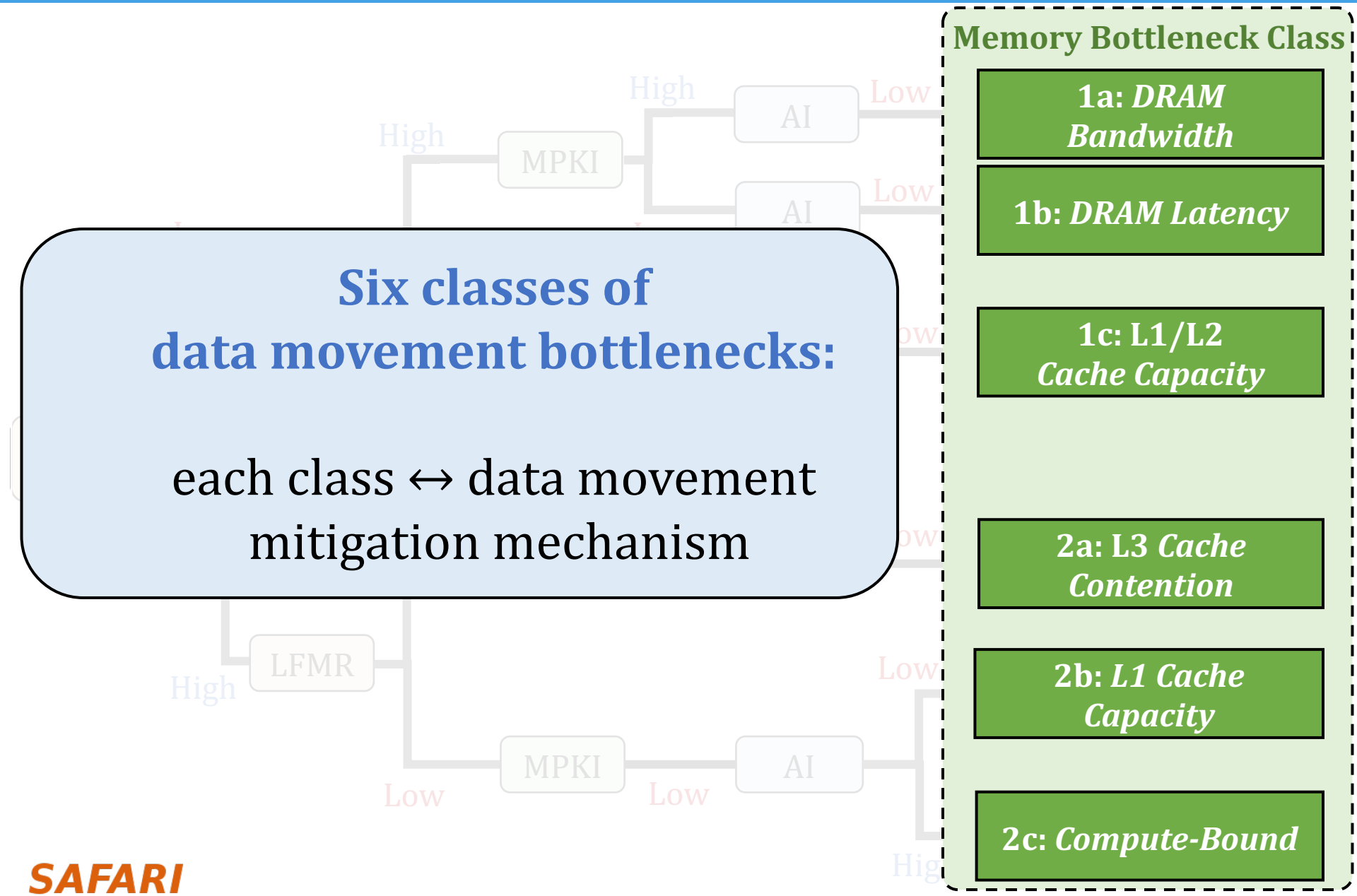
- We analyze 345 applications from distinct domains:

- Graph Processing
- Deep Neural Networks
- Physics
- High-Performance Computing
- Genomics
- Machine Learning
- Databases
- Data Reorganization
- Image Processing
- Map-Reduce
- Benchmarking
- Linear Algebra

...



Step 3: Memory Bottleneck Analysis



Six classes of data movement bottlenecks:

each class ↔ data movement mitigation mechanism

DAMOV is Open Source

- We open-source our benchmark suite and our toolchain

DAMOV-SIM

DAMOV Benchmarks

CMU-SAFARI / **DAMOV**

<> Code | Issues | Pull requests | Actions | Projects | Security | Insights | Settings

main | 1 branch | 0 tags | Go to file | Add file | Code

omutlu Update README.md ce1b4ea 17 days ago 5 commits

simulator	Cleaning	19 days ago
README.md	Update README.md	17 days ago
get_workloads.sh	DAMOV -- first commit	19 days ago

README.md

DAMOV: A New Methodology and Benchmark Suite for Evaluating Data Movement Bottlenecks

DAMOV is a benchmark suite and a methodical framework targeting the study of data movement bottlenecks in modern applications. It is intended to study new architectures, such as near-data processing.

The DAMOV benchmark suite is the first open-source benchmark suite for main memory data movement-related studies, based on our systematic characterization methodology. This suite consists of 144 functions representing different sources of data movement bottlenecks and can be used as a baseline benchmark set for future data-movement mitigation research. The applications in the DAMOV benchmark suite belong to popular benchmark suites, including BWA, Chai, Darknet, GASE, Hardware Effects, Hashjoin, HPCC, HPCG, Ligra, PARSEC, Parboil, PolyBench, Phoenix, Rodinia, SPLASH-2, STREAM.

About

DAMOV is a benchmark suite and a methodical framework targeting the study of data movement bottlenecks in modern applications. It is intended to study new architectures, such as near-data processing. Described by Oliveira et al. (preliminary version at https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03725.pdf)

Readme

Releases

No releases published
Create a new release

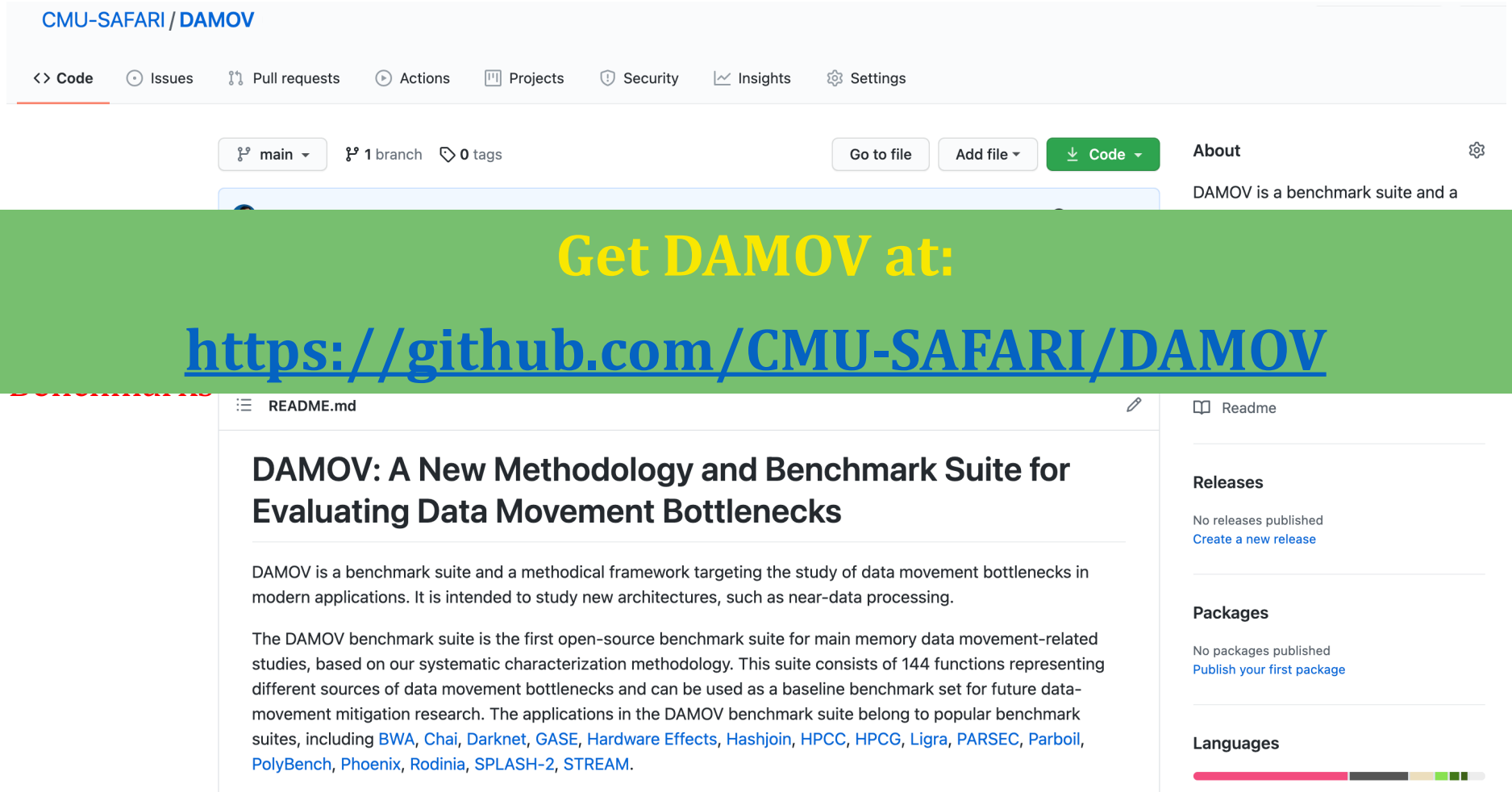
Packages

No packages published
Publish your first package

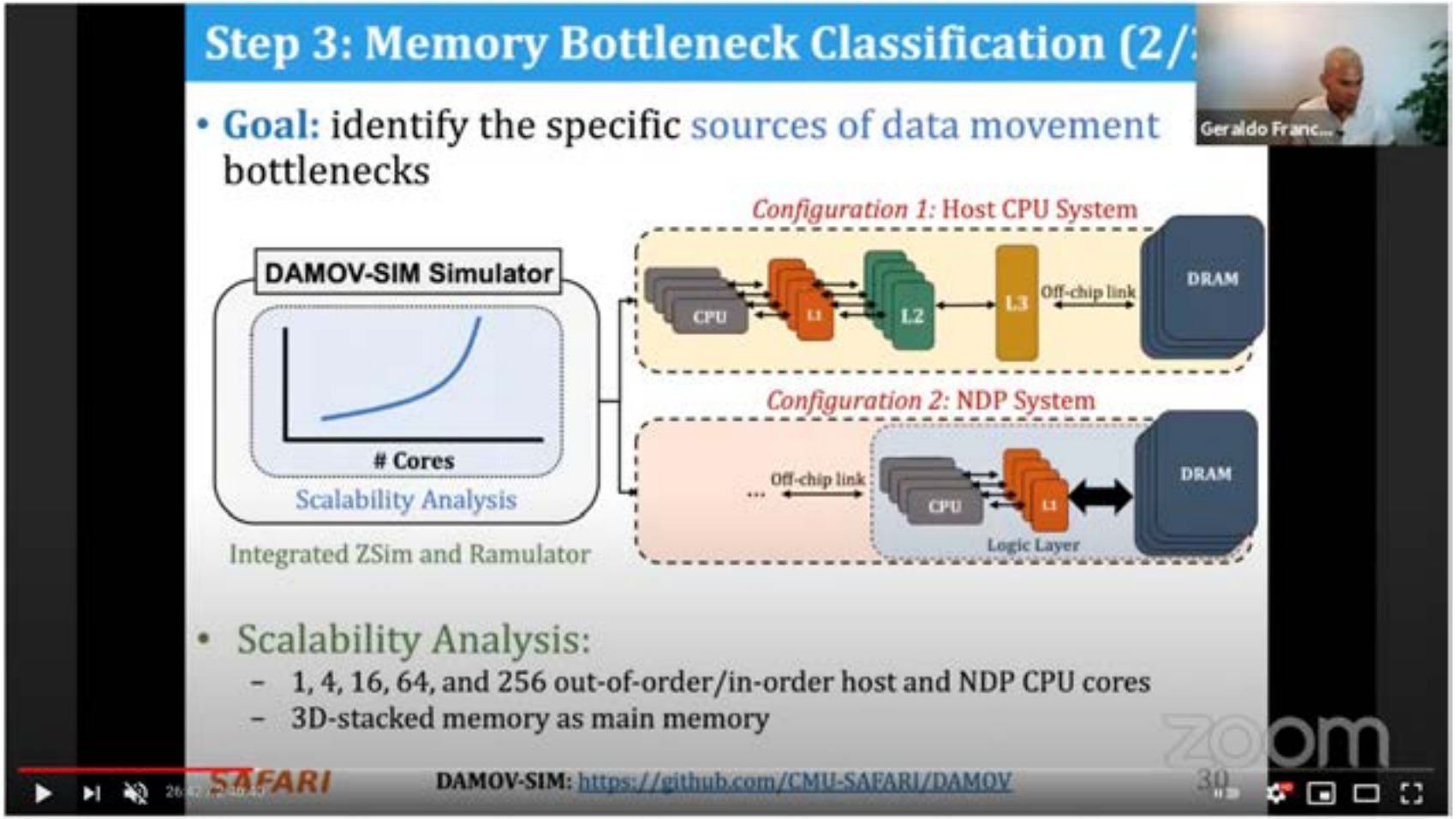
Languages

DAMOV is Open Source

- We open-source our benchmark suite and our toolchain



More on DAMOV Analysis Methodology & Workloads



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GWideVyo0nM&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi_tOTAYm--dYByNPL7JhwR9&index=3

More on DAMOV Methods & Benchmarks

- Geraldo F. Oliveira, Juan Gomez-Luna, Lois Orosa, Saugata Ghose, Nandita Vijaykumar, Ivan fernandez, Mohammad Sadrosadati, and Onur Mutlu, **"DAMOV: A New Methodology and Benchmark Suite for Evaluating Data Movement Bottlenecks"**
  IEEE Access, 8 September 2021.
  Preprint in ***arXiv***, 8 May 2021.
  [arXiv preprint]
  [IEEE Access version]
  [DAMOV Suite and Simulator Source Code]
  [SAFARI Live Seminar Video (2 hrs 40 mins)]
  [Short Talk Video (21 minutes)]

DAMOV: A New Methodology and Benchmark Suite for Evaluating Data Movement Bottlenecks

GERALDO F. OLIVEIRA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland
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IVAN FERNANDEZ, University of Malaga, Spain & ETH Zürich, Switzerland
MOHAMMAD SADROSADATI, ETH Zürich, Switzerland
ONUR MUTLU, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

Challenge and Opportunity for Future

Fundamentally
Energy-Efficient
(Data-Centric)
Computing Architectures

Challenge and Opportunity for Future

Fundamentally
High-Performance
(Data-Centric)
Computing Architectures

Computing Architectures with Minimal Data Movement

Concluding Remarks

Concluding Remarks

- We must design systems to be **balanced**, **high-performance**, **energy-efficient** (all at the same time) → intelligent systems
  - **Data-centric, data-driven, data-aware**
- Enable computation capability inside and close to memory
- This can
  - Lead to **orders-of-magnitude** improvements
  - **Enable new applications & computing platforms**
  - **Enable better understanding of nature**
  - **…**
- Future of **truly memory-centric computing** is bright
  - We need to do research & design across the computing stack

Fundamentally Better Architectures

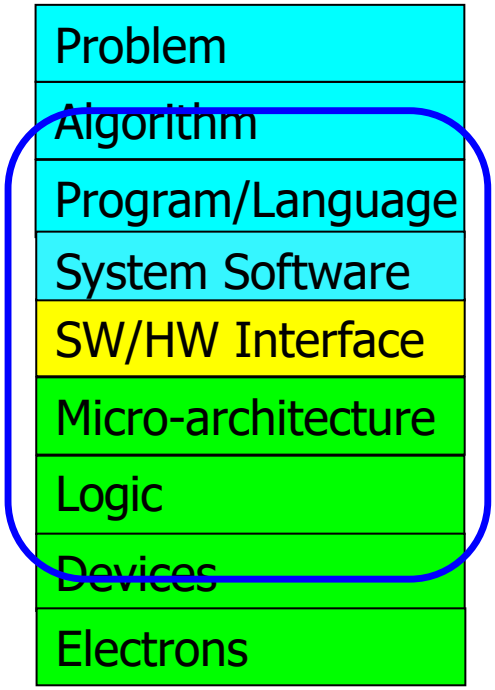
Data-centric

Data-driven

Data-aware

Source: http://spectrum.ieee.org/image/MjYzMzAyMg.jpeg

We Need to Revisit the Entire Stack



We can get there step by step

We Need to Exploit Good Principles

- Data-centric system design
- All components intelligent
- Better (cross-layer) communication, better interfaces
- Better-than-worst-case design
- Heterogeneity
- Flexibility, adaptability

Open minds

A Blueprint for Fundamentally Better Architectures

- Onur Mutlu,
  "Intelligent Architectures for Intelligent Computing Systems"
  *Invited Paper in Proceedings of the Design, Automation, and Test in Europe Conference (**DATE**)*, Virtual, February 2021.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [IEDM Tutorial Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Short DATE Talk Video (11 minutes)]
  [Longer IEDM Tutorial Video (1 hr 51 minutes)]


Intelligent Architectures for Intelligent Computing Systems

Onur Mutlu
ETH Zurich
omutlu@gmail.com

Funding Acknowledgments

- Alibaba, AMD, ASML, Google, Facebook, Hi-Silicon, HP Labs, Huawei, IBM, Intel, Microsoft, Nvidia, Oracle, Qualcomm, Rambus, Samsung, Seagate, VMware, Xilinx
- NSF
- NIH
- GSRC
- SRC
- CyLab
- EFCL
- SNSF

Thank you!

Acknowledgments

Think BIG, Aim HIGH!

https://safari.ethz.ch

Onur Mutlu's SAFARI Research Group

Computer architecture, HW/SW, systems, bioinformatics, security, memory

https://safari.ethz.ch/safari-newsletter-january-2021/

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SAFARI

https://safari.ethz.ch

SAFARI Newsletter December 2021 Edition

- https://safari.ethz.ch/safari-newsletter-december-2021/

SAFARI Introduction & Research

Computer architecture, HW/SW, systems, bioinformatics, security, memory

SAFARI
SAFARI Research Group

Think BIG, Aim HIGH!

SAFARI https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mV2OuB2djEs

Referenced Papers, Talks, Artifacts

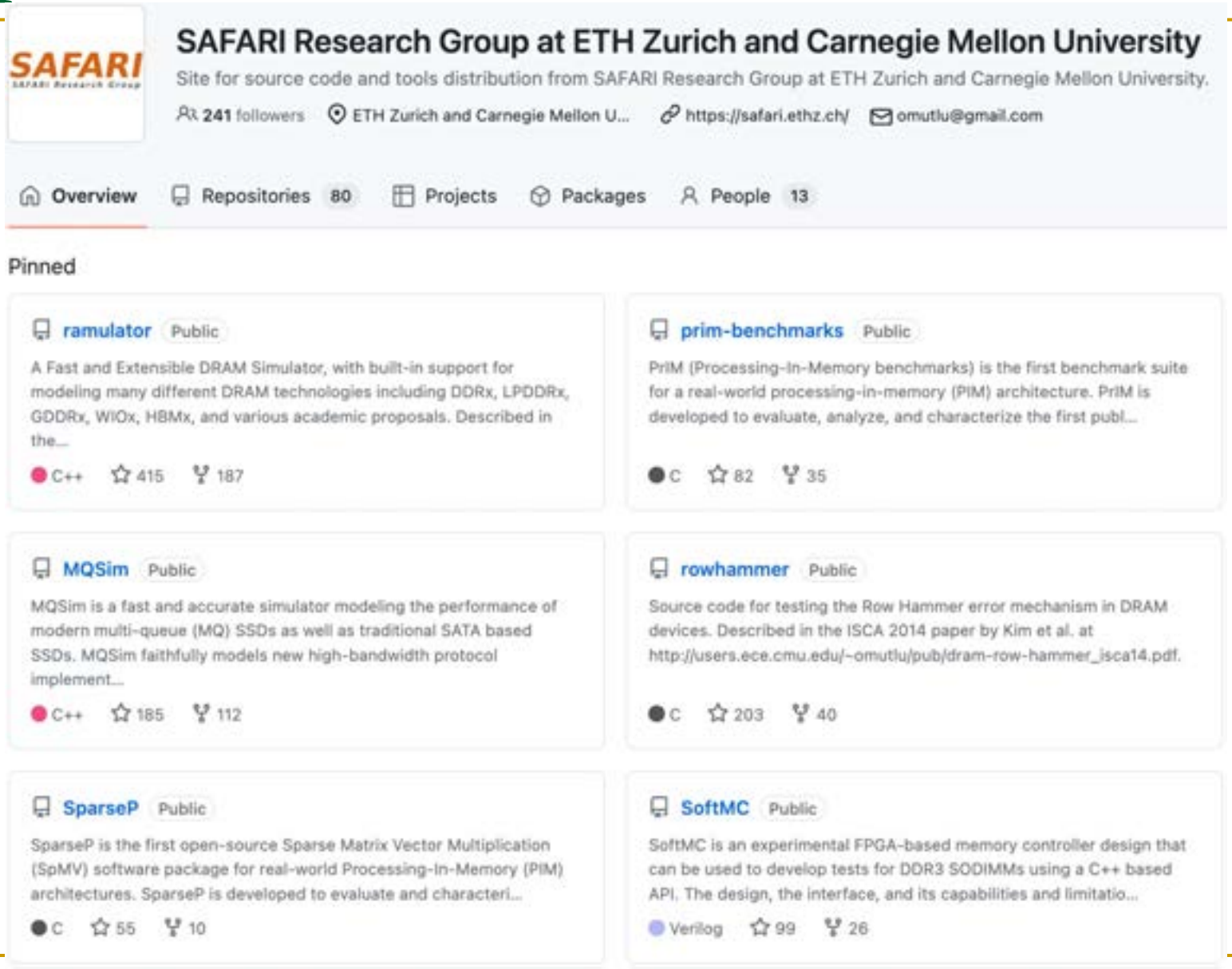
- All are available at

  https://people.inf.ethz.ch/omutlu/projects.htm

  https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures

  https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/

Open Source Tools: SAFARI GitHub



https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/

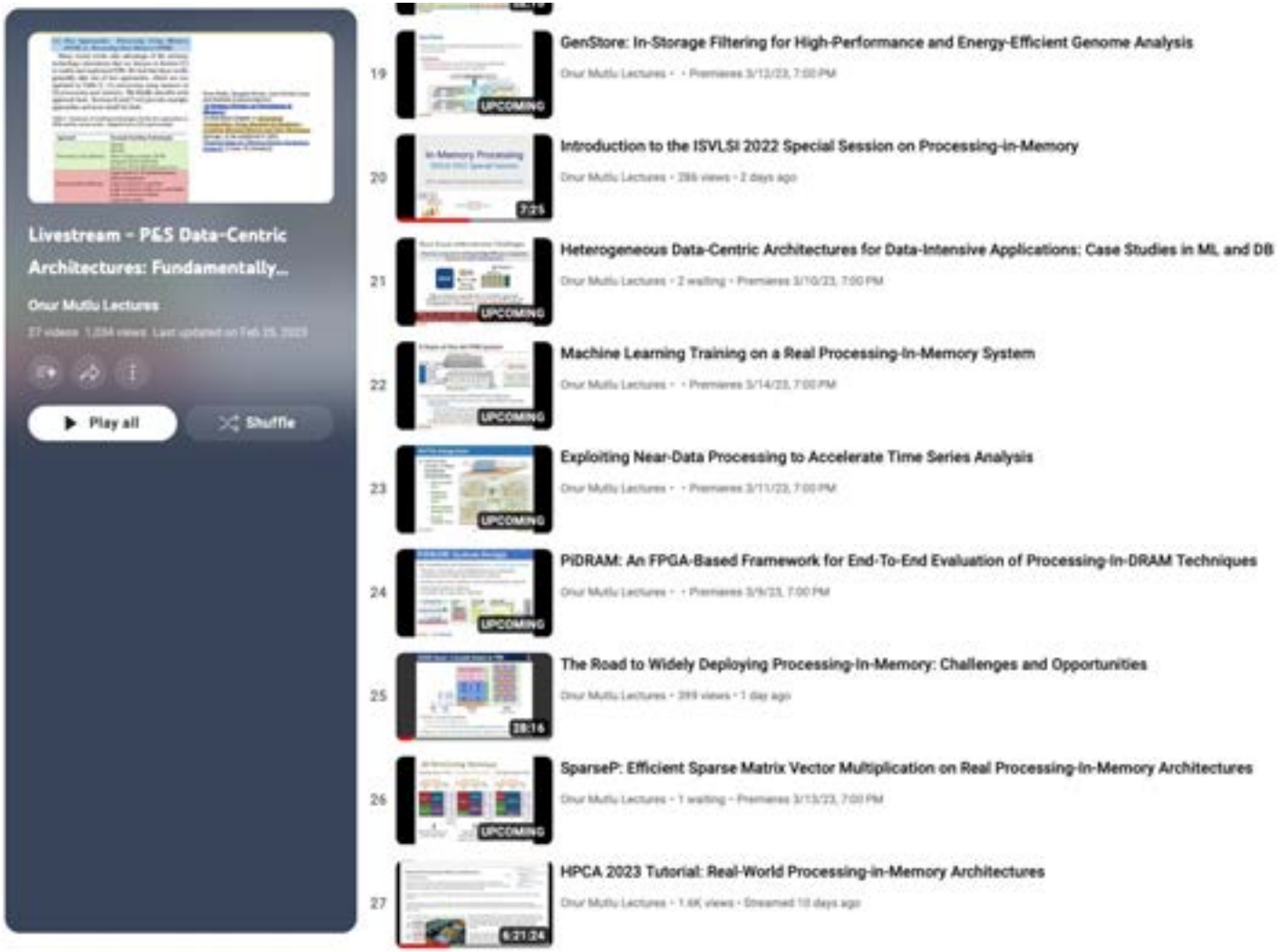
Special Research Sessions & Courses

- Special Session at ISVLSI 2022: 9 cutting-edge talks

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qeukNs5XI3g

Special Research Sessions & Courses (II)

- Special Session at ISVLSI 2022: 9 cutting-edge talks



https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8KzG2CQYRNQOVD0GOBrnKy

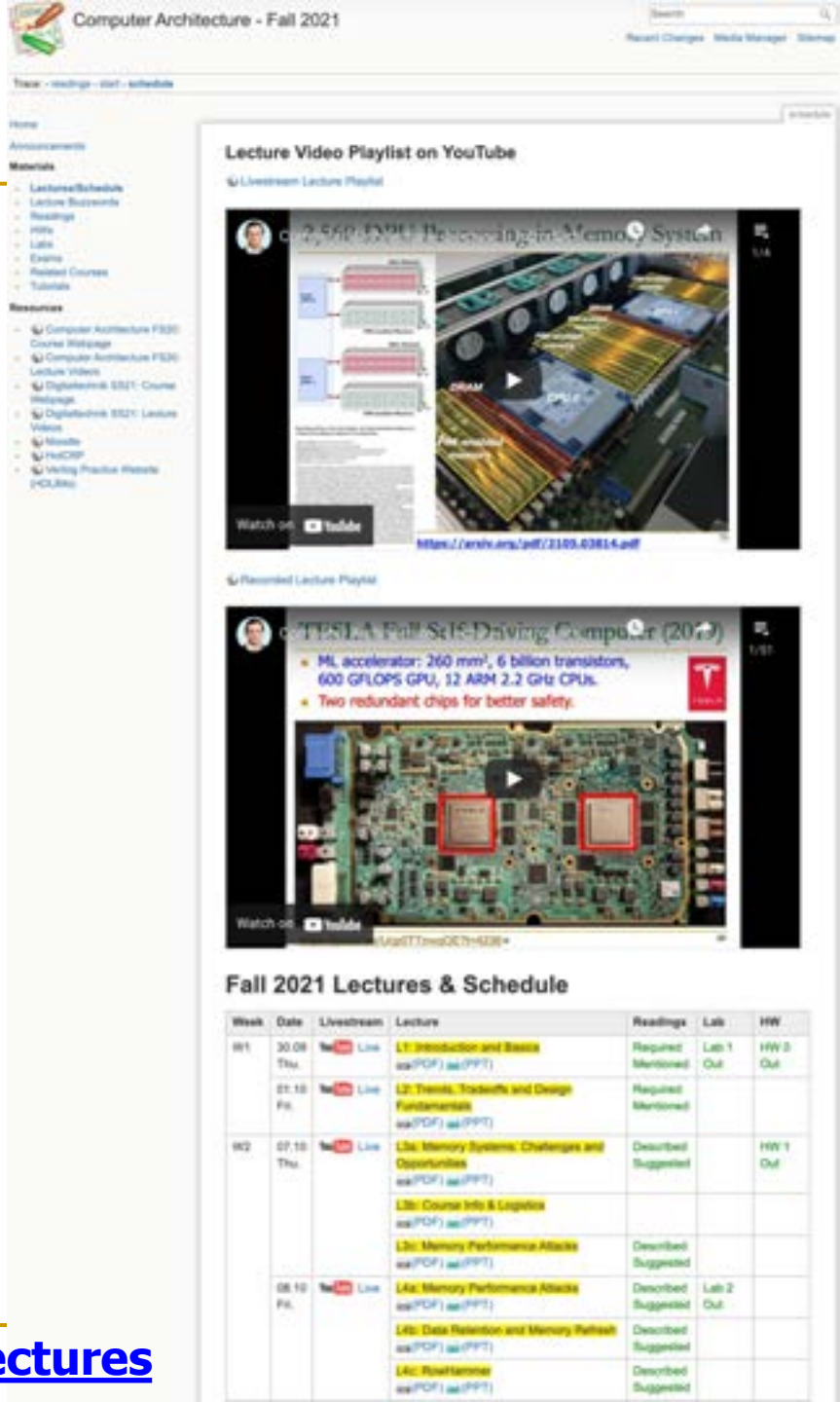
Comp Arch (Fall 2021)

- **Fall 2021 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/architecture/fall2021/doku.php?id=schedule
- **Fall 2020 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/architecture/fall2020/doku.php?id=schedule

- **Youtube Livestream (2021):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4yfkM_5EFgo&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi-Mnk1PxjEIG32HAGILkTOF
- **Youtube Livestream (2020):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c3mPdZA-Fmc&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi9xidyIgBxUz7xRPS-wisBN

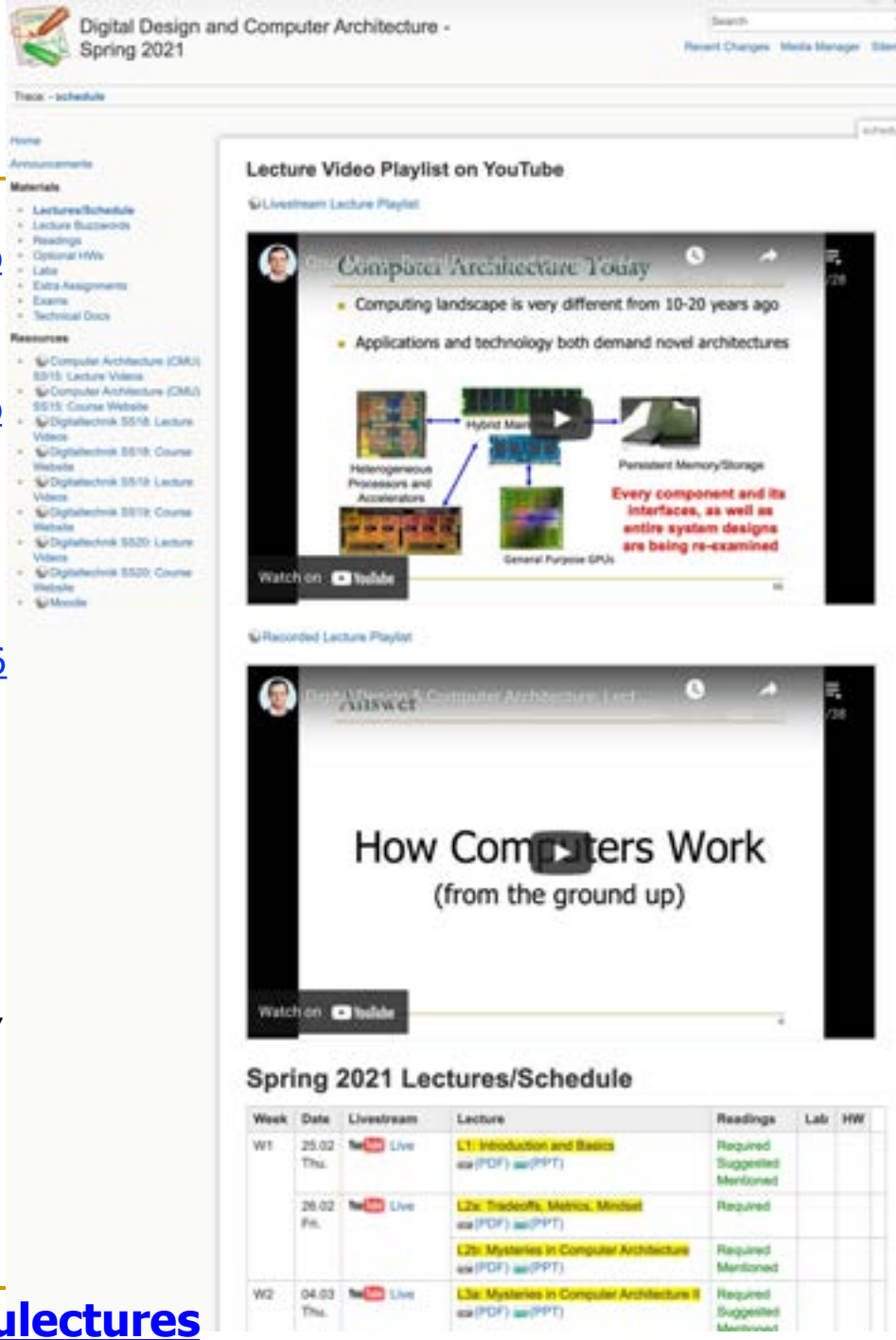
- Master's level course
  - Taken by Bachelor's/Masters/PhD students
  - Cutting-edge research topics + fundamentals in Computer Architecture
  - 5 Simulator-based Lab Assignments
  - Potential research exploration
  - Many research readings

https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures



DDCA (Spring 2022)

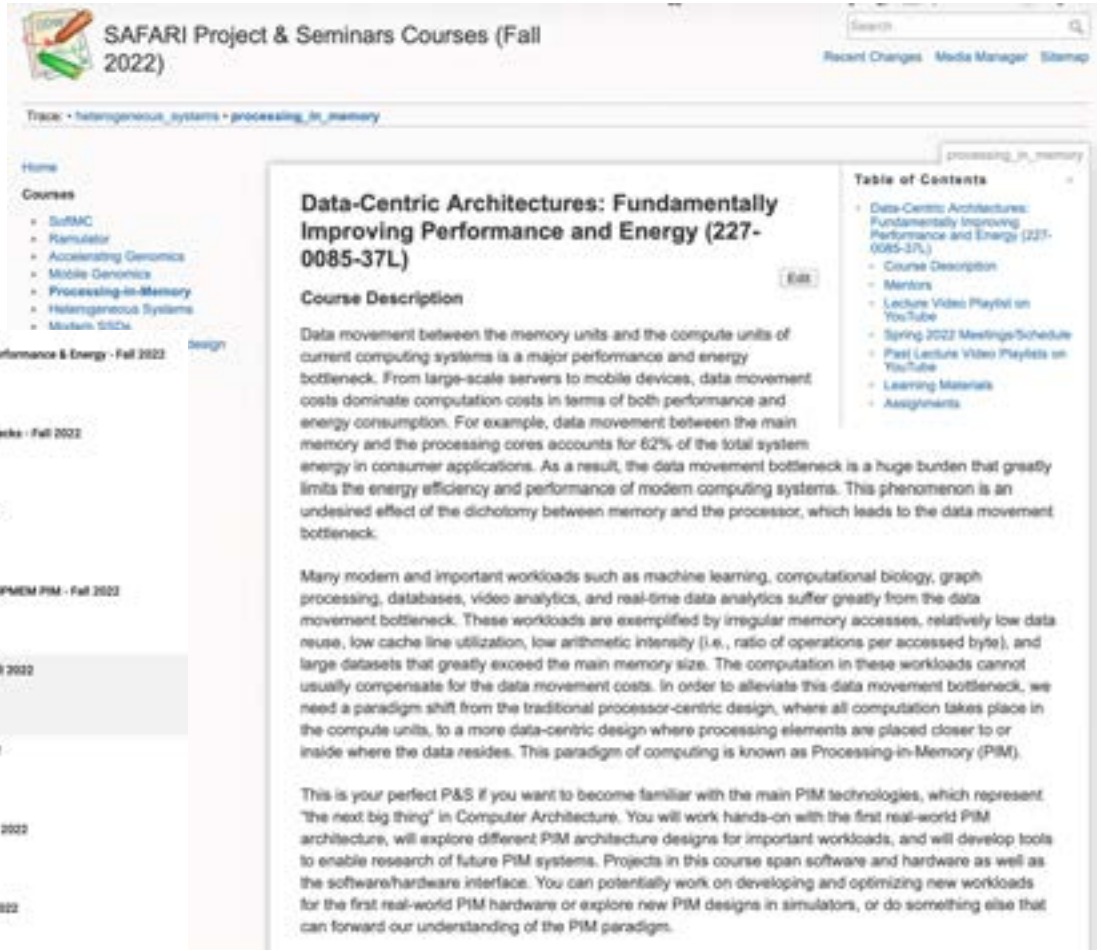
- **Spring 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/digitaltechnik/spring2022/doku.php?id=schedule
- **Spring 2021 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/digitaltechnik/spring2021/doku.php?id=schedule
- **Youtube Livestream (Spring 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cpXdE3HwvK0&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi97Ya5DEUpMpO2bbAoaG7c6
- **Youtube Livestream (Spring 2021):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LbC0EZY8yw4&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi_uej3aY39YB5pfW4SJ7LlN
- Bachelor's course
  - 2nd semester at ETH Zurich
  - Rigorous introduction into "How Computers Work"
  - Digital Design/Logic
  - Computer Architecture
  - 10 FPGA Lab Assignments



https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures

Processing-in-Memory Course (Fall 2022)

- Short weekly lectures
- Hands-on projects



https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/fall2022/doku.php?id=processing_in_memory

https://youtube.com/playlist?list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8KzG2CQYRNQOVD0GOBrnKy

PIM Course (Fall 2022)

- **Fall 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/fall2022/doku.php?id=processing_in_memory
- **Spring 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=processing_in_memory

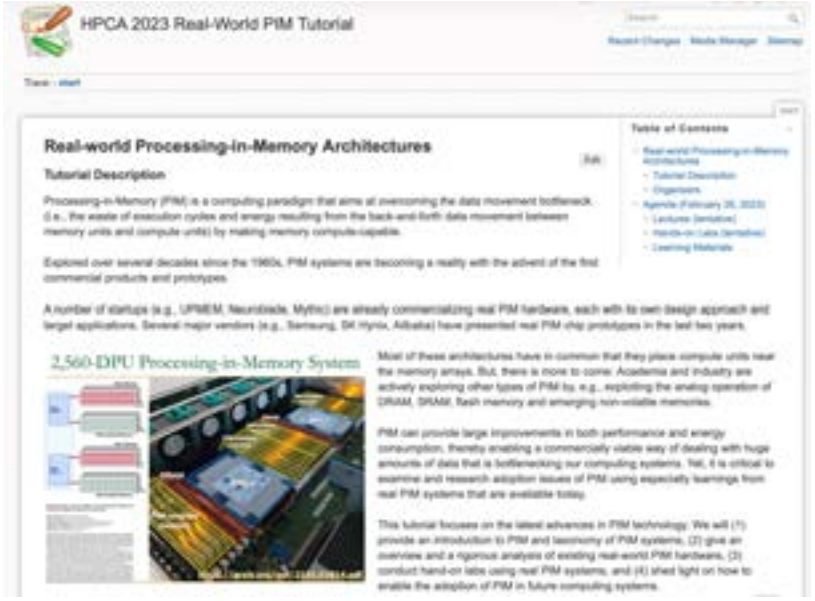
- **Youtube Livestream (Fall 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QLL0wQ9I4Dw&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8KzG2CQYRNQOVD0GOBrnKy
- **Youtube Livestream (Spring 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9e4Chnwdovo&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi-841fUYYUK9EsXKhQKRPyX

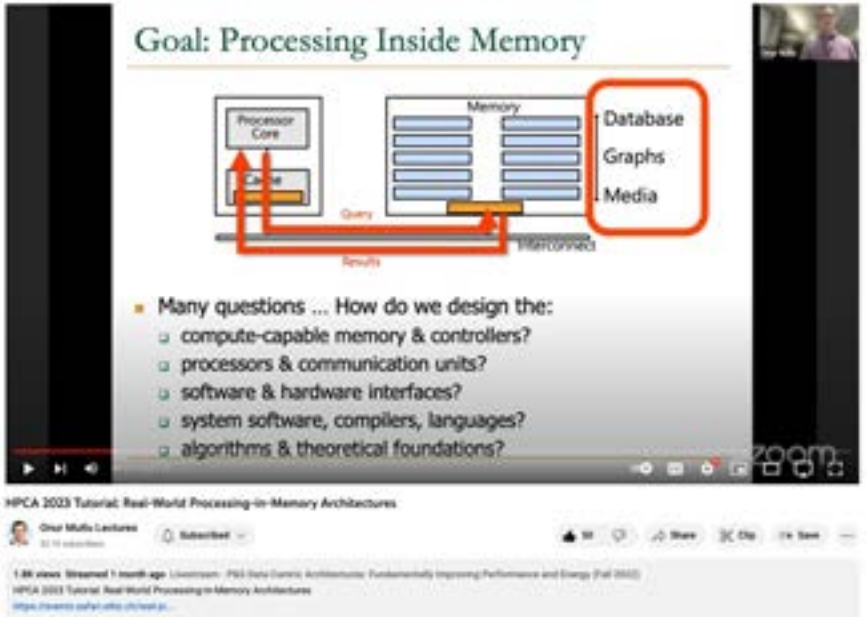
- Project course
  - Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
  - Processing-in-Memory lectures
  - Hands-on research exploration
  - Many research readings

https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures

Real PIM Tutorial (HPCA 2023)

- February 26: Lectures + Hands-on labs + Invited Talks





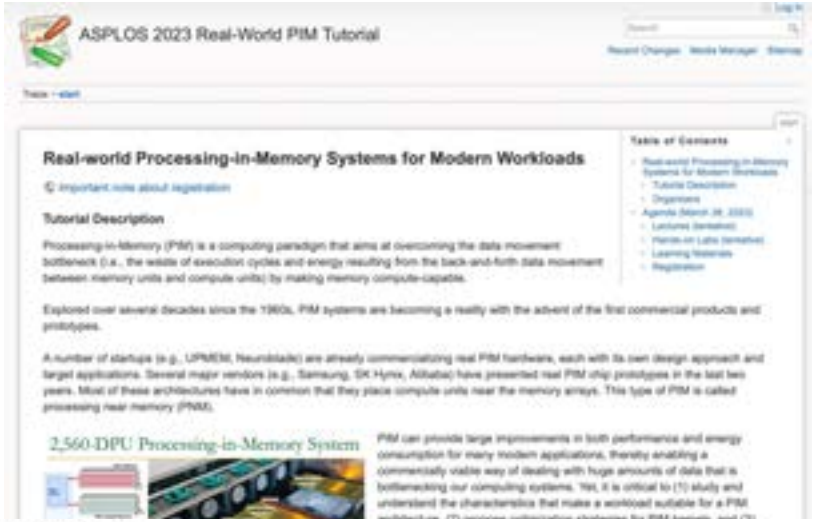
Time	Speaker	Title	Materials
8:00am-8:40am	Prof. Onur Mutlu	Memory-Centric Computing	(PDF) (PPT)
8:40am-10:00am	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	Processing-Near-Memory: Real PNM Architectures Programming General-purpose PIM	(PDF) (PPT)
10:20am-11:00am	Dr. Dimin Niu	A 3D Logic-to-DRAM Hybrid Bonding Process-Near-Memory Chip for Recommendation System	
11:00am-11:40am	Dr. Christina Giannoula	SparseP: Towards Efficient Sparse Matrix Vector Multiplication on Real Processing-In-Memory Architectures	(PDF) (PPT)
1:30pm-2:10pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	Processing-Using-Memory: Exploiting the Analog Operational Properties of Memory Components	(PDF) (PPT)
2:10pm-2:50pm	Dr. Manuel Le Gallo	Deep Learning Inference Using Computational Phase-Change Memory	
2:50pm-3:30pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	PIM Adoption Issues: How to Enable PIM Adoption?	(PDF) (PPT)
3:40pm-5:40pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	Hands-on Lab: Programming and Understanding a Real Processing-in-Memory Architecture	(Handout) (PDF) (PPT)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f5-nT1tbz5w

https://events.safari.ethz.ch/real-pim-tutorial/

Real PIM Tutorial (ASPLOS 2023)

- March 26: Lectures + Hands-on labs + Invited talks



Tutorial Materials

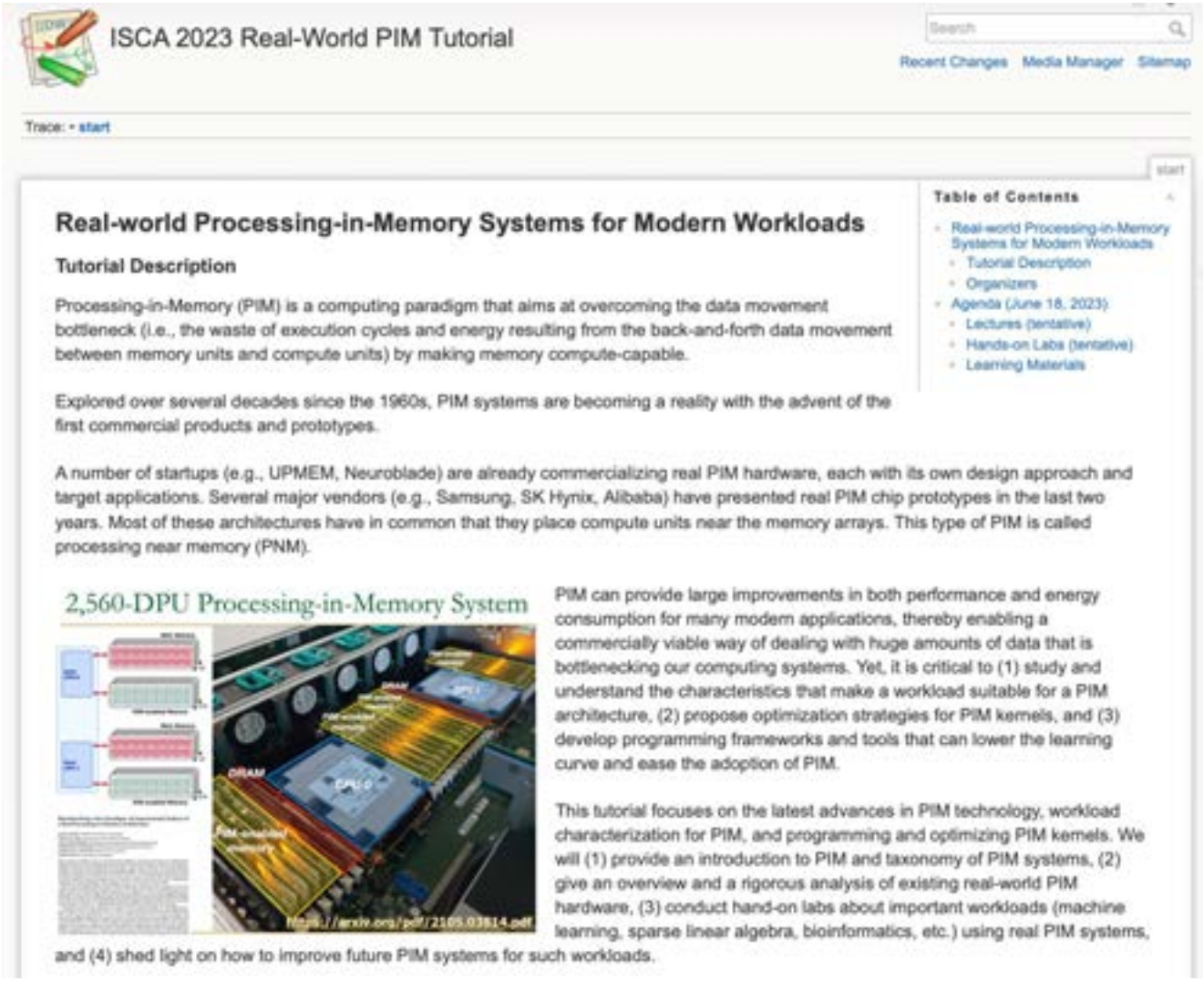
Time	Speaker	Title	Materials
9:00am-10:20am	Prof. Onur Mutlu	Memory-Centric Computing	(PDF) (PPT)
10:40am-12:00pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	Processing-Near-Memory: Real PNM Architectures Programming General-purpose PIM	(PDF) (PPT)
1:40pm-2:20pm	Prof. Alexandra (Sasha) Fedorova (UBC)	Processing in Memory in the Wild	(PDF) (PPT)
2:20pm-3:20pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna & Ataberk Olgun	Processing-Using-Memory: Exploiting the Analog Operational Properties of Memory Components	(PDF) (PPT) (PDF) (PPT)
3:40pm-4:10pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	Adoption issues: How to enable PIM? Accelerating Modern Workloads on a General-purpose PIM System	(PDF) (PPT) (PDF) (PPT)
4:10pm-4:50pm	Dr. Yongkee Kwon & Eddy (Changwook) Park (SK Hynix)	System Architecture and Software Stack for GDDR6-AiM	(PDF) (PPT)
4:50pm-5:00pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	Hands-on Lab: Programming and Understanding a Real Processing-in-Memory Architecture	(Handout) (PDF) (PPT)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oYCaLcT0Kmo

https://events.safari.ethz.ch/asplos-pim-tutorial/

Upcoming Real PIM Tutorial (ISCA 2023)

- June 18: Lectures + Hands-on labs + Invited talks



ISCA 2023 Real-World PIM Tutorial

Search

Recent Changes Media Manager Sitemap

Trace: • start

start

Real-world Processing-in-Memory Systems for Modern Workloads

Table of Contents

- Real-world Processing-in-Memory Systems for Modern Workloads
  - Tutorial Description
  - Organizers
- Agenda (June 18, 2023)
  - Lectures (tentative)
  - Hands-on Labs (tentative)
  - Learning Materials

Tutorial Description

Processing-in-Memory (PIM) is a computing paradigm that aims at overcoming the data movement bottleneck (i.e., the waste of execution cycles and energy resulting from the back-and-forth data movement between memory units and compute units) by making memory compute-capable.

Explored over several decades since the 1960s, PIM systems are becoming a reality with the advent of the first commercial products and prototypes.

A number of startups (e.g., UPMEM, Neuroblade) are already commercializing real PIM hardware, each with its own design approach and target applications. Several major vendors (e.g., Samsung, SK Hynix, Alibaba) have presented real PIM chip prototypes in the last two years. Most of these architectures have in common that they place compute units near the memory arrays. This type of PIM is called processing near memory (PNM).

PIM can provide large improvements in both performance and energy consumption for many modern applications, thereby enabling a commercially viable way of dealing with huge amounts of data that is bottlenecking our computing systems. Yet, it is critical to (1) study and understand the characteristics that make a workload suitable for a PIM architecture, (2) propose optimization strategies for PIM kernels, and (3) develop programming frameworks and tools that can lower the learning curve and ease the adoption of PIM.

This tutorial focuses on the latest advances in PIM technology, workload characterization for PIM, and programming and optimizing PIM kernels. We will (1) provide an introduction to PIM and taxonomy of PIM systems, (2) give an overview and a rigorous analysis of existing real-world PIM hardware, (3) conduct hand-on labs about important workloads (machine learning, sparse linear algebra, bioinformatics, etc.) using real PIM systems, and (4) shed light on how to improve future PIM systems for such workloads.

https://events.safari.ethz.ch/isca-pim-tutorial/

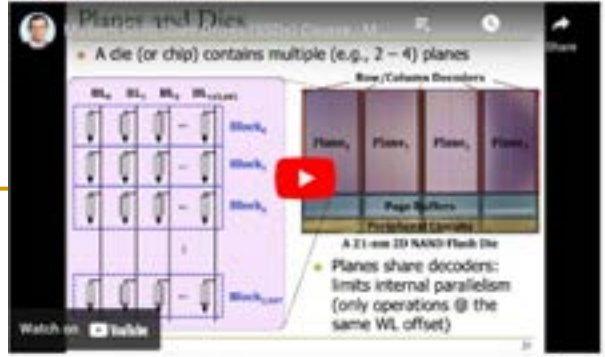
SSD Course (Spring 2023)

- **Spring 2023 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2023/doku.php?id=modern_ssds
- **Fall 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/fall2022/doku.php?id=modern_ssds

- **Youtube Livestream (Spring 2023):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4VTwOMmsnJY&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi_8qOM5Icpp8hB2SHtm4z57&pp=iAQB
- **Youtube Livestream (Fall 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hqLrd-Uj0aU&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi9BJhenUq4JI5bwhAMpAp13&pp=iAQB

- Project course
  - Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
  - SSD Basics and Advanced Topics
  - Hands-on research exploration
  - Many research readings

https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures



Fall 2022 Meetings/Schedule

Week	Date	Livestream	Meeting	Learning Materials	Assignments
W1	06.10		M1: FSS Course Presentation	Required Recommended	
W2	12.10	Live	M2: Basics of NAND Flash-Based SSDs	Required Recommended	
W3	19.10	Live	M3: NAND Flash Read/Write Operations	Required Recommended	
W4	26.10	Live	M4: Processing inside NAND Flash	Required Recommended	
W5	02.11	Live	M5: Advanced NAND Flash Commands & Mapping	Required Recommended	
W6	09.11	Live	M6: Processing inside Storage	Required Recommended	
W7	23.11	Live	M7: Address Mapping & Garbage Collection	Required Recommended	
W8	30.11	Live	M8: Introduction to MQSim	Required Recommended	
W9	14.12	Live	M9: Fine-Grained Mapping and Multi-Plane Operation-Aware Block Management	Required Recommended	
W10	04.01.2023	Premiere	M10a: NAND Flash Basics	Required Recommended	
			M10b: Reducing Solid-State Drive Read Latency by Optimizing Read-Retry	Required Recommended	
			M10c: Evanesco: Architectural Support for Efficient Data Sanitization in Modern Flash-Based Storage Systems	Required Recommended	
			M10d: DeepSketch: A New Machine Learning-Based Reference Search Technique for Post-Deduplication Delta Compression	Required Recommended	
W11	11.01	Live	M11: FLIN: Enabling Fairness and Enhancing Performance in Modern NVMe Solid-State Drives	Required	
W12	25.01	Premiere	M12: Flash Memory and Solid-State Drives	Recommended	

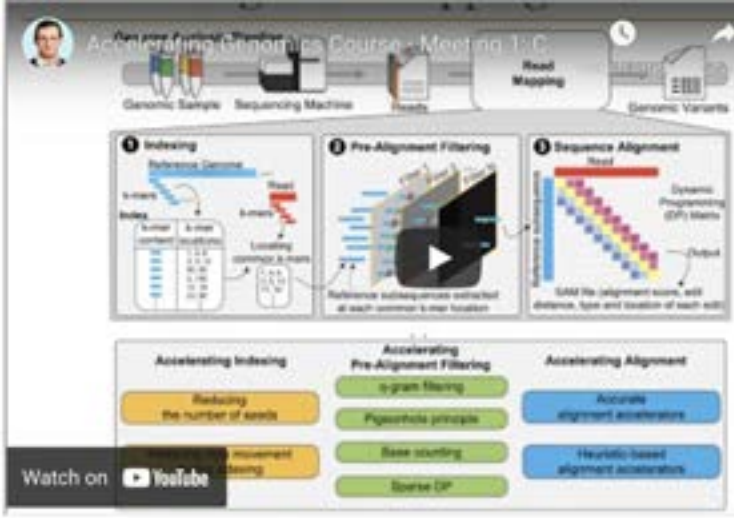
Genomics Course (Fall 2022)

- **Fall 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/fall2022/doku.php?id=bioinformatics
- **Spring 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=bioinformatics

- **Youtube Livestream (Fall 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nA41964-9r8&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8tFlQvdxOdizD_EhVAMVQV
- **Youtube Livestream (Spring 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DEL_5A_Y3TI&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8NrPDgOR1yRU_Cxxjw-u18

- Project course
  - Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
  - Genomics lectures
  - Hands-on research exploration
  - Many research readings

https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures



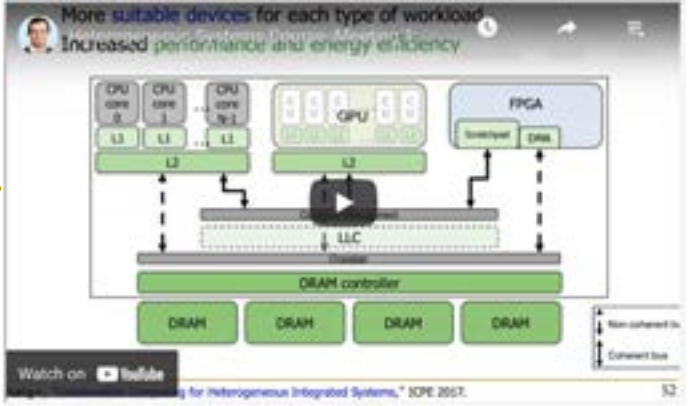
Spring 2022 Meetings/Schedule

Week	Date	Livestream	Meeting	Learning Materials
W1	11.3 Fri.	Live	M1: P&S Accelerating Genomics Course Introduction & Project Proposals (PDF) (PPT)	Required Materials Recommended Materials
W2	18.3 Fri.	Live	M2: Introduction to Sequencing (PDF) (PPT)	
W3	25.3 Fri.	Premiere	M3: Read Mapping (PDF) (PPT)	
W4	01.04 Fri.	Premiere	M4: GateKeeper (PDF) (PPT)	
W5	08.04 Fri.	Premiere	M5: MAGNET & Shouji (PDF) (PPT)	
W6	15.4 Fri.	Premiere	M6: SneakySnake (PDF) (PPT)	
W7	29.4 Fri.	Premiere	M7: GenStore (PDF) (PPT)	
W8	06.05 Fri.	Premiere	M8: GRIM-Filter (PDF) (PPT)	
W9	13.05 Fri.	Premiere	M9: Genome Assembly (PDF) (PPT)	
W10	20.05 Fri.	Live	M10: Genomic Data Sharing Under Differential Privacy (PDF) (PPT)	
W11	10.06 Fri.	Premiere	M11: Accelerating Genome Sequence Analysis (PDF) (PPT)	

Hetero. Systems (Spring'22)

- **Spring 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=heterogeneous_systems
- **Youtube Livestream:**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oFO5fTrgFIY&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi9XrgXR38IM_FTjmY6h7Gzm
- Project course
  - Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
  - GPU and Parallelism lectures
  - Hands-on research exploration
  - Many research readings

https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures

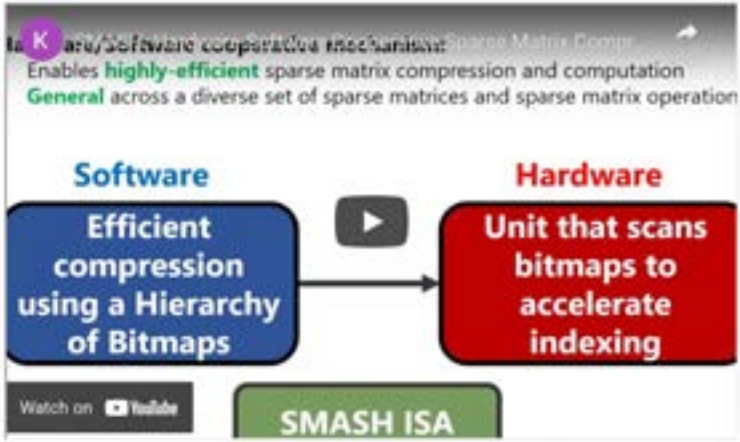


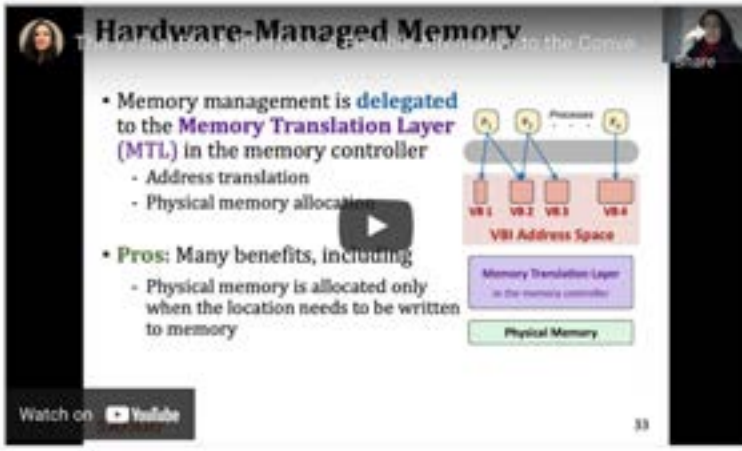
Spring 2022 Meetings/Schedule

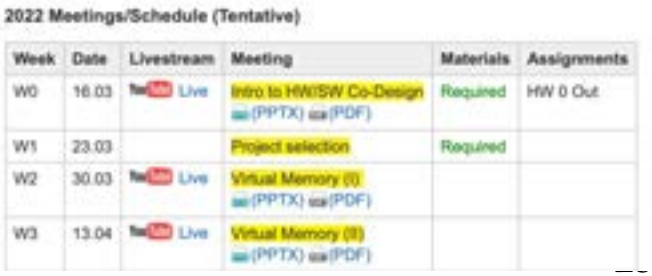
Week	Date	Livestream	Meeting	Learning Materials	Assignments
W1	15.03 Tue.	Premiere	M1: P&S Course Presentation (PDF) (PPT)	Required Materials Recommended Materials	HW 0 Out
W2	22.03 Tue.	Premiere	M2: SIMD Processing and GPUs (PDF) (PPT)		
W3	29.03 Tue.	Premiere	M3: GPU Software Hierarchy (PDF) (PPT)		
W4	05.04 Tue.	Premiere	M4: GPU Memory Hierarchy (PDF) (PPT)		
W5	12.04 Tue.	Premiere	M5: GPU Performance Considerations (PDF) (PPT)		
W6	19.04 Tue.	Premiere	M6: Parallel Patterns: Reduction (PDF) (PPT)		
W7	26.04 Tue.	Premiere	M7: Parallel Patterns: Histogram (PDF) (PPT)		
W8	03.05 Tue.	Premiere	M8: Parallel Patterns: Convolution (PDF) (PPT)		
W9	10.05 Tue.	Premiere	M9: Parallel Patterns: Prefix Sum (Scan) (PDF) (PPT)		
W10	17.05 Tue.	Premiere	M10: Parallel Patterns: Sparse Matrices (PDF) (PPT)		
W11	24.05 Tue.	Premiere	M11: Parallel Patterns: Graph Search (PDF) (PPT)		
W12	01.06 Wed.	Premiere	M12: Parallel Patterns: Merge Sort (PDF) (PPT)		
W13	07.06 Tue.	Premiere	M13: Dynamic Parallelism (PDF) (PPT)		
W14	15.06 Wed.	Premiere	M14: Collaborative Computing (PDF) (PPT)		
W15	24.06 Fri.	Premiere	M15: GPU Acceleration of Genome Sequence Alignment (PDF) (PPT)		
W16	14.07 Thu.	Premiere	M16: Accelerating Agent-based Simulations (PDF) (CDP)		

HW/SW Co-Design (Spring 2022)

- **Spring 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=hw_sw_codesign
- **Youtube Livestream:**
  - https://youtube.com/playlist?list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8nH7un3ghD2nutKWWDk-NK
- Project course
  - Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
  - HW/SW co-design lectures
  - Hands-on research exploration
  - Many research readings






2022 Meetings/Schedule (Tentative)

Week	Date	Livestream	Meeting	Materials	Assignments
W0	16.03	Live	Intro to HW/SW Co-Design (PPTX) (PDF)	Required	HW 0 Out
W1	23.03		Project selection	Required	
W2	30.03	Live	Virtual Memory (I) (PPTX) (PDF)		
W3	13.04	Live	Virtual Memory (II) (PPTX) (PDF)		

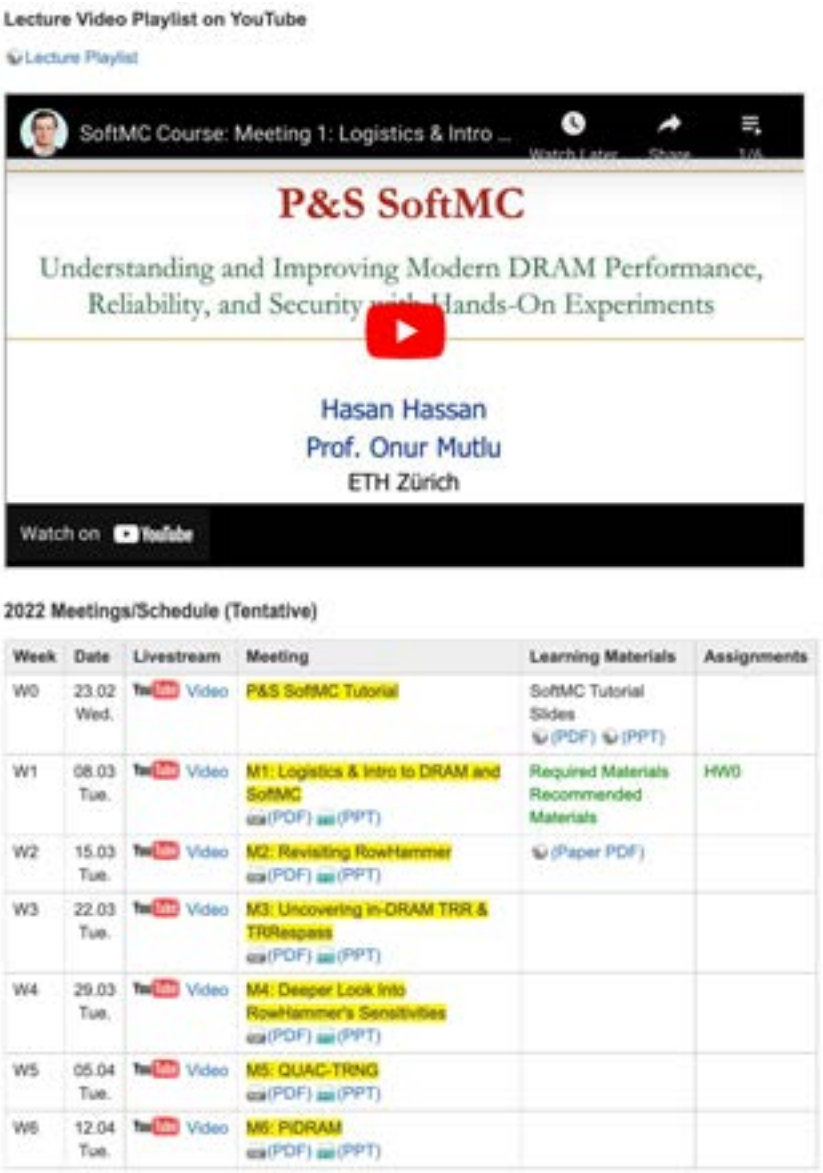
https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures

RowHammer & DRAM Exploration (Fall 2022)

- **Fall 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/fall2022/doku.php?id=softmc
- **Spring 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=softmc

- **Youtube Livestream (Spring 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r5QxuoJWttg&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi_1trfCckr6PTN8WR72icUO

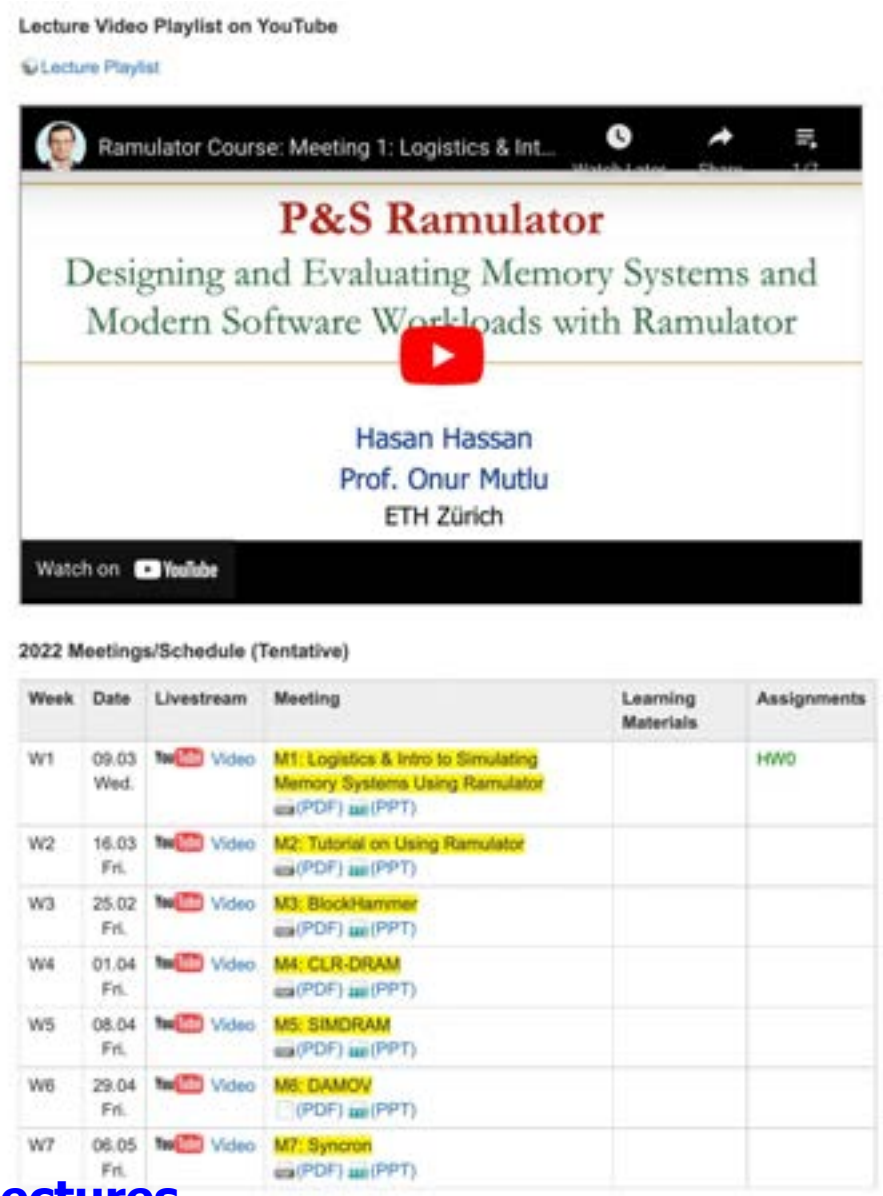
- Bachelor's course
  - Elective at ETH Zurich
  - Introduction to DRAM organization & operation
  - Tutorial on using FPGA-based infrastructure
  - Verilog & C++
  - Potential research exploration



https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures

Exploration of Emerging Memory Systems (Fall 2022)

- **Fall 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/fall2022/doku.php?id=ramulator
- **Spring 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=ramulator
- **Youtube Livestream (Spring 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aM-llXRQd3s&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi_TlmLGw_Z8hBo2925ZApqV
- Bachelor's course
  - Elective at ETH Zurich
  - Introduction to memory system simulation
  - Tutorial on using Ramulator
  - C++
  - Potential research exploration



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Memory-Centric Computing

Onur Mutlu
omutlu@gmail.com
https://people.inf.ethz.ch/omutlu

1 June 2023

Huawei Global Software Technology Summit Keynote

SAFARI ETH zürich Carnegie Mellon

Backup Slides

SAFARI PhD and Post-Doc Alumni

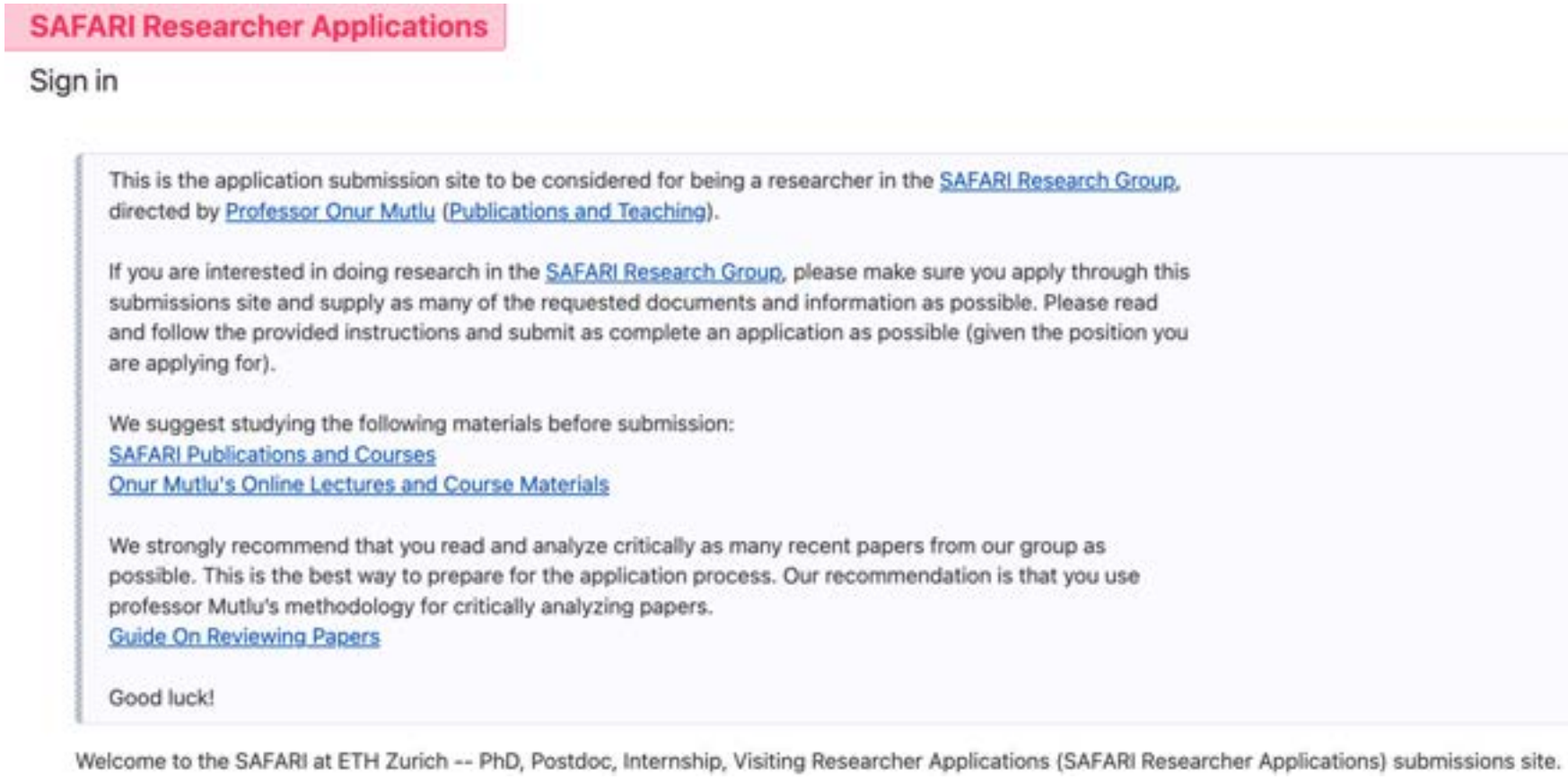
- https://safari.ethz.ch/safari-alumni/

- Hasan Hassan (Rivos), EDAA Outstanding Dissertation Award 2023; S&P 2020 Best Paper Award, 2020 Pwnie Award, IEEE Micro TP HM 2020
- Christina Giannoula (Univ. of Toronto)
- Minesh Patel (ETH Zurich), DSN Carter Award for Best Thesis 2022; ETH Medal 2023; MICRO'20 & DSN'20 Best Paper Awards; ISCA HoF 2021
- Damla Senol Cali (Bionano Genomics), SRC TECHCON 2019 Best Student Presentation Award; RECOMB-Seq 2018 Best Poster Award
- Nastaran Hajinazar (Intel)
- Gagandeep Singh (AMD/Xilinx), FPL 2020 Best Paper Award Finalist
- Amirali Boroumand (Stanford Univ → Google), SRC TECHCON 2018 Best Presentation Award
- Jeremie Kim (Apple), EDAA Outstanding Dissertation Award 2020; IEEE Micro Top Picks 2019; ISCA/MICRO HoF 2021
- Nandita Vijaykumar (Univ. of Toronto, Assistant Professor), ISCA Hall of Fame 2021
- Kevin Hsieh (Microsoft Research, Senior Researcher)
- Justin Meza (Facebook), HiPEAC 2015 Best Student Presentation Award; ICCD 2012 Best Paper Award
- Mohammed Alser (ETH Zurich), IEEE Turkey Best PhD Thesis Award 2018
- Yixin Luo (Google), HPCA 2015 Best Paper Session
- Kevin Chang (Facebook), SRC TECHCON 2016 Best Student Presentation Award
- Rachata Ausavarungnirun (KMUNTB, Assistant Professor), NOCS 2015 and NOCS 2012 Best Paper Award Finalist
- Gennady Pekhimenko (Univ. of Toronto, Assistant Professor), ISCA Hall of Fame 2021; ASPLOS 2015 SRC Winner
- Vivek Seshadri (Microsoft Research)
- Donghyuk Lee (NVIDIA Research, Senior Researcher), HPCA Hall of Fame 2018
- Yoongu Kim (Software Robotics → Google), TCAD'19 Top Pick Award; IEEE Micro Top Picks'10; HPCA'10 Best Paper Session
- Lavanya Subramanian (Intel Labs → Facebook)

- Samira Khan (Univ. of Virginia, Assistant Professor), HPCA 2014 Best Paper Session
- Saugata Ghose (Univ. of Illinois, Assistant Professor), DFRWS-EU 2017 Best Paper Award
- Jawad Haj-Yahya (Huawei Research Zurich, Principal Researcher)
- Lois Orosa (Galicia Supercomputing Center, Director)
- Jisung Park (POSTECH, Assistant Professor)
- Gagandeep Singh (AMD/Xilinx, Researcher)

You Can Join Us!

- **https://safari.ethz.ch/apply/**



Data-Driven (Self-Optimizing) Architectures

System Architecture Design Today

- Human-driven
  - Humans design the policies (how to do things)
- Many (too) simple, short-sighted policies all over the system
- No automatic data-driven policy learning
- (Almost) no learning: cannot take lessons from past actions

Can we design fundamentally intelligent architectures?

An Intelligent Architecture

- Data-driven
  - Machine learns the "best" policies (how to do things)
- Sophisticated, workload-driven, changing, far-sighted policies
- Automatic data-driven policy learning
- All controllers are intelligent data-driven agents

We need to rethink design (of all controllers)

Self-Optimizing Memory Controllers

- Engin Ipek, Onur Mutlu, José F. Martínez, and Rich Caruana, **"Self Optimizing Memory Controllers: A Reinforcement Learning Approach"**
  *Proceedings of the 35th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (**ISCA**)*, pages 39-50, Beijing, China, June 2008.

Self-Optimizing Memory Controllers: A Reinforcement Learning Approach

Engin İpek[1,2] **Onur Mutlu**[2] **José F. Martínez**[1] **Rich Caruana**[1]

[1]Cornell University, Ithaca, NY 14850 USA
[2] Microsoft Research, Redmond, WA 98052 USA

Self-Optimizing Memory Prefetchers

Rahul Bera, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos, Anant Nori, Taha Shahroodi, Sreenivas Subramoney, and Onur Mutlu,
"Pythia: A Customizable Hardware Prefetching Framework Using Online Reinforcement Learning"
Proceedings of the 54th International Symposium on Microarchitecture (***MICRO***), Virtual, October 2021.
[Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
[Short Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
[Lightning Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
[Talk Video (20 minutes)]
[Lightning Talk Video (1.5 minutes)]
[Pythia Source Code (Officially Artifact Evaluated with All Badges)]
[arXiv version]
Officially artifact evaluated as available, reusable and reproducible.

Pythia: A Customizable Hardware Prefetching Framework Using Online Reinforcement Learning

Rahul Bera[1] Konstantinos Kanellopoulos[1] Anant V. Nori[2] Taha Shahroodi[3,1]
Sreenivas Subramoney[2] Onur Mutlu[1]
[1]ETH Zürich [2]Processor Architecture Research Labs, Intel Labs [3]TU Delft

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2109.12021.pdf

Learning-Based Off-Chip Load Predictors

- Rahul Bera, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos, Shankar Balachandran, David Novo, Ataberk Olgun, Mohammad Sadrosadati, and Onur Mutlu,
  "Hermes: Accelerating Long-Latency Load Requests via Perceptron-Based Off-Chip Load Prediction"
  Proceedings of the 55th International Symposium on Microarchitecture (***MICRO***), Chicago, IL, USA, October 2022.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Longer Lecture Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (12 minutes)]
  [Lecture Video (25 minutes)]
  [arXiv version]
  [Source Code (Officially Artifact Evaluated with All Badges)]
  Officially artifact evaluated as available, reusable and reproducible.
  Best paper award at MICRO 2022.

Hermes: Accelerating Long-Latency Load Requests via Perceptron-Based Off-Chip Load Prediction

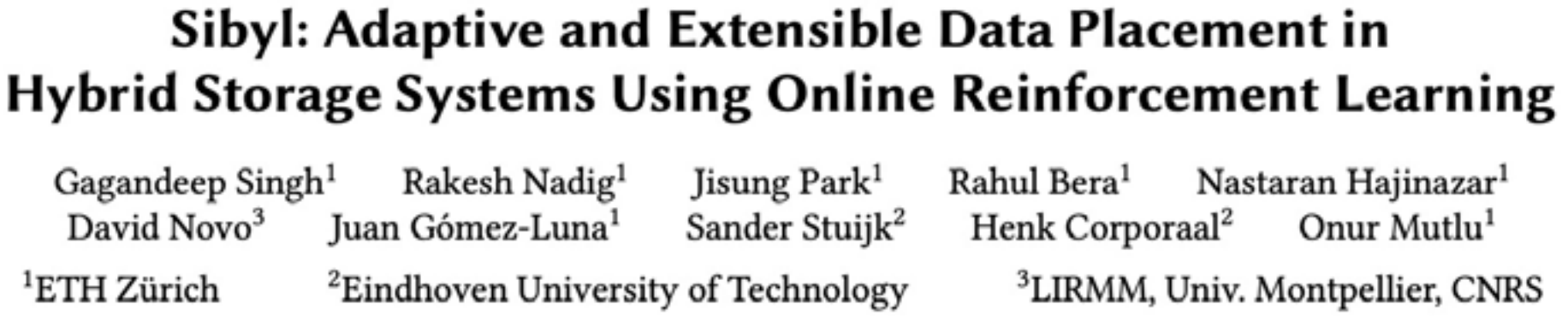
Rahul Bera[1] Konstantinos Kanellopoulos[1] Shankar Balachandran[2] David Novo[3]
Ataberk Olgun[1] Mohammad Sadrosadati[1] Onur Mutlu[1]

[1]ETH Zürich [2]Intel Processor Architecture Research Lab [3]LIRMM, Univ. Montpellier, CNRS

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2209.00188.pdf

Self-Optimizing Hybrid SSD Controllers

Gagandeep Singh, Rakesh Nadig, Jisung Park, Rahul Bera, Nastaran Hajinazar, David Novo, Juan Gomez-Luna, Sander Stuijk, Henk Corporaal, and Onur Mutlu,
"Sibyl: Adaptive and Extensible Data Placement in Hybrid Storage Systems Using Online Reinforcement Learning"
*Proceedings of the 49th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (**ISCA**)*, New York, June 2022.
[Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
[arXiv version]
[Sibyl Source Code]
[Talk Video (16 minutes)]



Sibyl: Adaptive and Extensible Data Placement in Hybrid Storage Systems Using Online Reinforcement Learning

Gagandeep Singh[1] Rakesh Nadig[1] Jisung Park[1] Rahul Bera[1] Nastaran Hajinazar[1]
David Novo[3] Juan Gómez-Luna[1] Sander Stuijk[2] Henk Corporaal[2] Onur Mutlu[1]
[1]ETH Zürich [2]Eindhoven University of Technology [3]LIRMM, Univ. Montpellier, CNRS

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2205.07394.pdf

Challenge and Opportunity for Future

Data-Driven
(Self-Optimizing)
Computing Architectures

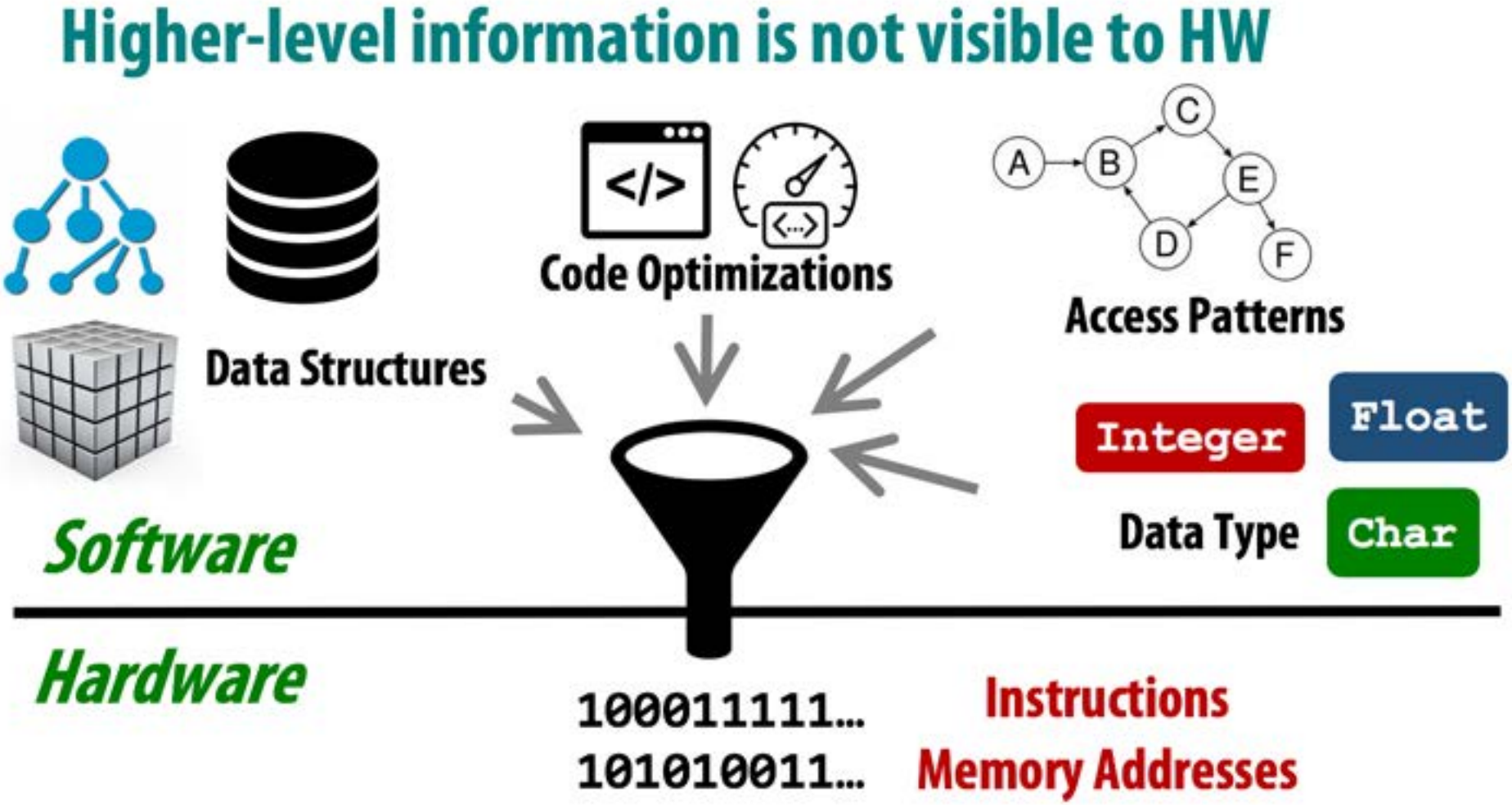
Data-Characteristic-Aware Architectures

Data-Aware Architectures

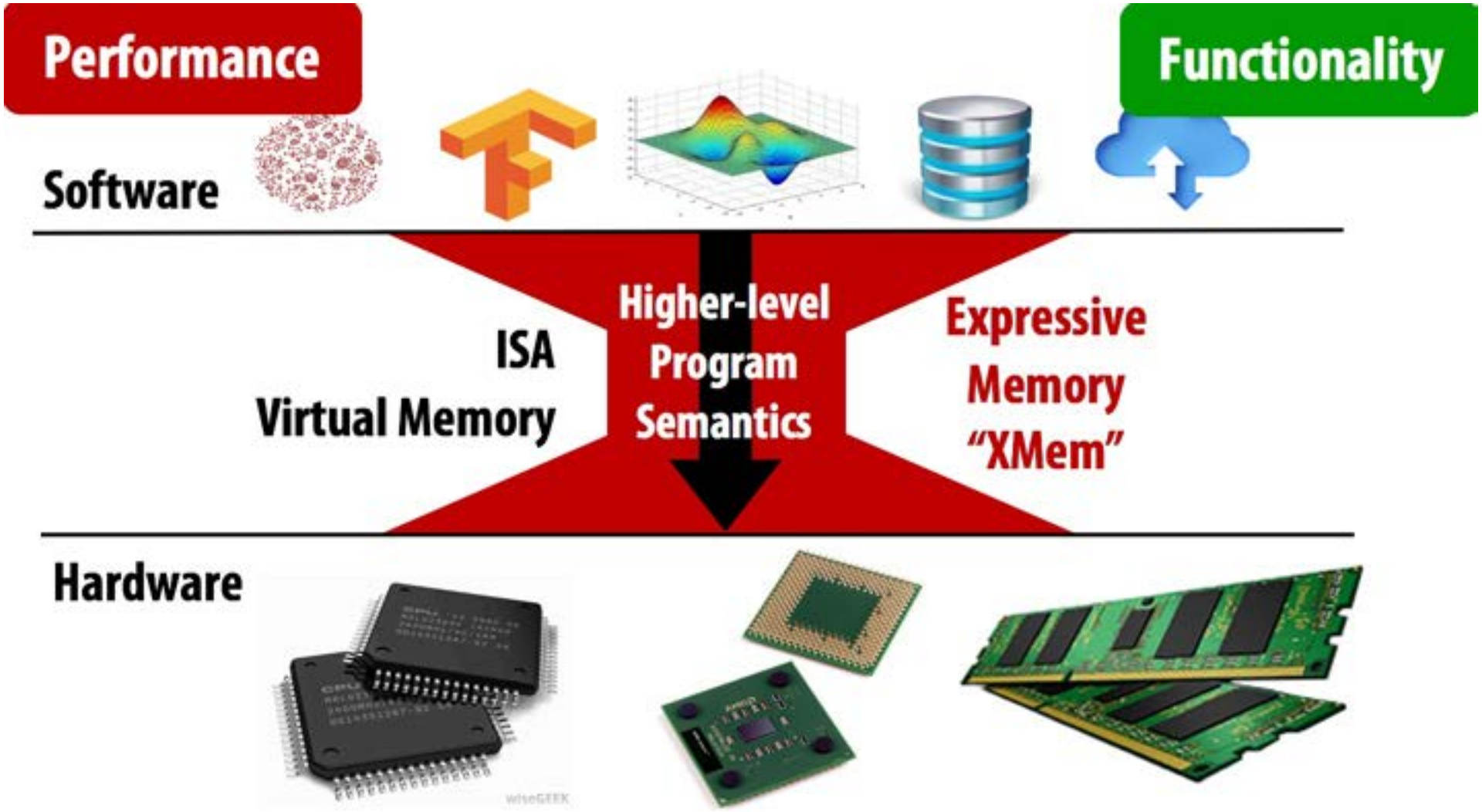
- A data-aware architecture understands what it can do with and to each piece of data

- It makes use of different properties of data to improve performance, efficiency and other metrics
  - Compressibility
  - Approximability
  - Locality
  - Sparsity
  - Criticality for Computation X
  - Access Semantics
  - …

One Problem: Limited Expressiveness



A Solution: More Expressive Interfaces



Expressive (Memory) Interfaces

- Nandita Vijaykumar, Abhilasha Jain, Diptesh Majumdar, Kevin Hsieh, Gennady Pekhimenko, Eiman Ebrahimi, Nastaran Hajinazar, Phillip B. Gibbons and Onur Mutlu, **"A Case for Richer Cross-layer Abstractions: Bridging the Semantic Gap with Expressive Memory"**
  Proceedings of the 45th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (***ISCA***), Los Angeles, CA, USA, June 2018.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Lightning Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lightning Talk Video]

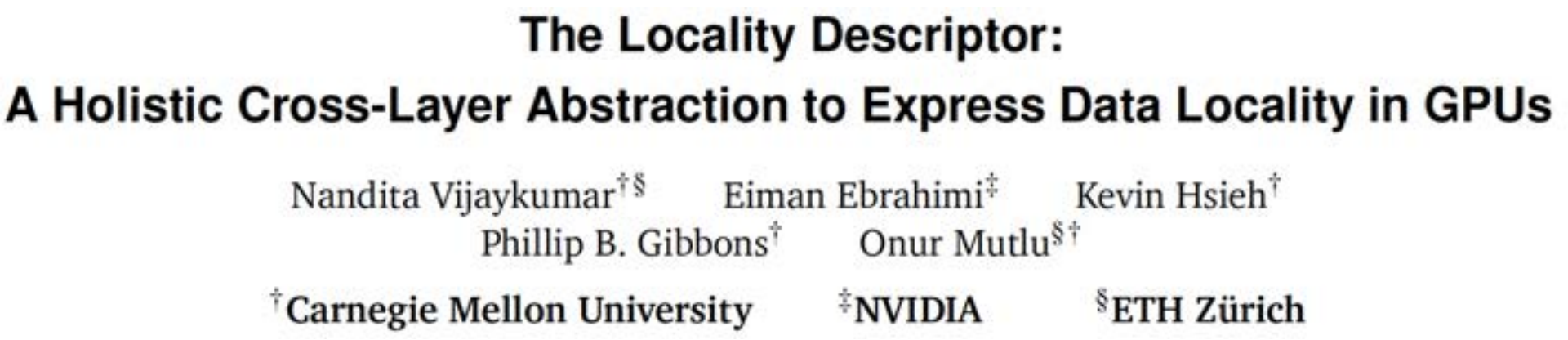
A Case for Richer Cross-layer Abstractions: Bridging the Semantic Gap with Expressive Memory

Nandita Vijaykumar[†§] Abhilasha Jain[†] Diptesh Majumdar[†] Kevin Hsieh[†] Gennady Pekhimenko[‡]
Eiman Ebrahimi[¤] Nastaran Hajinazar[┼] Phillip B. Gibbons[†] Onur Mutlu[§†]

[†]Carnegie Mellon University [‡]University of Toronto [¤]NVIDIA
[┼]Simon Fraser University [§]ETH Zürich

Expressive (Memory) Interfaces for GPUs

- Nandita Vijaykumar, Eiman Ebrahimi, Kevin Hsieh, Phillip B. Gibbons and Onur Mutlu, **"The Locality Descriptor: A Holistic Cross-Layer Abstraction to Express Data Locality in GPUs"**
  Proceedings of the 45th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (***ISCA***), Los Angeles, CA, USA, June 2018.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Lightning Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lightning Talk Video]



Open-Source Frameworks for Data-Aware Systems

- Nandita Vijaykumar, Ataberk Olgun, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos, F. Nisa Bostanci, Hasan Hassan, Mehrshad Lotfi, Phillip B. Gibbons, and Onur Mutlu,
  "MetaSys: A Practical Open-source Metadata Management System to Implement and Evaluate Cross-layer Optimizations"
  ACM Transactions on Architecture and Code Optimization (***TACO***), June 2022.
  [arXiv version]
  Presented at the 18th HiPEAC Conference, Toulouse, France, January 2023.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Preliminary Talk Video (14 minutes)]
  [SAFARI Live Seminar Video (1 hour 26 minutes)]
  [MetaSys Source Code]
  Best paper award at HiPEAC 2023.

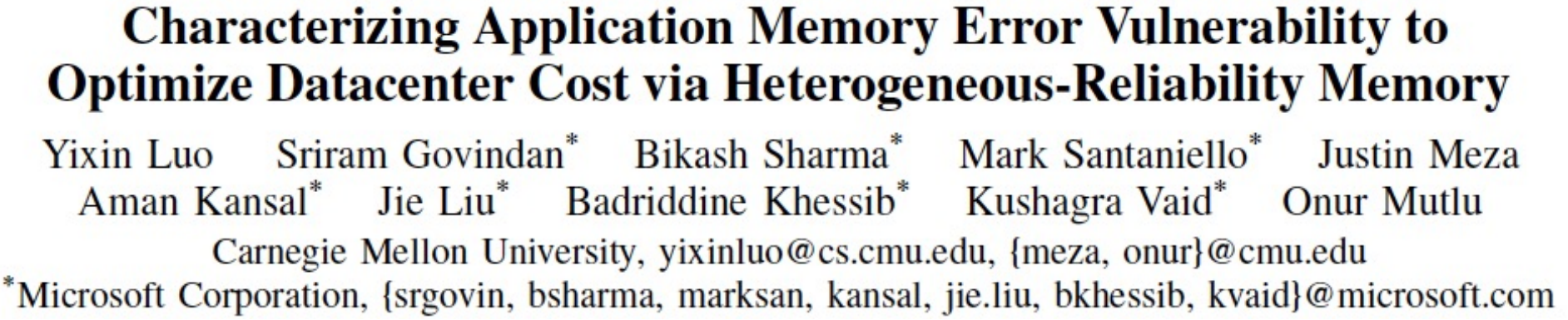
MetaSys: A Practical Open-Source Metadata Management System to Implement and Evaluate Cross-Layer Optimizations

Nandita Vijaykumar[*] Ataberk Olgun[§] Konstantinos Kanellopoulos[§] Hasan Hassan[§]
Mehrshad Lotfi[§] Phillip B. Gibbons[†] Onur Mutlu[§]

[*]*University of Toronto* [§]*ETH Zürich* [†]*Carnegie Mellon University*

Heterogeneous-Reliability Memory

- Yixin Luo, Sriram Govindan, Bikash Sharma, Mark Santaniello, Justin Meza, Aman Kansal, Jie Liu, Badriddine Khessib, Kushagra Vaid, and Onur Mutlu, **"Characterizing Application Memory Error Vulnerability to Optimize Data Center Cost via Heterogeneous-Reliability Memory"** *Proceedings of the 44th Annual IEEE/IFIP International Conference on Dependable Systems and Networks (**DSN**)*, Atlanta, GA, June 2014. [Summary] [Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Coverage on ZDNet]



Characterizing Application Memory Error Vulnerability to Optimize Datacenter Cost via Heterogeneous-Reliability Memory

Yixin Luo Sriram Govindan* Bikash Sharma* Mark Santaniello* Justin Meza
Aman Kansal* Jie Liu* Badriddine Khessib* Kushagra Vaid* Onur Mutlu

Carnegie Mellon University, yixinluo@cs.cmu.edu, {meza, onur}@cmu.edu
*Microsoft Corporation, {srgovin, bsharma, marksan, kansal, jie.liu, bkhessib, kvaid}@microsoft.com

EDEN: Data-Aware Efficient DNN Inference

- Skanda Koppula, Lois Orosa, A. Giray Yaglikci, Roknoddin Azizi, Taha Shahroodi, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos, and Onur Mutlu,
  "EDEN: Enabling Energy-Efficient, High-Performance Deep Neural Network Inference Using Approximate DRAM"
  Proceedings of the 52nd International Symposium on Microarchitecture (***MICRO***), Columbus, OH, USA, October 2019.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lightning Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Poster (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lightning Talk Video (90 seconds)]
  [Full Talk Lecture (38 minutes)]

SMASH: SW/HW Indexing Acceleration

- Konstantinos Kanellopoulos, Nandita Vijaykumar, Christina Giannoula, Roknoddin Azizi, Skanda Koppula, Nika Mansouri Ghiasi, Taha Shahroodi, Juan Gomez-Luna, and Onur Mutlu,
  "SMASH: Co-designing Software Compression and Hardware-Accelerated Indexing for Efficient Sparse Matrix Operations"
  *Proceedings of the 52nd International Symposium on Microarchitecture (**MICRO**)*, Columbus, OH, USA, October 2019.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lightning Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Poster (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lightning Talk Video (90 seconds)]
  [Full Talk Lecture (30 minutes)]

SMASH: Co-designing Software Compression and Hardware-Accelerated Indexing for Efficient Sparse Matrix Operations

Konstantinos Kanellopoulos[1] Nandita Vijaykumar[2,1] Christina Giannoula[1,3] Roknoddin Azizi[1]
Skanda Koppula[1] Nika Mansouri Ghiasi[1] Taha Shahroodi[1] Juan Gomez Luna[1] Onur Mutlu[1,2]
[1]ETH Zürich [2]Carnegie Mellon University [3]National Technical University of Athens

Rethinking Virtual Memory

- Nastaran Hajinazar, Pratyush Patel, Minesh Patel, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos, Saugata Ghose, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Geraldo Francisco de Oliveira Jr., Jonathan Appavoo, Vivek Seshadri, and Onur Mutlu,
  "The Virtual Block Interface: A Flexible Alternative to the Conventional Virtual Memory Framework"
  Proceedings of the 47th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (***ISCA***), Valencia, Spain, June 2020.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Lightning Talk Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [ARM Research Summit Poster (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (26 minutes)]
  [Lightning Talk Video (3 minutes)]


The Virtual Block Interface: A Flexible Alternative to the Conventional Virtual Memory Framework

Nastaran Hajinazar[⋆†] Pratyush Patel[⋈] Minesh Patel[⋆] Konstantinos Kanellopoulos[⋆] Saugata Ghose[‡]
Rachata Ausavarungnirun[⊙] Geraldo F. Oliveira[⋆] Jonathan Appavoo[◇] Vivek Seshadri[▽] Onur Mutlu[⋆‡]

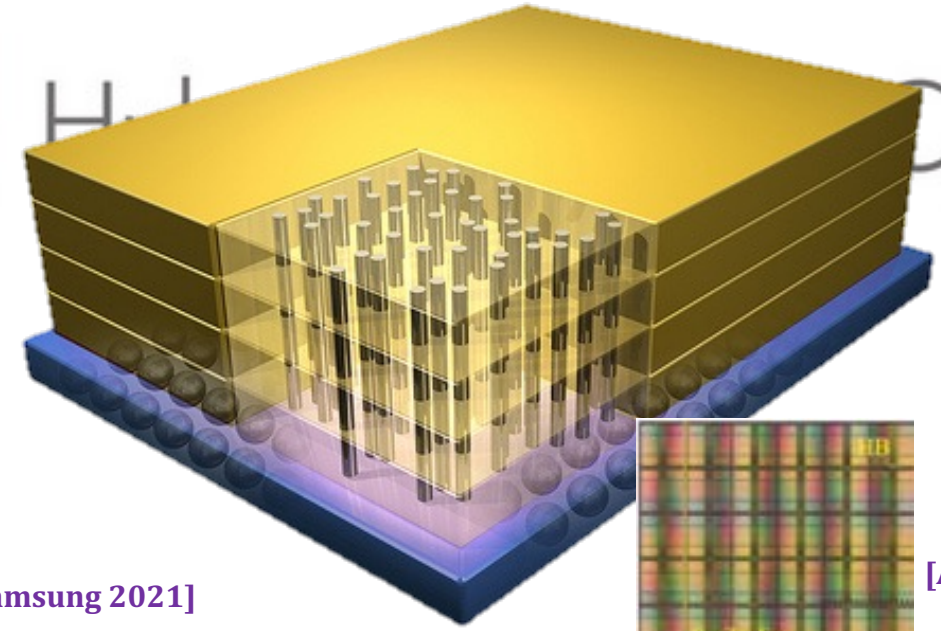
[⋆]*ETH Zürich* [†]*Simon Fraser University* [⋈]*University of Washington* [‡]*Carnegie Mellon University*
[⊙]*King Mongkut's University of Technology North Bangkok* [◇]*Boston University* [▽]*Microsoft Research India*

Challenge and Opportunity for Future

Data-Characteristic-Aware Computing Architectures

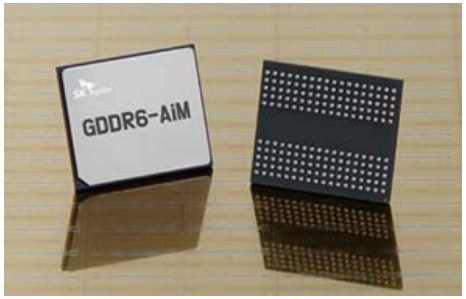
More Background Slides

Processing-in-Memory Landscape Today



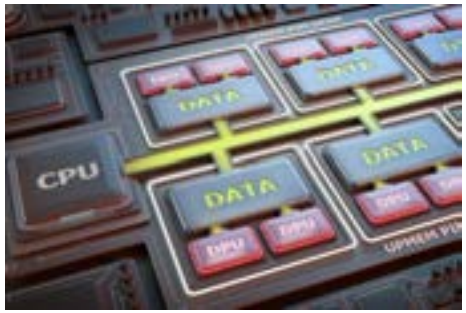
[Samsung 2021]

[Alibaba 2022]



[SK Hynix 2022]

[Samsung 2021]

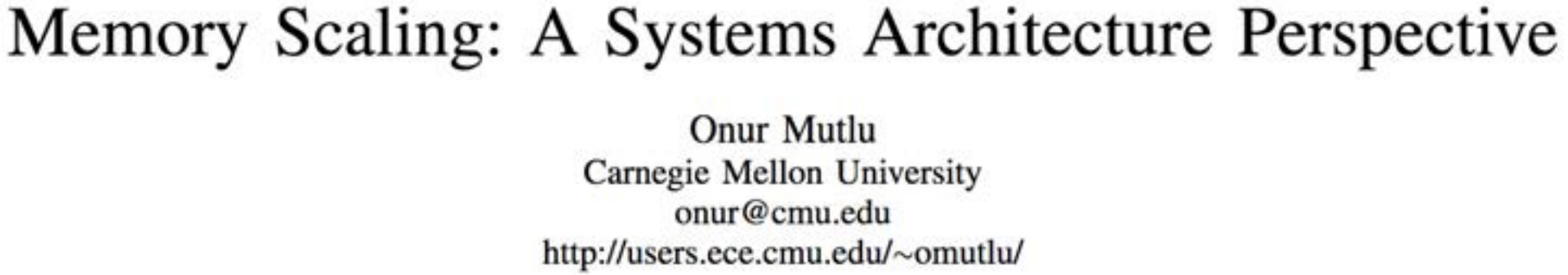


[UPMEM 2019]

And, many other experimental chips and startups

Memory Scaling Issues **Are** Real

- Onur Mutlu,
  "Memory Scaling: A Systems Architecture Perspective"
  *Proceedings of the 5th International Memory Workshop (**IMW**)*, Monterey, CA, May 2013. Slides (pptx) (pdf)
  EETimes Reprint

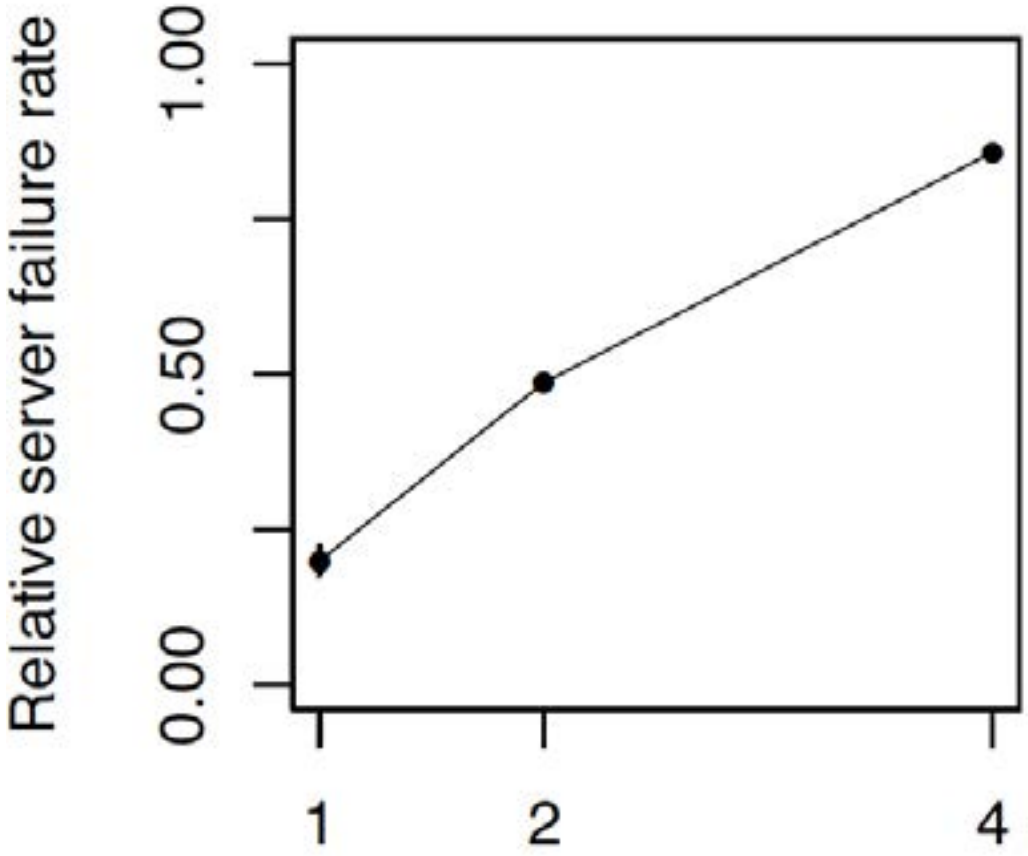

Memory Scaling: A Systems Architecture Perspective

Onur Mutlu
Carnegie Mellon University
onur@cmu.edu
http://users.ece.cmu.edu/~omutlu/

https://people.inf.ethz.ch/omutlu/pub/memory-scaling_memcon13.pdf

As Memory Scales, It Becomes Unreliable

- Data from all of Facebook's servers worldwide
- Meza+, "Revisiting Memory Errors in Large-Scale Production Data Centers," DSN'15.

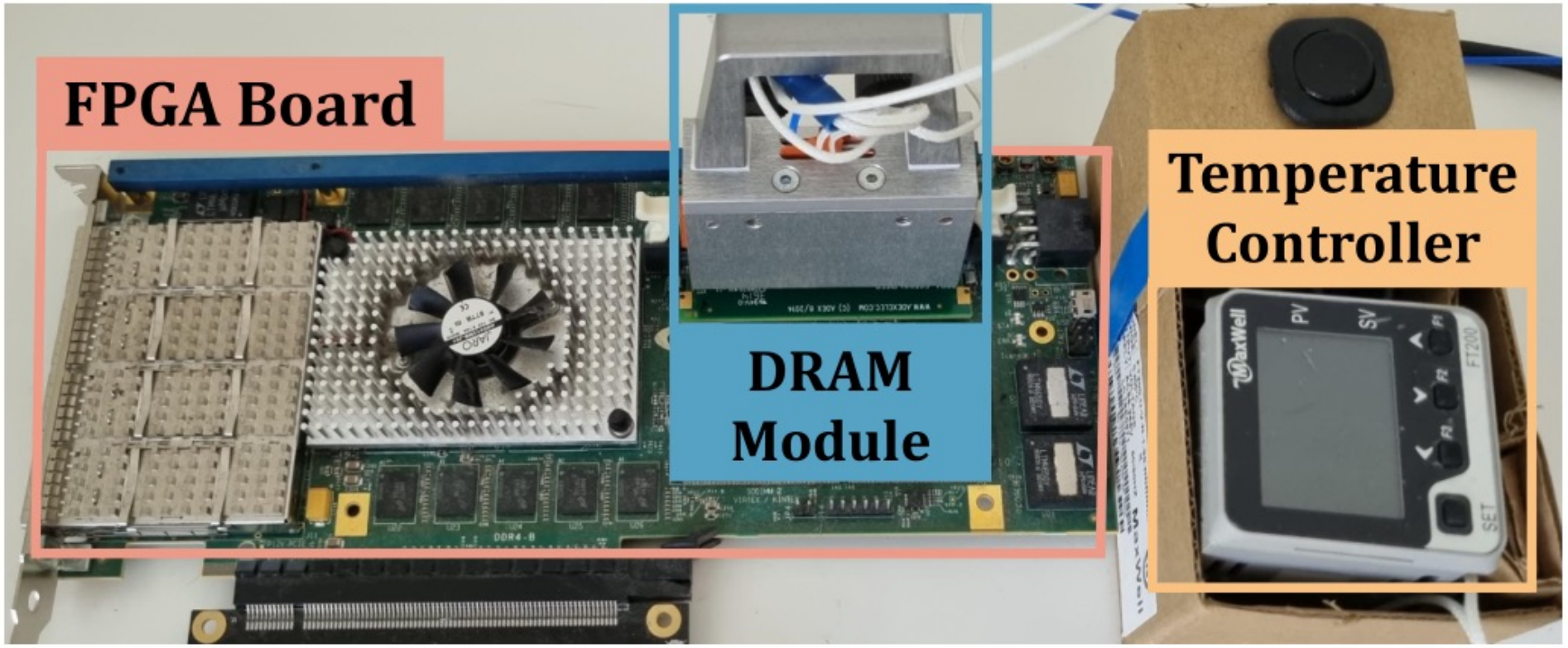


Intuition: quadratic increase in capacity

Infrastructures to Understand Such Issues

Kim+, "Flipping Bits in Memory Without Accessing Them: An Experimental Study of DRAM Disturbance Errors," ISCA 2014.

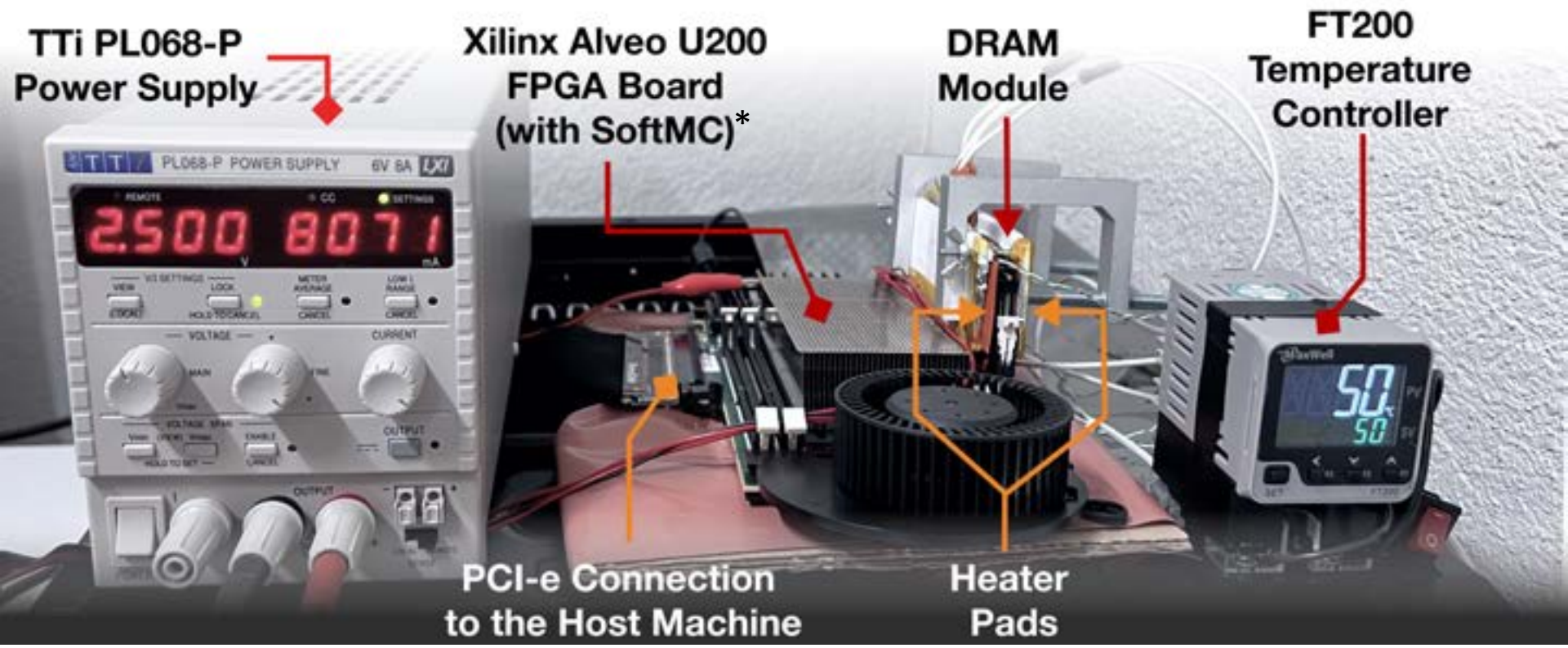
Memory Testing Infrastructures



** SoftMC [Hassan+, HPCA'17] enhanced for DDR4*

Updated Memory Testing Infrastructure

FPGA-based SoftMC (Xilinx Virtex UltraScale+ XCU200)



Fine-grained control over **DRAM commands**, **timing (±1.5ns)**, **temperature (±0.1°C)**, and **voltage (±1mV)**

*Hassan et al., "SoftMC: A Flexible and Practical Open-Source Infrastructure for Enabling Experimental DRAM Studies," in HPCA, 2017. [Available on GitHub: https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/SoftMC]

A Curious Phenomenon [Kim et al., ISCA 2014]

One can

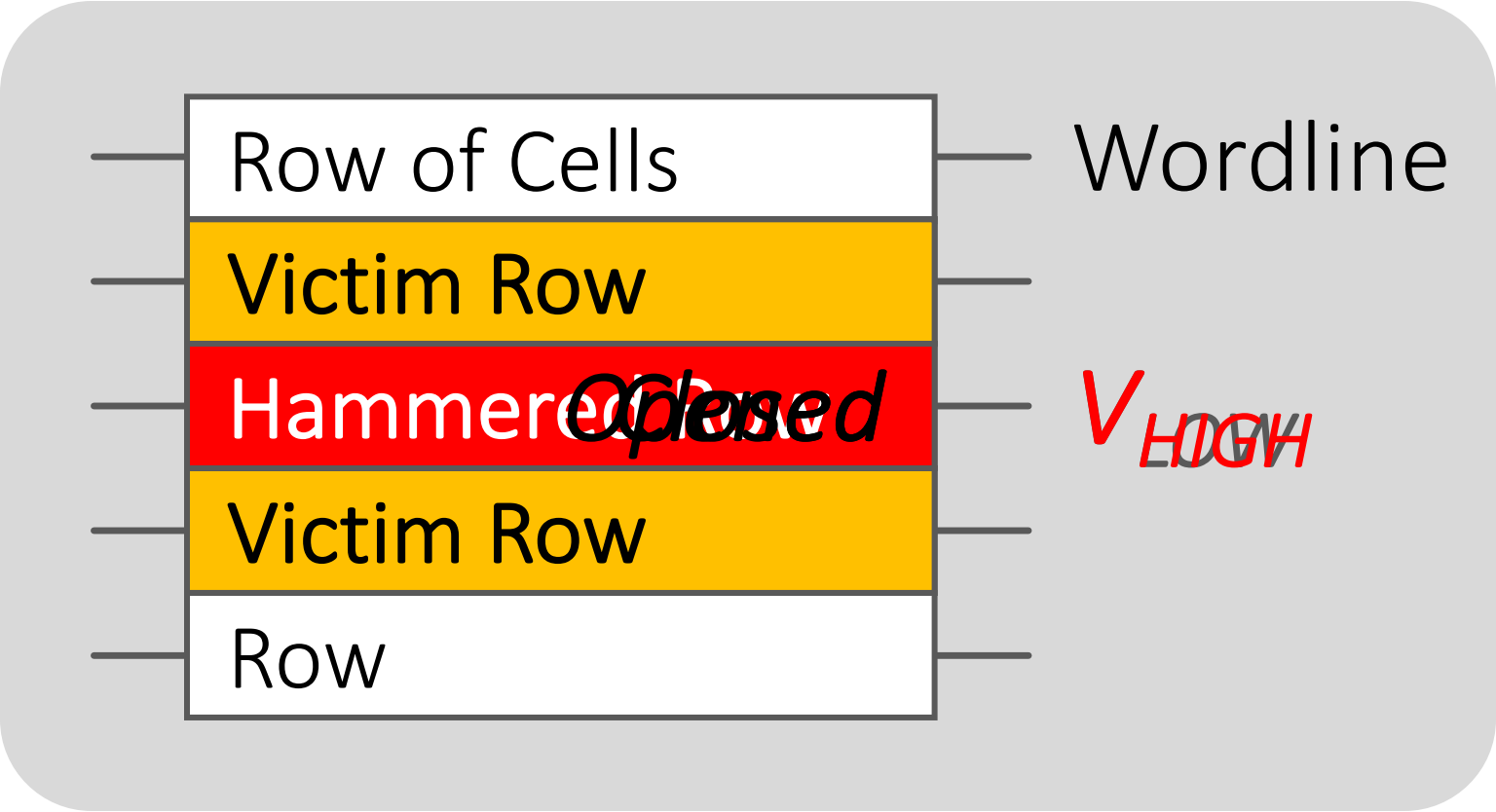
predictably induce errors

in most DRAM memory chips

Kim+, "Flipping Bits in Memory Without Accessing Them: An Experimental Study of DRAM Disturbance Errors," ISCA 2014.


Rowhammer

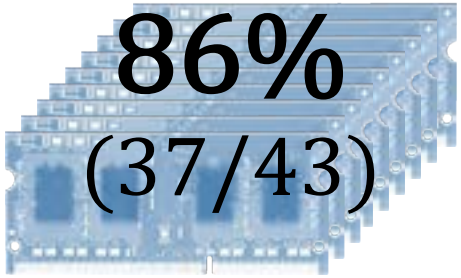
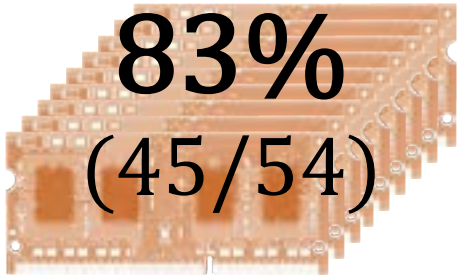
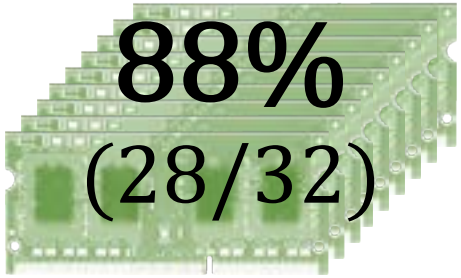
Modern Memory is Prone to Disturbance Errors



Repeatedly reading a row enough times (before memory gets refreshed) induces disturbance errors in **adjacent rows** in most real DRAM chips you can buy today

Flipping Bits in Memory Without Accessing Them: An Experimental Study of DRAM Disturbance Errors, (Kim et al., ISCA 2014)

Most DRAM Modules Are Vulnerable

A company	B company	C company
 86% (37/43)	 83% (45/54)	 88% (28/32)
Up to 1.0×10^{7} errors	Up to 2.7×10^{6} errors	Up to 3.3×10^{5} errors

Flipping Bits in Memory Without Accessing Them: An Experimental Study of DRAM Disturbance Errors, (Kim et al., ISCA 2014)

The RowHammer Vulnerability

A simple hardware failure mechanism
can create a widespread
system security vulnerability

Memory Scaling Issues **Are** Real

- Yoongu Kim, Ross Daly, Jeremie Kim, Chris Fallin, Ji Hye Lee, Donghyuk Lee, Chris Wilkerson, Konrad Lai, and Onur Mutlu,
  "Flipping Bits in Memory Without Accessing Them: An Experimental Study of DRAM Disturbance Errors"
  *Proceedings of the 41st International Symposium on Computer Architecture (**ISCA**)*, Minneapolis, MN, June 2014.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Lightning Session Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Source Code and Data] [Lecture Video (1 hr 49 mins), 25 September 2020]
  One of the 7 papers of 2012-2017 selected as Top Picks in Hardware and Embedded Security for IEEE TCAD (link).

Flipping Bits in Memory Without Accessing Them: An Experimental Study of DRAM Disturbance Errors

Yoongu Kim[1] Ross Daly* Jeremie Kim[1] Chris Fallin* Ji Hye Lee[1]
Donghyuk Lee[1] Chris Wilkerson[2] Konrad Lai Onur Mutlu[1]
[1]Carnegie Mellon University [2]Intel Labs

Memory Scaling Issues **Are** Real

- Onur Mutlu,
  "The RowHammer Problem and Other Issues We May Face as Memory Becomes Denser"
  *Invited Paper in Proceedings of the Design, Automation, and Test in Europe Conference (**DATE**)*, Lausanne, Switzerland, March 2017.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]

The RowHammer Problem
and Other Issues We May Face as Memory Becomes Denser

Onur Mutlu
ETH Zürich
onur.mutlu@inf.ethz.ch
https://people.inf.ethz.ch/omutlu

Memory Scaling Issues **Are** Real

- Onur Mutlu and Jeremie Kim,
  "RowHammer: A Retrospective"
  IEEE Transactions on Computer-Aided Design of Integrated Circuits and Systems (***TCAD***) *Special Issue on Top Picks in Hardware and Embedded Security*, 2019.
  [Preliminary arXiv version]
  [Slides from COSADE 2019 (pptx)]
  [Slides from VLSI-SOC 2020 (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (1 hr 15 minutes, with Q&A)]


RowHammer: A Retrospective

Onur Mutlu[§‡] Jeremie S. Kim[‡§]
[§]ETH Zürich [‡]Carnegie Mellon University

Memory Scaling Issues **Are** Real

- Onur Mutlu, Ataberk Olgun, and A. Giray Yaglikci,
  "Fundamentally Understanding and Solving RowHammer"
  *Invited Special Session Paper at the 28th Asia and South Pacific Design Automation Conference (**ASP-DAC**)*, Tokyo, Japan, January 2023.
  [arXiv version]
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (26 minutes)]

Fundamentally Understanding and Solving RowHammer

Onur Mutlu
onur.mutlu@safari.ethz.ch
ETH Zürich
Zürich, Switzerland

Ataberk Olgun
ataberk.olgun@safari.ethz.ch
ETH Zürich
Zürich, Switzerland

A. Giray Yağlıkcı
giray.yaglikci@safari.ethz.ch
ETH Zürich
Zürich, Switzerland

The Story of RowHammer Tutorial …

Onur Mutlu,
"Security Aspects of DRAM: The Story of RowHammer"
*Invited Tutorial at 14th IEEE Electron Devices Society International Memory Workshop (**IMW**)*, Dresden, Germany, May 2022.
[Slides (pptx)(pdf)]
[Tutorial Video (57 minutes)]

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=37hWglkQRG0

10 Years of RowHammer in 20 Minutes

- Onur Mutlu,
  "The Story of RowHammer"
  *Invited Talk at the Workshop on Robust and Safe Software 2.0 (**RSS2**), held with the 27th International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (**ASPLOS**)*, Virtual, 28 February 2022.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]

The Push from Circuits and Devices

Main Memory Needs Intelligent Controllers

Industry's Intelligent DRAM Controllers (I)

ISSCC 2023 / SESSION 28 / HIGH-DENSITY MEMORIES

28.8 A 1.1V 16Gb DDR5 DRAM with Probabilistic-Aggressor Tracking, Refresh-Management Functionality, Per-Row Hammer Tracking, a Multi-Step Precharge, and Core-Bias Modulation for Security and Reliability Enhancement

Woongrae Kim, Chulmoon Jung, Seongnyuh Yoo, Duckhwa Hong, Jeongjin Hwang, Jungmin Yoon, Ohyong Jung, Joonwoo Choi, Sanga Hyun, Mankeun Kang, Sangho Lee, Dohong Kim, Sanghyun Ku, Donhyun Choi, Nogeun Joo, Sangwoo Yoon, Junseok Noh, Byeongyong Go, Cheolhoe Kim, Sunil Hwang, Mihyun Hwang, Seol-Min Yi, Hyungmin Kim, Sanghyuk Heo, Yeonsu Jang, Kyoungchul Jang, Shinho Chu, Yoonna Oh, Kwidong Kim, Junghyun Kim, Soohwan Kim, Jeongtae Hwang, Sangil Park, Junphyo Lee, Inchul Jeong, Joohwan Cho, Jonghwan Kim

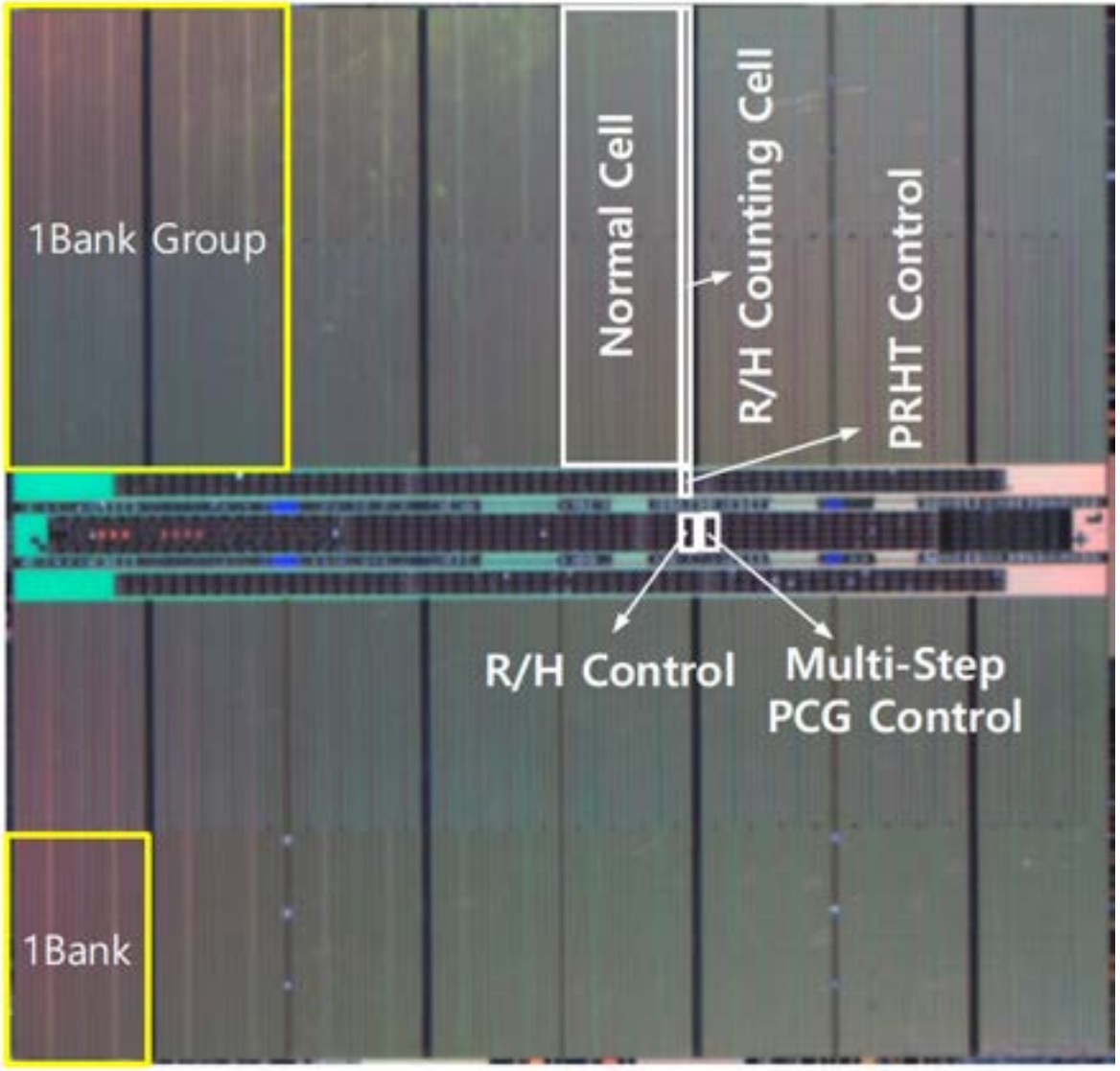
SK hynix Semiconductor, Icheon, Korea

Industry's Intelligent DRAM Controllers (II)

SK hynix Semiconductor, Icheon, Korea

DRAM products have been recently adopted in a wide range of high-performance computing applications: such as in cloud computing, in big data systems, and IoT devices. This demand creates larger memory capacity requirements, thereby requiring aggressive DRAM technology node scaling to reduce the cost per bit [1,2]. However, DRAM manufacturers are facing technology scaling challenges due to row hammer and refresh retention time beyond 1a-nm [2]. Row hammer is a failure mechanism, where repeatedly activating a DRAM row disturbs data in adjacent rows. Scaling down severely threatens reliability since a reduction of DRAM cell size leads to a reduction in the intrinsic row hammer tolerance [2,3]. To improve row hammer tolerance, there is a need to probabilistically activate adjacent rows with carefully sampled active addresses and to improve intrinsic row hammer tolerance [2]. In this paper, row-hammer-protection and refresh-management schemes are presented to guarantee DRAM security and reliability despite the aggressive scaling from 1a-nm to sub 10-nm nodes. The probabilistic-aggressor-tracking scheme with a refresh-management function (RFM) and per-row hammer tracking (PRHT) improve DRAM resilience. A multi-step precharge reinforces intrinsic row-hammer tolerance and a core-bias modulation improves retention time: even in the face of cell-transistor degradation due to technology scaling. This comprehensive scheme leads to a reduced probability of failure, due to row hammer attacks, by 93.1% and an improvement in retention time by 17%.

Industry's Intelligent DRAM Controllers (III)



ISSCC 2023 / SESSION 28 / HIGH-DENSITY MEMORIES

28.8 A 1.1V 16Gb DDR5 DRAM with Probabilistic-Aggressor Tracking, Refresh-Management Functionality, Per-Row Hammer Tracking, a Multi-Step Precharge, and Core-Bias Modulation for Security and Reliability Enhancement

Woongrae Kim, Chulmoon Jung, Seongnyuh Yoo, Duckhwa Hong, Jeongjin Hwang, Jungmin Yoon, Ohyong Jung, Joonwoo Choi, Sanga Hyun, Mankeun Kang, Sangho Lee, Dohong Kim, Sanghyun Ku, Donhyun Choi, Nogeun Joo, Sangwoo Yoon, Junseok Noh, Byeongyong Go, Cheolhoe Kim, Sunil Hwang, Mihyun Hwang, Seol-Min Yi, Hyungmin Kim, Sanghyuk Heo, Yeonsu Jang, Kyoungchul Jang, Shinho Chu, Yoonna Oh, Kwidong Kim, Junghyun Kim, Soohwan Kim, Jeongtae Hwang, Sangil Park, Junphyo Lee, Inchul Jeong, Joohwan Cho, Jonghwan Kim

SK hynix Semiconductor, Icheon, Korea

Industry's Intelligent DRAM Controllers (IV)

DSAC: Low-Cost Rowhammer Mitigation Using In-DRAM Stochastic and Approximate Counting Algorithm

Seungki Hong Dongha Kim Jaehyung Lee Reum Oh
Changsik Yoo Sangjoon Hwang Jooyoung Lee

DRAM Design Team, Memory Division, Samsung Electronics

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2302.03591v1.pdf

Intel Optane Persistent Memory (2019)

- Non-volatile main memory
- Based on 3D-XPoint Technology

https://www.storagereview.com/intel_optane_dc_persistent_memory_module_pmm

Emerging Memories Also Need Intelligent Controllers

- Benjamin C. Lee, Engin Ipek, Onur Mutlu, and Doug Burger,
  "Architecting Phase Change Memory as a Scalable DRAM Alternative"
  *Proceedings of the 36th International Symposium on Computer Architecture (**ISCA**)*, pages 2-13, Austin, TX, June 2009. Slides (pdf)
  One of the 13 computer architecture papers of 2009 selected as Top Picks by IEEE Micro. Selected as a CACM Research Highlight.
  2022 Persistent Impact Prize.

Architecting Phase Change Memory as a Scalable DRAM Alternative

Benjamin C. Lee† Engin Ipek† Onur Mutlu‡ Doug Burger†

†Computer Architecture Group
Microsoft Research
Redmond, WA
{blee, ipek, dburger}@microsoft.com

‡Computer Architecture Laboratory
Carnegie Mellon University
Pittsburgh, PA
onur@cmu.edu

The Takeaway

Intelligent Memory Controllers Can Avoid Many Failures & Enable Better Scaling

Three Key Systems & Application Trends

1. Data access is the major bottleneck

- Applications are increasingly data hungry

2. Energy consumption is a key limiter

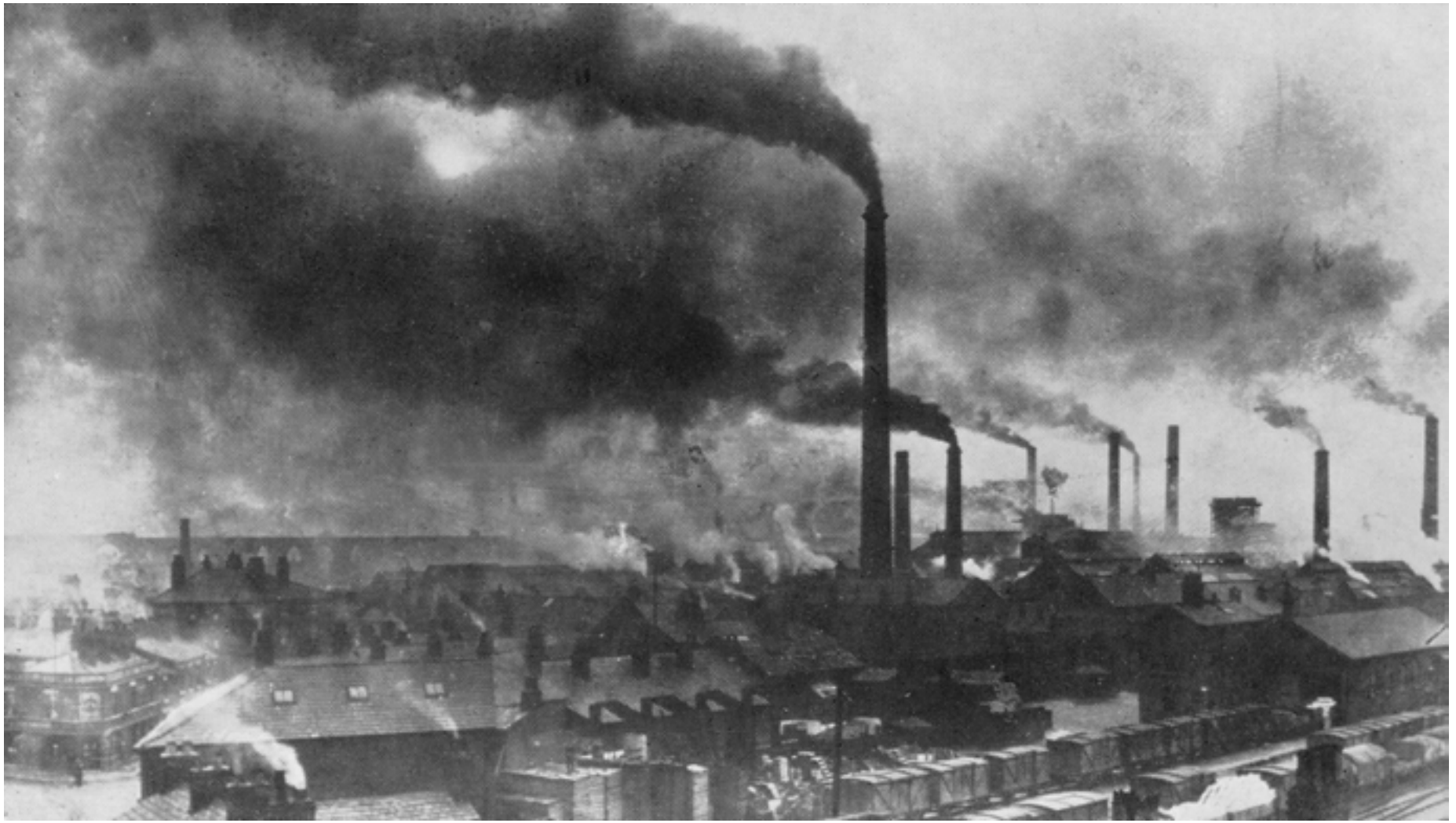
3. Data movement energy dominates compute

- Especially true for off-chip to on-chip movement

Do We Want This?

Source: V. Milutinovic

Or This?



Source: V. Milutinovic

Challenge and Opportunity for Future

High Performance,

Energy Efficient,

Sustainable

(All at the Same Time)

The Problem

Data access is the major performance and energy bottleneck

Our current

design principles

cause great energy waste

(and great performance loss)

The Problem

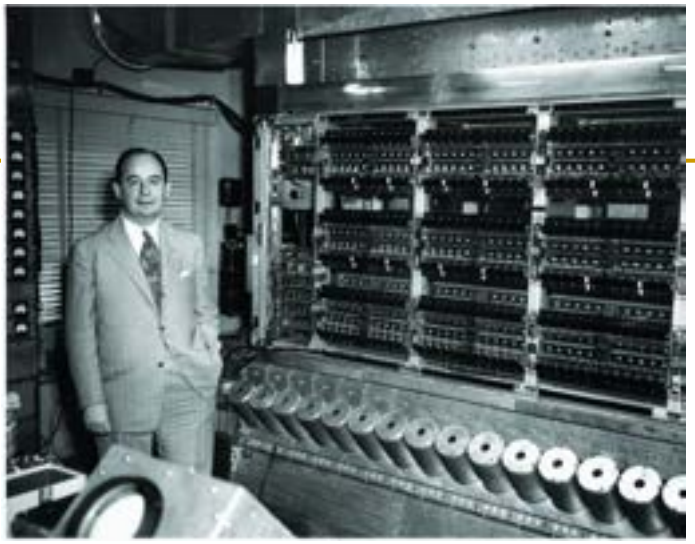
Processing of data

is performed

far away from the data

A Computing System

- Three key components
- Computation
- Communication
- Storage/memory



Burks, Goldstein, von Neumann, "Preliminary discussion of the logical design of an electronic computing instrument," 1946.

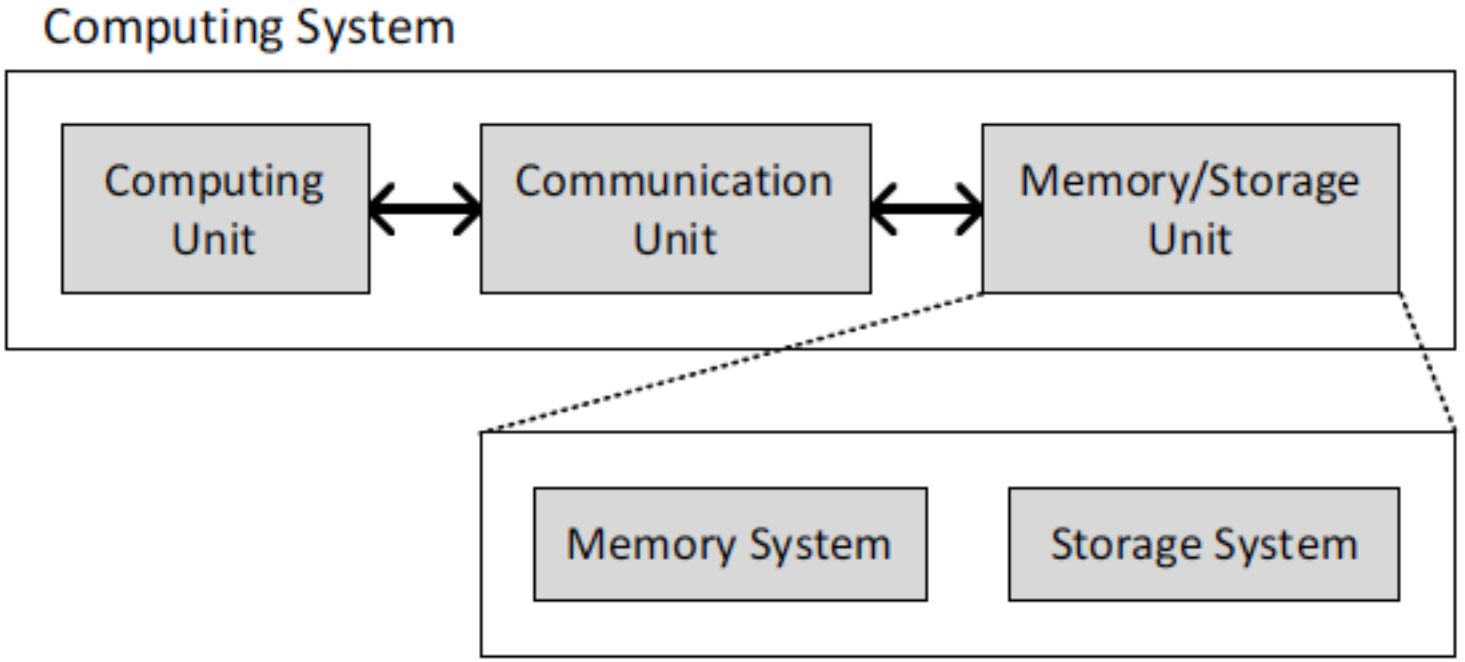


Image source: https://lbsitbytes2010.wordpress.com/2013/03/29/john-von-neumann-roll-no-15/

A Computing System

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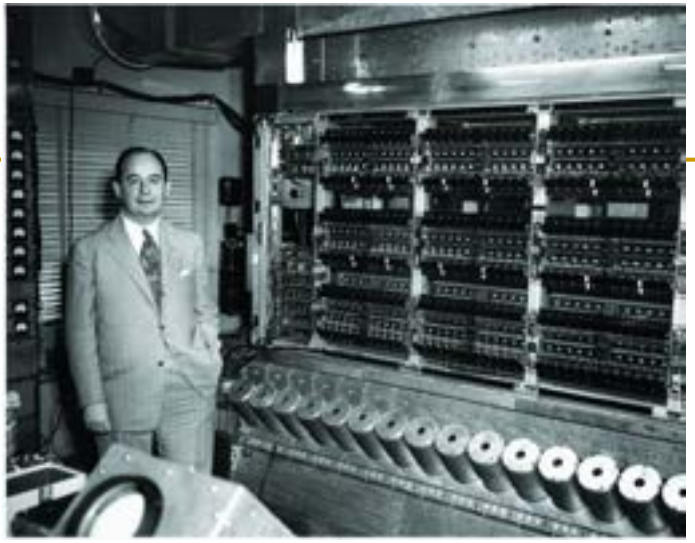


Burks, Goldstein, von Neumann, "Preliminary discussion of the logical design of an electronic computing instrument," 1946.

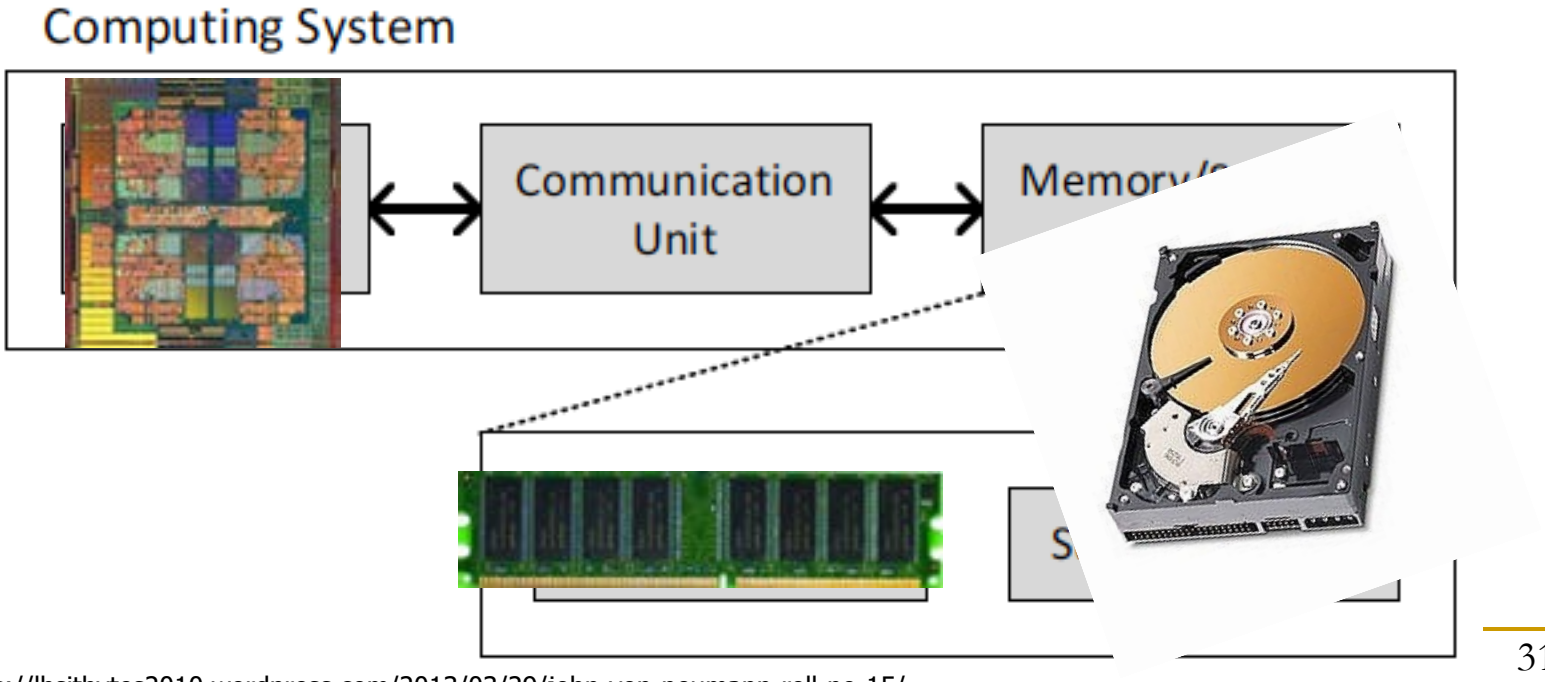
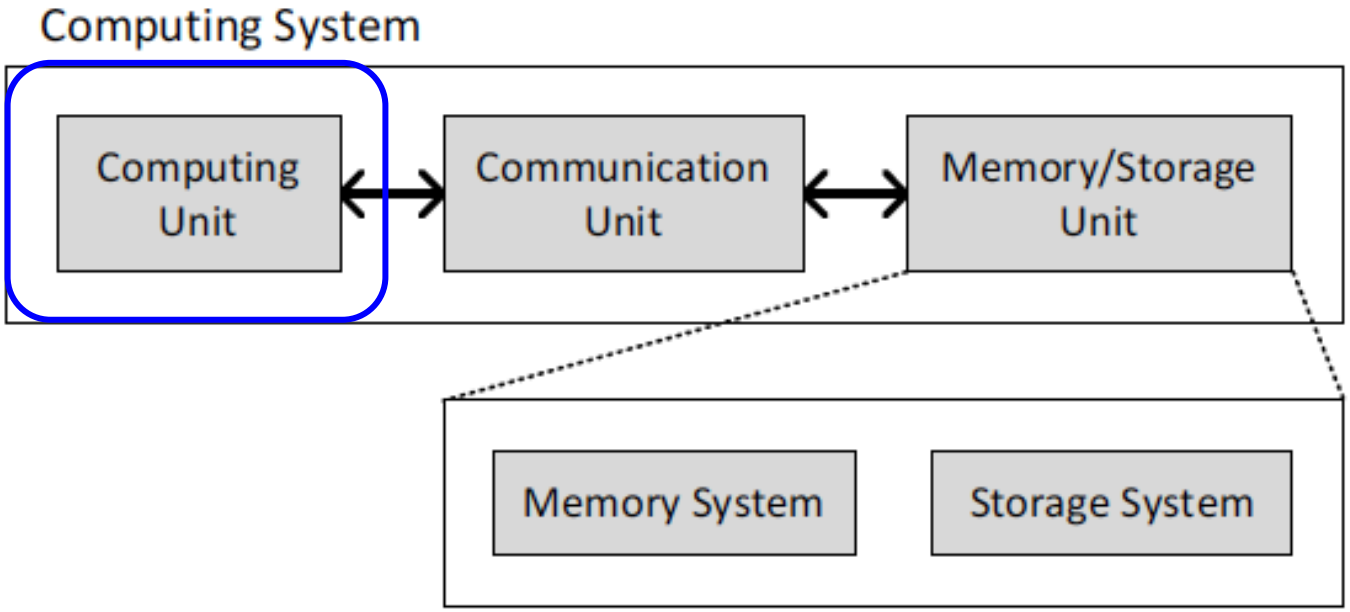


Image source: https://lbsitbytes2010.wordpress.com/2013/03/29/john-von-neumann-roll-no-15/

Today's Computing Systems

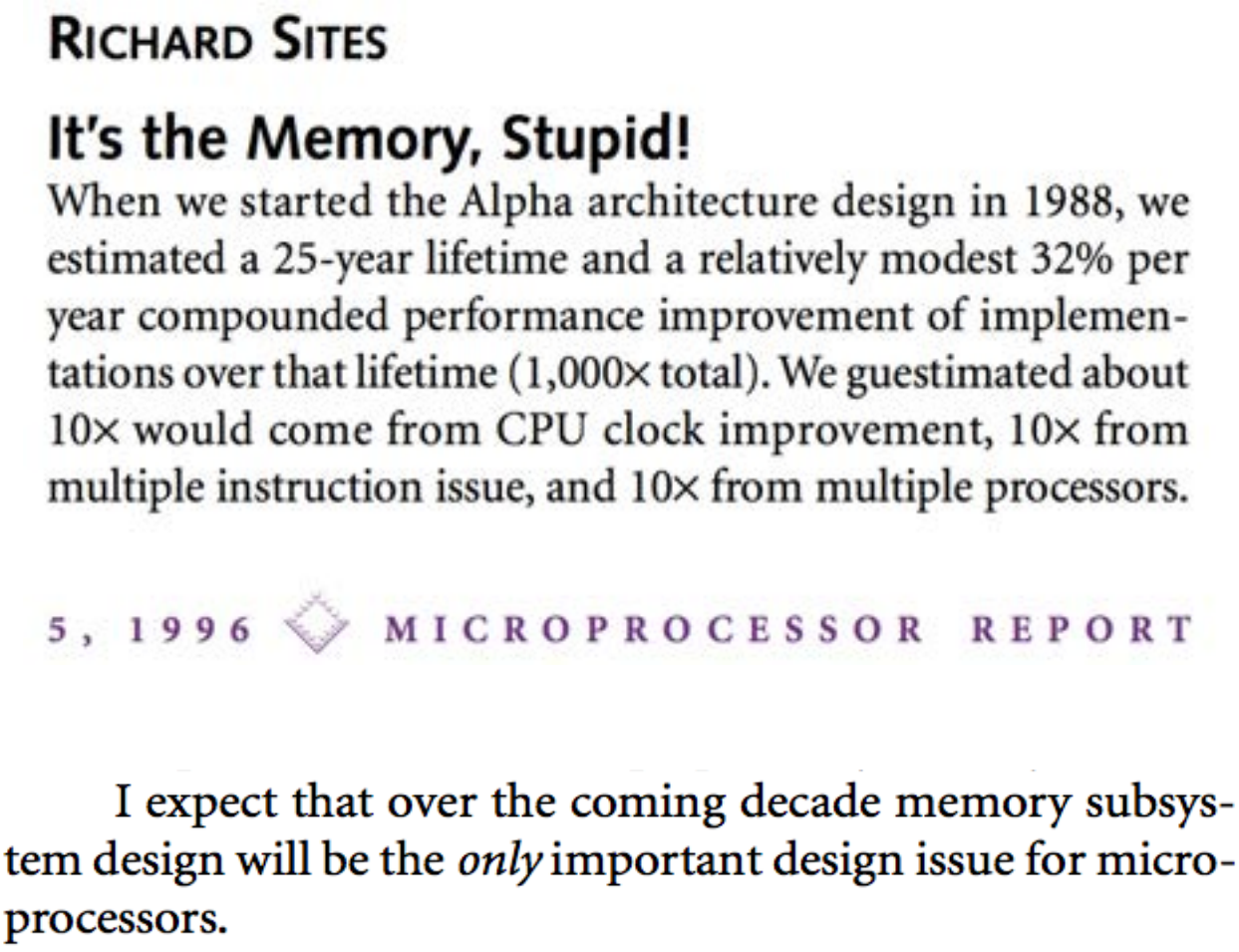
- Processor centric

- All data processed in the processor → at great system cost



It's the Memory, Stupid!

- "**It's the Memory, Stupid!**" (Richard Sites, MPR, 1996)



RICHARD SITES

It's the Memory, Stupid!

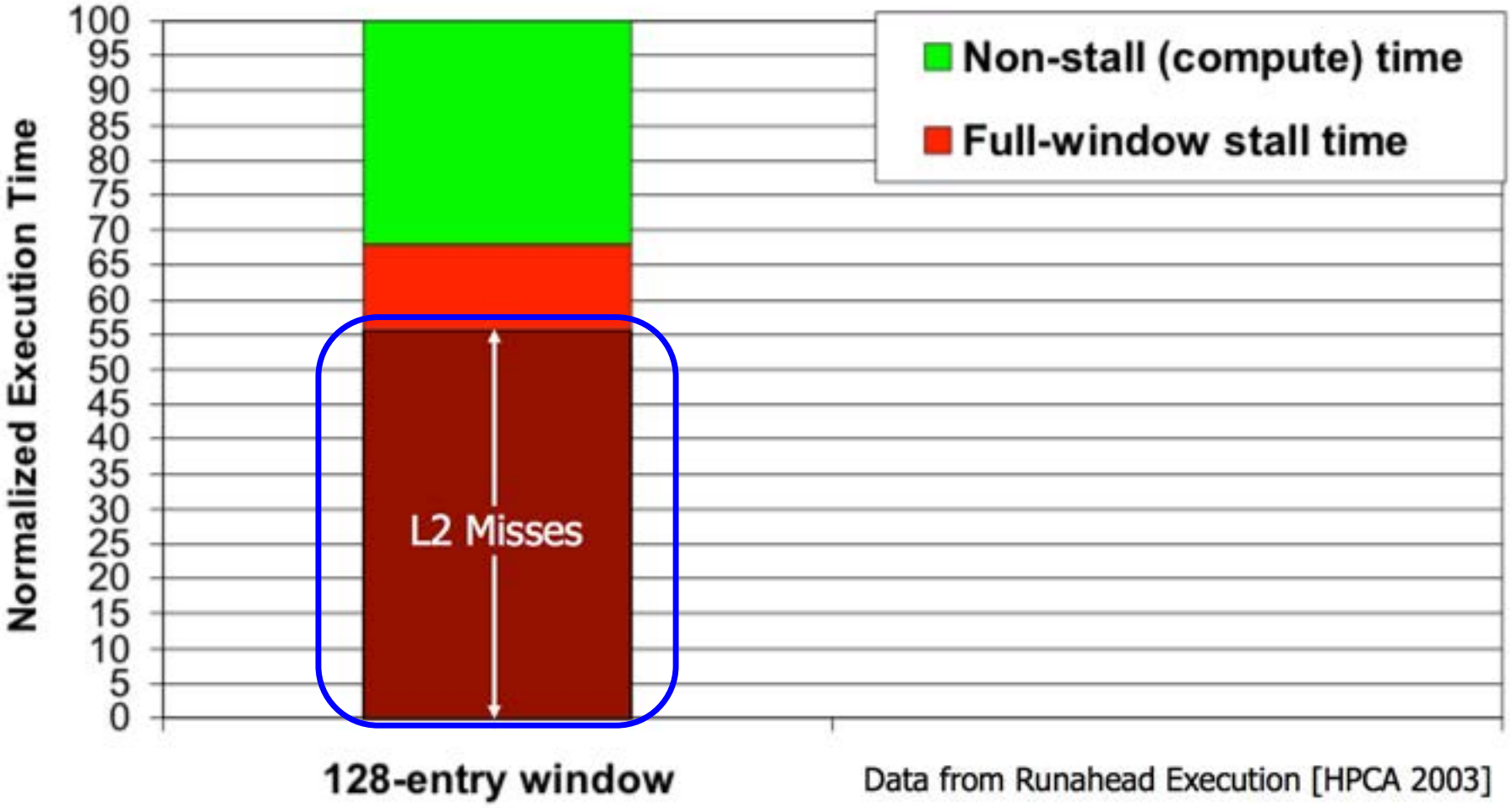
When we started the Alpha architecture design in 1988, we estimated a 25-year lifetime and a relatively modest 32% per year compounded performance improvement of implementations over that lifetime (1,000× total). We guestimated about 10× would come from CPU clock improvement, 10× from multiple instruction issue, and 10× from multiple processors.

5, 1996 MICROPROCESSOR REPORT

I expect that over the coming decade memory subsystem design will be the *only* important design issue for microprocessors.

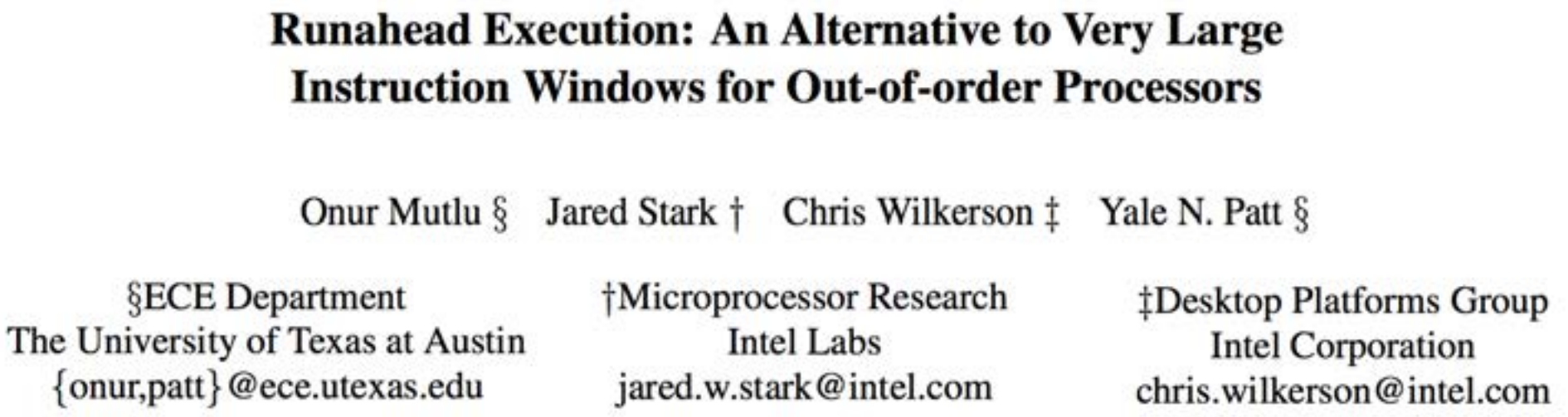
http://cva.stanford.edu/classes/cs99s/papers/architects_look_to_future.pdf

The Performance Perspective



The Performance Perspective

- Onur Mutlu, Jared Stark, Chris Wilkerson, and Yale N. Patt,
  "Runahead Execution: An Alternative to Very Large Instruction Windows for Out-of-order Processors"
  *Proceedings of the 9th International Symposium on High-Performance Computer Architecture (**HPCA**)*, pages 129-140, Anaheim, CA, February 2003. Slides (pdf)
  One of the 15 computer arch. papers of 2003 selected as Top Picks by IEEE Micro. HPCA Test of Time Award (awarded in 2021).



Runahead Execution: An Alternative to Very Large Instruction Windows for Out-of-order Processors

Onur Mutlu § Jared Stark † Chris Wilkerson ‡ Yale N. Patt §

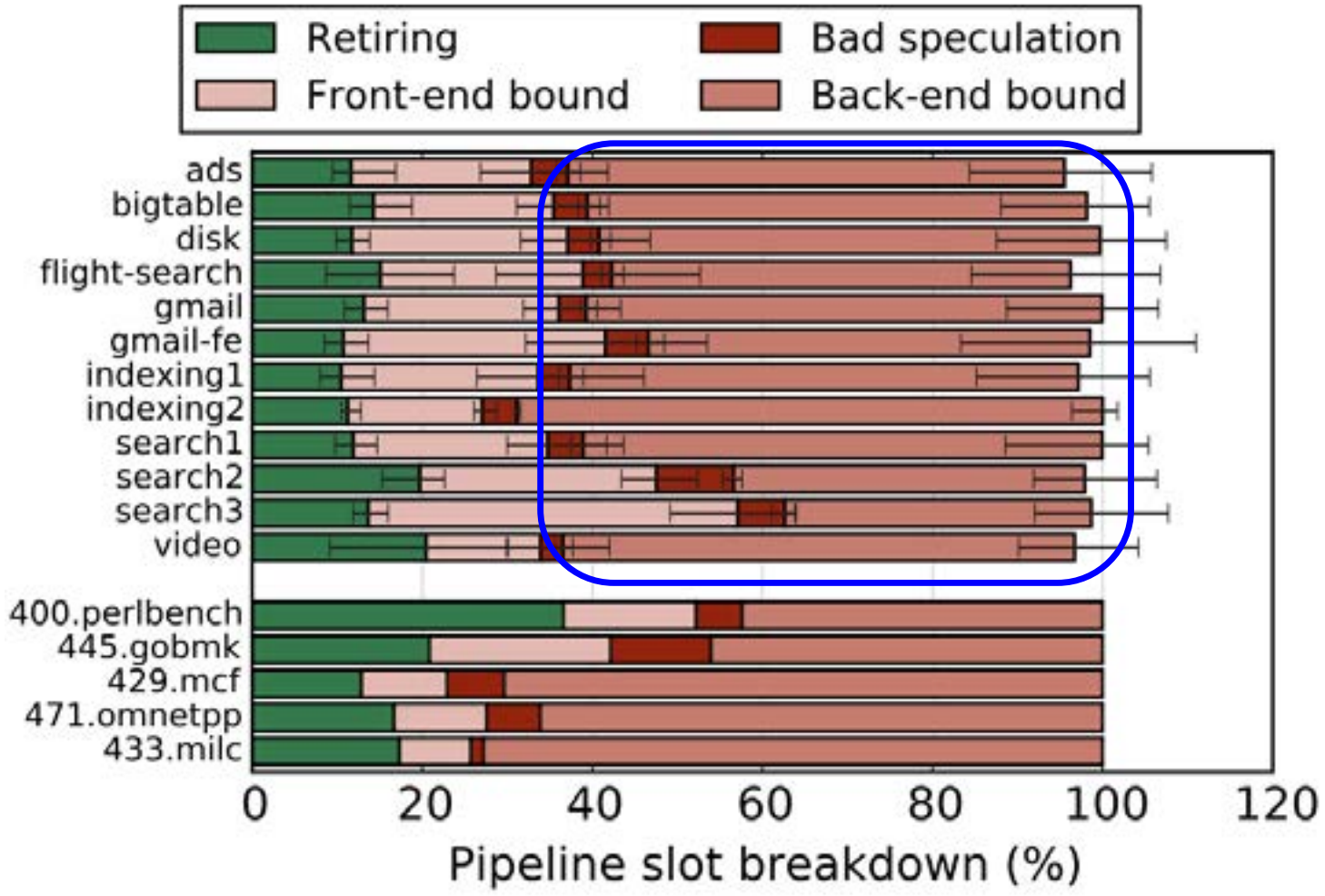
§ECE Department
The University of Texas at Austin
{onur,patt}@ece.utexas.edu

†Microprocessor Research
Intel Labs
jared.w.stark@intel.com

‡Desktop Platforms Group
Intel Corporation
chris.wilkerson@intel.com

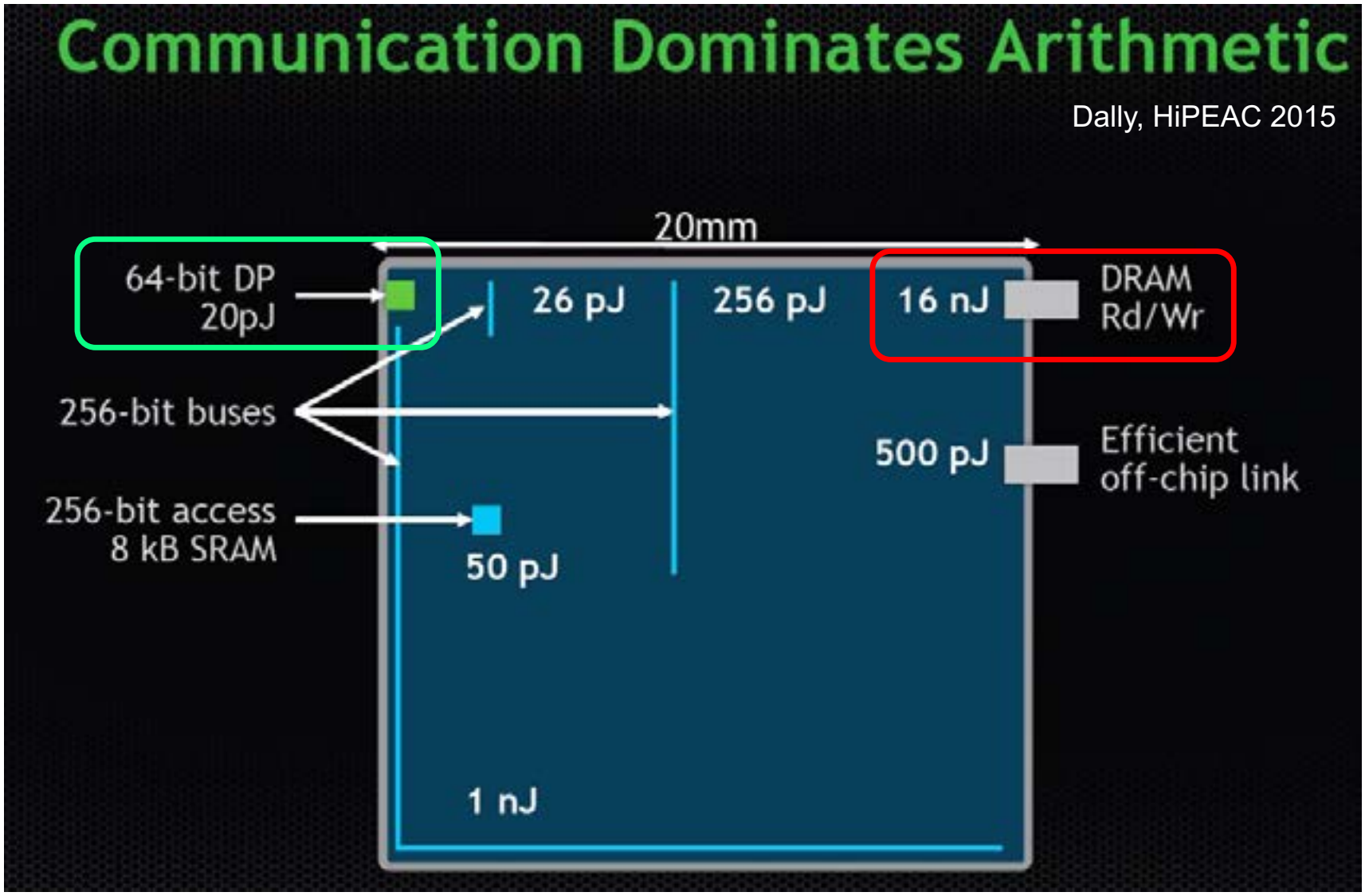
The Performance Perspective (Today)

- All of Google's Data Center Workloads (2015):

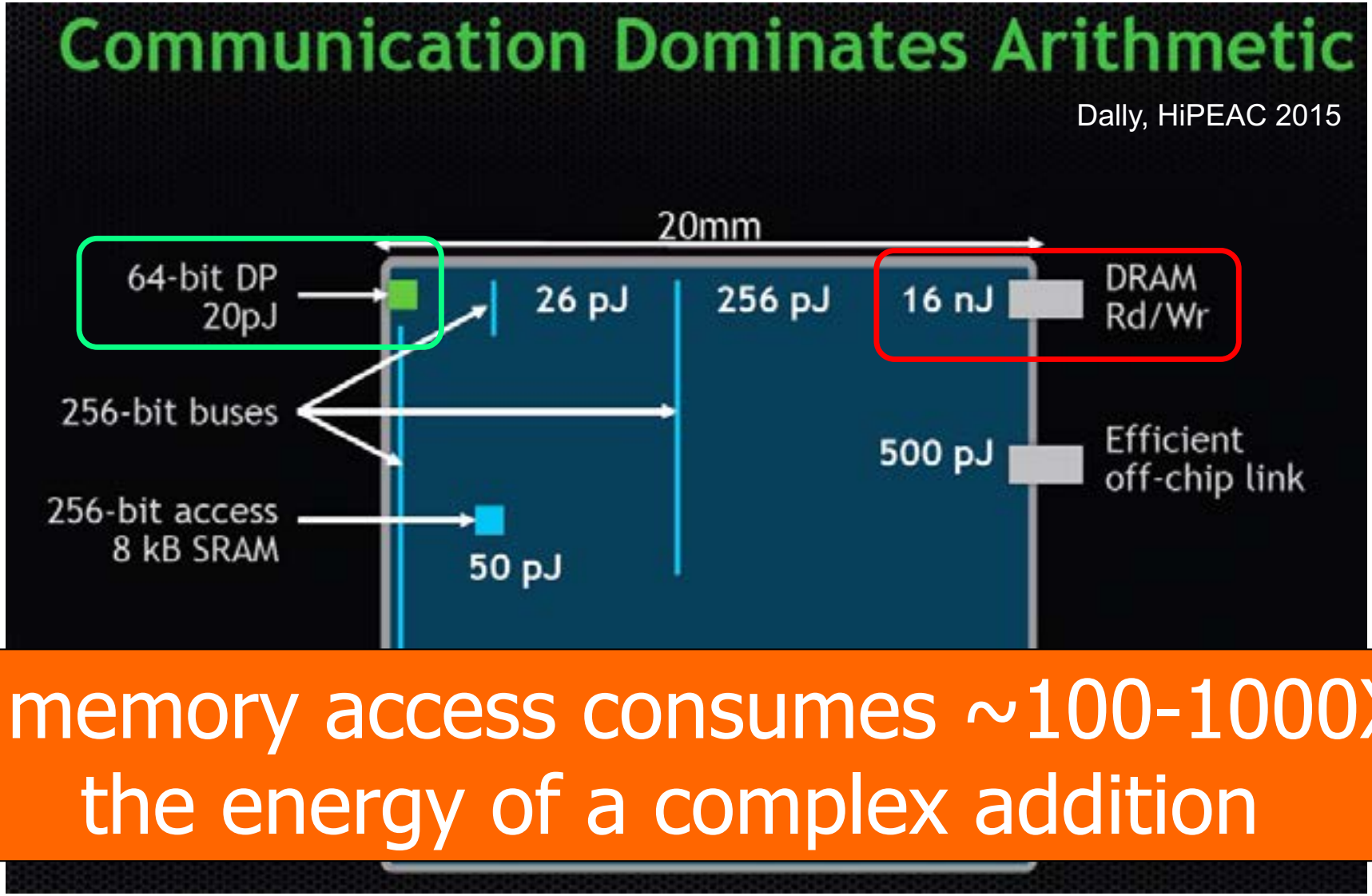


Kanev+, "Profiling a Warehouse-Scale Computer," ISCA 2015.

The Energy Perspective

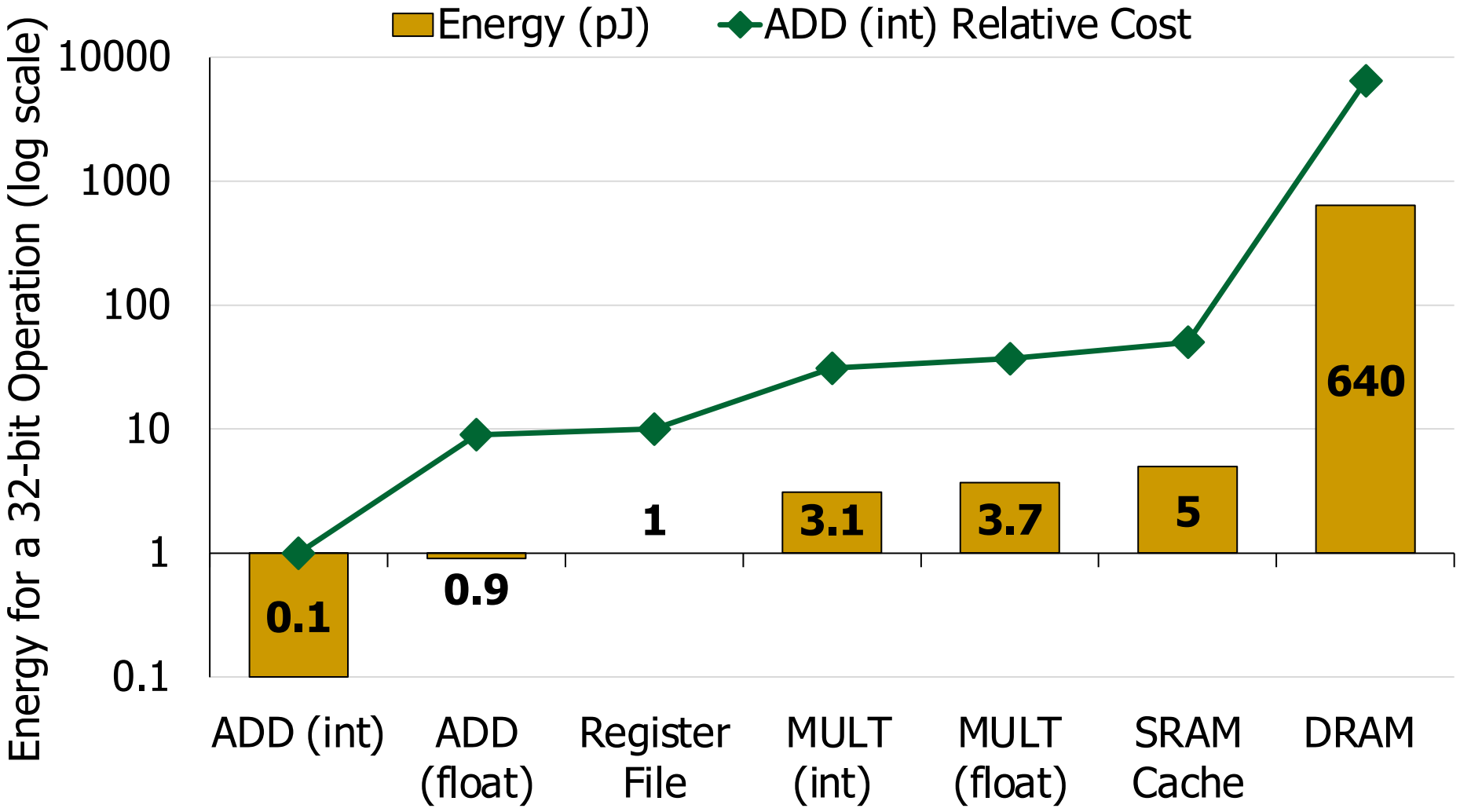


Data Movement vs. Computation Energy



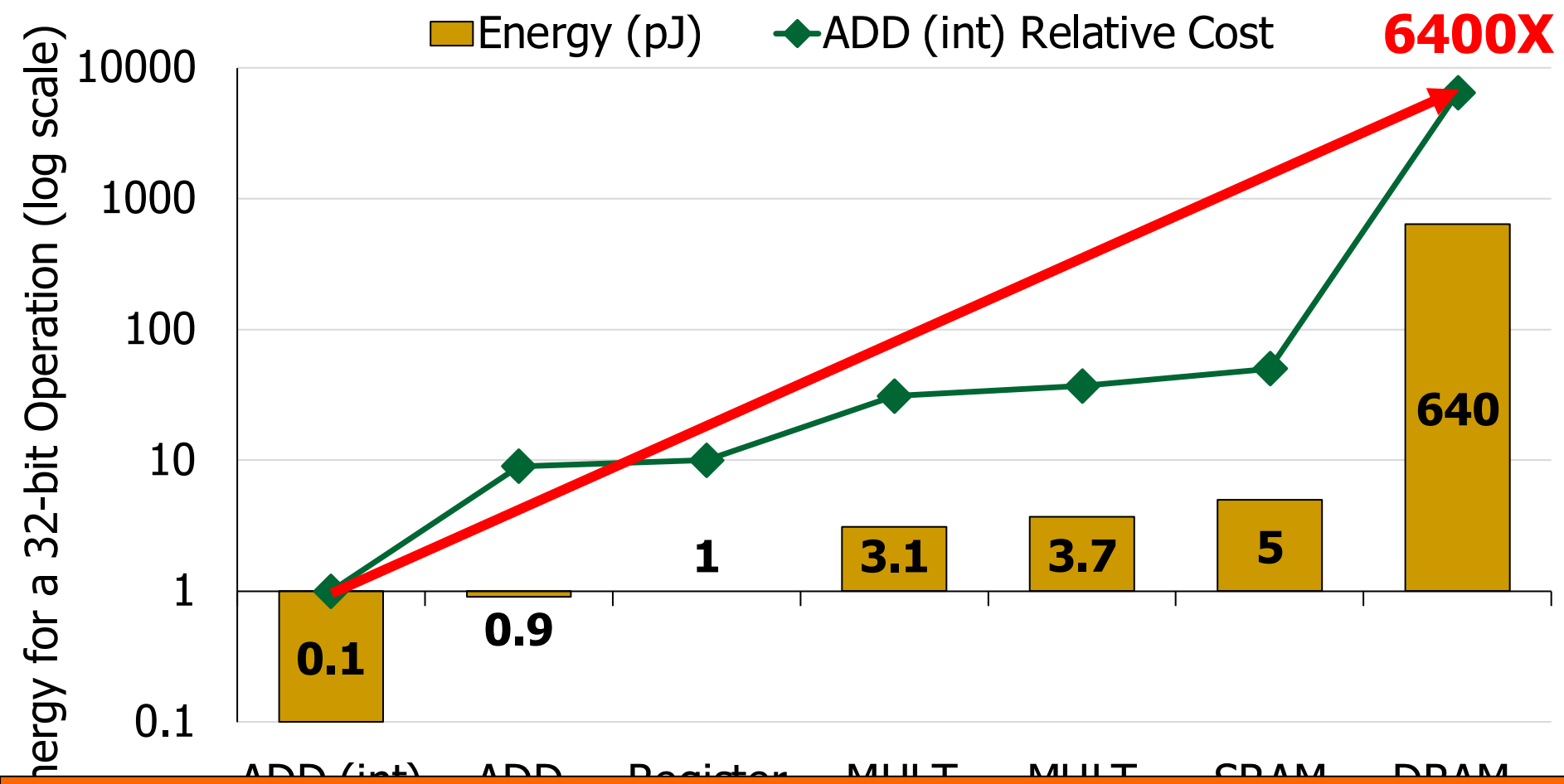
A memory access consumes ~100-1000X the energy of a complex addition

Data Movement vs. Computation Energy



Han+, "EIE: Efficient Inference Engine on Compressed Deep Neural Network," ISCA 2016.

Data Movement vs. Computation Energy



A memory access consumes 6400X the energy of a simple integer addition

Energy Waste in Mobile Devices

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Youngsok Kim, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Eric Shiu, Rahul Thakur, Daehyun Kim, Aki Kuusela, Allan Knies, Parthasarathy Ranganathan, and Onur Mutlu, **"Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks"** *Proceedings of the 23rd International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (**ASPLOS**)*, Williamsburg, VA, USA, March 2018.

62.7% of the total system energy is spent on data movement

Energy Waste in Accelerators

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Berkin Akin, Ravi Narayanaswami, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Xiaoyu Ma, Eric Shiu, and Onur Mutlu,
  "Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks"
  *Proceedings of the 30th International Conference on Parallel Architectures and Compilation Techniques (**PACT**)*, Virtual, September 2021.
  [Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
  [Talk Video (14 minutes)]

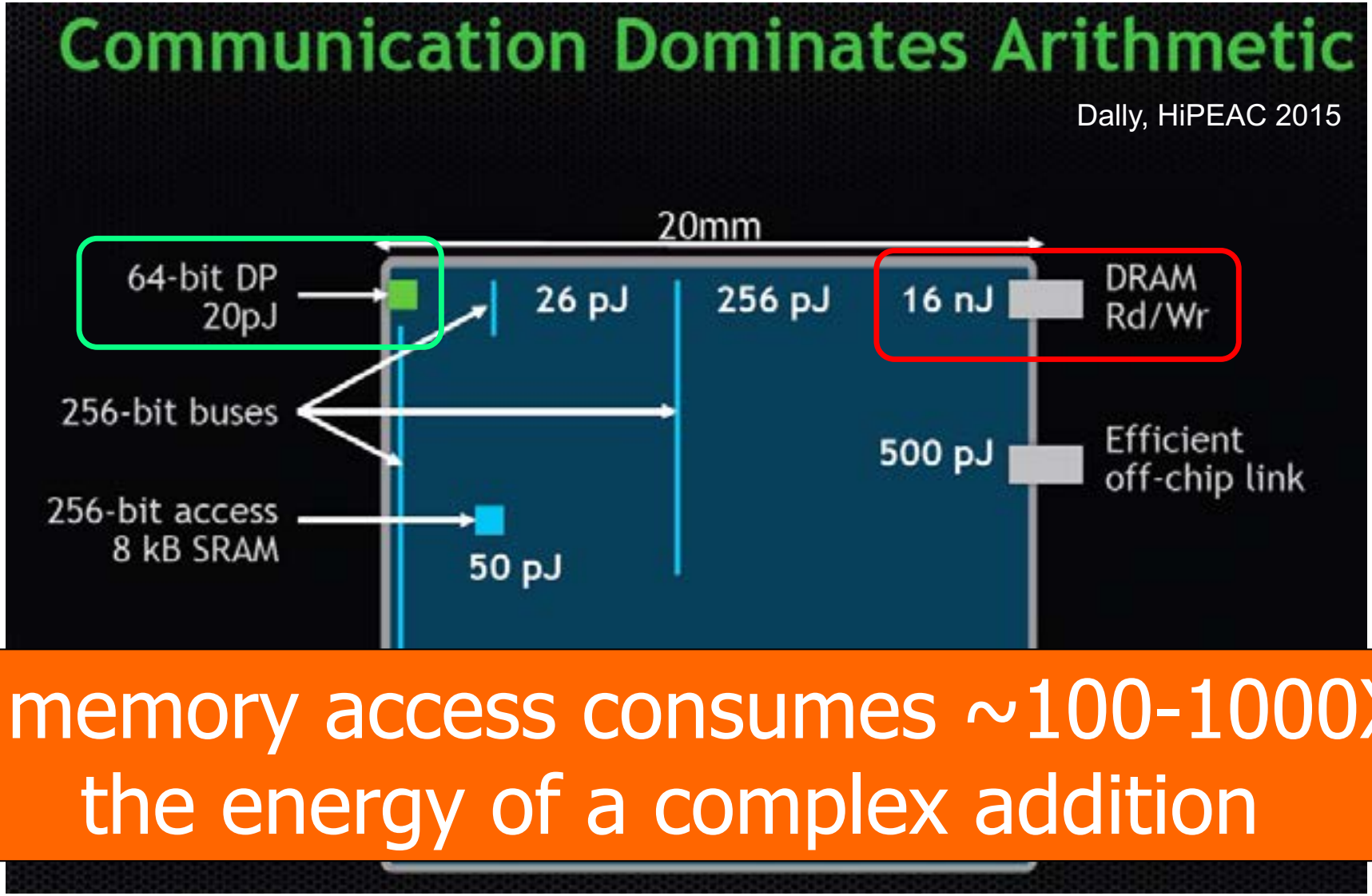
> 90% of the total system energy is spent on memory in large ML models

Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand[†◇] Saugata Ghose[‡] Berkin Akin[§] Ravi Narayanaswami[§]
Geraldo F. Oliveira[⋆] Xiaoyu Ma[§] Eric Shiu[§] Onur Mutlu[⋆†]

[†]*Carnegie Mellon Univ.* [◇]*Stanford Univ.* [‡]*Univ. of Illinois Urbana-Champaign* [§]*Google* [⋆]*ETH Zürich*

We Do Not Want to Move Data!

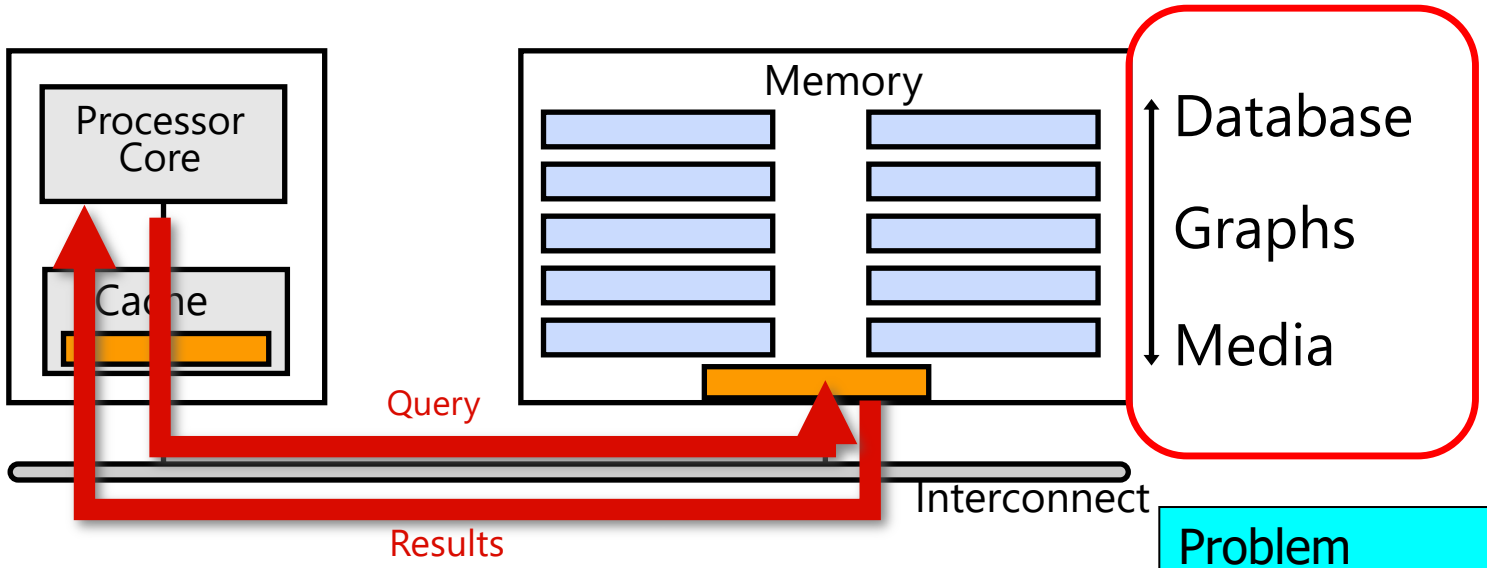


A memory access consumes ~100-1000X the energy of a complex addition

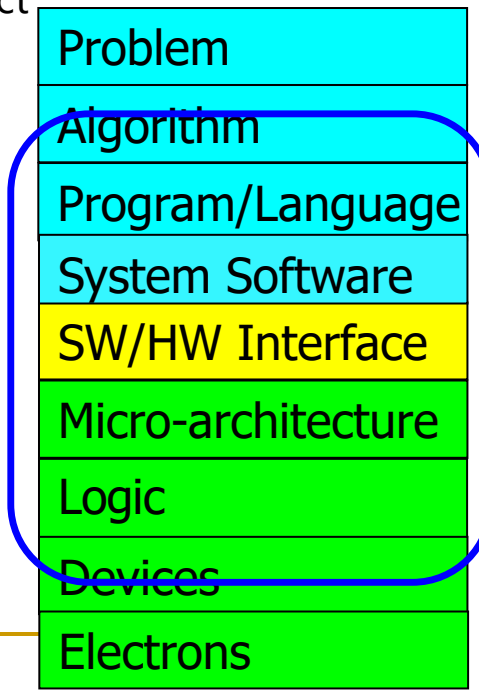
We Need A **Paradigm Shift** To …

- Enable computation with minimal data movement
- Compute where it makes sense (where data resides)
- Make computing architectures more data-centric

Goal: Processing Inside Memory



- Many questions … How do we design the:
  - compute-capable memory & controllers?
  - processors & communication units?
  - software & hardware interfaces?
  - system software, compilers, languages?
  - algorithms & theoretical foundations?



PIM Review and Open Problems

A Modern Primer on Processing in Memory

Onur Mutlu[a,b], Saugata Ghose[b,c], Juan Gómez-Luna[a], Rachata Ausavarungnirun[d]

SAFARI Research Group

[a]*ETH Zürich*
[b]*Carnegie Mellon University*
[c]*University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign*
[d]*King Mongkut's University of Technology North Bangkok*

Onur Mutlu, Saugata Ghose, Juan Gomez-Luna, and Rachata Ausavarungnirun,
"A Modern Primer on Processing in Memory"
Invited Book Chapter in ***Emerging Computing: From Devices to Systems - Looking Beyond Moore and Von Neumann***, Springer, to be published in 2021.

https://arxiv.org/pdf/2012.03112.pdf

PIM Course (Fall 2022)

- **Fall 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/fall2022/doku.php?id=processing_in_memory
- **Spring 2022 Edition:**
  - https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_seminars/spring2022/doku.php?id=processing_in_memory

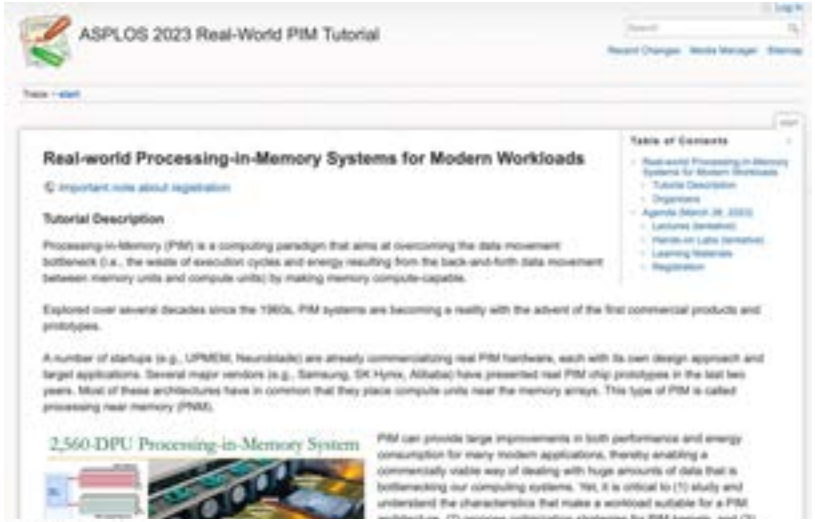
- **Youtube Livestream (Fall 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QLL0wQ9I4Dw&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8KzG2CQYRNQOVD0GOBrnKy
- **Youtube Livestream (Spring 2022):**
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9e4Chnwdovo&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi-841fUYYUK9EsXKhQKRPyX

- Project course
  - Taken by Bachelor's/Master's students
  - Processing-in-Memory lectures
  - Hands-on research exploration
  - Many research readings

https://www.youtube.com/onurmutlulectures

Real PIM Tutorial (ASPLOS 2023)

- March 26: Lectures + Hands-on labs + Invited talks



Tutorial Materials

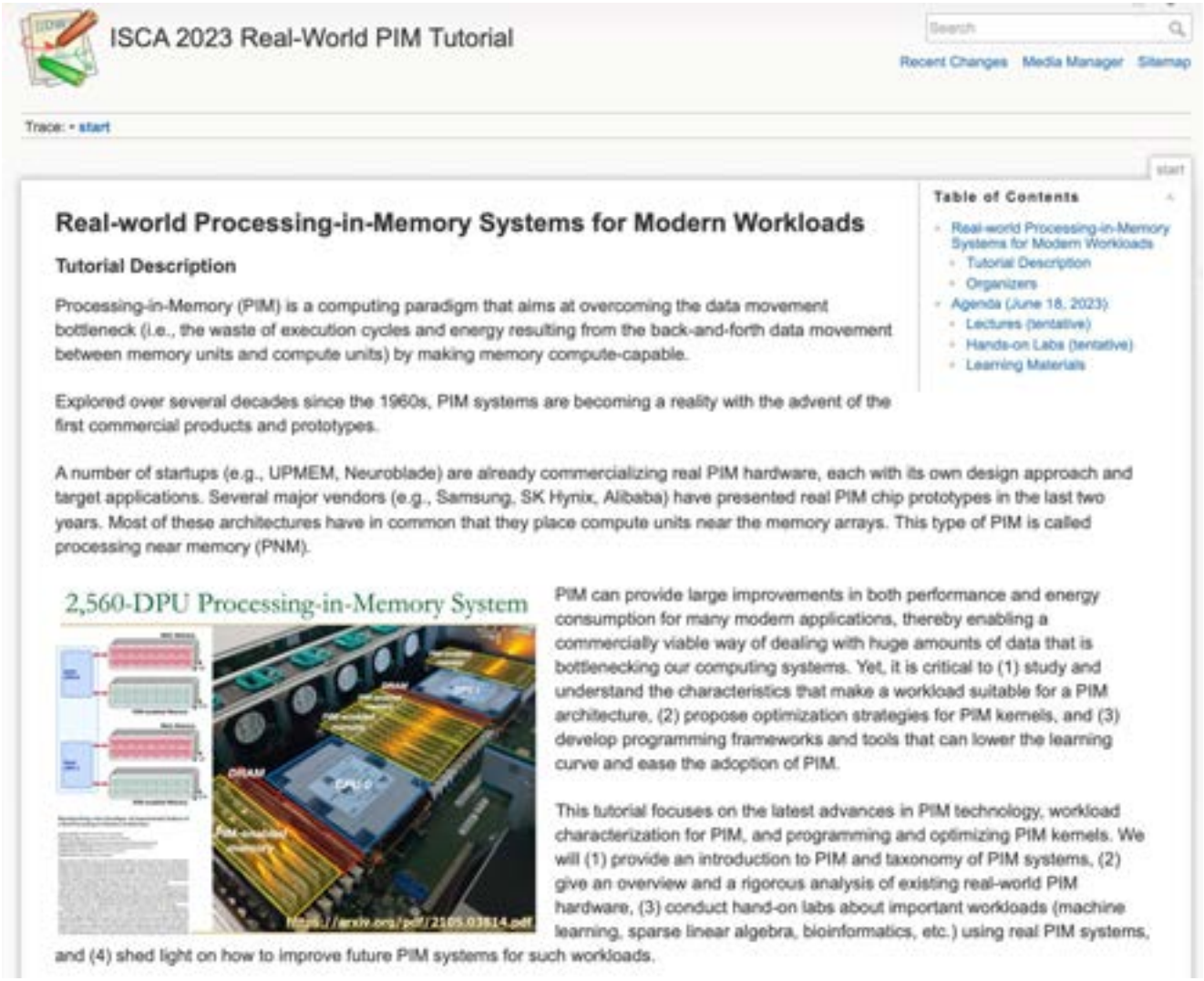
Time	Speaker	Title	Materials
9:00am-10:20am	Prof. Onur Mutlu	Memory-Centric Computing	(PDF) (PPT)
10:40am-12:00pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	Processing-Near-Memory: Real PNM Architectures Programming General-purpose PIM	(PDF) (PPT)
1:40pm-2:20pm	Prof. Alexandra (Sasha) Fedorova (UBC)	Processing in Memory in the Wild	(PDF) (PPT)
2:20pm-3:20pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna & Ataberk Olgun	Processing-Using-Memory: Exploiting the Analog Operational Properties of Memory Components	(PDF) (PPT) (PDF) (PPT)
3:40pm-4:10pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	Adoption issues: How to enable PIM? Accelerating Modern Workloads on a General-purpose PIM System	(PDF) (PPT) (PDF) (PPT)
4:10pm-4:50pm	Dr. Yongkee Kwon & Eddy (Changwook) Park (SK Hynix)	System Architecture and Software Stack for GDDR6-AiM	(PDF) (PPT)
4:50pm-5:00pm	Dr. Juan Gómez Luna	Hands-on Lab: Programming and Understanding a Real Processing-in-Memory Architecture	(Handout) (PDF) (PPT)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oYCaLcT0Kmo

https://events.safari.ethz.ch/asplos-pim-tutorial/

Upcoming Real PIM Tutorial (ISCA 2023)

- June 18: Lectures + Hands-on labs + Invited talks



ISCA 2023 Real-World PIM Tutorial

Search

Recent Changes Media Manager Sitemap

Trace: • start

start

Real-world Processing-in-Memory Systems for Modern Workloads

Table of Contents

- Real-world Processing-in-Memory Systems for Modern Workloads
  - Tutorial Description
  - Organizers
- Agenda (June 18, 2023)
  - Lectures (tentative)
  - Hands-on Labs (tentative)
  - Learning Materials

Tutorial Description

Processing-in-Memory (PIM) is a computing paradigm that aims at overcoming the data movement bottleneck (i.e., the waste of execution cycles and energy resulting from the back-and-forth data movement between memory units and compute units) by making memory compute-capable.

Explored over several decades since the 1960s, PIM systems are becoming a reality with the advent of the first commercial products and prototypes.

A number of startups (e.g., UPMEM, Neuroblade) are already commercializing real PIM hardware, each with its own design approach and target applications. Several major vendors (e.g., Samsung, SK Hynix, Alibaba) have presented real PIM chip prototypes in the last two years. Most of these architectures have in common that they place compute units near the memory arrays. This type of PIM is called processing near memory (PNM).

PIM can provide large improvements in both performance and energy consumption for many modern applications, thereby enabling a commercially viable way of dealing with huge amounts of data that is bottlenecking our computing systems. Yet, it is critical to (1) study and understand the characteristics that make a workload suitable for a PIM architecture, (2) propose optimization strategies for PIM kernels, and (3) develop programming frameworks and tools that can lower the learning curve and ease the adoption of PIM.

This tutorial focuses on the latest advances in PIM technology, workload characterization for PIM, and programming and optimizing PIM kernels. We will (1) provide an introduction to PIM and taxonomy of PIM systems, (2) give an overview and a rigorous analysis of existing real-world PIM hardware, (3) conduct hand-on labs about important workloads (machine learning, sparse linear algebra, bioinformatics, etc.) using real PIM systems, and (4) shed light on how to improve future PIM systems for such workloads.

https://events.safari.ethz.ch/isca-pim-tutorial/

End of Backup Slides